# SNOIDWAHO CHAMPIONS

### **UKRAINIAN OLYMPIC CHAMPIONS**

The main issue in life is not the victory, but the fight; the essential is not to have won, but to have fought well.

Pierre de Coubertin

# UKRAINIAN OLYMPIC CHAMPIONS

bу

Osyp Zinkewych

THIRD REVISED EDITION

V. Symonenko Smoloskyp Publishers

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### UKRAINIAN OLYMPIC CHAMPIONS by Osyp Zinkewych

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### **PREFACE**

This is the third edition of *Ukrainian Olympic Champions*. It took several years to compile the data about Ukrainian Olympians and the other non-Russian athletes who have been included in the Olympic teams of the U.S.S.R. The difficulties we encountered were due mainly to the very nature of the closed Soviet society, which severely restricts access to most kinds of information, including statistical data. The effort, however, has undoubtedly been worth it, for the information compiled in this book proves conclusively that discrimination against non-Russian athletes is an integral, calculated part of the system of sports in the Soviet Union.

Our book is divided into four basic sections.

Part I consists of the long list of Ukrainian athletes who became Olympic champions, along with their winning performances. Where appropriate, world and Olympic record-setting achievements are noted.

**Part II** includes lists of Ukrainian athletes who placed among the top six finishers in each of the Summer Olympic Games from 1952 (XV) to 1980 (XXII). Following the list for each Olympiad are three tables.

**Table I**, "National Composition of the U.S.S.R. Olympic Team." Population figures are based on the census closest to a given Olympiad. Medal totals are inflated in that they include medals awarded in team sports and relays to each member of the squad. Thus, for example, if two members of a Soviet relay team were Ukrainians and two were Russians, two medals are counted in the total for Ukraine and two for Russia. The "Productivity" column provides a rating based on total medals (again,

individual and team) awarded to a republic's athletes, divided by the number of that republic's athletes participating in that particular Olympiad.

**Table 2**, "Medals Won by Soviet Republics." The medals count differs from that of Table 1 because only one medal is awarded to a country for a first, second, or third place finish in a team event or relay (although each member of that team or relay receives his or her own medal). Medals won by a Soviet team or relay were counted in the total of that republic whose athletes constituted the majority of team or relay members. Thus, the gold medals won by the Soviet women's handball teams in 1976 and 1980 were awarded to Ukraine because those teams were almost exclusively made up of members of the Spartak club of Kiev.

**Table 3,** "Ukraine Among the Top Ten Medal-Winning Countries." This table shows how Ukraine would have been ranked in each Summer Olympiad if Ukrainian Olympians, rather than being included in the U.S.S.R. team, had been allowed to compete separately as representatives of their homeland. Russia is ranked on the basis of medals won by athletes from the Russian S.F.S.R. Combined totals for the rest of the Soviet republics are also given. Rankings are based on the total number of medals.

Totals for Ukraine and other non-Russian republics would undoubtedly be significantly higher if each was allowed to form its own national Olympic committee, which would promote the development of sports programs and choose the strongest possible national Olympic team. Under the present system, sports development programs in Russia are emphasized at the expense of sports in other republics; furthermore, many leading Ukrainian athletes are excluded from the U.S.S.R. Olympic team for political reasons.

Part III consists of eight tables, entitled "National Composition of the U.S.S.R. Winter Olympic Team," one for each Winter Olympiad from 1956 to 1984, and Table 9, which provides the totals for the eight Winter Olympiads from 1956 to 1984. A "Productivity" column was not compiled for the Winter Games because the meager numbers of non-Russian athletes included in the U.S.S.R. teams have rendered that index statistically insignif-

icant and meaningless as a tool for comparing the performances of the athletes of different republics.

Appendix. The first document in this section is the statement of the Ukrainian Olympic Committee, delivered at a press conference in Montreal on July 30, 1976, during the XXI Summer Olympic Games. The Ukrainian Olympic Committee was an ad hoc group, created jointly by various Ukrainian organizations for the Montreal Olympics, in order to publicize Ukraine's right to separate participation in the Olympic movement. Following that statement is a memorandum presenting the case for Ukraine's Olympic participation, which Smoloskyp sent in April 1984 to the International Olympic Committee, all its members, international sports federations, and national Olympic committees. Also included in the Appendix is a list of sources for this book, including Soviet publications.

Some explanation of our approach in writing this book and the principles that guided us is in order. Especially relevant for the purposes of this book is the issue of an athlete's nationality.

The problem of **defining** who is a Ukrainian athlete is complicated by the ongoing process of Russification of Ukraine and other non-Russian republics. As part of this process Russians are encouraged to settle in Ukraine and are given every advantage. Meanwhile, Ukrainians are pressured into leaving their homeland; graduates are assigned positions outside of Ukraine and conscripts are stationed outside Ukrainian territory. Also, over the years millions of Ukrainians were forcibly exiled to remote areas of the U.S.S.R., far from Ukraine. Still, the territory of the political entity known as the Ukrainian S.S.R. belongs to the Ukrainian nation and Ukrainians still constitute 74% of its population (according to the 1979 census). We have accepted for the purposes of this book the following definition: A Ukrainian athlete is one who was born in Ukraine or who lived on Ukrainian territory at the time of Olympic competition and who competed in the Spartakiad Games of the Peoples of the U.S.S.R. as a member of the national team of the Ukrainian S.S.R.

According to this formula, Pavlo Pinigin, who was born in Yakutia and ethnically is a Yakut, but who has lived for many years in Ukraine and competed for the Ukrainian S.S.R. team in the Spartakiad Games, is considered a Ukrainian athlete. Oleksander Medved, who was born in Ukraine and is Ukrainian by

nationality, is included in the list of Ukrainian Olympians, even though he moved to Byelorussia after the end of his athletic career. On the other hand, star Soviet hockey goalie Vladyslav Tretyak, whose parents were born in Ukraine and who are Ukrainian by nationality, is not on the list. Although he is of Ukrainian ethnic background, he was not born in Ukraine, never lived on its territory, and never represented Ukraine in athletic competition.

According to the Olympic Charter, participation in the Spartakiad Games, a quadrennial sports festival in which each Soviet republic is represented by its own team, should determine Olympic eligibility. The by-law to Rule 8 states: "If a competitor has represented one country in the Olympic Games, or in continental or regional games or in world or area championships recognized by the relevant International Federation, he may not represent another country at the Olympic Games." From this it is clear that an athlete who has represented Ukraine in the international competition that is the Spartakiad Games, can represent no other country but Ukraine in the Olympic Games.

The Soviet regime has always attempted to use sports for its political goals. Having occupied Ukraine and prohibited Ukrainians from fielding their own independent Olympic team, the Soviets forced the best Ukrainian Olympic champions to carry the Soviet flag at the Olympic Games to underscore their loyalty to the Soviet regime. Yakiv Kutsenko was forced to carry the Soviet flag at the opening ceremony of the Olympic Games in Helsinki; at the closing ceremony in Melbourne, Volodymyr Kuts, the hero of the Olympiad, carried the flag. Leonid Zhabotynsky carried the Soviet flag at the opening of the Olympic Games in Mexico, and Oleksander Medved in Munich.

The **biographical data** for Ukrainian Olympians includes their birthplace. If they were born outside Ukraine, we have given the locality and republic of birth, as well as the place (in Ukraine) where they lived at the time of their Olympic participation.

Throughout our book we have used the **Ukrainian spelling** for the names of Ukrainian athletes and geographical locations in Ukraine. These spellings may be somewhat different from the ones to which the Western reader is accustomed. Unfortunately, the Soviet authorities have created chaos in the

transliteration of athletes' names. Rather than having them transliterated from the athlete's native language, they have insisted on spelling them in Russian, and then from that Russian version transliterating them into English, German, French or Spanish, usually depending on where the given athlete will be making his or her foreign debut. Thus, for example, in different sports reference works we found the name of Ukrainian Olympian Duhynets spelled as "Douginets" and "Dughinets."

Included in this book are **tables of statistics** on the national composition of the Olympic teams of the U.S.S.R., and the number of medals won by Olympians from various Soviet republics. The world, however, hears only of the achievements of "Soviet" athletes and, misled by the media, often attributes them unfairly to "the Russians." Thus, Ukrainian and other non-Russian athletes are discriminated against twice: once when their triumphs on the playing fields are credited to the power that enslaves their homelands, and more basically, by the entire sports system in the U.S.S.R., which is dominated by Russian colonialism. It is this planned and pervasive discrimination, practiced by the Soviet regime against the athletes of the non-Russian peoples, that the statistics in this book demonstrate. This discrimination manifests itself in several ways.

According to the U.N. Charter and their own constitutions, Ukraine and Byelorussia are independent, sovereign states, with the right to full participation in international relations, including the Olympic Games. But the Russians, who are the dominant element in the government of the U.S.S.R., have occupied these countries and forbid such participation.

Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia, before their occupation by the armies of the U.S.S.R. in 1940, took independent part in the Olympic Games, and their representatives were members of the IOC. Now, however, they are deprived of that right.

Many Soviet republics, especially those of the Asian part of the U.S.S.R., have been so neglected and so discriminated against that they have had only a few of their athletes included in the Olympic teams of the U.S.S.R.

In seven Summer Olympiads (XV-XXI, 1952-1976), the Olympic teams of the U.S.S.R. have included only five athletes from Tadzhikistan, nine from Kirghizia, three from Turkmenia, and only seven from Moldavia.

The national composition of U.S.S.R. teams at Winter Olympic Games indicates that winter sports in the Soviet Union are almost the exclusive domain of the privileged Russian people. According to published Soviet statistics, 588 athletes of the Russian S.F.S.R. took part in the Winter Olympic Games 1956-1984, and only 50 from all the other 14 Soviet republics combined. Russian athletes accounted for all but four of the 165 medals won by the Soviet Union in these eight Winter Olympiads. (The only other medals were a gold won by an Estonian athlete in 1964, a bronze won by a Kazakh in 1974, and a gold and a bronze which went to athletes from Latvia in 1980.) Meanwhile, Ukraine — a nation of 50 million — was not represented at all from 1956 to 1972; it was represented by only two athletes at the Innsbruck Winter Olympics in 1976, by five in Lake Placid in 1980, and by four in Sarajevo in 1984.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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### Part I

**Ukrainian Olympic Champions** 

### **UKRAINIAN OLYMPIC CHAMPIONS**

### **ATHLETICS**

INDIVIDUAL

XX — 1972	Avilov, Mykola	Decathlon: 8454 pts.; WR, OR
XX — 1972	Bondarchuk, Anatoliy	Hammer throw: 75.50 m; OR
XX — 1972	Borzov, Valeriy	100 m run: 10.14
XX — 1972	Borzov, Valeriy	200 m run: 20.00
KVIII — 1964	Brumel, Valeriy	High jump: 2.18 m; OR
XVII — 1960	Holubnychy, Volodymyr	20 km walk: 1:34.07.2
XIX — 1968	Holubnychy, Volodymyr	20 km walk: 1:33.58.4
XVII — 1960	Krepkina, Vira	Long jump: 6.37 m; OR
XVI — 1956	Kuts, Volodymyr	5000 m run: 13.39.6; OR
XVI — 1956	Kuts, Volodymyr	10,000 m run: 28.45.6; OR
XXII — 1980	Kyselyov, Volodymyr	Shot put: 21.35 m; OR
XVII — 1960	Lysenko, Lyudmyla	800 m run: 2.04.3; WR, OR
XX — 1972	Melnyk, Faina	Discus: 66.62 m; OR
XXII — 1980	Olizarenko, Nadiya	800 m run: 1:53.50; WR, OR
XVII — 1960	Press, Iryna	80 m hurdles: 10.8
XVII — 1960	Press, Tamara	Shot put: 17.32 m
XVIII — 1964	Press, Iryna	Pentathlon: 5246 pts.; WR,
		OR
XVIII — 1964	Press, Tamara	Shot put: 18.14 m; OR
XVIII — 1964	Press, Tamara	Discus: 57.27 m; OR
XXI — 1976	Syedykh, Yuriy	Hammer throw: 77.52 m
XXII — 1980	Syedykh, Yuriy	Hammer throw: 81.80 m;
		WR, OR
XXII — 1980	Tkachenko, Nadiya	Pentathion: 5083 pts.; WR,
		OR
XVII — 1960	Tsybulenko, Viktor	Javelin: 84.64 m

### **TEAM**

XXII — 1980 Prorochenko, Tetyana 4 x 400 m relay: 3:20.20 Zyuskova, Nina BASKETBALL MEN XX — 1972 Kovalenko, Serhiy; Polyvoda, Anatoliy WOMEN XXI — 1976 Klimova, Nataliya; Kurvyakova, Raisa **CANOEING** INDIVIDUAL. XXII - 1980 Postryekhin, Serhiy Canadian singles 500 m: 1:53.37 XX — 1972 Shaparenko, Oleksander Kayak singles 1000 m: 3:48.06 XX - 1972 Ryabchynska, Yuliya Kayak singles 500 m: 2:03.17 **TEAM** XXI - 1976 Chukhray, Serhiy; Kayak fours 1000 m:

		Filatov, Yuriy;	3:08.69
		Morozov, Volodymyr	
XXII —	1980	Chukhray, Serhiy	Kayak pairs 500 m: 1:32.38
XXII —	1980	Chukhray, Serhiy	Kayak pairs 1000 m:
			3:26.72
XVIII —	1964	Chuzhykov, Mykola;	Kayak fours 1000 m:
		Morozov, Volodymyr	3.14.67
XX —	1972	Filatov, Yuriy;	Kayak fours 1000 m:
		Morozov, Volodymyr;	3.14.02
		Stetsenko, Yuriy	
XVIII —	1964	Khymych, Andriy	Canadian pairs 1000 m:
			4.04.64

XVII —	1960	Makarenko, Serhiy	Canadian pairs 1000 m: 4.17.04
XIX —	1968	Morozov, Volodymyr; Shaparenko, Oleksander	Kayak pairs 1000 m: 3:37.54
XXI —	1976	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Kayak pairs 1000 m: 3:29.01
XXI —	1976	Petrenko, Serhiy	Canadian pairs 500 m: 1:45.81
XXI —	1976	Petrenko, Serhiy	Canadian pairs 1000 m: 3:52.76
		WOMEN	
XX —	1972	Kuryshko, Kateryna	Kayak pairs 500 m: 1:53.50
		<b>CYCLING</b> TEAM	
XXI —	1976	Chukanov, Anatoliy	100 km team time trial: 2:08:53.0
XXII —	1980	Movchan, Valeriy	4 km team pursuit: 4:15.68
XX —	1972	Semenets, Volodymyr; Tselovalnykov, Ihor	2000 m tandem: 10.60*
		<b>EQUESTRIAN SPO</b> TEAM	PRTS
XXII —	1980	Misevych, Vira	Dressage
XXII —	1980		Show jumping
		<b>FENCING</b> INDIVIDUAL	
XVIII —	1964	Kryss, Hryhoriy	Epee
XXII —	1980		Foil
XX —	1972	Sydyak, Viktor	Sabre

<sup>\*</sup> Results of last 200 m.

