A MEMOIR OF A Roads YOUNG WOMAN'S LIFE IN THE UKRAINIAN UNDERGROUND DURING AND AFTER WORLD WAR II Maria Savchyn Pyskir ranslated by Ania Savage

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Thousands of Roads

A Memoir of a Young Woman's Life in the Ukrainian Underground During and After World War II

MARIA SAVCHYN PYSKIR

Foreword by JOHN A. ARMSTRONG





Library of Congress Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

Polkir, Maria Saychen.

yskir, Maria Savchyn. Planiacha docib. Faulish

Thoseands of roads: a memoir of a young woman's lift Ukrainian underground during and after World War II / Maria Savehyn Pyskir; translated by Ania Savage; forew

p. cm.

Includes index.
ISBN 0-7844-0764-6 (softcorer: 50# alkaline paper)

1. World War, 1939-1945—Underground movements—
Ukrainer, Western. 2. Pyskir, Maria Savchyn. 3. Uszacinpovrtanst's armiti-Biography. 4. World War, 1939-1945
Personal narrativee, Ukrainian. 5. World War, 1939-1945

Autonomy and independence of D802.U4P9413 2001

00-464

British Library cutaloguing data are availal

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Cover budground image: O2000 Index Stock. Foreground image: Mari a student in Lviv in 1940.

Manufactured in the United States of America

McFarland & Company, Inc., Publishers Box 611, Jefferson, North Carolina 28640 www.mcfarlandpub.com This book is dedicated to the men and women who fought and died heroically in the struggle for a fee Ukraine. It is also dedicated to my family and my two oldest sons who were as much casualties of this struggle as those who bore arms.

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Foreword

memoir is fully credible is to acknowledge the prevalence of terrifying episodes in the history of the twentieth century. If, in the new century we have just entered, we are to avoid repeating such episodes, we must carefully study accounts by their survivors like Maria Pyskir. The author began life as the daughter of a peaceful peasant fam-

ily in the village of Zadviria, twenty miles east of Lviv (variously known as Lemberg, Lavów, and Lyoy). Because Lyiv is the principal city of Western Ukraine, this area of the otherwise typical Western Ukrain-

ish culture by stifling minority activities,

In adolescence Maria was determined to attain freedom for her ethnic group. A classmate urged that the best patriotic course was to (OUN). Its "Decalogue" adopted the integral nationalist stance that, for patriots, violence, including sabotage and assassination, was obligatory in resisting forceful Polish suppression of Ukrainian culture. To ably not fully apparent, but she accepted.

In contrast to the experience of older members of the youth orga-

pact for partitioning Poland. For the next twenty months, her classmates Soviet occupation authorities, but their life was not vet totally disrupted, as were the lives of many neighbors deported to Siberia. Maria's initial reaction to the German invasion of June 1941 was

relief. But it soon became apparent to her that Nazi totalitarianism of the split in the OUN. However, in 1940, she agreed to become assistant to the director of the clandestine security service (Sluzhba Bezpeky) of the Bandera OUN in Galicia

In 1942, forcibly taking over guerrilla activities begun in nearby ism in East Central Europe. It was in that decade that Maria's services

to the resistance became prominent.

Why was Maria, and why were tens of thousands of Ukrainians of the Ukrainian rite (sometimes termed "Uniate"); this religious outlook permeated her curtailed gymnasium schooling as well. She empharights as well as national self-determination, which an American should remember was also part of Woodrow Wilson's legacy in East Central

Maria occasionally exhibited a remarkable degree of tolerance for ethnic groups that many extreme Ukrainian nationalists did not. It seems that revenge as such was foreign to her nature. Although she largely overcome in recent decades). Maria recognized good qualities in many Poles she encountered in the months she stayed in western Galicia. Later, after innumerable injuries inflicted by Russian-speaking officials, she still praised the achievements of Russian literature. In a nation of the strictly organized UPA was necessary "to overcome the fatalism of the Ukrainian Slav." Passing references to Jewish neighbors suggest that she rejected attempts to demonize Jews.