### **TEAM**

XIX —	1968	Sydyak, Viktor	Sabre
XXI —	1976	Sydyak, Viktor	Sabre

### **GYMNASTICS**

MEN, INDIVIDUAL
Combined exercises

XV —	1952	Chukarin,	Viktor
XVI —	1956	Chukarin,	Viktor
XVII —	1960	Shakhlin.	Borvs

Horizontal bar

XVIII - 1964 Shakhlin, Borys

Horse vaults

XV -	1952	Chukarin,	Viktor
XVII —	1960	Shakhlin,	Borys

### Pommeled horse

XV -	1952	Chukarin,	Viktor
XVI —	1956	Shakhlin,	Borys
XVII —	1960	Shakhlin.	Borus

### Uneven parallel bars

XV -	1956	Chukarin,	Viktor
XVII —	1960	Shakhlin,	Borys

### **TEAM**

### Combined exercises

XV -	1952	Chukarin, Vil	ctor; Le	eonkin, 1	Dmytro		
XVI —	1956	Chukarin, Vil	ctor; Si	hakhlin,	Borys;	Titov,	Yuriy
XXII —	1980	Makuts, Boh	dan				

### WOMEN INDIVIDUAL

### Combined exercises

XVI —	1956	Horokhovska, Mariya Latynina, Larysa Latynina, Larysa
		Balance beam
XV —	1952	Bocharova, Nina
		Floor exercises
		Latynina, Larysa
		Latynina, Larysa
XVIII —	1964	Latynina, Larysa
		Horse vaults
XVI —	1956	Latynina, Larysa
XVII —	1960	Nikolayeva, Marharyta
		Uneven parallel bars
		Astakhova, Polina
XVIII —	1964	Astakhova, Polina
		TEAM Combined exercises
XV —	1952	Bocharova, Nina; Horokhovska, Mariya
XVI —	1956	Astakhova, Polina; Latynina, Larysa
XVII —		
XVIII — XXII —		Marharyta Astakhova, Polina; Latynina, Larysa

### HANDBALL

### MEN

XXI — 1976 Ishchenko, Mykhaylo; Kushniryuk, Serhiy; Lahutyn, Yuriy; Rezanov, Oleksander; Tomyn, Mykola

### WOMEN

XXI — 1976 Hlushchenko, Tetyana; Karlova, Larysa; Kocherhina, Tetyana; Litoshenko, Mariya; Lobova, Nina; Odynokova, Lyubov; Panchuk, Lyudmyla; Poradnyk, Lyudmyla; Turchyna, Zinaida; Tymoshkina, Nataliya; Zakharova, Olha

XXII — 1980 Karlova, Larysa; Kocherhina, Tetyana; Lukyanenko, Nataliya; Lutayeva, Valentyna; Odynokova, Lyubov; Palchykova, Iryna; Poradnyk, Lyudmyla; Turchyna, Zinaida; Tymoshkina, Nataliya; Zubaryeva, Olha

### **JUDO**

XXI - 1976 Novikov, Serhiy Heavyweight

### **MODERN PENTATHLON**

### TEAM

XVI — 1956	Deryuhin, Ivan	13,690.5 pts
XX — 1972	Lednyev, Pavlo;	15,968 pts.
	Onyshchenko, Borys	
XXII — 1980	Lednyev, Pavlo	16,126 pts.

### SHOOTING

XVI — 1956	Borisov, Vasyl	Rifle: 1138 pts.; OR
XVI — 1956	Romanenko, Vitaliy	Running deer: 441 pts.; OR
XX — 1972	Zheleznyak, Yakiv	Moving target: 569 pts.; WR

### **SWIMMING**

XXII — 1980 **Fesenko, Serhiy** Butterfly, 200 m: 1:59.76

XVIII — 1964	Prozumenshchykova,	Breaststroke, 200 m: 2:46.4;
	Halyna	OR
XXII — 1980	Sydorenko, Oleksander	Medley, 400 m: 4:22.09; OR

### VOLLEYBALL

### MEN

XVIII — 1964	Poyarkov, Yuriy; Sibiryakov, Eduard; Venherovsky. Yuriy
XIX — 1968	Byelyayev, Volodymyr; Ivanov, Volodymyr; Lapin- sky, Yevhen; Matushevas, Vasilius; Mykhalchuk,
	Viktor; Poyarkov, Yuriy; Sibiryakov, Eduard; Tereshchuk, Borys
XXII — 1980	Krivov, Valeriy; Lashchenkov, Fedir; Panchenko, Yuriy

### **WATER POLO**

XX	<b>—</b> 1972	Barkalov,	Oleksiy
XXII	<b>— 1980</b>	Barkalov,	Oleksiy

### **WEIGHT LIFTING**

### Lightweight

XXI — 1976	Korol,	Petro	305	kg	
XVI — 1956	Rybak,	Ihor	380	kg;	OR

### Super heavyweight

XXII — 1980	Rakhmanov, Sultan	440 kg; OR
XVII — 1960	Vlasov, Yuriy	537.5 kg; WR, OR
XVIII — 1964	Zhabotynsky, Leonid	572.5 kg; OR
XIX — 1968	Zhabotynsky, Leonid	572.5 kg

### **WRESTLING**

FREESTYLE Flyweight

XXII — 1980 Bilohlazov, Anatoliy

Bantamweight

XXII — 1980 Bilohlazov, Serhiy

Lightweight

XXI - 1976 Pinigin, Pavlo

Middleweight

XIX - 1968 Hurevych, Borys

Light heavyweight

XVIII - 1964 Medved, Oleksander

Heavyweight

XVIII - 1964 Ivanytsky, Oleksander

XXII — 1980 Mate, Illya

XIX - 1968 Medved, Oleksander

Super heavyweight

XX - 1972 Medved, Oleksander

GRECO-ROMAN STYLE

Featherweight

XV — 1952 Punkin, Yakiv

Super heavyweight

XVII - 1960 Bohdan, Ivan

XXI — 1976 Kolchynsky, Oleksander XXII — 1980 Kolchynsky, Oleksander

### **YACHTING**

"Tempest" class

XX - 1972 Dyrdyra, Vitaliy; Mankin, Valentyn

"Finn" class

XIX — 1968 Mankin, Valentyn

"Star" class

XXII - 1980 Mankin, Valentyn

# UKRAINIANS AT THE OLYMPIC GAMES 1952-1980

	Helsinki 1952 XV	Melbourne 1956 XVI	Rome 1960 XVII	Tokyo 1964 XVIII	Mexico 1968 XIX	Munich 1972 XX	Montreal 1976 XXI	Moscow 1980 XXII
Number of Ukrainians on the U.S.S.R. Olympic Team	25	34	35	34	51	71	94	93
Total medals won by Ukraine	15	21	29	29	16	23	24	32
Gold medals	6	11	15	13	7	13	8	15
Silver medals	8	4	8	8	4	6	8	8
Bronze medals	1	6	6	8	5	4	8	9
Fourth place	5	4	5	1	3	0	3	4
Fifth place	2	5	7	2	4	2	5	2
Sixth place	3	4	4	0	1	0	3	3
Points on the basis 10-5-4-3-2-1	126	180	247	209	128	180	174	245
Points on the basis 7-5-4-3-2-1	108	147	202	170	107	141	150	200

### Part II

Ukrainians at the Summer Olympic Games 1952-1980

# UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XVth SUMMER GAMES

Helsinki (Finland), July 19 — August 3, 1952

### INDIVIDUAL

### **GOLD MEDALS**

### Bocharova, Nina

Born 1924, Poltava. *Gymnastics* Balance beam (19.22)

### Chukarin, Viktor

Born 1921, Maryupil.

Gymnastics

Combined exercises (115.7)

Pommeled horse (19.5)

Horse vaults (19.2)

### Horokhovska, Mariya

Born 1921, Yevpatoriya. *Gymnastics*Combined exercises (76.78)

### Punkin, Yakiv

Born 1921, Zaporizhzhya. Wrestling Greco-Roman, Featherweight

### SILVER MEDALS

### Bocharova, Nina

Gymnastics
Combined exercises (75.94)

### Chukarin, Viktor

Gymnastics Uneven parallel bars (19.6) Rings (19.55)

### Horokhovska, Mariya

Gymnastics
Floor exercises (19.20)
Beam (19.13)
Uneven parallel bars (19.26)
Horse vaults (19.19)

### **BRONZE MEDAL**

### Leonkin, Dmytro

Born 1928, Lviv. Gymnastics Rings (19.4)

### FOURTH PLACE

### Bocharova, Nina

Gymnastics
Uneven parallel bars (18.99)

### Bulanchyk, Yevhen

Born 1922, Horlivka. Athletics 110 m Hurdles (14.5)

### Denysenko, Petro

Born 1920, Kiev. Athletics Pole vault (4.40 m; 14′ 5 ½″)

### Tsybulenko, Viktor

Born 1930, Kiev Region.

Athletics

Javelin (71.72 m; 234′ 4″)

### Yaltyryan, Armenak

Born 1914, Rostov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Lightweight

### **FIFTH PLACE**

### Chukarin, Viktor

Gymnastics Horizontal bar (19.4)

### Redkin, Mykola

Born 1928, Kharkiv. Athletics Hammer throw (56.55 m; 185' 6")

### **SIXTH PLACE**

### Bocharova, Nina

Gymnastics Horse vaults (19.03)

### Havrysh, Mariya

Born 1931, Kiev.
Swimming
200 m Breaststroke (2:58.9)

### Yarmush, Ivan

Born 1925, Kiev. Athletics 10 km walk (46:07.0)

### **TEAM**

### **GOLD MEDALS**

**GYMNASTICS** 

Men

Women

Chukarin, Viktor Leonkin, Dmytro

Bocharova, Nina Horokhovska, Mariya

### **SILVER MEDALS**

GYMNASTICS Women

Bocharova, Nina Horokhovska, Mariya Exercises with objects (73)

> ROWING Men

Yemchuk, Ihor Born 1930, Kiev. Zhylin, Georgiy

Born 1925, Kiev. Double sculls (7:38.3)

### **FOURTH PLACE**

ATHLETICS Women

### Krepkina (Kalashnikova), Vira

Born 1933, Kirov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. 4 x 100 m relay (46.3)

Table 1

### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

### Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XVth Olympic Games Helsinki, 1952

	Republic	Population in Millions (1959	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	Medals Awarded		Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of		
		census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total		Population
1.	Russia	117.534	224	17	29	15	61	27	1.9
2.	Ukraine	41.869	25	10	11	1	22	88	.6
3.	Kazakhstan	9.295	_	_	_	_	_	-	0
4.	Uzbekistan	8.119	1	1	0	0	1	100	.1
5.	Byelorussia	8.056	6	0	0	0	0	0	.7
6.	Georgia	4.044	14	3	3	2	8	5 <b>7</b>	3.5
7.	Azerbaidzhan	3.698	5	0	.1	1	2	40	1.4
8.	Moldavia	2.885	_	_	_		_		0
9.	Lithuania	2.711	6	0	3	0	3	50	2.2
10.	Latvia	2.093	3	0	0	0	0	0	1.4
11.	Kirghizia	2.066	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
12.	Tadzhikistan	1.981	_	_	_	_	_		0
13.	Armenia	1.763	2	2	2	0	4	200	1.1
14.	Turkmenia	1.516	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
15.	Estonia	1.197	9	1	3	0	4	44	7.5
	Total	208.827	295	34	52	19	105	36	1.4

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS
XVth Olympic Games, Helsinki, 1952

Republic	Number		Medals Awarded		
Kepublik	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	224	9	16	15	40
Ukraine	25	6	8	1	15
Georgia	14	2	2	2	6
Estonia	9	1	1	0	2
Azerbaidzhan	5	0	1	1	2
Armenia	2	1	0	0	1
Uzbekistan	1	1	0	0	1
Lithuania	6	0	1	0	1
Byelorussia	6	0	0	0	0
Latvia	3	0	0	0	0
Kazakhstan	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Team*		2	1	0	3
Total	295	22	30	19	71

Table 2

<sup>\*</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

### UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XVth Olympic Games, Helsinki, 1952

Place*	Country	Total Medals	Gold	Medals Awarded Silver	Bronze
1.	United States	76	40	19	17
2.	Hungary	42	16	10	16
3.	Russia	40	9	16	15
4.	Sweden	35	12	13	10
5.	West Germany**	24	0	7	17
6.	Finland	22	6	3	13
7.	Italy	21	8	9	4
8.	France	18	6	6	6
9.	Ukraine	15	6	8	1
10.	Switzerland	14	2	6	6
	Soviet republics, excl.	16	7	6	3
	Russia and Ukraine				

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

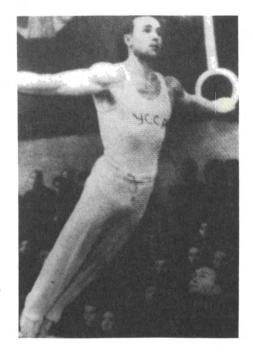
<sup>\*\*</sup> Federal Republic of Germany.



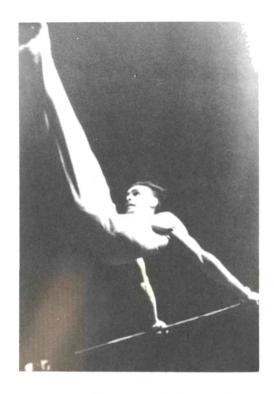
Nina Bocharova, gold medal winner at the 1952 Games in Helsinki.



Mariya Horokhovska, women's All-around champion at the XVth Olympic Games, performing on the balance beam.



Viktor Chukarin, men's All-around gymnastics champion of the XVth and XVIth Olympiads. The photo, taken at the Spartakiad Games of the Peoples of the U.S.S.R., shows Chukarin in the uniform of the team of the Ukrainian S.S.R.



Viktor Chukarin on the horizontal bar.



Ukrainian wrestler Yakiv Punkin taking an opponent down at the XVth Olympic Games. Punkin went on to win the Featherweight title in Greco-Roman wrestling at the 1952 Olympics.

## UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XVIth SUMMER GAMES

### Melbourne (Australia), November 22 — December 9, 1956

### INDIVIDUAL.

#### GOLD MEDALS

### Borisov, Vasyl

Born 1922, Donetsk Region.

Shooting
Rifle (1138 pts.; OR)

### Chukarin, Viktor

Born 1921, Maryupil.

Gymnastics

Combined exercises (114.25)

Uneven parallel bars (19.2)

### Kuts, Volodymyr

Born February 7, 1927 in Sumy, died August 16, 1975 in Moscow. *Athletics* 5000 m run (13:39.6; OR) 10,000 m run (28:45.6; OR)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa<sup>1</sup>

Born 1934, Kherson. *Gymnastics* 

Combined exercises (74.933) Floor exercises (18.733) Horse vaults (18.833)

### Romanenko, Vitaliy

Born 1927, Kiev Region.

Shooting
Running deer (441 pts.; OR)

#### Rubak, Ihor

Born 1934, Kharkiv. Weightlifting Lightweight (380 kg; OR)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Born 1932 in Tyumen Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Gymnastics Pommeled horse (19.25)

### SILVER MEDALS

### Borisov, Vasyl

Shooting
Small-bore rifle, prone (599 pts.)

### Chukarin, Viktor

Gymnastics Floor exercises (19.1)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Gymnastics
Uneven parallel bars (18.833)

### Titov, Yuriy

Born 1935, Kiev. Gymnastics Horizontal bar (19.4)

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

### Chukarin, Viktor

Gymnastics
Pommeled horse (19.1)

### Konyayeva, Nadiya

Born 1931, Kursk Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Athletics Javelin (50.28 m; 164' 11'/")

### Titov, Yuriy

Gymnastics
Horse vaults (18.75)
Combined exercises (113.8)

### Tsybulenko, Viktor

Born 1930, Kiev Region.

Athletics

Javelin (79.50 m; 260' 10")

### **FOURTH PLACE**

### Borisov, Vasyl

Shooting Small-bore rifle, Three positions (1163 pts.)

### Chukarin, Viktor

Gymnastics Horizontal bar (19.25)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Gymnastics Balance beam (18.533)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Gymnastics Horse vaults (18.7)

### FIFTH PLACE

### Nikandrov, Yuriy

Born 1923, Odessa. Shooting Trap (188/22 pts.)

### Titov. Yuriy

Gymnastics
Pommeled horse (19.00)
Floor exercises (18.95)

### Yelkina (Rutkovska), Albina

Born 1932, Vinnytsya.

Athletics
Discus (48.20 m; 158' 2")

### Zasyeda, Ihor

Born 1932, Kiev. Swimming 200 m breaststroke (2:39.0)

### SIXTH PLACE

Chernyavsky, Ivan

Born 1930, Cherkasy. *Athletics* 10,000 m run (29:31.6)

Salimullin, Linar

Born 1932, Kiev.
Wrestling
Freestyle, Featherweight

Sytkin, Volodymyr

Born 1934, Kiev.

Athletics

High jump (2.00 m; 6' 63/4")

Vykhrystyuk, Ivan

Born 1927, Kiev.

Wrestling

Freestyle, Super heavyweight

### **TEAM**

### GOLD MEDALS

GYMNASTICS Men

Chukarin, Viktor Shakhlin, Borys Titov, Yuriy

Women

Astakhova, Polina Born 1936, Donetsk. Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

MODERN PENTATHLON

**Deryuhin, Ivan** Born 1928, Kharkiv Region. (13,690 pts.)

### SILVER MEDAL

**ATHLETICS** 

Bartenyev, Leonid Born 1933, Poltava. 4 x 100 m relav (39.8)

**BRONZE MEDALS** 

FENCING Men

Cherepovsky, Yevhen

Born 1934, Lviv. Sabre

GYMNASTICS Women

Astakhova, Polina Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

### ROWING Men

Yemchuk, Ihor
Born 1930, Kiev.
Zhylin, Georgiy
Born 1925, Kiev.
Pairs with coxswain (8:31.0)

### **FOURTH PLACE**

ATHLETICS Women

Krepkina (Kalashnikova), Vira

Born 1933, Kirov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. 4 x 100 m relay (45.6)

### FIFTH PLACE

CANOEING Men

Yatsynenko, Yevhen Born 1925, Mykolayiv. Kavak pairs 10.000 m (45:49.3)

### SIXTH PLACE

CYCLING

**Kolumbet, Mykola** Road race (63 pts.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At the XVIth Olympiad in Melbourne, two Ukrainians — Larysa Latynina and Viktor Chukarin — became All-Around Champions in gymnastics. In an interview for a Soviet Ukrainian newspaper Latynina said: "I am proud that I, a daughter of the Ukrainian nation, was able to accomplish so much in Melbourne."