During her undergrunen freitutuse carrer, Maria Pyskir mitstelle Arteritigion connections. When he verturally married the prominent UPA stands to Confue her verturally married the prominent UPA stands to Confue in Arterita in Confue to Confue in Confue in

Apparently Maris was not involved in OUN internal violence that preceded resistance to Soviet forces, nor, in partice, in violent resistance to the latter. She did, however, subscribe to the baix resistance to the latter. She did, however, subscribe to the baix resistance contradas valued was perfenable to capture that might endanger one's contradas. Offinantly she firstly rejected the "cult of death" sometimes revealed in resistance forces. At one point, however, when she was suffering extreme pain from bomb fragments. Maris begged her however than the state of the contradiction of the con

Communist official).

varied by the loope that Soviet ecceptation would soon be carbed by some fined of Western pressure. In the measurem, resistance networks, especially the more or less "above-ground" camps in Volhynia during the German ecceptation and in the Carpstathm Montanian until the late 1986, would serve the practical purpose of preserving some Utrain in the presence of the process of the preserving the property of the preserving collectivization accompanied by (as in the 1930s. Eastern Utraino' mass startention. Thus, for a brief transition predict, resistance would serve both to preserve the nation's demographic strength and to demonstrate By the light experimental process of the preserve the preserve the nation's demographic strength and to demonstrate By the light experimental preserve the nation's demographic strength and to demonstrate By the light experimental preserve the nation's demographic strength and to demonstrate the By the light experimental preserve the nation's demonstrate the sub-continuous varieties.

ill founded. Resistance could be maintained only by literally going underground, i.e., by building bunkers (dugouts) in which astounding

perseverance enabled small partisan groups to hide throughout the winter when every move was revealed by the snow cover. There it was that Maria, often separated from her husband, spent most of her partisan career. An earlier lengthy stay in the part of Western Ukraine assigned by Moscow to Poland was almost as discouraging. Material circumlearned fluent Polish, but realized that prewar friction had made the Poles of Cracow and Przemvsl [Ukrainian Peremvsb/] hostile). After forced evacuation of Ukrainian villages, the countryside was also unsupportive. One lesson she fully absorbed is that, as Mao Tse-Tung wrote, partisans could not operate effectively unless surrounded by friendly replicating the unsupportive environment for resistance achieved in Eastern Ukraine fifteen years earlier by Stalin's extreme collectivization. Under these circumstances, the last years Maria and Orlan remained

in hiding were devoted almost exclusively to propaganda rather than to attacking Soviet agents. The propaganda objective was threefold: (1) to gather information about Soviet oppression; (2) to get it to the West via OUN agents, or at least to preserve the evidence for the future; and (3) to spread it by practical methods such as attaching leaflets to school doors. For this reason Orlan and his counterparts spent long winter duplicating propaganda reports. Here some friction arose between the leaders, nearly all men, and the assistants including many women, who were usually excluded from decision-making.

There was one additional resistance possibility; infiltration of UPA members into the work force of Eastern Ukraine, where they would bring the OUN message (considerably modified by the UHVR, the new civilian counterpart of the UPA command, to stress social and economic goals) to the huge population that had had little or no contact with organized nationalism. In fact, planned infiltration of the eastern provinces began in the mid-1940s, as soon as Soviet military and police with false identity papers and directed to take jobs in war-torn eastern areas such as the Donbas. As Maria notes, however, Soviet security forces soon detected the forgeries. When exposed, the ex-partisans were

helpless amidst a population that was highly skeptical of men with resist Soviet might. Unfortunately, events since 1991 have provided little evidence of such direct impact of Western Ukrainian propaganda in the industrial centers. Yet Maria remained convinced that the UPA epic was crucial for

the future of the Ukrainian nation: "As I look back over the years I will argue that Ukraine would not have become independent in 1991 had it not possessed the memory of the bloody and bitter UPA war." In the short run, this assertion appears unfounded. Without reviewing the peculiar combination of circumstances that led to independence for all ans played a significant role in demonstrations during the late 1980s centering on demands for religious freedom, but the critical decisions at

that time were still being made in Moscow and Kviv (Kiev).

The longer-range implications of the memory of UPA are more significant. It has served to counteract the myth of Soviet partisan heroism and to reinforce recent exposure in Afghanistan and Chechnya of official Russian incapacity in dealing with popular guerrilla oppositions. More concretely, the lesson of Western Ukrainian resistance has produced a current generation determined to emulate their ancestors by fierce resistance to a return of Moscow rule. Surely this lesson has also stiffened the readiness of the current Ukrainian elite (still predominantly composed of ex-Communist apparatchiki) to hang on to their new freedom from centralized control based in Moscow, Moreover, the ability of the Ukrainian state to form and indoctrinate a new army depends on the lovalty of former Soviet officers like General Kostiantyn P. Morozov, of half-Russian parentage from Eastern Ukraine, who opted recent post as Ukrainian Minister of Defense he can scarcely fail to be impressed by the valor and fortitude of the kind of Western Ukrainians whom Maria Pyskir depicts. He must be aware that, in a crisis, Ukraine can count on devoted, self-sacrificing defenders.