Table 1

### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

### Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XVIth Olympic Games Melbourne, 1956

	Republic	Population Number of Republic in Millions Athletes on (1959 the U.S.S.R.		м	Medals Awarded			Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of
		census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	•	Population
1.	Russia	117.534	212	37	32	38	107	50	1.8
2.	Ukraine	41.869	34	17	5	10	32	94	.8
3.	Kazakhstan	9.295	1	0	0	0	0	0	.1
4.	Uzbekistan	8.119	1	0	0	0	0	0	.1
5.	Byelorussia	8.056	8	0	1	0	1	13	1.0
6.	Georgia	4.044	10	2	0	6	8	80	2.5
7.	Azerbaidzhan	3.698	1	0	1	0	1	100	.3
8.	Moldavia	2.885	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
9.	Lithuania	2.711	5	0	3	1	4	80	1.8
10.	Latvia	2.093	5	1	4	0	5	100	2.4
11.	Kirghizia	2.066	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
12.	Tadzhikistan	1.981	_		_	_	_	_	0
13.	Armenia	1.763	4	4	0	0	4	100	2.3
14.	Turkmenia	1.516	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
15.	Estonia	1.197	2	0	0	1	1	50	1.7
	Total	208.827	283	61	46	56	163	58	1.4

Table 2

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS

XVIth Olympic Games, Melbourne, 1956

Republic	Number of		Medals		
	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	212	15	21	17	53
Ukraine	34	11	4	6	21
Georgia	10	2	0	4	6
Armenia	4	2	0	0	2
Latvia	5	1	1	0	2
Azerbaidzhan	1	0	1	0	1
Byelorussia	8	0	1	0	1
Estonia	2	0	0	0	0
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Lithuania	5	0	0	0	0
Uzbekistan	1	0	0	0	0
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Moldavia	_	_	_	-	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	-	_	_	_	_
Team*		6	1	5	12
Total	283	37	29	32	98

<sup>\*</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

# UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XVIth Olympic Games, Melbourne, 1956

Place*	Country	Total Medals	Gold	Medals Awarded Silver	Bronze
1.	United States	74	32	25	17
2.	Russia	53	15	21	17
3.	Australia	35	13	8	14
4.	Germany**	27	6	13	8
5.	Hungary	26	9	10	7
6.	Italy	25	8	8	9
7.	Great Britain	24	6	7	11
8.	Ukraine	21	11	4	6
9.	Sweden	19	8	5	6
10.	Japan	19	4	10	5
	Soviet republics, excl. Russia and Ukraine	24	11	4	9

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> United German Team (FRG and GDR).



Volodymyr Kuts, winner of the 5000 m and 10,000 m runs and one of the heroes of the Melbourne Olympics.



Larysa Latynina preparing for gymnastics competition at the Spartakiad Games of the Peoples of the U.S.S.R., in which she represented Ukraine.



Vitaliy Romanenko, gold medal winner at the 1956 Games in Melbourne, where he set an Olympic record in shooting.



Larysa Latynina, women's All-around gymnastics champion of the XVIth and XVIIth Olympic Games. Latynina, who also competed at the 1964 Olympics, won a total of 18 medals, more than any other athlete in Olympic history.



Ihor Rybak, lightweight weightlifting champion of the XVIth Olympiad.

## UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XVIIth SUMMER GAMES

Rome (Italy), August 25 — September 11, 1960

### INDIVIDUAL

### **GOLD MEDALS**

### Astakhova, Polina

Born 1936, Donetsk. *Gymnastics*Uneven parallel bars (19.616)

### Bohdan, Ivan

Born 1928, Kiev.
Wrestling
Greco-Roman,
Super heavyweight

### Holubnychy, Volodymyr

Born 1936, Sumy. Athletics 20 km walk (1:34:07.2)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Born 1934, Kherson.

Gymnastics

Combined exercises (77.031)

Floor exercises (19.583)

### Lysenko (Shevtsova), Lyudmyla

Born 1934, Dnipropetrovsk.

Athletics
800 m run (2:04.3; WR, OR)

### Nikolayeva, Marharyta

Born 1935, Odessa. Gymnastics Horse vaults (19.316)

### Press, Iryna

Born 1939, Kharkiv.

Athletics
80 m hurdles (10.8)

### Press, Tamara

Born 1937, Kharkiv.

Athletics
Shot put (17.32 m; 56' 10")

### Shakhlin, Borys

Born 1932 in Tyumen Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Gymnastics Combined exercises (115.95) Uneven parallel bars (19.4) Pommeled horse (19.375) Horse vaults (19.35)

### Tsybulenko, Viktor

Born 1930, Kiev Region. Athletics Javelin (84.64 m; 277' 8")

### Vlasov, Yuriy

Born 1935, Makiyivka. Weighlifting Super heavyweight (537.5 kg; WR)

### SILVER MEDALS

### Astakhova, Polina

Gymnastics Floor exercises (19.532)

### Brumel, Valeriy

Born 1942, Chita Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Athletics High jump (2.16 m; 7′ 1″)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Gymnastics Balance beam (19.233) Uneven parallel bars (19.416)

### Press, Tamara

Athletics Discus (52.59 m; 172′ 4″)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Gymnastics Rings (19.5)

### Synyavsky, Volodymyr

Born 1932, Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Lightweight

### Titov, Yuriy1

Born 1935, Kiev. Gymnastics Floor exercises (19.325)

### **BRONZE MEDALS**

### Astakhova, Polina

Gymnastics
Combined exercises (76.164)

### Borisov, Vasyl

Shooting
Free rifle (1127 pts.)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Gymnastics Horse vaults (19.016)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Gymnastics Horizontal bar (19.475)

### Ter-Ovanesyan, Ihor

Born 1938, Kiev.

Athletics

Long jump (8.04 m; 26' 41/2")

### Titov, Yuriy

Gymnastics
Combined exercises (115.6)

### FOURTH PLACE

### Borisov, Vasyl

Shooting
Small-bore rifle, prone (586 pts.)

### Kutenko, Yuriy

Born 1932, Lviv.

Athletics
Decathlon (7567 pts.)

### Nikolayeva, Marharyta

Gymnastics Balance beam (19.183) Combined exercises (75.831)

### Titov, Yuriy

Gymnastics Horse vaults (19.2)

### FIFTH PLACE

### Barbier, Leonid

Born 1937, Kiev. Swimming 100 m backstroke (1:03.5)

### Chenchyk, Taisa

Born 1936, Chernihiv Region.

Athletics

High jump (1.68 m: 5′ 6″)

### Hamarnyk, Hryhoriy

Born 1929, Kiev. Wrestling Greco-Roman, Welterweight

### Radchenko, Lyudmyla

Born 1932, Kiev.

Athletics

Long jump (6.16 m; 20′ 2 ½″)

### Titov, Yuriy

Gymnastics
Uneven parallel bars (19.2)
Horizontal bar (19.4)
Pommelled horse (18.95)

### SIXTH PLACE

### Astakhova, Polina

Gymnastics Horse vaults (18.716)

### Kompaniyets, Viktor

Born 1937, Kiev. Athletics Discus (55.06 m; 180' 8")

### Shakhov, Mykhaylo

Born 1931, Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Bantamweight

### Titov, Yuriy

Gymnastics Rings (19.275)

### TEAM

### GOLD MEDALS

CANOEING Men

### Makarenko, Serhiy

Born 1937, Kryvy Rih. Canadian pairs 1000 m (4:17.04)

> GYMNASTICS Women

Astakhova, Polina Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa Nikolayeva, Marharyta

### SILVER MEDALS

ATHLETICS Men

### Bartenyev, Leonid

Born 1933, Poltava. 4 x 100 m relay (40.1)

> BASKETBALL Men

Valtin, Albert Born 1937, Kiev.

GYMNASTICS Men

Shakhlin, Borys Titov, Yuriy

### **BRONZE MEDAL**

CYCLING

### Kolumbet, Leonid

Born 1937, Kiev Region. 4000 m team pursuit: 4:34.05

### **FOURTH PLACE**

CANOEING Men

### Holovachov, Ivan

Born 1929, Kherson. Kayak pairs 1000 m (3:37.48)

### FIFTH PLACE

CANOEING Men

Lyakhovsky, Fedir

Born 1936, Vinnytsya.

Natalukha, Volodymyr Born 1936, Kiev.

Kayak singles 4 x 500 m relay (7:50.72)

> SWIMMING Men

### Barbier, Leonid

4 x 100 m medley relay (4:16.8)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Yuriy Titov, Ukrainian Olympic champion, was elected President of the International Federation of Gymnastics (F.I.G.).

Table 1

### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

### Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XVIIth Olympic Games Rome, 1960

	Republic	Population in Millions (1959	•		Medals Awarded			Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of
		census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	,,	Population
1.	Russia	117.534	192	35	31	29	95	49	1.6
2.	Ukraine	41.869	35	19	12	7	38	108	.8
3.	Kazakhstan	9.295	1	0	0	0	0	0	.1
4.	Uzbekistan	8.119	1	0	0	0	0	0	.1
5.	Byelorussia	8.056	10	4	1	2	7	70	1.2
6.	Georgia	4.044	16	2	5	3	10	63	4.0
7.	Azerbaidzhan	3.698	2	0	2	0	2	100	.5
8.	Moldavia	2.885	2	0	1	0	1	50	.7
9.	Lithuania	2.711	5	0	2	1	3	60	1.8
10.	Latvia	2.093	6	0	4	2	6	100	2.9
11.	Kirghizia	2.066	1	0	0	0	0	0	.5
12.	Tadzhikistan	1.981	1	0	0	0	0	0	.5
13.	Armenia	1.763	5	1	2	1	4	80	2.8
14.	Turkmenia	1.516	1	0	1	0	1	100	.7
15.	Estonia	1.197	6	0	2	0	2	33	5.0
	Total	208.827	284	61	63	45	169	60	1.4

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS
XVIIth Olympic Games, Rome, 1960

Table 2

Republic	Number of		Medals	Awarded	
	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	192	18	12	19	49
Ukraine	35	15	8	6	29
Byelorussia	10	3	1	0	4
Georgia	16	2	1	1	4
Azerbaidzhan	2	0	2	0	2
Lithuania	5	0	1	1	2
Armenia	5	1	0	0	1
Estonia	6	0	1	0	1
Turkmenia	1	0	1	0	1
Latvia	6	0	0	1	1
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Kirghizia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	2	0	0	0	0
Tadzhikistan	1	0	0	0	0
Uzbekistan	1	0	0	0	0
Team*		4	2	3	9
Total	284	43	29	31	103

<sup>•</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

### UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XVIIth Olympic Games, Rome, 1960

Place*	Country	Total Medals	R Gold	1edals Award Silver	ed Bronze
1.	United States	71	34	21	16
2.	Russia	49	18	12	19
3.	Germany**	45	13	19	13
4.	Italy	36	13	10	13
5.	Ukraine	29	15	8	6
6.	Australia	22	8	8	6
7.	Hungary	21	6	8	7
8.	Poland	21	4	6	11
9.	Great Britain	20	2	6	12
10.	Japan	18	4	7	7
	Soviet republics, excl. Russia and Ukraine	25	10	9	6

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> United German Team (FRG and GDR).



Polina Astakhova, shown wearing the uniform of the Ukrainian S.S.R. at the Spartakiad Games of the Peoples of the U.S.S.R.



Lyudmyla Lysenko (left) trails Australian runner Dixie Willis in the 800 m run at the XVIIth Olympiad in Rome. Lysenko forged ahead to win the event in Olympic and world record time.



Ivan Bohdan, Super Heavyweight champion in Greco-Roman wrestling at the Rome Olympics.



Vira Krepkina won the women's long jump at the 1960 Olympics, setting an Olympic record.



Viktor Tsybulenko, champion of the XVIIth Olympic Games in the javelin throw.



Volodymyr Holubnychy won the 20 km walk at both the XVIIth and XIXth Olympic Games. This five-time Olympian also finished third in the event in Tokyo, second in Munich, and seventh in Montreal.



Polina Astakhova, gymnastics champion of the XVIIth and XVIIIth Olympiads, during floor exercises.

## UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XVIIIth SUMMER GAMES

Tokyo (Japan), October 10 - 24, 1964

### INDIVIDUAL.

### GOLD MEDALS

### Astakhova, Polina<sup>1</sup>

Born 1936, Donetsk. *Gymnastics* Uneven parallel bars (19.332)

### Brumel, Valeriy

Born 1942 in Chita Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Athletics High jump (2.18 m; 7′ 1¾"; OR)

### Ivanytsky, Oleksander

Born 1937, Donetsk Region.

Wrestling

Freestyle, Heavyweight

### Kryss, Hryhoriy

Born 1940, Kiev. Fencing Epee

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa<sup>2</sup>

Born 1934, Kherson. *Gymnastics*Floor exercises (19.599)

### Medved, Oleksander

Born 1937, Bila Tserkva.

Wrestling

Freestyle, Light heavyweight

### Prozumenshchykova, Halyna<sup>3</sup>

Born 1948, Sevastopol.

Swimming
200 m breaststroke (2:46.4; OR)

### Press, Iryna

Born 1939, Kharkiv Athletics Pentathlon (5,246 pts.; WR, OR)

### Press, Tamara

Born 1937, Kharkiv Athletics Shot put (18.14 m; 59' 6 3 /16''; OR) Discus (57.27 m; 187' 10¾"; OR)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Born 1932, Tyumen Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Gymnastics Horizontal bar (19.625)

### Zhabotynsky, Leonid<sup>4</sup>

Born 1938, Zaporizhzhya. Weightlifting Super heavyweight (572.5 kg; OR)

### **SILVER MEDALS**

### Astakhova, Polina

Gymnastics Floor exercises (19.50)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Gymnastics Combined exercises (76.998) Horse vaults (19.283)

### Prokopenko, Heorhiy

Born 1937, Poltava.

Swimming
200 m breaststroke (2:28.2)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Gymnastics
Combined exercises (115.4)

### Titov, Yuriy

Born 1935, Kiev. Gymnastics Horizontal bar (19.55)

### Trostyansky, Vladlen

Born 1935, Kiev.
Wrestling
Greco-Roman, Featherweight

### Vlasov, Yuriy

Born 1935, Makiyivka. Weightlifting Super heavyweight (570 kg)

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

### Astakhova, Polina

Gymnastics
Combined exercises (76.965)

### Byelyayev, Ivan

Born 1935, Dnipropetrovsk.

Athletics
3000 m steeplechase (8:33.8)

### Chenchyk, Taisa

Born 1936, Chernihiv Region.

Athletics
High jump (1.78 m; 5′ 10″)

### Holubnychy, Volodymyr

Born 1936, Sumy. Athletics 20 km walk (1:31:59.4)

### Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

Gymnastics
Uneven parallel bars (19.199)
Balance beam (19.382)

### Shakhlin, Borys

Gymnastics Rings (19.4)

### Ter-Ovanesvan, Ihor

Born 1938, Kiev.
Athletics
Long jump (7.99 m; 26' 2¾")

### **FOURTH PLACE**

### Astakhova, Polina

Gymnastics
Balance beam (19.366)

### **FIFTH PLACE**

### Blyznetsov, Hennadiy

Born 1941, Kharkiv.

Athletics
Pole vault (4.95 m; 16' 23/4")

### Shakhlin, Borys

Gymnastics
Horse vaults (19.20)

### **TEAM**

### **GOLD MEDALS**

CANOEING Men

### Khumuch, Andriu

Born 1937, Chernihiv Region. Canadian pairs 1000 m (4:04.64)

### Chuzhykov, Mykola

Born 1938, Byelgorod Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lysychansk. **Morozov, Volodymyr** Born 1940, Krasnovodsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev Kayak fours 1000 m (3:14.67)

> GYMNASTICS Women

### Astakhova, Polina Latynina (Dyriy), Larysa

VOLLEYBALL Men

Poyarkov, Yuriy Born 1937, Kharkiv.

### Sibiryakov, Eduard

Born 1941, Chelyabinsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Odessa. **Venherovsky, Yuriy** Born 1938, Kharkiy.

### SILVER MEDALS

BASKETBALL Men

### Bahley, Mykola

Born 1937, Kiev.

GYMNASTICS Men

Shakhlin, Borys Titov, Yuriy

> VOLLEYBALL Women

### Hureyeva, Lyudmyla Born 1943, Odessa.

Myshak, Valentyna Born 1942, Odessa.

### **BRONZE MEDAL**

### FIFTH PLACE

SWIMMING Women ROWING Men

Devyatova, Tetyana Born 1948, Kharkiv. 4 x 100 m relay (4:39.2) Sterlyk, Volodymyr Born 1940, Poltava. Eight with coxswain (6:30.69)

### **FOURTH PLACE**

SWIMMING Men

**Prokopenko, Heorhiy** 4 x 100 m medley relay (4:04.2)

- <sup>1</sup> Polina Astakhova was the coach of the Soviet women's gymnastics team at the XXIInd Olympic Games.
  - <sup>2</sup> Larysa Latynina (Dyriy) won the most medals in Olympic history
     18, nine of which were gold.
- <sup>3</sup> Halyna Prozumenshchykova was the first Ukrainian to receive an Olympic gold medal in swimming. After finishing her athletic career, she became a journalist.
- <sup>4</sup> Leonid Zhabotynsky twice won the unofficial title of the World's Strongest Man.

Table 1

### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

### Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XVIIIth Olympic Games Tokyo, 1964

	Republic in Millions Athletes		Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	Medals Awarded				Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of
		census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Gold Silver Bronze 1		Total	,,	Population
1.	Russia	117.534	206	31	34	28	93	45	1.8
2	Ukraine	41.869	34	20	13	9	42	124	.8
3.	Kazakhstan	9.295	1	0	0	0	0	0	.1
4.	Uzbekistan	8.119	3	0	1	3	4	133	.4
5.	Byelorussia	8.056	10	3	1	0	4	40	1.2
6.	Georgia	4.044	18	2	4	5	11	61	4.5
7.	Azerbaidzhan	3.698	6	1	1	3	5	83	1.6
8.	Moldavia	2.885	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
9.	Lithuania	2.711	17	0	1	0	1	6	6.3
10.	Latvia	2.093	15	2	6	2	10	67	7.2
11.	Kirghizia	2.066	2	0	0	0	0	0	1.0
12.	Tadzhikistan	1.981	1	0	0	0	0	0	.5
13.	Armenia	1.763	1	1	1	0	2	200	.6
14.	Turkmenia	1.516	1	1	0	0	1	100	.7
15.	Estonia	1.197	4	0	1	0	1	25	3.3
_	Total	208.827	319	61	63	50	174	55	1.5

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS
XVIIIth Olympic Games, Tokyo, 1964

Republic	Number		Medals	Awarded	
	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	206	14	11	17	42
Ukraine	34	13	8	8	29
Georgia	18	0	4	5	9
Latvia	15	0	2	1	3
Armenia	1	1	1	0	2
Byelorussia	10	1	1	0	2
Estonia	4	0	1	0	1
Lithuania	17	0	1	0	1
Uzbekistan	3	0	0	1	1
Azerbaidzhan	6	0	0	0	0
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Kirghizia	2	0	0	0	0
Tadzhikistan	1	0	0	0	0
Turkmenia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Team*		1	2	3	6
Total	319	30	31	35	96

Table 2

<sup>\*</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

### UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XVIIIth Olympic Games, Tokyo, 1964

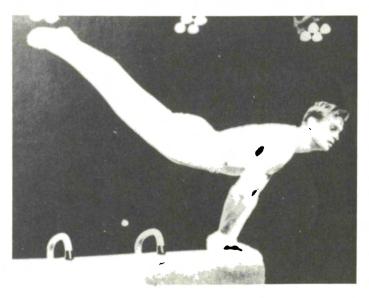
Place*	Country	Total Medals	Gold	Medals Awarded Silver	Bronze
1.	United States	90	36	26	28
2.	Germany**	54	10	25	19
3.	Russia	42	14	11	17
4.	Japan	29	16	5	8
5.	Ukraine	29	13	8	8
6.	Italy	27	10	10	7
7.	Poland	23	7	6	10
8.	Hungary	22	10	7	5
9.	Australia	18	6	2	10
10.	Great Britain	18	4	12	2
	Soviet republics, excl.	25	3	12	10
	Russia and Ukraine				

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> United German Team (FRG and GDR).



 $\it Valeriy Brumel, champion of the \it XVIIIth Olympics, conquering the high jump bar.$ 



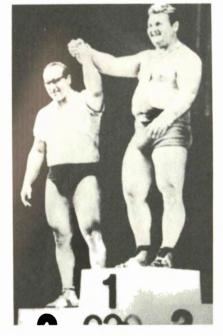
Borys Shakhlin won seven gold medals in gymnastics from 1956 to 1964, including the men's All-around title in 1960.



Halyna Prozumenshchykova, champion of the XVIIIth Olympiad in the 200 m breaststroke.



Andriy Khymych, 1964 Olympic champion in canoeing (Canadian pairs 1000 m).



Leonid Zhabotynsky raises the arm of runner-up Yuriy Vlasov, after winning Super Heavyweight weightlifting title in 1964. Vlasov, another champion from Ukraine, held the title in 1960. Zhabotynsky repeated as the "World's Strongest Man" in 1968.



Ukrainian fencer Hryhoriy Kryss won the 1964 Olympic championship in the epee.

## UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XIXth SUMMER GAMES

Mexico City, October 12 — 27, 1968

### INDIVIDUAL

### GOLD MEDALS

### Holubnychy, Volodymyr

Born 1936, Sumy. *Athletics*20 km walk (1:33:58.4)

### Hurevych, Borys<sup>1</sup>

Born 1937, Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Middleweight

### Mankin, Valentyn

Born 1938, Zhytomyr Region. Yachting "Finn" class (11.7)

### Medved, Oleksander<sup>2</sup>

Born 1937, Bila Tserkva. Wrestling Freestyle, Heavyweight

### Zhabotynsky, Leonid

Born 1938, Sumy Region.

Weighlifting Super heavyweight (572.5 kg: OR)

#### SILVER MEDALS

### Byelyayev, Volodymyr

Born 1940, Kiev. Weightlifting Light heavyweight (485.0 kg; EWR)

### Kryss, Hryhoriy

Born 1940, Kiev. Fencing Epee

### Prozumenshchykova, Halyna

Born 1948, Sevastopol.

Swimming
100 m breaststroke (1:15.9)

### $Shaparenko,\,Oleksander$

Born 1946, Sumy Region.

Canoeing Kayak singles 1000 m (4:03.58)

### **BRONZE MEDALS**

### Kozyr, Valentyna

Born 1950, Chernivtsi.

Athletics
High jump (1.80 m; 5′ 10¾")

### Lednyev, Pavlo

Born 1943, Gorky Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Modern pentathlon (4795 pts.)

### Musalimov, Volodymyr

Born 1944, Kiev.

Boxing
Welterweight

### Prozumenshchykova, Halyna

Born 1948, Sevastopol.

Swimming
200 m breaststroke (2:47.0)

### Smaha, Mykola

Born 1938, Sumy Region.

Athletics
20 km walk (1:34:03.4)

### **FOURTH PLACE**

**Avilov, Mykola** Born 1948, Odessa. Athletics
Decathlon (7909 pts.)

### Nemshilov, Volodymyr

Born 1948, Lviv. Swimming 100 m butterfly (58.1)

### Ter-Ovanesyan, Ihor

Born 1938, Kiev.

Athletics
Long jump (8.12 m; 26' 7¾")

### **FIFTH PLACE**

### Mykhaylov, Yevhen

Born 1947, Poltava.

Swimming

100 m breaststroke (1:08.4)

200 m breaststroke (2:32.8)

### Onyshchenko, Borys

Born 1944, Kiev. Modern pentathlon (4756 pts.)

### Skomorokhov, Vyacheslav

Born 1940, Voroshylovhrad.

Athletics
400 m hurdles (49.1)

### SIXTH PLACE

### Blyznetsov, Hennadiy

Born 1941, Kharkiv.

Athletics
Pole vault (5.30 m; 17' 41/2")

### **TEAM**

#### GOLD MEDALS

CANOEING Men

Morozov, Volodymyr Born 1940, Krasnovodsk,

R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

Shaporenko, Oleksander

Born 1946, Sumy Region. Kayak pairs 1000 m (3:37.54)

> FENCING Men

Sydyak, Viktor

Born 1943, Kemerovo Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Sabre

> VOLLEYBALL Men

Byelyayev, Volodymyr

Born 1944, Michurinsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Voroshylovhrad.

Ivanov, Volodymyr

Born 1940, Homel, B.S.S.R.; Kiev.

Lapinsky, Yevhen

Born 1942, Voronezh Region; Odessa.

Matushevas, Vasilius

Born 1945, Kharkiv.

Mukhalchuk, Viktor

Born 1946, Bernau, German Democratic Republic; Odessa.

> Poyarkov, Yuriy Born 1937, Kharkiv.

Sibiryakov, Eduard

Born 1941, Chelyabinsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Odessa.

Tereshchuk, Borys Born 1945, Kiev.

### SILVER MEDALS

FENCING Men

Kryss, Hryhoriy Vitebsky, losyf

Born 1938, Kiev. Epee

Stankovych, Vasyl

Born 1946, Transcarpathian Region.

Putyatin, Viktor<sup>3</sup>

Born 1941, Kharkiv. Foil

MODERN PENTATHLON

Lednyev, Pavlo Onyshchenko, Borys

(14.248 pts.)

WATER POLO

Barkalov, Oleksiy

Born 1946, Kharkiv Region.

**BRONZE MEDALS** 

BASKETBALL Men

Kovalenko, Serhiv

Born 1947, Port Arthur, China; Kiev.

> Polyvoda, Anatoliy Born 1947, Kiev.

> > ROWING Men

Kravchuk, Valentyn Born 1944, Kiev. Sterlyk, Volodymyr Born 1940, Poltava. Eight with coxswain (6:09.11)

> SWIMMING Men

Hromak, Yuriy Born 1948, Lviv. Nemshilov, Volodymyr Born 1948, Lviv. 4 x 100 m medley relay (4:00.7)

> SWIMMING Women

Hrebets, Lidiya
Born 1953, Poltava.

Devyatova, Tetyana
Born 1948, Kharkiv.
4 x 100 m medley relay (4:37.0)

SIXTH PLACE

ROWING Men

Myshyn, Oleksiy Born 1941, Kiev. Fours with coxswain (7:00.00)

- <sup>1</sup> For his sportsmanlike conduct in wrestling, Borys Hurevych was chosen to pose for Yevhen Vuchetych's sculpture "We Shall Beat the Swords Into Ploughshares," which stands before the U.N. building in New York.
- <sup>2</sup> At the Olympic Games in Mexico, Oleksander Medved injured his thumb in a wrestling match with Dietrich, the champion of the Olympic Games in Rome. Doctors advised him to pull out of the match. But, instead of listening to the doctors, he pulled and twisted his thumb, while grimacing from the great pain, and moved the bone back into place. This confused Dietrich so much that he pulled out of competition, leaving Medved to win a second Olympic medal. Medved is the only Ukrainian Olympian to receive the silver medal of the Olympic Order.

After his last victory in Munich, O. Medved, knowing that he would not be participating in any more Olympic Games and having won an unprecedented third consecutive Olympic gold medal in wrestling, knelt down and kissed the wrestling mat, on which he had never known defeat.

<sup>3</sup> Viktor Putyatin, who won a team silver medal in fencing at the Olympic Games in Mexico, was elected a member of the Executive Committee of the International Federation of Fencers (F.I.E.) in 1981.

Table 1

#### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

# Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XIXth Olympic Games Mexico City, 1968

	Republic	Population in Millions (1970	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	Medals Awarded		Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of		
		census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	·	Population
1.	Russia	130.079	186	31	44	36	111	60	1.4
2.	Ukraine	47.126	51	16	11	13	40	78	1.1
3.	Kazakhstan	13.009	6	3	1	0	4	67	.5
4.	Uzbekistan	11.799	5	1	0	0	1	20	.4
5.	Byelorussia	9.002	15	6	3	2	11	73	1.7
6.	Azerbaidzhan	5.117	3	2	0	0	2	67	.6
7.	Georgia	4.686	14	2	2	2	6	43	3.0
8.	Moldavia	3.569	2	0	0	0	0	0	.6
9.	Lithuania	3.128	7	1	1	5	7	100	2.2
10.	Kirghizia	2.934	3	0	0	0	0	0	1.0
11.	Tadzhikistan	2.900	1	0	0	0	0	0	.3
12.	Armenia	2.492	1	0	0	0	0	0	.4
13.	Latvia	2.364	11	3	0	0	3	27	4.7
14.	Turkmenia	2.159	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
15.	Estonia	1.356	8	1	1	_ 2	4	50	5.9
	Total	241.720	313	66	63	60	189	60	1.3

Table 2

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS

XIXth Olympic Games, Mexico, 1968

Republic	Number		Medals	Awarded	
REPUBLIC	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	186	13	17	19	49
Ukraine	51	7	4	5	16
Byelorussia	15	3	1	2	6
Georgia	14	2	2	0	4
Lithuania	7	1	1	1	3
Kazakhstan	6	1	1	0	2
Latvia	11	1	0	0	1
Uzbekistan	5	1	0	0	1
Estonia	8	0	1	0	1
Armenia	1	0	0	0	0
Azerbaidzhan	3	0	0	0	0
Kirghizia	3	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	2	0	0	0	0
Tadzhikistan	1	0	0	0	0
Turkmenia	_	_	_	-	_
Team*		0	5	3	8
Total	313	29	32	30	91

<sup>\*</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

# UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XIXth Olympic Games, Mexico, 1968

Place*	Country	Total Medals	Gold	Medals Awarded Silver	Bronze
1.	United States	107	45	28	34
2.	Russia	49	13	17	19
3.	Hungary	32	10	10	12
4.	West Germany**	26	5	11	10
5.	Japan	25	11	7	7
6.	East Germany***	25	9	9	7
7.	Poland	18	5	2	11
8.	Australia	1 <i>7</i>	5	7	5
9.	Ukraine	16	7	4	5
10.	France	15	7	3	5
	Soviet republics, excl. Russia and Ukraine	26	9	11	6

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Federal Republic of Germany.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> German Democratic Republic. Due to U.S.S.R. pressure, East Germany started competing as a separate team during the XIXth Olympic Games.



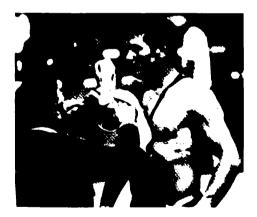
Valentyn Mankin, the only yachtsman in Olympic history to win gold medals in three different classes of boats.



Leonid Zhabotynsky won the Super Heavyweight title in weightlifting at the XVIIIth and XIXth Games, and with it the unofficial title of the "World's Strongest Man."



Viktor Sydyak, men's individual champion in the sabre in 1972 and member of gold-medal Soviet team in fencing (sabre) in 1968 and 1976.



Oleksander Medved won the Olympic championship in three different weight categories of Freestyle wrestling: Light Heavyweight in 1964, Heavyweight in 1968, and Super Heavyweight in 1972.



Volodymyr Holubnychy, champion of the XVIIth and XIXth Olympiads, takes an early lead in the 20 km walk in Mexico City.



Volodymyr Morozov, gold-medal winner in canoeing at three different Olympiads.



Borys Hurevych (left), 1968 Olympics champion in Freestyle wrestling, faces off against an opponent.

# UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XXth SUMMER GAMES

# Munich (Germany), August 26 — September 11, 1972

#### INDIVIDUAL

#### **GOLD MEDALS**

#### Avilov, Mykola

Born 1948, Odessa.

Athletics

Decathlon (8454 pts.; WR, OR)

#### Borzov, Valeriy

Born 1949, Sambir. *Athletics*100 m run (10.14)
200 m run (20.00)

#### Bondarchuk, Anatoliy

Born 1940, Kmelnytsky Region.

Athletics

Hammer throw

(75.50 m; 247' 8"; OR)

#### Medved, Oleksander

Born 1937, Bila Tserkva. Wrestling Freestyle, Super heavyweight

#### Melnyk, Faina

Born 1945, Khmelnytsky Region.

Athletics
Discus (66.62 m; 218' 7"; OR)

#### Ryabchynska, Yuliya

Born January 26, 1947, Odessa.
Died January 13, 1973.

Canoeing

Kayak singles 500 m (2:03.17)

#### Shaparenko, Oleksander

Born 1946, Sumy.

Canoeing

Kayak singles 1000 m (3:48.06)

#### Sydyak, Viktor

Born 1943, Kemerovo Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Fencing Sabre

#### Zheleznyak, Yakiv

Born 1941, Odessa.