Apart from physical hardships and bitter anguish caused by loss of loved ones (children and, for years, siblings and parents exiled to Siberia), the author lived for a decade under the threat of arrest, "Only someone who has been arrested by Soviet security authorities can comprehend the terrible terminality of a gate-or a door-closing behind them." As one who has had this experience, brief and relatively banal as it was in Minsk 1956, I can begin to grasp her psychological trauma. Actually Maria was arrested three times—some in Crosco, where the lose her for the one on let view, where the galaci rend to use the as but for no circ her hashback; and a shiel rine in Eastern Ultrains, where the and Othra were making a obsergate near to the vajuing 4783 Si and a Othra were making a obsergate near to the vajuing 4783 Si arrest cames shortly after Stiller doubt, which he do in incentity and discussion among the except supherities themselves. Maria reconstruct the seal and her hashbad were interrugated by T. A. Stocked, Ultrains Affair, Ultrainsy has of the control of

In spite of such distressing circumstances, reinforcing the horror of areat, Maris had the festitude to extina is clar head while negotiating her departure and reporting her remarkable experiences to the UFUR eneight enhangarters and not the American authorities who gave her aspina. I had the privilege of becoming acquainted with her about that time. Her account impressed mag although them, a now, I of ourser cannot confirm all details, the written version is even more plausible. The Ukrainstan-readine mibile in North America has had account to

Maris Pskirki published memoir for several years, and her there visits need 1941 to independent Ularina how enabled her to covery some of these experiences to Ularinians at home. Her observations in independent Ularina how else confermed partias concerns (echosing those of Fernch and Beights resistance elements in 1944) that it would take a Person of the Company o

Now, with the publication of her book, the English-speaking world should be grateful to be able to weigh this extraordinary experience while considering how, in the future, to avert the terrible, prolonged traumas imposed on civilization as well as individual nations by twen-tieth-century rotalitarianism.

1. Early Years

A I gow older and my thoughts return to my youth, I ask myell general questions Why del I choose this into of Hir and not mother kind? What rander me elect a way that from the very leginning augused many difficult days and danger? Even today, I do not know the answers. Perhaps it was typical gifthood mountricism, operhaps I was influenced by the example of my parents who believed that in order to achieve the example of my parents who therefor that in order to achieve studies in the parents of the second of the contraction of the studies with the parents of the second of the parents of the theory of the second of the second of the second of the theory of the second o

the earlier war, and I wanted to be heroic.

The first world I knew was the village Zadviria, near Lviv, the cap-

into if Western Ukraine. That distinct memory gilicross vader the distort of securalized years. Burforto, with tiny step, I can to the conversal not far from our house. I cross the read, jump over a dich, and clamb a dilt to the Cross of Prestone. The cross was recread long, long ago to dilt to the Cross of Prestone. The cross was recread bug, long ago to girls whitewash it and lang gardands from the cross-beams. Standing under the cross, 1 spating into the distance at the their reads that radiate from the cross-beam of the cros

Even when I was little, the names of these places evoked a secret world, a world that was different from the one in which I lived. I lived a quiet, ordinary life with my mother and father, a grandfather, and four younger tiblings. I was the claim. Cli was two years younger, Setts, fow, and Lexia, five. Tunbow was nise years my junior. We cared about each other and our partents. Our childhood flowed packaging only in the next, one accoss most her next one. During numer, my parents worked in the fields and we were left with our parter and grandifather. When our clears were finited and we became board, grandifather would tell us tories of long ago. In his grantif wice, he does not be settled to be a support of the contract of the contract of the days of the text, and cover a believe to the full was offlowed.

My mother and her God reigned over our childhood. Mother's God was not a good-natured God. He sat high in the heavens and was sometimed demanding. Thankfully, there was also the Mother of God who interceded for all sinners, namely for children like me. I prayed to her fervently. My mother believed in the power of prayer, and as soon as we could put sentences together, she tunght us the Our Father, the Hall

Mary, and eventually the Apostles' Creed.