Shooting
Moving target (569 pt.; WR)

#### SILVER MEDALS

# Arzhanov, Yevhen

Born 1948, Kalush. Athletics 800 m run (1:45.9)

### Holubnychy, Volodymyr

Born 1936, Sumy. Athletics 20 km walk (1:26:55.2)

#### Lytvynenko, Leonid

Born 1949, Kiev.

Athletics
Decathlon (8035 pts.)

#### Melnyk, Borys

Born 1945, Vinnytsya Region.

Shooting

Free rifle 3 x 40 (1155 pts.)

#### Onyshchenko, Borys

Born 1944, Kiev. Modern pentathlon (5335 pts.)

## Prozumenshchykova, Halyna

Born 1948, Sevastopol.

Swimming 100 m breaststroke (1:14.99)

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

#### Lednyev, Pavlo

Born 1943, Gorky, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Modern pentathlon (5328 pts.)

#### Novikov, Anatoliy

Born 1947, Kharkiv. *Judo* Light middleweight

# Prozumenshchykova, Halyna

Swimming 200 m breaststroke (2:42.36)

#### FIFTH PLACE

#### Smaha, Mykola

Born 1938, Sumy Region.

Athletics
20 km walk (1:28:16.6)

#### Yurchenko, Vasyl

Born 1950; Dnipropetrovsk.

Canoeing

Canadian singles 1000 m

(4:14.43)

#### **TEAM**

#### GOLD MEDALS

BASKETBALL Men

Kovalenko, Serhiy

Born 1947, Port Arthur, China; Kiev

Polyvoda, Anatoliy

Born 1947, Donetsk Region.

CANOEING Women

Nahirna (Kuryshko), Kateryna

Born 1949, Poltava Region. Kayak pairs 500 m (1:53.50)

> CANOEING Men

Filatov, Yuriy

Born 1948, Khmelnytsky Region.

Morozov, Volodymyr

Born 1940, Krasnovodsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

Stetsenko, Yuriy

Born 1945, Kiev.

Kayak fours 1000 m (3:14.02)

**CYCLING** 

Semenets, Volodymyr

Born 1950, Saratov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

Tselovalnykov, Ihor

Born 1944, Yerevan,

Georgian S.S.R.; Kharkiv. Tandem 2000 m (Last 200 m — 10.52)

**MODERN PENTATHLON** 

Lednyev, Pavlo Onyshchenko, Borys

(15.968 pts.)

WATER POLO

**Barkalov, Oleksiy** Born 1946, Kharkiv Region.

**YACHTING** 

Durdura, Vitaliu

Born 1938, Cherkasy Region.

Mankin, Valentyn

Born 1938, Zhytomyr Region. "Tempest" class (28.1)

SILVER MEDALS

ATHLETICS Men

Borzov, Valeriy

Born 1949, Sambir. 4 x 100 m relay (38.50)

> FENCING Men

**Putyatin, Viktor** Born 1941, Kharkiv.

Stankovych, Vasyl

Born 1946, Transcarpathian Region. Foil

Suduak, Viktor

Born 1943, Kemerovo Region, R.S.F.S.R.: Lviv. Sabre

#### BRONZE MEDALS

**FENCING** Men

Paramonov, Serhiv

Born 1945, Kiev. Epee

**FOOTBALL** 

Blokhin, Oleh

Born 1952, Kiev.

Kolotov, Viktor

Born 1949, Kiev.

Kuksov, Anatoliv Born 1949, Voroshylovhrad.

Onyshchenko, Volodymyr

Born 1949, Voroshylovhrad,

Rudakov, Yevhen

Born 1942, Kiev.

Semenov, Vyacheslav Born 1947, Voroshylovhrad.

Yeliseyev, Yuriy

Born 1949, Voroshylovhrad.

VOLLEYBALL

Men

Lapinsky, Yevhen

Born 1942, Voronezh Region,

R.S.F.S.R.; Odessa. Povarkov, Yuriv Born 1937, Kharkiv. Starunsky, Yuriy Born 1945, Kiev.

#### **FOURTH PLACE**

**SWIMMING** Women

Prozumenshchykova, Halyna Ustymenko, Iryna

Born 1957, Donetsk. 4 x 100 m medley relay (4:27.81)

#### FIFTH PLACE

**HANDBALL** Men

Ishchenko, Mykhaylo

Born 1950, Zaporizhzhya.

Lahutyn, Yuriy

Born February 15, 1949, Zaporizhzhva: Died April 30, 1978.

> Rezanov, Oleksander Born 1948, Zaporizhzhya.

#### SIXTH PLACE

YACHTING

Zubanov, Valeriy

Born 1951, Dnipropetrovsk. "Flying Dutchman" class (67.7 pts.)

Table 1

### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

# Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XXth Olympic Games Munich, 1972

	Republic	Population in Millions (1970	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	Medals Awarded		ed	Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of	
		census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Gold Silver Bronze Total		<b>,</b> - <b>-,</b>	Population	
1.	Russia	130.079	219	58	20	26	104	47	1.7
2.	Ukraine	47.126	71	23	10	14	47	66	1.5
3.	Kazakhstan	13.009	9	1	3	2	6	67	.7
4.	Uzbekistan	11.799	6	3	0	0	3	50	.5
5.	Byelorussia	9.002	21	10	6	2	18	86	2.3
6.	Azerbaidzhan	5.117	2	1	1	0	2	100	.4
7.	Georgia	4.686	16	6	1	3	10	63	3.4
8.	Moldavia	3.569	2	0	0	0	0	0	.6
9.	Lithuania	3.128	8	2	1	0	3	38	2.6
10.	Kirghizia	2.934	1	0	0	0	0	0	.3
11.	Tadzhikistan	2.900	1	1	0	0	1	100	.3
12.	Armenia	2.492	6	1	1	2	4	67	2.4
13.	Latvia	2.364	4	0	2	1	3	75	1.7
14.	Turkmenia	2.159	_	_	_	_	_	_	0
15.	Estonia	1.356	_5	1	0	1	2	40	3.7
	Total	241.720	371	107	45	51	203	55	1.5

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS
XXth Olympic Games, Munich, 1972

Republic	Number	_	Medals	Awarded	
кериине	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	219	24	12	11	47
Ukraine	71	13	6	4	23
Georgia	16	3	1	2	6
Byelorussia	21	2	2	2	6
Kazakhstan	9	1	1	0	2
Estonia	5	1	0	0	1
Uzbekistan	6	1	0	0	1
Latvia	4	0	1	0	1
Lithuania	8	0	1	0	1
Armenia	6	0	0	0	0
Azerbaidzhan	2	0	0	0	0
Kirghizia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	2	0	0	0	0
Tadzhikistan	1	0	0	0	0
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Team*		5	3	3	11
Total	371	50	27	22	99

Table 2

<sup>\*</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

# UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XXth Olympic Games, Munich, 1972

Place*	Country	Total Medals	Gold	Medals Awarded Silver	Bronze
1.	United States	94	33	31	30
2.	East Germany**	66	20	23	23
3.	Russia	47	24	12	11
4.	West Germany***	40	13	11	16
5.	Hungary	35	6	13	16
6.	Japan	29	13	8	8
7.	Ukraine	23	13	6	4
8.	Poland	21	7	5	9
9.	Bulgaria	21	6	10	5
10.	Italy	18	5	3	10
	Soviet republics, excl. Russia and Ukraine	29	13	9	7

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> German Democratic Republic.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Federal Republic of Germany.



Yuliya Ryabchynska, the only Ukrainian woman to win an individual Olympic gold medal in canoeing, was Olympic champion in the 500 m kayak singles in 1972. The following year she died under unexplained circumstances.



One of the best known Ukrainian athletes is Valeriy Borzov, thanks to his shocking victories in the 100 m and 200 m runs at the Munich Olympics. He placed third in the 100 m in Montreal.



Anatoliy Bondarchuk, 1972 Olympic champion in the hammer throw. At the Montreal Olympics four years later he took the bronze medal, while coaching another Ukrainian athlete, Yuriy Syedykh, to the gold.



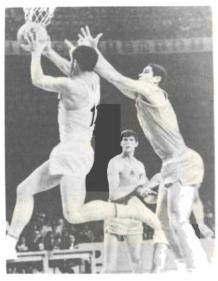
"The World's Best All-around Athlete": Mykola Avilou, 1972 Olympic champion in the decathlon.



Faina Melnyk, 1972 Olympic champion in the discust hrow.



Oleksander Shaparenko, kayak singles 1000 m champion at the Munich Olympics. Shaparenko also won a gold medal in 1968 in the kayak pairs 1000 m.



Ukrainian basketball players Serhiy Kovalenko (center) and Anatoliy Polyvoda (right) were members of the Soviet team which won the controversial gold-medal final at the 1972 Olympics.



Valentyn Mankin (left) and Vitaliy Dyrdyra, champions of the 1972 Olympiad in "Tempest" class yachting. Mankin also won gold medals in two other classes: the "Finn" in 1968 and the "Star" class in 1980.

# UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XXIth SUMMER GAMES

Montreal (Canada), July 17 — August 1, 1976

#### INDIVIDUAL

#### **GOLD MEDALS**

#### Kolchynsky, Oleksander

Born 1955, Kiev.
Wrestling
Greco-Roman,
Super heavyweight

#### Korol, Petro

Born 1941, Chelyabinsk Region; R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Weightlifting Lightweight (305 kg)

#### Novikov, Serhiy

Born 1949, Moscow, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Judo Heavyweight

#### Pinigin, Pavlo

Born 1953, Yakutsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Lightweight

#### Syedykh, Yuriy<sup>1</sup>

Born 1955, Rostov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Athletics Hammer throw (77.52 m; 254' 4")

#### SILVER MEDALS

#### Davydyan, Nelson

Born 1950, Chude-Kaler, Azerbaidzan S.S.R.; Kiev. Wrestling Greco-Roman, Featherweight

#### Dvoynikov, Valeriy

Born 1950, Chelyabinsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. *Judo* Middleweight

#### Kovpan, Valentyna

Born 1950, Lviv. Archery (2460 pts.)

#### Lednyev, Pavlo

Born 1943, Gorky, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Modern pentathlon (5485 pts.)

#### Yurchenko, Vasyl

Born 1950, Cherkasy Region.

Canoeing

Canadian singles 1000 m (4:12.57)

#### Yurchenya, Maryna

Born 1959, Odessa.

Swimming
200 m breaststroke (2:36.08)

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

#### Alfeyeva, Lidiya

Born 1946, Dnipropetrovsk.

Athletics

Long jump (6.60 m; 21' 8")

#### Avilov, Mykola

Born 1948, Odessa.

Athletics

Decathlon (8369 pts.)

#### Bondarchuk, Anatoliy

Born 1940, Khmelnytsky Region.

Athletics

Hammer throw (75.48 m; 247' 8")

#### Borzov, Valeriy

Born 1949, Sambir.

Athletics
100 m run (10.14)

#### Raskatov, Volodymyr

Born 1957, Zaporizhzhya. Swimming 400 m freestyle (3:55.76)

#### Savchenko, Viktor

Born 1952, Dnipropetrovsk.

Boxing

Light middleweight

## Sydyak, Viktor

Born 1943, Kemerovo Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Fencing Sabre

#### **FOURTH PLACE**

#### Melnyk, Faina

Born 1945, Khmelnytsky Region. Athletics Discus (66.40 m; 217' 10")

#### Stavko, Nadiva

Born 1958, Dnipropetrovsk.

Swimming
200 m backstroke (2:16.28)

#### FIFTH PLACE

#### Dovhan, Mykola

Born 1955, Kiev.

Rowing
Single sculls (7:57.39)

#### Kravtsov, Serhiy

Born 1948, Kharkiv.

Cycling

1000 m sprint

#### Shaparenko, Oleksander

Born 1946, Sumy.

Canoeing

Kayak singles 1000 m (3:51.45)

#### Senyukov, Serhiy

Born 1955, Chernivtsi.

Athletics
High jump (2.18 m; 7′ 1¾")

#### Tkachenko, Nadiya

Born 1948, Poltava Region.

Athletics
Pentathlon (4669 pts.)

#### SIXTH PLACE

#### Prorochenko, Tetyana

Born 1952, Zaporizhzhya Region.

Athletics
200 m run (23.03)

#### Stavko, Nadiya

Swimming 100 m backstroke (1:05.19)

#### Yershov, Vasyl

Born 1949, Crimea Region. Athletics Javelin (85.26 m; 279' 9")

#### **TEAM**

#### **GOLD MEDALS**

BASKETBALL Women

#### Klimova, Nataliya

Born 1951, Donetsk Region.

#### Kurvvakova, Raisa

Born 1945, Vostochno-Kazakhstansky Region, Kazakh S.S.R.; Dnipropetrovsk.

> CANOEING Men

#### Chukhray, Serhiy

Born 1955, Amursk Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Nova Kakhovka. **Filatov, Yuriy** 

Born 1947, Khmelnytsky Region.

#### Morozov, Volodymyr

Born 1940, Krasnovodsk, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Kayak fours 1000 m (3:08.69)

#### Nahorny, Serhiy

Born 1956, Khmelnytsky. Kayak pairs 1000 m (3:29.01)

#### Petrenko, Serhiy

Born 1956, Khmelnytsky. Canadian pairs 500 m (1:45.81) Canadian pairs 1000 m (3:52.76)

#### **CYCLING**

#### Chukanov, Anatoliy

Born 1951, Rostov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Voroshylovhrad. 100 km (2:08:53.0)

#### FENCING Men

#### Sydyak, Viktor

Born 1943, Kemerovo Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv. Sabre

> HANDBALL Men

#### Ishchenko, Mykhaylo

Born 1950, Rostov Region, R.S.F.S.R.: Zaporizhzhva.

#### Kushniryuk, Serhiy

Born 1956, Chernivtsi Region.

#### Lahutyn, Yuriy

Born February 15, 1949, Zaporizhzhya; Died April 30, 1978.

#### Rezanov, Oleksander

Born 1948, Sakhalin Region, R.S.F.S.R., Zaporizhzhya.

# Tomyn, Mykola

Born 1948, Zaporizhzhya.

HANDBALL Women

#### Hlushchenko, Tetyana

Born 1956, Kiev.

**Karlova, Larysa** Born 1958, Kiev.

#### Kocherhina (Makarets), Tetyana

Born 1956, Odessa Region.

Litoshenko, Mariya

Born 1949, Kiev.

Lobova, Nina

Born 1957, Transcarpathian Region.

#### Panchuk, Lyudmyla

Born 1956, Kiev.

#### Poradnyk (Bobrus), Lvudmyla

Born 1946, Kiev.

# Turchyna, Zinaida

Born 1946, Kiev.

## Tymoshkina (Sherstyuk), Nataliya

Born 1952, Zhytomyr Region.

Zakharova, Halyna

Born 1947, Kiev.

#### SILVER MEDALS

CANOEING Men

# Nahorny, Serhiy

Born 1956, Khmelnytsky. Kayak pairs 500 m (1:36.81)

> ROWING Women

#### Huzenko, Olha

Born 1956, Kiev Region.

#### Kolkova, Olha

Born 1955, Vitebsk, Byelorussian S.S.R., Kiev.

#### Puhovska, Olha

Born 1942, Orenburg Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

#### Rozhon, Nadiya

Born 1952, Cherkasy Region.

#### Tarakanova, Nelli

Born 1954, Lutsk.

#### Zubko, Yelena

Born 1953, Kirovohrad Region. Eight with coxswain (3:36.17)

#### SWIMMING Men

#### Raskatov, Volodymyr

Born 1957, Zaporizhzhya. 4 x 200 m freestyle relay (7:27.97)

> VOLLEYBALL Men

#### Molyboha, Oleh

Born 1953, Dnipropetrovsk. **Polishchuk, Anatoliy**Born 1950, Rivne Region.

Starunsky, Yuriy Born 1945, Kiev.

> VOLLEYBALL Women

#### Kozakova, Olha

Born 1951, Odessa.

Osadcha, Liliya

Born 1953, Kiev.

Rostova, Anna Born 1950, Kiev.

Rudkovska, Lyubov

Born 1950, Odessa.

YACHTING Men

Akimenko, Vladyslav

Born 1953, Kiev.

Mankin, Valentyn

Born 1938, Zhytomyr Region. "Tempest" class (30.4 pts.)

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

ATHLETICS Men

Borzov, Valeriy

4 x 100 m relay (38.78)

ATHLETICS Women

Aksenova, Lyudmyla

Born 1947, Crimea Region. 4 x 400 m relay (3:24.24)

Prorochenko, Tetyana

4 x 100 m relay (43.09)

BASKETBALL Men

Salnikov, Oleksander

Born 1949, Sevastopol.

Tkachenko, Volodymyr

Born 1957, Krasnodarsky Kray, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

Zhvhvliv, Volodvmvr

Born 1952, Kharkiv Region.

**FOOTBALL** 

Blokhin, Oleh

Born 1952, Kiev.

Buryak, Leonid

Born 1953, Odessa.

Fomenko, Mykhaylo

Born 1948, Sumy Region.

#### Kolotov, Viktor

Born 1949, Kazan, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

#### Konkov, Anatoliy

Born 1949, Voroshylovhrad Region.

#### Matviyenko, Viktor

Born 1948, Zaporizhzhya.

## Onyshchenko, Volodymyr Born 1949, Kiev.

Reshko, Stepan

Born 1947, Transcarpathian Region.

# Troshkin, Volodymyr

Born 1947, Donetsk Region.

#### Veremiyev, Volodymyr

Born 1948, Prymorsky Kray, R.S.F.S.R.: Kiev.

# Zvyagintsev, Viktor

Born 1951, Donetsk.

#### **FOURTH PLACE**

ROWING Women

# Horodilova, Nataliya

Born 1950, Zaporizhzhya.

#### Karnaushenko, Anna

Born 1953, Zaporizhzhya. Pairs without coxswain (4:03.27)

> SWIMMING Women

#### Stavko, Nadiya Yurchenya, Maryna

Born 1959, Odessa. 4 x 100 m medley relay (4:16.05)

#### FIFTH PLACE

FENCING Men

**Bykov, Oleksander** Born 1953, Kiev.

Stankovych, Vasyl Epee

**YACHTING** 

#### Zubanov, Valeriy

Born 1951, Dnipropetrovsk. "Flying Dutchman" class (59.40 pts.)

<sup>1</sup> In Montreal, teacher and student stood together on the winners' pedestal for the first time in Olympic history. Anatoliy Bondarchuk, who had won a gold medal in Munich in the hammer throw, won a bronze in Montreal. Next to him stood his student, Yuriy Syedykh, who won the gold. A. Bondarchuk is a researcher on athletic form, about which he wrote his doctoral dissertation. He has written several books, including one entitled *The Hammer Throw*.

Table 1

### NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF THE U.S.S.R. OLYMPIC TEAM

# Number of Athletes (by Republic) Awarded Individual and Team Olympic Medals XXIst Olympic Games Montreal, 1976

	Republic	Population in Millions (1979	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	on Medals Awarded			Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of	
		census) Olympic Team Gold Silver Bronze To		Total		Population <b>P</b>			
1.	Russia	137.551	234	57	55	38	150	64	1.7
2.	Ukraine	49.755	94	30	23	24	77	82	1.9
3.	Uzbekistan	15.391	4	0	1	1	2	50	.3
4.	Kazakhstan	14.684	11	7	2	0	9	82	.8
5.	Byelorussia	9.560	21	7	5	5	17	81	2.2
6.	Azerbaidzhan	6.028	3	2	1	0	3	100	.5
7.	Georgia	5.015	11	3	1	2	6	55	2.2
8.	Moldavia	3.947	1	0	1	0	1	100	.3
9.	Tadzhikistan	3.801	1	0	0	1	1	100	.3
10.	Kirghizia	3.529	2	0	0	0	0	0	.6
11.	Lithuania	3.398	8	2	2	3	7	88	2.4
12.	Armenia	3.031	3	0	0	1	1	33	1.0
13.	Turkmenia	2.759	1	0	0	0	0	0	.4
14.	Latvia	2.521	9	2	2	2	6	67	3.6
15.	Estonia	1.466	6	1	0	0	1	17	4.1
_	Total	262.436	409	111	93	77	281	69	1.6

MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS XXIst Olympic Games, Montreal, 1976

Republic	Number of		Medals	Awarded	
Kepublic	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	234	29	18	16	63
Ukraine	94	8	8	8	24
Byelorussia	21	1	3	0	4
Georgia	11	2	0	1	3
Uzbekistan	4	0	1	1	2
Lithuania	8	0	0	2	2
Kazakhstan	11	1	0	0	1
Armenia	3	0	0	1	1
Tadzhikistan	1	0	0	1	1
Azerbaidzhan	3	0	0	0	0
Estonia	6	0	0	0	0
Kirghizia	2	0	0	0	0
Latvia	9	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	1	0	0	0	0
Turkmenia	1	0	0	0	0
Team*		8	11	5	24
Total	409	49	41	35	125

Table 2

<sup>•</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

# UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XXIst Olympic Games, Montreal, 1976

Place*	Country	Total Medals	Gold	Medals Awarded Silver	Bronze
1,	United States	94	34	35	25
2.	East Germany**	90	40	25	25
3.	Russia	63	29	18	16
4.	West Germany***	39	10	12	17
5.	Romania	27	4	9	14
6.	Poland	26	7	6	13
7.	Japan	25	9	6	10
8.	Ukraine	24	8	8	8
9.	Bulgaria	22	6	9	7
10.	Hungary	22	4	5	13
	Soviet republics, excl. Russia and Ukraine	38	12	15	11

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> German Democratic Republic.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> federal Republic of Germany.



Petro Korol set an Olympic record in winning the 1976 weightlifting title in the lightweight division.



Yuriy Lahutyn, a Ukrainian member of the 1976 men's handball championship team. Lahutyn died in April, 1978 under mysterious circumstances.



Oleksander Kolchynsky, 1976 and 1980 Olympic champion in Greco-Roman wrestling (Super Heavyweight division), graples with Bulgarian wrestler Tomov.



Serhiy Novikov, the only Ukrainian Olympic judo champion. He won the Heavyweight title at the Montreal Games.



The Spartak club of Kiev, which, as the U.S.S.R. team, won the Olympic women's team handball titles in 1976 and 1980.



Serhiy Chukhray, winner of three Olympic gold medals in canoeing at the 1976 and 1980 Olympics.



Yuriy Filatov, Olympic champion in the kayak fours 1000 m in 1972 and in 1976 (with Chukhray).



Anatoliy Chukanov won a gold medal in cycling (100 km time trial) at the Montreal Olympics.



Paulo Pinigin, a Yakut from Ukraine, won the Lightweight Freestyle wrestling title at the Montreal Olympics.

# UKRAINE'S OLYMPIC MEDALISTS XXIIth SUMMER GAMES

Moscow (U.S.S.R.), July 19 — August 3, 1980

#### INDIVIDUAL

#### **GOLD MEDALS**

#### Bilohlazov, Anatoliy1

Born 1956, Kaliningrad, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Flyweight

#### Bilohlazov, Serhiy

Born 1956, Kaliningrad, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Wrestling Freestyle, Bantamweight

#### Fesenko, Serhiy<sup>2</sup>

Born 1959, Kryvy Rih.
Swimming
200 m butterfly (1:59.76)

# Kolchynsky, Oleksander

Born 1955, Kiev.

Wrestling
Greco-Roman,
Super Heavyweight

#### Kyselyov, Volodymyr

Born 1957, Kremenchuk.

Athletics
Shot put (21.35 m; 70' ½"; OR)

#### Mankin, Valentyn<sup>3</sup>

Born 1938, Zhytomyr Region. *Yachting* "Star" class (24.7 pts.)

#### Mate, Illya

Born 1956, Donetsk Region.

Wrestling

Freestyle, Heavyweight

#### Olizarenko (Mushta), Nadiya

Born 1953, Briansk, R.S.F.S.R.; Zaporizhzhya Region. Athletics 800 m run (1:53.42; OR, WR)

# Postryekhin, Serhiy

Born 1957, Kherson.

Canoeing

Canadian singles 500 m (1:53.37)

#### Rakhmanov, Sultan

Born 1950, Turkul, Uzbek S.S.R.; Dnipropetrovsk. Weightlifting Super Heavyweight (440.0 kg; EOR)

#### Smirnov, Volodymyr

Born 1954, Yaroslav Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Died July 1982. Fencing Foil

#### Sydorenko, Oleksander

Born 1960, Zhdanov. Swimming 400 m medley (4:22.09; OR)

#### Syedykh, Yuriy

Born 1955, Rostov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev. Athletics Hammer throw (81.80 m; 268' 4"; OR, WR)

## Tkachenko, Nadiya4

Born 1948, Poltava Region.

Athletics
Pentathlon (5,083 pts.; OR, WR)

#### SILVER MEDALS

#### Arkhypenko, Vasyl

Born 1957, Donetsk. Athletics 400 m hurdles (48.86)

#### Fesenko, Serhiy

Swimming 400 m medley (4:23.43)

#### Krachevska, Estil

Born 1944, Odessa Region.

Athletics
Shot put (21.42 m; 70' 31/")

#### Myroshnychenko, Viktor

Born 1961, Donetsk.

Boxing

Flyweight

#### Perviy, Oleksander

Born 1962, Donetsk. Weightlifting Middleweight (357.5 kg)

#### Postryekhin, Serhiy

Canoeing
Canadian singles 1000 m (4:13.53)

#### Savchenko, Viktor

Born 1952, Kherson Region.

Boxing

Middleweight

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

#### Dolhov, Volodymyr

Born 1960, Kharkiv. Swimming 100 m backstroke (57.63)

#### Ivchenko, Yevhen

Born 1938, Sumy Region.

Athletics
50 km walk (3:56:32.0)

#### Lednyev, Pavlo

Born 1943, Gorky, R.S.F.S.R.; Lviv.

> Modern pentathlon (5,382 pts.)

#### Olizarenko (Mushta), Nadiya

Athletics 1500 m run (3.59.6)

#### Pidluzhny, Valeriy

Born 1952, Donetsk.

Athletics

Long jump (8.18 m; 26′ 10″)

#### Skachko, Tetyana

Born 1954, Voroshylovhrad.

Athletics

Long jump (7.01 m; 23′ 0″)

#### Tamm, Yuriy

Born 1957, Kiev. Athletics Hammer throw (78.96 m; 259° 1")

#### Yatskevych, Oleksander

Born in Riga, Latvia; Lviv.

Judo

Middleweight

#### FOURTH PLACE

#### Abashidze, Nunu

Born 1955, Odessa, Athletics Shot put (21.15 m; 69' 4¾")

#### Misevych, Vira

Born 1945, Kiev.

Equestrian sports
Dressage (1231.0 pts.)

#### Tsyrulnykova, Zhanna

Diving
Springboard (673.665 pts.)

#### Vasilyev, Mykola

Athletics 400 m hurdles (49.34)

#### FIFTH PLACE

#### Pohanovsky, Viktor

Born 1949, Mykolayiv Region.

Equestrian sports

Show jumping (15.5 faults)

#### Zyuskova, Nina

Born 1952, Donetsk Region.

Athletics
400 m run (50.17)

#### SIXTH PLACE

#### **Duhynets**, **lhor**

Born 1956, Odessa. Athletics Discus (64.04 m; 210' 1")

#### Krasyuk, Serhiy

Born 1961, Kiev. Swimming 100 m freestyle (51.80)

#### Smolka, Lyubov

Born 1953, Kiev. *Athletics* 1500 m run (4:01.3)

#### **TEAM**

#### GOLD MEDALS

ATHLETICS Women

Prorochenko, Tetyana
Born 1952, Zaporizhzhya Region.

Zyuskova, Nina
4 x 400 m relav (3:20.20)

CANOEING Men

Chukhray, Serhiy

Born 1955, Amursk Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Nova Kakhovka. Kayak pairs 500 m (1:32.38) Kayak pairs 1000 m (3:26.72)

**CYCLING** 

Movchan, Valeriy

Born 1959, Leninabad, Tadzhik S.S.R.; Kharkiv. 4 km team pursuit (4:15.68)

**EQUESTRIAN SPORTS** 

Misevych, Vira Dressage

Pohanovsky, Viktor Show jumping

> GYMNASTICS Men

Makuts, Bohdan Born 1960, Lviv. GYMNASTICS Women

**Zakharova, Stella** Born 1963, Odessa.

> HANDBALL Women

**Karlova, Larysa** Born 1958, Kiev.

Kocherhina (Makarets), Tetyana

Born 1956, Odessa Region. Lukyanenko, Nataliya

Born 1963, Kiev. Lutaveva. Valentuna

Born 1956, Zaporizhzhya.

**Odynokova, Lyubov** Born 1955, Kuybyshev Region, R.S.F.S.R.: Kiev.

> Palchykova, Iryna Born 1959, Kiev.

Poradnyk (Bobrus), Lyudmyla

Born 1946, Kiev.

Turchyna, Zinaida<sup>5</sup> Born 1946, Kiev.

Tymoshkina (Sherstyuk), Nataliya

Born 1952, Zhytomyr Region. **Zubaryeva, Olha** Born 1958, Tashkent,

Uzbek S.S.R.; Kiev.

#### MODERN PENTATHLON

Lednyev, Pavlo

(16,126 pts.)

VOLLEYBALL Men

Krivov, Valeriy Born 1951, Voroshylovhrad. Lashchenkov, Fedir Born 1953, Voroshylovhrad. Molyboha, Oleh Born 1953, Dnipropetrovsk.

> Panchenko, Yuriy Born 1959, Kiev.

> > WATER POLO

**Barkalov, Oleksiy** Born 1946, Kharkiv Region.

#### SILVER MEDALS

HANDBALL Men

**Ishchenko, Mykhaylo** Born 1950, Rostov Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

**Kushniryuk, Serhiy** Born 1956, Chernivtsi Region.

Tomyn, Mykola Born 1948, Zaporizhzhya.

> FENCING Men

Smirnov, Volodymyr Foil ROWING Men

Dovhan, Mykola

Born 1955, Magadan Region, R.S.F.S.R.; Kiev.

Shapochka, Yuriy

Quadruple sculls (5:51.47)

ROWING Women

Pustovit, Antonina

Quadruple sculls with coxswain (3:15.73)

Frolova, Nina
Pazyun, Mariya
Preobrazhenska, Nina
Pryshchepa, Nadiya
Pyvovarova, Olha
Stetsenko, Tetyana
Tereshyna, Olena
Umanets, Nina
Zhulina, Valentyna
Eight with coxswain (3:04.29)

#### **BRONZE MEDALS**

BASKETBALL Men

Bilostinny, Oleksander Born 1959, Kiev.

Salnikov, Oleksander Born 1949, Sevastopol.

Tkachenko, Volodymyr

Born 1957, Krasnodarsky Kray, R.S.F.S.R.: Kiev. **Zhyhyliy, Volodymyr** Born 1952, Kharkiv Region.

> FENCING Men

Smirnov, Volodymyr Epee

**FOOTBALL** 

Baltacha, Serhiy Bezsonov, Volodymyr ROWING Men

Dmytrenko, Hryhoriy Kokoshyn, Viktor Mantsevych, Oleksander Tkachenko, Oleksander Tyshchenko, Andriy Eight with coxswain (5:52.66)

> SWIMMING Women

Kruhlova, Olena 4 x 100 m medley relay (4:13.61)

- <sup>1</sup> Anatoliy and Serhiy Bilohlazov are twins. Anatoliy was born 15 minutes earlier.
- <sup>2</sup> Vira Smyelova (Polishchuk) was the first coach in the history of Ukrainian sports to train two champions of the same Olympiad the XXIInd. She trained Serhiy Fesenko, the first Ukrainian male to win an Olympic gold medal in swimming, and Oleksander Sydorenko, who established a new Olympic record in the 400 m medley at the same Olympics.
- <sup>3</sup> Valentyn Mankin, was the first Olympian in the history of yachting, to win gold medals in three different classes of boats "Finn" (1968), "Tempest" (1972), and "Star" (1980).
- <sup>4</sup> Nadiya Tkachenko, whose coach is her husband, took 9th place in the pentathlon at the Olympics in Munich. At the XXIInd Olympiad she established a new world record in this sport. She reminisces how, when Lord Killanin, President of the IOC, was handing her the Olympic gold medal, Ukrainian "landscapes of Poltava and factories and mines of Donbas and millions of girls and boys from children's sports schools" appeared before her eyes.
- <sup>5</sup> Handball player Zinaida Turchyna, two-time champion of the Olympic Games, is the wife of Ihor Turchyn, the coach of the women's handball team. This team, composed mainly of Ukrainians, won gold medals at the XXIst and XXIInd Olympiads.