My father was home in the venings and during holidays. Whatever the weather, he worked on our farm from morning to night. He was a till, thin, and quiet man. He worked very hard. Perhaps the hard work made him silent and a little sad. He had a nice tenor voice, and sang in the church choir, and sometimes in the evenings he hummed to himself.

Because of my status as the eldest daughter. I was expected to help with the housekeeping and with tending the youngest children. Yet, my mother was not strict, and her good nature permeated my childhood. Her voice floats back through the years like water trickling over a stream bed. She knew how to tell a story, select the right word, relate the telling anecdote, proffer the pithy example, I remember how I would sit with her at the table making dumplings. The ball of dough was huge and, as I studied it. I knew that my morning would be wasted making dumplings while the other children played outside. She would see the expreswould draw me in, and I would forget everything: "I was not much older than you, when they took your grandfather-my father-away into the army," she would say as she rolled out the dough. "It was wartime and your grandfather-my father-had been called up. My mother-your grandmother-was left alone with five small children. Then the authorities came and took away the horses. Your grandmother was able to hide some of the grain before it was requisitioned also. Otherwise we would have had nothing to eat. I remember how she would wake me up before

dawn, and I would go with her to the barn the thresher would also be requisitioned." My mother didn't know that when I

all those blameless people who were shot. War I. How much I heard about it in my

Our village Zadviria lay about thirty three roads, which I mentioned before. The

rite, and not too far from it, a Roman Catholic church. There was also a police station, a post office, several grocery stores, and a government

Most of the villagers worked in the many young people studied at schools there. The nearness of a big city had other, more subtle influences. Folk tradi-





worn in far-flung villages had disappeared from Zadviria shortly after

Most of the villagers were Ukrainians, although there were about a bound of the villagers well as a number of Jewish families. Before World War I, most everyone spoke Ukrainiah. After the annexation of Western Ukraine to Poland in the 1920s, the Warsaw regime insisted on the use of the Polish language, and this created a widening chasm between the Ukrainian population and the Poles and the Jews. 1d on the

on the use of the Polish language, and this created a widening cham between the Ukrainian population and the Poles and the Igews. I do not recall when I realized my national heritage. I know I know this very early. I remember that I had a friend whose mother spoke to her in a language that was different from the one we used at home. This is how I knew that we were different from our neighbor. Because I did well in school, our parish priest counseled my par-

necessate state with in scinon, our partner privace construction of the return to send me to £Ver to a classical gramastum (secondary school). I took the entrance ceam in the spring of 1993. I did very well on the test, placing not at the entry level but in the second level. We had barely started school that autumn when we heard the news over the public and extra system. Deland was at var with Germany, In two hosts weeks, Poland was no more. Then, Western Ukraine was annexed to the Soviet Union.

I was bone when the Red Army matched in. Our "tillage recover the Bollsheits with reverse and uncertainty Propel date of law rewith homes to welcome the columns of soldiers and trasks, but most in their from yade and looked on silterly. There man have been prior constantors were really and our "tillage delten, because we were told that the proper state of the soldiers and the takes are to all that the crossonals and, slowly, the villages gathered. A Red Army political officer clausered to the top of the full worte for Cero of Preedom node and Engain so shout that the Red Army had come to react us from Mrdiently, which the different in Resimin which the exception and the dates, which the different in Resimin which the exception and the coltemation of the soldiers of the collection of the collection of the till the soldiers of the collection of the collection of the till the soldiers, which the different reliefs on which the soldiers of the till the soldiers of the soldiers of the soldiers of the soldiers, the soldiers of the soldiers of the soldiers of the soldiers of the till the soldiers of the

like an adult. Perhaps my contemporaries and I matured more quickly because the times were so dramatic. I realized that my country, like my village, stood at a crossroads and that hopes for an independent Ukraine caused the death of nearly seven million people. People hoped that the Soviet occupation was temporary and that the war would push the Red Army back east The local wisdom was that we only had to wait for the right moment to rid ourselves once and for all of the foreign voke

I knew my job was to continue studying, and I soon returned to the gymna- gymnasium in Lyiv in 1940.



The author as a student at the sium. The atmosphere in the city was

electrifying. People were waiting for change, but they were also afraid of it and envisioned it in different ways. Poles, for example, believed that the Polish Army would rescue them. It did not, and many thousands of Poles were deported from Lviv and other parts of Western Ukraine to Siberia. At school, the curriculum changed. Each school was given a number, and our academy earned the distinction of being number one. In the next few months, Soviet teachers replaced many of our professors. New subjects and textbooks appeared, while other classes and textbooks were dropped.