Table 2\*

# MEDALS WON BY SOVIET REPUBLICS XXIInd Olympic Games, Moscow, 1980

Republic	Number	Medals Awarded				
	Athletes	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	
Russia		35	44	29	108	
Ukraine	93	15	8	9	32	
Georgia		5	3	1	9	
Byelorussia		4	3	0	7	
Armenia		4	1	2	7	
Kazakhstan		3	3	0	6	
Lithuania		2	1	0	3	
Kirghizia		2	0	0	2	
Latvia		2	0	0	2	
Tadzhikistan		2	0	0	2	
Uzbekistan		0	2	0	2	
Azerbaidzhan		0	0	1	1	
Estonia		_	_	_	_	
Moldavia		_	_	_	_	
Turkmenia		_	_	_	_	
Team**		6	4	4	14	
Total		80	69	46	195	

<sup>\*</sup> Table 1 for the Moscow Games has been left out because data on the national composition of the U.S.S.R. team was not available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Medals won by teams without a majority of one republic's athletes.

Table 3

# UKRAINE AMONG THE TOP TEN MEDAL-WINNING COUNTRIES XXIInd Olympic Games, Moscow, 1980

Place*	Country	Total	Medals Awarded		
		Medals	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1.	East Germany**	126	47	37	42
2.	Russia	108	35	44	29
3.	Bulgaria	41	8	16	17
4.	Ukraine	32	15	8	9
5.	Hungary	32	7	10	15
6.	Poland	32	3	14	15
7.	Romania	25	6	6	13
8.	Great Britain	21	5	7	9
9.	Cuba	20	8	7	5
10.	Italy	15	8	3	4
	Soviet republics, excl. Russia and Ukraine	55	30	17	8

<sup>\*</sup> Determined on basis of total number of medals.

<sup>\*\*</sup> German Democratic Republic.

PRODUCTIVITY OF U.S.S.R. ATHLETES BY REPUBLIC
Summer Olympic Games, 1952 — 1976

Table 4

Republic	Population in Millions (1979	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	M	edals	Awarde	ed	Productivity (medals/ athletes, %)	Number of Olympians per mil. of
	census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	atmetes, 70,	Population
1. Ukraine	49.755	344	135	85	78	298	87	6.91
2. Armenia	3.031	22	9	6	4	19	86	7.25
3. Azerbaidzhan	6.028	21	6	7	4	1 <i>7</i>	81	3.48
4. Turkmenia	2.759	3	1	1	0	2	67	1.08
5. Kazakhstan	14.684	29	11	6	2	19	66	1.97
6. Byelorussia	9.560	91	30	17	11	58	64	9.51
7. Latvia	2.521	53	8	18	7	33	62	21.02
8. Georgia	5.015	99	20	16	23	59	60	19.74
9. Uzbekistan	15.391	21	5	2	4	11	52	1.36
10. Lithuania	3.398	56	5	13	10	28	50	16.48
11. Russia	137.551	1473	266	245	210	721	49	10.70
12. Tadzhikistan	3.801	5	1	0	1	2	40	1.31
13. Estonia	1.466	40	4	7	4	15	38	27.28
14. Moldavia	3.947	7	0	2	0	2	29	1.77
15. Kirghizia	3.529	9	0	0	0	0	0	2.55
Total	262.436	2273	501	425	358	1284	56	



Ihor Turchyn, coach of the Kiev Spartak club and the U.S.S.R. women's handball team, and his wife Zinaida (right), who was captain of the team that won gold medals at the XXIst and XXIInd Olympiads.



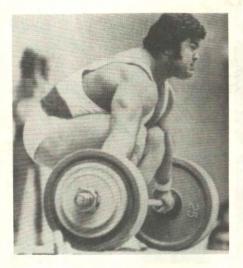
Vira Smyelova (Polishchuk), with the two Ukrainian swimmers she coached to gold medals at the XXIInd Olympiad — Serhiy Fesenko (left) and Oleksander Sydorenko.



The Ukrainian women's handball team Spartak of Kiev twice represented the Soviet Union at the Olympics, winning the gold medal both times. The photo above was taken at the XXIInd Olympiad, where Spartak (in dark uniforms) defeated the East German team in the last minute of play.



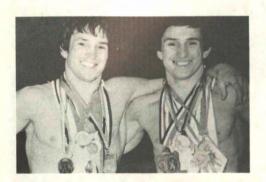
Yuriy Syedykh, champion of the XXIst and XXIInd Olympiads in the hammer throw.



Sultan Rakhmanov, 1980 Olympic champion in weightlifting, Super heavyweight class. Born of an Uzbek father and a Ukrainian mother, he declared at his post-competition press conference in Moscow: "I am a Ukrainian athlete."



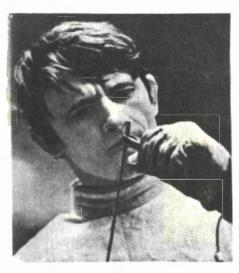
Stella Zakharova, 1980 Olympic goldmedal winner in gymnastics.



The Bilohlazov twins both won gold medals in Freestyle wrestling at the 1980 Olympics, Anatoliy (left) in the Flyweight class, and Serhiy in the Bantam.



Volodymyr Kiselyov, shot-put champion of the XXIInd Olympiad.



Volodymyr Smirnov, fencing champion of the 1980 Olympics (foil). He died in July 1982 as a result of an accident during competition in Rome.



Serhiy Postryekhin, Olympic canoeing champion (Canadian singles 500 m) at the 1980 Games.



Nadiya Olizarenko won the women's 800 m run at the XXIInd Olympiad, setting an Olympic and world record.



Nadiya Tkachenko won the pentathlon at the XXIInd Olympiad, setting an Olympic and world record.



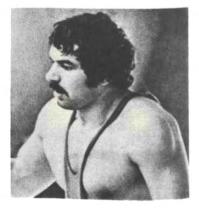
Vira Miseuych, champion of the XXIInd Olympic Games in equestrian events.



Viktor Pohanovsky, 1980 Olympic champion in show jumping.



Paulo Lednyeu, gold medalist in modern pentathlon at the 1972 and 1980 Olympiads.



Illya Mate, Freestyle wrestling champion (Heavyweight class) at the 1980 Olympics.

### Part III

### Winter Olympic Games 1956-1984

Table 1

## VIIth Winter Olympic Games Cortina d'Ampezzo (Italy), 1956

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	_
	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	50	7	3	6	16
Ukraine	_	_	_		_
Uzbekistan	-	_	_	_	_
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Byelorussia	_		_	_	_
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_		_	
Kirghizia	_	-	_	_	_
Lithuania	_	_	_		_
Armenia	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
Estonia	1	0	0	0	0
Total	53	7	3	6	16

Table 2

### VIIIth Winter Olympic Games Squaw Valley (U.S.A), 1960

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	
	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	60	7	5	9	21
Ukraine	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	_
Uzbekistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Byelorussia		_	_		_
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	_	_	_	_	_
Armenia	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	_	_	_	_	_
Estonia	_	_	_	_	_
Total	62	7	5	9	21

Table 3

### IXth Winter Olympic Games Innsbruck (Austria), 1964

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	
	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	66	10	8	6	24
Ukraine	_	_		_	_
Uzbekistan	_	_	-	_	_
Kazakhstan	<del>-</del>	_	_	-	_
Byelorussia	1	0	0	0	0
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	_	_	_	_	_
Armenia	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	_	_	_	_	_
Estonia	1	1	0	0	1
Total	69	11	8	6	25

Table 4

### Xth Winter Olympic Games Grenoble (France), 1968

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	
	the U.S.S.K. Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	69	5	5	3	13
Ukraine	_	_	_	_	_
Uzbekistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Byelorussia	1	0	0	0	0
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	-
Georgia	_	_	_	_	_
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	_	-	_	_	-
Armenia	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	1	0	0	0	0
Estonia	2	0	0	0	0
Total	74	5	5	3	13

Table 5

### XIth Winter Olympic Games Sapporo (Japan), 1972

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	
	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	74	8	5	3	16
Ukraine	_	_	_	_	_
Uzbekistan	_	_	_	-	_
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0
Byelorussia	-	_	_	_	
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	1	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	_	_	_	_	_
Armenia	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	_	_	_	_	_
Estonia	_	_	_	_	_
Total	76	8	5	3	16

Table 6

### XIIth Winter Olympic Games Innsbruck (Austria), 1976

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	
	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	70	13	6	7	26
Ukraine	2	0	0	0	0
Uzbekistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kazakhstan	2	0	0	1	1
Byelorussia	_	_	_	_	_
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	_	_	_	_	-
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	_	_	_	_	_
Armenia	_	_	_	_	-
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	5	0	0	0	0
Estonia	_	_	_	_	_
Total	79	13	6	8	27

able 7

# NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF U.S.S.R. WINTER OLYMPIC TEAM XIIIth Winter Olympic Games Lake Placid (U.S.A.), 1980

Republic	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.		Medals	Awarded	
	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	108	9	6	5	20
Ukraine	5	0	0	0	0
Uzbekistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kazakhstan	_	_	_	_	_
Byelorussia	_	_	_	_	_
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	_	_	_	_	_
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	1	0	0	0	0
Armenia	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	1	1	0	1	2
Estonia		_	_	_	_
Total	115	10	6	6	22

Table 8

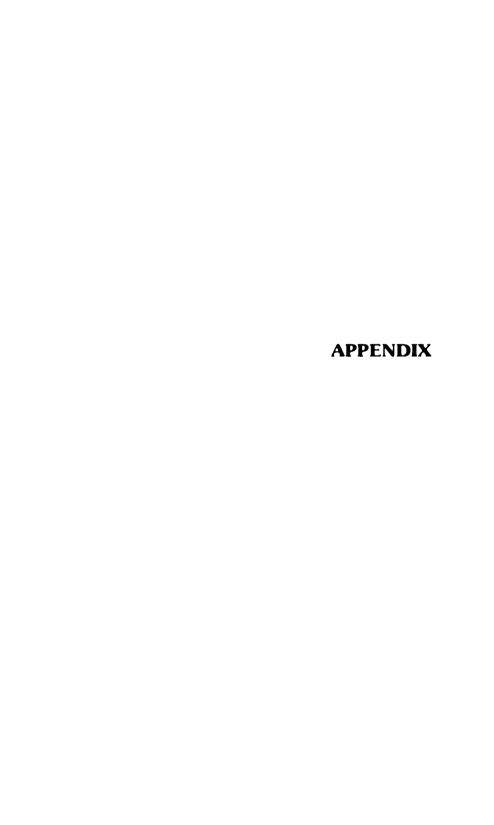
### XIVth Winter Olympic Games Sarajevo (Yugoslavia), 1984

Republic	Number of Athletes on		Medals	Awarded	
	the U.S.S.R. Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	91	6	10	9	25
Ukraine	4	0	0	0	0
Uzbekistan	_	_	_	_	_
Kazakhstan	3	0	0	0	0
Byelorussia	_	_	_		
Azerbaidzhan	_	_	_	_	-
Georgia	_	_	_	_	_
Moldavia	_	_	_	_	-
Tadzhikistan	_	_	_	_	-
Kirghizia	_	_	_	_	-
Lithuania	1	0	0	0	0
Armenia	-	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	_		_	_	_
Latvia	11	0	0	0	0
Estonia		_	_	_	
Total	110	6	10	9	25

### Table 9

# TOTALS NATIONAL COMPOSITION OF U.S.S.R. WINTER OLYMPIC TEAM 1956 — 1984

Republic	Population in millions (1979	Number of Athletes on the U.S.S.R.	~	ledals	Awarde	ed
	census)	Olympic Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
Russia	137.551	588	65	48	48	161
Ukraine	49.755	11	0	0	0	0
Uzbekistan	15.391	_	_	_	_	-
Kazakhstan	14.684	9	0	0	1	1
Byelorussia	9.560	2	0	0	0	0
Azerbaidzhan	6.028	_	_	_	_	_
Georgia	5.015	4	0	0	0	0
Moldavia	3.947	_	_	_	_	_
Tadzhikistan	3.801	_	_	_	_	_
Kirghizia	3.529	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania	3.398	2	0	0	0	0
Armenia	3.031	_	_	_	_	_
Turkmenia	2.759	_	_	_	_	_
Latvia	2.521	18	1	0	1	2
Estonia	1.466	4	1	0	0	1
Total	262.436	638	67	48	50	165



## A STATEMENT BY THE UKRAINIAN OLYMPIC COMMITTEE AT THE XXI MONTREAL OLYMPIAD

The essential reason for the existence of the Ukrainian Olympic Committee and the motivating force behind our work has been the conviction that Ukraine has the moral and political right to independent participation in the Olympic Games and that this right is guaranteed by the rules and principles of the Olympic Movement.

The reality of the situation, however, is that Ukraine — a nation of 50 million people, a member of the United Nations, UNESCO, and other international organizations, a republic of the Soviet Union with a constitution which guarantees Ukraine the full right to secede from that "voluntary union of sovereign and equal republics" — is denied participation in the Olympics and its athletes are allowed to compete only as members of the U.S.S.R. team.

According to Articles 25, 39, and 45 of International Olympic Committee regulations, all states, countries, and nations, including dominions and principalities, have the right of independent participation in the Olympic Games. Thus, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, both U.S. dependencies, the British colony of Bermuda, and the tiny non-U.N. countries of Monaco and Liechtenstein have their own national Olympic committees and enjoy the right to send their teams to the Games. Ukraine's 50 million people, however, are denied that right.

In the course of our work we often heard the accusation that

the Ukrainian Olympic Committee was mixing politics with sports.

We submit that the denial to Ukraine, or to any nation, of the right to participate in the Olympics is an example of the most flagrant kind of politicization of sports.

Ukrainian dominance in gymnastics, so evident at the Olympiads in Helsinki, Melbourne, Rome and Tokyo, ended when Ukrainian coaches were transferred out of the Ukrainian Republic on orders from Moscow. Thus Larysa Latynina, winner of nine Olympic gold medals and presently the Soviet women's Olympic gymnastics coach, is now developing Russian gymnasts in Moscow rather than Ukrainian gymnasts in Kiev.

Borys Onyshchenko, the Ukrainian athlete from Kiev who won the silver medal in the modern pentathlon at the Munich Olympics, was disgraced for cheating in the fencing event, but was shipped home from Montreal before Moscow's attempt to exploit him for its own political gain could be uncovered.

Yevhen Arzhanov, Ukrainian silver-medal winner in the 800 meters at Munich was left off the present Soviet Olympic team for political reasons. How many more "politically unreliable" Ukrainian athletes have not been allowed to come to Montreal cannot be known.

We submit that these selected examples of Moscow's control over sports in Ukraine, to the detriment of Ukrainian athletes, and the continued suppression by Moscow of the expressed aspirations of Ukrainians to form their own national Olympic committee illustrate colonialism in sports and the injection of politics and national discrimination into sports.

Furthermore, this national discrimination has been perpetuated with the approval and cooperation of the International Olympic Committee through the IOC's selective application of Olympic Movement principles.

COJO officials have also shown which side they favor. While they have allowed the Soviet delegation to distribute literature glorifying the Soviet system, they have ruled our committee's informational releases to be "propaganda" and tried to prevent them from reaching the press. COJO officials have denied permits for peaceful rallies by Ukrainian youth groups, thus sparking a spontaneous demonstration at which a Soviet flag was burned. They have tried to ban the Ukrainian flag at competition

sites, as well as cheers and signs in support of Ukrainian athletes, and have harassed spectators in the process. Usually they have responded to demands of Soviet officials, but on one occasion they took it upon themselves to have a young spectator arrested and to abuse him and his Ukrainian flag.

We submit that such discrimination against a national flag and violations of spectators' rights in deference to Soviet wishes constitutes the injection of political considerations into sports.

And so we must argue that it is the Soviet Union, the IOC, and COJO, and not our committee that should be responding to charges of gross and destructive use of politics in the Olympics.

Our committee's goal was to remind the world of the Olympic principles that are being trampled by the exclusion of Ukraine from the Games. Our purpose was to continue the campaign of the Ukrainian community in the West aimed at securing IOC approval for Ukraine's independent participation in the Olympics, a campaign which grew out of a direct request for help from athletes in Ukraine. Our wish was to speak on behalf of Ukrainian athletes who are not allowed to speak for themselves. Our desire was to raise the issue of human rights at this Olympiad — the basic right of every human being, including every athlete, to have his own identity, to choose his national allegiance, to belong to his country.

Our committee has also been accused of dealing in propaganda. We challenge anyone to demonstrate how our publicizing of Ukraine's right to independent participation in the Games constitutes propaganda. We, in turn, submit that those members of the press and the electronic communications media who, perhaps inadvertently but systematically, referred to all members of the Soviet team — be they Ukrainians, Georgians, Armenians, Latvians, Estonians, or Lithuanians — as "Russians," themselves engaged in propaganda, propaganda which ignores all historical, geographical, and cultural realities, which denies those nations their separate identities, and thus helps perpetuate their subjugation.