I remember, in particular, an evening in November. The leaves had already fallen and crunched under my feet as I made my way back to the dormitory from the library. A friend, Olia Zeleniuk, one of the best

pupils at school, was walking with me. I had been reading a book about a young beroine who defends her country, and I turned to Olia to ask. "Tell me what can I do to help my country?" She thought about my question for a moment, and then said,

"Learn all you can about it." "How can I do this?" I asked her. "Join a group where you can learn the true history of your coun-

I did join Olia's group and once a week we traveled across Lviv to a meeting. I discovered that Olia led many of the meetings. One day

in early spring, she said to me: "You are now in Yunatsvo OUN [Orga-

She handed me a piece of paper on which she had copied OUN's Decalogue, the rules of the organization.

The OUN has been vilified by Moscow for nearly half a century and is largely misunderstood in the West, where, ironically, it was formed. Following the disastrously unsuccessful attempts during and after World War I to unify Western and Eastern Ukraine and create a sovereign Ukrainian state, Ukrainian political activists who fled into exile and Ukrainian students studying abroad met in the late 1920s in sense, the OUN was a Ukrainian political movement dedicated to the establishment of an independent Ukrainian state. But it became much more than that and, in fact, shaped the thinking of and instilled Ukrainian patriotism in a whole generation of Ukrainian youth, including me. who matured prior to and during World War II. Most OUN activities in the interwar years were directed against the Polish regime that acquired Western Ukraine after World War I and instituted anti-Ukrainian policies, including restrictions on the use of the Ukrainian language and political assembly. The OUN staged and took responsibility for hundreds of acts of sabotage and a number of assassinations. including those of two high-ranking Polish officials. Many OUN World War II broke out. I equated OUN with patriotism and was enormously proud of being

accepted into the youth section. At fourteen, I found it extremely diffibut remembered Olia's words: "Don't tell anyone," and I didn't. My weekly studies changed now. They were still wholly devoted to Ukrainian subject matter but, in addition to history, we studied geography and ethnography. At each meeting we were questioned on what we had been given for homework, then discussed it in terms of what was happening around us. Olia became my first ideological instructor and, although I would have older and more experienced teachers, her place as one of the people who forced my thinking has not diminished. My contemporaries and I searched for an answer to the baffling

and painful question: "Why was Ukraine not an independent sovereign nation?" It was difficult to understand why, after so many revolutions and uprisings, Ukrainians had been unable to establish a sovereign state. Where did the fault lie! What was missing? We discussed their questions over and over again at our weekly meetings. This self-evaluation coupled with our patriotium made us painfully aware of our second-class status, which we had inherited from our firsters, our grandfathers, and our great-grandfathers. We talted about the unsuccessful attempts to center an independent Urstame during World Way I, and we could not fergive our queen for leiting their typort curvaity slip through their banks, our grandfathers are consistent of the properties of the

Eventually I was transferred to another group where I learned about the goals and organization of the OUN. I knew that the purpose of these meetings and of all the study was to prepare us to fight for our country's independence. But as we talked about resistance, I grew afraid, since I knew I bad a fearful nature, did not like conflict, and wondered

whether I could stand side by side with the others.

The winter of 1939—40 was severe. Food shortages forced people to stand in long lines and often go home empty handed. The countriside was overwhelmed by requisitions of animals and materials and could not produce roungly food for the city. There was also a lake of field. This is when schools were closed and those of us who were from the outlying villages were sent home. If hinthed that school year in Zadviris. In the fall of 1940, I returned to Leiv and sport the school year living in a dominity and continued my clanderine membership in the CUIN.

....

One of the most riveting moments of my life came in June of 1941. Exams were over, and we were going home, leaving behind Live and the empty, quiet dormitory. I was always eager to see my family, although I felt a twinge of regree that I was leaving friends behind. I guess I was not the only one who felt this ways. Several in our group organized a return trip to Liviv the following week and an excursion up Devil's Bluff, a steep hill that towered over the city.

Four of us met at the train station in Zadviria. The day was gogoou, great for a blue. I noticed that the train station was unusually empty, but this did not worry my companions or me since it was Sunday morning. The train was late. At first, this fact did not worry us either since trains became notoriously superdictable after the arrival of the Boldevish in 1939 Vet, the train was very late. Finally, we saw the stationmatter burrying toward us. From the expression on his face, we could tell that something was very womenful. "Don't you know a war'has broken out?" he asked us. "With Ger-

"What?" we chorused in disbelief.

Secretly, I was glad, and I think so were my companions and other passengers on the platform. I was saying to myself, "Thank the Lord. This means that the Russians will soon be gone. This means the end of arrests, deportations to Siberia, collective farms." Looking back, I realize that neither my friends nor I comprehended the consequences of this great war that was just beginning. We did not, and could not, imagine what the war would do to us and to our families, to our land. Even if someone had told us, we would not have believed-I would not havethat the life we knew was at an end, and a much more difficult life lay

But, being young and foolish, we still wanted to return to Lviv and climb Devil's Bluff. We saw a freight train rumbling toward us. It had several empty wagons, and we climbed in. Before we reached the city,

Just after our arrival, sirens began to how! an air raid warning. Militiamen appeared on the streets and shepherded pedestrians, including us, into courtyards of nearby apartment buildings. Soon, we heard bombs exploding in the center of the city. The bombers disappeared as suddenly as they had appeared. The air raid was over, people poured out on the sidewalks, and we continued on our way. When we reached Devil's Bluff, we found the way blocked. Red Army soldiers had dragged anti-aircraft artillery up the hill, and its summit was now off

The late train, the air raid, the futile hike-none of these events dampened our spirits. Since trains were no longer running, we had to walk back home. We were not alone on the road. Many Lyiv residents were leaving the city for the relative safety of the countryside. I arrived home long after midnight. My mother was waiting for me, and she was

"Some people have children who stay put, but I have a daughter who wanders no matter how dangerous the times are. Do you know how worried we were? Especially after we heard that the city was bombed? Can you imagine my state of mind?"

To tell the truth. I had not given my parents a thought that day. I could not understand my mother's worry. For I was sure, I was positive, that nothing, nothing, could happen to me.

In a few days, the Germans marched in. Their tanks rolled through

our village the same way Soviet tanks had rolled through two years earlier. The only difference was the direction in which the tanks were going. The Soviet tanks had gone west, while the German tanks were rolling

The Soviet tanks had gone west, while the German tanks were rolling cast.

Everyone was impressed by German weaponry. It was so superior to the broken down Red Army tanks littering the ditches along major roads. Also, German soldiers were friendly, and we resoonded in kind.

We secretly were hoping for a better, more stable life, a life without arrests, funerals, and deportations to Siberia.

When the Soviets arrived in 1939, many members of the OUN went into exile. They returned with the German Army but fractured one recognized Stepan Bandera. Bandera, who had been imprisoned by the Polish government, had served as the national leader of OUN prior to the war. I did not know which faction to side with. As happens in such circumstances, there were several reasons for the breach in the OUN. Perhaps the bitterest arguments centered on how the OUN should respond to the Nazi invaders. Older OUN members had matured at home. Both sides were convinced they knew better. Both factions espoused independence, but the younger generation urged a radical revolutionary tactic, while the older generation urged a moderate position tragic. The Bandera faction was popular among young idealists like frictions. Occasionally, differences over tactics led to fistfights, sometimes even death. This internal OUN tension continued through the entire German occupation. When the Red Army returned, those who had started the split went into exile again, while the young Turks staved behind to fight Stalin. Events were coming in swift succession. In the first days of July, a

poster aspecard in the village that amounted the formation in Live of a precument based by Stepan Banders, OUN faction. The poster said that Banders had promulgated an act of Ukrainian independence on June 30, 944. A crown glathread in force of the poster to read and comment. Joy shows in people's eyes, It was hard to believe that such the poster of the poster to read and comment. Joy shows in people's eyes, It was hard to believe that such the Village was an sourcega matter. It was quickly and easily it had deeply Ukraine was an sourcega matter. It was quickly and easily it had private and joy. I was proud of my chanderine membership in the OUN. The decree of independence was promulgated as the Red Amy extremely

in chaos under the pressure of a new, mightier invader. As these two giants fought for control of Europe, the vassal country decided to become independent. As we rejoiced, we also wondered about tomor-

to the control of the

enemy in Europe. Let them fight, but why should we do nothing in the meantime? Anyway, you always suspect other people's intentions and color things black."