But this was just another task which our committee took upon itself — to remind the journalistic profession of its commitment to accuracy and fairness. And we have been encouraged by the results. We have seen the initial hostility to our "politics" in sport turn to understanding and support among the

press and the public for our actions in defense of what we consider neglected Olympic principles. We have been warmed by the marked decline in the media's use of the label "Russian" in referring to non-Russian athletes and by its increased awareness of the existence of Ukraine and the thirteen other non-Russian republics of the U.S.S.R.

But now, as this Olympiad is about to come to a close, we turn our sight to the one which is to take place four years from now in Moscow. And in doing so, we are filled with concern that the 1980 Olympiad will be the last. We see the plans for Sunday's closing ceremonies include a symbolic linkup with Moscow, with the exclusive use of the Russian language and Russian songs, with Russian dances and scenes transmitted onto the Olympic Stadium screen. This nurtures our fears that the 1980 Olympics will be a showcase for Russian imperialism, for the perpetuation of the myth that the Soviet Union is really "Russian, one and indivisible," much like the Berlin Olympics in 1936 were a showcase for Hitler's Nazism. We are concerned that the present revival of Stalinism in the U.S.S.R., the repression and the massive violations of human rights, the incarceration of dissidents in insane asylums, will mark the Olympics in such a way that they will not survive to 1984.

We call upon the IOC and everyone who cares about the future of the Olympic movement not to allow this to happen.

So, in the spirit of the ancient Games at Olympia in Greece — when political differences were put aside for the duration of the competition, when all countries and city-states were invited to compete, when prisoners were set free — let the Soviet government renounce its repressive policies, let it allow Ukraine and other republics to compete independently, let it grant amnesty to all political prisoners and thus demonstrate its commitment to the Olympic ideal.

Let the IOC guard this ideal by condemning all national discrimination, racism, repression, and political exploitation of sports, and, should the Soviet Union continue these policies at the time of the XXII Olympiad, censure it as it did South Africa for apartheid, and withdraw sanction from the 1980 Games, as it should have done in the case of the 1936 Berlin Olympics.

Let the IOC actively promote the Olympic ideal by inviting

Ukraine and other presently non-participating nations to field their own Olympic teams in 1980.

We call for all countries to insist that the Soviet Union, as the host of the XXII Olympiad, cease its policies of national discrimination, racism, repression, and colonialism in sports. Meanwhile, as citizens of Canada, the United States and other countries, we call upon our governments to take a principled stand by withdrawing their support for the 1980 Moscow Olympic Games until the Soviet Union changes its policies.

We fervently hope that the Ukrainian Olympic Committee at the 1980 Olympics will not be our committee, which tried to dramatize Ukraine's right to an Olympic presence here in Montreal, but a committee organized in Kiev to head a Ukrainian national Olympic team. Should it be otherwise, we are prepared to continue our work in Moscow in 1980.

We have compiled an up-to-date list of achievements of Ukrainian athletes at the Montreal Olympiad. They are rather modest when compared with Ukrainian achievements in previous Olympiads: 23 medals in Munich (of which 13 were gold), 16 in Mexico City (7 gold), 29 in Tokyo (13 gold), 29 in Rome (15 gold), 21 in Melbourne (11 gold), 15 in Helsinki (6 gold). Perhaps this is understandable, considering that circumstances in Ukraine are not conducive to optimal development of a national athletic program. But we did not come to Montreal just to see Ukrainian athletes win, we came to express our support for them, to see them compete. For we agree with Pierre de Coubertin that "what is important in the Olympic Games is not to conquer, but to take part..."

And for Ukrainian athletes, to take part as Ukrainians. Which is all we have been asking.

### **MEMORANDUM**

### CONCERNING UKRAINE'S PARTICIPATION IN THE OLYMPIC GAMES

### SUBMITTED BY THE SMOLOSKYP ORGANIZATION FOR DEFENSE OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN UKRAINE

To: The International Olympic Committee, the Honorable Juan Antonio Samaranch, President Members of the International Olympic Committee National Olympic Committees International Sports Federations

### SUMMARY

Under international law and the rules of the Olympic movement, Ukraine has a right to independent participation in the Olympic Games. The Ukrainian people have expressed their desire to exercise that right. The prohibition against the formation of a Ukrainian National Olympic Committee (NOC) and against separate Ukrainian participation in the Olympic Games constitutes national discrimination. The existence of one U.S.S.R. NOC and a single multinational team from the U.S.S.R. also leads to discrimination against individual Ukrainian and other non-Russian athletes and deprives them of their right to a na-

tionality. The inclusion of Ukrainian athletes in a single Soviet Olympic team is a form of colonialism. The creation of a separate NOC for each of the republics of the U.S.S.R., in place of the single U.S.S.R. NOC, would promote the decolonization of sports, as well as maximum international participation in the Olympics, an avowed goal of the Olympic Movement. The U.S.S.R. NOC, by opposing separate Ukrainian participation in the Olympics, has succumbed to political pressure from the Soviet government, in violation of the Olympic Charter, A request that the International Olympic Committee (IOC) apply the principles of the Olympic Charter to the fifteen countries of the U.S.S.R. does not constitute interference in the internal affairs of the Soviet Union. The IOC should, therefore, require the government of the U.S.S.R. to permit the formation of separate National Olympic Committees and separate Olympic teams to represent each of the fifteen republics of the U.S.S.R., including Ukraine.

### I. The Right to Independent Participation

Under the Olympic Charter, the Olympic Games "unite Olympic competitors of all countries in fair and equal competition" (Rule 3). The term "country" means "any country, state, territory or part of territory" accepted by the IOC as the area of jurisdiction of a recognized National Olympic Committee (NOC) (Rule 8). The Constitution of the U.S.S.R. recognizes the right of each Union Republic "to participate in the activities of international organizations" (Art. 80). The right to independent participation in international organizations is particularly evident in the case of the Ukrainian S.S.R., which is a member of the United Nations and, in the opinion of Soviet jurists, possesses an international legal personality. Furthermore, the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights both provide that by virtue of their right to selfdetermination, all peoples have the right to "freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development" (ICCPR, Art. 1(1); ICESCR, Art. 1(1)).

The Ukrainian people have evidenced a desire for independent participation in international sports. Ukrainian sports federations have applied for membership in international sports federa-

tions. Individual Ukrainian sports figures have called for independent participation in the Olympic Games (Volodymyr Kuts, 1953; Prof. M.F. Bunchuk; Kim Pushkaryov, 1960). Furthermore, the Ukrainian S.S.R. participates in various international organizations. The IOC has in fact stated that independent Ukrainian participation in the Olympics is possible. All that stands in the way of the formation of a NOC in Ukraine and the creation of a separate Ukrainian Olympic team is the opposition of the U.S.S.R. NOC.

In view of the above principles and facts, the IOC should recognize that the NOC of the U.S.S.R., in preventing the formation of a NOC and independent Olympic team for the Ukrainian S.S.R., has violated the letter and spirit of the Olympic Charter. Acting through the U.S.S.R. NOC, the government of the U.S.S.R. has violated various principles of international law and has caused that NOC to violate the requirement of autonomy under the Olympic Charter (Rule 24C).

### II. National Discrimination

The Olympic Charter forbids discrimination in the Olympic Games against any country on grounds of race, religion, or politics (Rule 3). The U.N. Charter lists among the purposes of the United Nations the development of friendly relations among nations, based on respect for the principle of equal rights of peoples (Art. 1(2)). Similarly, the U.S.S.R. Constitution affirms the equality of the Soviet Socialist Republics (Art. 70).

By being prevented, for political reasons, from forming a NOC and from fielding a separate Olympic team, Ukraine is being subjected to national discrimination on political grounds, both as a people and as a country. Furthermore, since Soviet athletes are commonly perceived to be Russians, the Ukrainian people are being deprived of proper recognition. They thus suffer from inequality vis-a-vis the Russian people. By the same token, the Ukrainian S.S.R. is deprived of the right to independent participation in the Olympics enjoyed by other countries, including non-members of the United Nations such as Monaco and Liechtenstein, and colonies and territories that have no international legal personality, such as the British Virgin Islands, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico. This constitutes dis-

crimination against the Ukrainian people and the Ukrainian S.S.R. in relation to other peoples and countries.

### III. Individual Discrimination

The Olympic Charter also forbids discrimination in the Olympic Games against any person on grounds of race, religion, or politics (Rule 3). The existence of a single NOC and a single multinational team for all the peoples and countries of the U.S.S.R. results in de facto discrimination against Ukrainian and other non-Russian athletes on political grounds. For example, the training imbalance in the Soviet athletic system has favored Russian athletes and prevented the equal representation of Ukrainian and other non-Russian athletes in Soviet Olympic teams. As a result, for example, the athletes of Estonia, who enjoyed the right to participation on independent Olympic teams before its annexation by the U.S.S.R., received no medals in the 1976 Winter Olympics, the 1980 Winter or Summer Olympics, or the 1984 Winter Olympics. In the Winter Olympics in particular, a training imbalance evidently enabled Russian athletes to win 26 of 27 U.S.S.R. medals in 1976, 20 of 22 U.S.S.R. medals in 1980, and all 25 U.S.S.R. medals in 1984. Lithuanian and Estonian athletes, who before 1940 could participate in their own Olympic teams and whose lands are well suited for winter sports, received no medals, Ukrainian athletes, representing a country of nearly fifty million, received none. Indeed, only four Ukrainian athletes participated in the 1984 Winter Olympics. Since athletic training in the U.S.S.R. is centralized and state-controlled, these disparities are not accidental. Unequal access to Olympic training on the basis of nationality is a form of discrimination violative of the Olympic Charter. In this regard it should be noted that the discrimination practiced by the government of the Republic of South Africa towards its citizens has been deemed sufficient cause for the exclusion of that country from Olympic competition.

### IV. Decolonization

The United Nations Declaration on Granting Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples expresses the consensus of

the international community that all forms of colonialism are unacceptable. One of the forms of colonialism is the draining away of human resources from one country by another. Under the Olympic Charter, however, even a colonized country may participate in the Olympic Games (Rule 8).

The inclusion of Ukrainian Olympic athletes in a single multinational Soviet team rather that in an independent Ukrainian team, as a result of which their accomplishments effectively inure to the benefit of the Russian nation rather than of the Ukrainian nation, constitutes a draining of human resources from Ukraine to Russia and is thus a form of colonialism. Were Ukraine allowed to participate independently in the Olympic Games, it would receive proper recognition for the accomplishments of its athletes (e.g., 32 medals in the 1980 Olympics, 24 medals in the 1976 Olympics, 6th place in the world in a 3-way tie for gold medals won at the 1972 Olympics, 9th place in a tie for gold medals won at the 1968 Olympics, a total of 135 champions for Olympics from 1952 to 1976). Russia would receive recognition for the accomplishments of Russian athletes (e.g., 108 medals in the 1980 Olympics, 63 medals in the 1976 Olympics, 3rd in gold medals in 1972, 2nd in 1968, a total of 266 champions for Olympics from 1952 to 1976). Nations like Latvia and Georgia, which have had more champions per million of population during 1952-1980 than Russia, would clearly benefit in terms of recognition were their republics allowed to field independent Olympic teams. In addition, national discrimination in the form of the training imbalance in Soviet athletics constitutes a form of colonialism. The decolonization of Soviet sports in general, and of Soviet Olympic participation in particular, can only be achieved by the replacement of the U.S.S.R. NOC and the single multinational team with a separate NOC and Olympic team for each of the fifteen Soviet republics.

### V. The Right to a Nationality

The Olympic Charter grants each competitor the right to represent the country of his or her birth and of which he or she is a national (Bylaw 4 to Rule 8). The Universal Declaration of Human Rights guarantees to all persons the right to a nationality (Art. 15(1)), without distinction as to national origin or as to the

political, jurisdictional, or international status of the country to which the person belongs (Art. 2).

The requirement that Ukrainian and other non-Russian athletes participate in the U.S.S.R. team rather than in their own teams denies them the right to represent the countries of their birth and nationality. In effect, it denies them the right to a nationality. Their common identification by the international media as "Russians" further infringes upon this right.

### VI. Individual Participation

Among the aims of the Olympic movement are "to spread the Olympic principles throughout the world" and "to bring together the athletes of the world" in the Olympic Games (Rules I, 1). The Games "unite Olympic competitors of all countries" (Rule 3). These principles clearly mandate the broadest participation of athletes world-wide in the Olympic Games. The existence of a single U.S.S.R. NOC and team hinders such participation. The interests of maximum international participation of athletes in the Olympics would be better served by the replacement of the single U.S.S.R. NOC and team with a NOC team for each of the fifteen countries in the Soviet Union.

### VII. Politicization of Sports

Under the Olympic Charter, NOCs must resist political pressures (Rule 24C). The Instructions of the Charter also discourage "national exaltation of the results gained" in the Games (Instructions, I). Insofar as the Olympics involve the participation of political units such as nation-states, however, the rights of such units under international law come into play. Furthermore, the inclusion in the Rules of a prohibition against discrimination (Rule 3) may bring political questions into consideration. Such, for example, has been the case with the Republic of South Africa.

The international nature of the Olympics, and the ban on discrimination, mandate the inclusion of an independent Ukrainian NOC and team in the Olympic movement. By preventing such a step, and thus perpetuating the national discrimination practiced by the government of the U.S.S.R., the U.S.S.R. NOC

has succumbed to political influences, in violation of the Charter. It has attempted to enhance the prestige of the Soviet state and political system at the expense of the equal representation of peoples. It has thus used the Olympic Games for political ends. Furthermore, it has exalted the achievements of the Russian people by appropriating the achievements of the fourteen non-Russian peoples to whom it has denied independent representation in the Olympic Games. This constitutes "national exaltation" of the results gained at the Games, in violation of the Charter. Indeed, a single U.S.S.R. NOC by its nature perpetuates the inequality inherent in the Soviet state structure. Thus, a single U.S.S.R. NOC by its very existence necessarily violates the principles of the Olympic Charter forbidding politicization and discrimination.

By contrast, granting independent participation to all the Soviet republics would de-politicize Soviet participation in the Games by ensuring the "fair and equal competition" mandated by the Charter (Rule 3).

### VIII. Non-interference in Internal Affairs

The demand to allow independent Ukrainian participation in the Olympic Games does not violate the principle of non-interference in the internal affairs of foreign states, embodied in such international legal documents as the Helsinki Final Act. It is simply a request that the IOC apply the principles of the Olympic Charter to the fifteen countries of the U.S.S.R. The application of these principles to a situation ostensibly within the scope of a country's internal affairs similarly does not violate the Charter. Thus, the exclusion of the Republic of South Africa because of its racially discriminatory internal policies was a legitimate application of the ban on discrimination. Similarly, to exclude the U.S.S.R. NOC because of its discriminatory athletic policies towards national minorities, and to allow its replacement with Union Republic NOCs, would not violate the principle of noninterference in internal affairs. By contrast with the case of South Africa, such action would not deprive Soviet athletes of the opportunity to participate in the Olympic Games, but would in fact increase that opportunity, because it would allow them to participate through fifteen individual Union Republic NOCs and teams.

In response to attempts by Ukrainians in the U.S.S.R. to obtain independent Olympic representation, the U.S.S.R. NOC has falsely claimed that this would violate the rules of the IOC. Although the IOC itself has approved such participation, the U.S.S.R. NOC continues to forbid it. This constitutes interference in the internal affairs of the Ukrainian S.S.R. Furthermore, it has been conducted by means of fraudulent misrepresentation of facts. It should be noted that this interference is being conducted by one U.N. member (the U.S.S.R.) towards another (the Ukrainian S.S.R.), in violation of generally accepted principles of international law.

### IX. Standing

Generally, the interests of an injured party must be represented by that party or by those whom it has designated to represent it. This requirement does not apply, however, where an injured party is prevented from representing its own interests and from appointing others to represent them. Such is the case at hand. Soviet Ukrainian sports figures who have raised the question of independent Ukrainian Olympic representation, such as Prof. M.F. Bunchuk, have been repressed. As in the case of the Republic of South Africa, effective representation of the interests of the injured parties has required the involvement of outside parties. Such parties therefore have standing to present the issues contained in the present memorandum.

### X. Conclusion

For all the reasons outlined above, the International Olympic Committee should cease to recognize the National Olympic Committee of the U.S.S.R. It should require the government of the U.S.S.R. to permit the formation of National Olympic Committees and separate Olympic teams in the fifteen republics of the U.S.S.R., including the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic.

**April 1984** 

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