"I don't color things black, young lady, but I've lived longer in this

"I don't color things black, young lady, but I've lived longer in this world than you have and know how things are. The Germans came not to free us but to take what we have. In this they are no different from all other conquerors who came this way,"

Although I suspected that my mother might be right, I did not want to believe her. A fifteen-year-old girl is not motivated by logic. When the new war broke out, passenger trains stopped running.

What service there was was sporadic and could not be relied on. Thus, when I heard that a neighbor was going to Lviv to sell produce on the black market, I got into his wagon and went with him.

The city bad changed. I found out that all my friends had joined the Bunders factors. Detailed to where the Univariant government that opened offices, but the street was (togged with people, many of them young, who had come to obtain instructions on lower to bail an indepensation of the company of the c the two lying on to, They were topographical maps of Pidliashi and Khohishiyan, a rather old present. At 1 left, I wondered which is the maps would be maps would be maps and the strength of the will be the of Lewin Halyburn, a luncated and fifty kilometers or so can store the lands shown in the maps. If only I could have imagined, but I would not have helicited on future.

Two weeks larer, the Gresspo arrested the Ukrainia Pennie Yesundi Stechou and other members of the weep occurrance. Stepan Bar-dera was also aerosed as were other OUN leaders. Ukraine was declared as the second of the second o

The roar of cannons and the detonation of bombs were replaced by the thunder of bombers that darkened the sky as they flew east. As soon as the front passed, life in Zadviris began to return to a semblance of normality. Schools reopened. The village administration and police were taken over by local people. Young people began to organize self-help

militia units.

One hot July aftermoor, a mouth or so after Hittle declared was no Stalin, a group of gift and low were congregating in the street, and a Steined and I joined them. I was a stranger in the group. I looked at a street and I joined them. I was a stranger in the group. I looked at long the street of the street o

meeting was like a celebration of our dreams and hopes. Even the intervening years cannot erase the quiver of joy I feel when I remember

him. We met too infrequently to disappoint each other and too many should be-sunny and untroubled by any doubts.

Early that fall, Germany took administrative control of Ukraine. The new German governor declared that only two classical gymnasiums

would reopen in Lviv, and only a few girls would be admitted. Although

I applied, I was not chosen, and I enrolled in a trade school. During this time, secondary schools became fertile ground for students to the OUN. My superior was Iryna Savycka, whose nom de guerre was Bystra, which translates as "the swift one." The name was apt. She was an energetic young woman whose forthright behavior sometimes grated. She trained me and gave me several OUN cells that organize new cells. I did, but with less success than was expected of me. The problem was that my requirements for the recruits were so lofty that I recruited very few students, although at this time many young people were joining the OUN. My generation opposed Germany because we felt we were being reduced to serfs, as the Gestapo implemented restrictions on the freedom of movement and assembly and began to arrest activists. This is not to say that we had a developed ideology vis-à-vis Nazism. Most of my contemporaries grew up in deeply in humanitarianism, in the rights of the individual, and the rights of

In 1942, I was one of four girls to pass an examination for entry into the regular OUN. During the ceremony, we pledged our allegiance to the organization. I spent that school year living with a relative in an

The OUN was growing quickly, its popularity no longer restricted to students. Many young people in the countryside were caught up in the fervor of national independence and flocked to the organization. Although I did not tell anyone at home about my membership in the I was home in Zadviria, I trained new local cadres. In the full of 1942, I graduated from the technical school and obtained work as a spyint in the Physlodogical Testing Institute. This institute was a German invention, an example of Germany low opintion of the Slars. Sudants from secondary, schools in the Live area were brought to the institute for psychological and aptitude assessments. My job was to type the completed evaluation. I soon noticed that every student was evaluated as having an aptitude for manual thor. Not one in the hundreds tested was deemed switcher for a 'furnilectual' job. My enter that said I swa gainfully employed. This document protected one from deportation for work in Germany.

Because of my status, Hrybory Pryshliak, whose nom de gazere was the mean of the most mean considered for the SB (Shuzhba Bespeky), the security service of the OIN in Western Utraine. I became his personal courier and liaison agent in the Livi district. Unlike many OUN leaders who were careless about their security, Mikushka led a very circumspect life. He lived in Livi but maintained

tion often. I was occasionally asked to pretend that I was his fancee, and he would hag me as we made our way to one of these apartments. I did not like pre-tending I was in love with him and objected, but he would only laught objected, but he would only laught with OUN matters, which was the work of the

my free time. I delivered Mikushka's mail to his associates in the city and in the outlying districts and brought mail back from them. The job was not complicated, but neither was it boring because I always met new people. Occasionally, these contacts were closer in age to me than Mikushka, who was in his early thirties. These people treated me as an equal, and



Hrybory Pryshliak, whose non de guerre was "Mikushka," wa chief of the SB (Slazbba Bes pok), the security service of th OUN in Western Ukraine Maria served as one of hi

I enjoyed their company. Being a courier made me learn the city well, knowledge that would prove very useful in the future. When I was sent into the countryside, I performed additional duties. Often, I would be given a typewriter, which I would use to copy manuals that would be used to train new OUN cadres. I was treated well on such excursions and looked forward to them.

At this time, overt and clandestine political activity was at a fever pitch. In the neighboring region of Volyn, groups of partisans were Army (UPA). This fledgling armed resistance was engaging the Gerbecoming increasingly brutal. Jews had been rounded up and taken away to concentration camps. Political activists faced sudden arrest, while young, able-bodied men and women were seized and forced onto trains that took them to labor camps in Germany. Every day the population was subjected to senseless brutalities. On one of my delivery runs, I also became a victim. This happened at the train station where the Gestapo intimidated passengers by patrolling train platforms with when the trains arrived they were already stuffed with people. As soon inside or at least get a foothold on one of the tiny platforms at either climbing up the steps of a train car, when suddenly a Gestapo guard released his dog and it jumped at me. The dog grabbed me by the leg and pulled me off the train as it began to move. Eventually, I was

There were many other indignities that the civilian population had to endure. Book use extremely searce in Levic, and propel teried to smuggle foodstuffs from the countryside. The Gestapo tried to stop the smuggaring by initiating frequent searches. Not only would a woman's parsers who be searched, but the was also subjected to a body search with the Gestapo guard fondling her breasts to see if she had anything "hidden" there.

Labovay tooked forward to my weekend trips to Zadviria and expe-

cially to seeing my mother. I usually managed to get away on Sunday morning, and my mother got into the habit of coming out to the crossroads to meet me. I would see her standing there, and I would run up to her and kiss her calls led hand, while she would hug me and kiss my forehead. Many earlisted frem my parents returned from ten years of eakle in Sheria where they were deported because of me, my mother would remember our Sunday meetings, whenever she would hear the rumble of an approaching train, she would go to the window and look out to see if I was coming home. Her wish would here were come true.

One such Sunday in 1943, Mikushka met me in Zadviria at my home. My father was outside in the yard getting the horses and the wagon ready to take Mikushka to a neighboring village. Mikushka and I were alone in the room.

"Marusia." Mikushka suddenly said and in a low voice laden with

emotion. When I turned toward him, his eyes burned with a strange fiften fine the next instant, he gabbed in med hasilened in. I had never before experienced such a kins. At that moment, the outside down opened and to the control of the control of the control of the control of the total known control (i). The part him and out the down and walked briddly down the road to Standay mass. During the survice I proyed for longeroses for controlling such a give such. After that inclosed, there externed to the control of the control of the control of the externed to that him. Mikanhak was kinder and less graft, but he cotinued to treat me mere as a child than an equal. Monttellera, I decided that it would be better to each thin relationship, and when an opportutive and the control of the properties of the control of the control of the control of the properties and the control of the control of the control of the properties and the control of the control of the control of the properties and the control of the control of the control of the properties and the control of the control of the control of the properties and the control of the control of the control of the properties and the control of the control of

Afters mel, a counter was neign organized in Perinyshi be young popular to the property of the grounding of the property of the property of the grounding of the property of the property of the grounding of the property of

In the fall of 1943, it became obvious that Germany was losing the war. The retreating troops overwhelmed the cities and the countryside. They bivouscked in large buildings, especially schools. This was not a good time to study. Nonetheless, young people from throughout.

Halychyna flocked to Perhyphl for the gymnasium course. (Peremyhl was a historically significant Uteniana political, cultural, and religious center, although by the 1930s only 15 percent of its inhabitants were Utenianas.) In 1934, the city weelfed with refugees fleeing from Eastern Uteniane and the advancing Red Army.

Leanne to Peremyhl with a letter of introduction from Miksukka.

to the Iscal OUN network, but I did not get involved immediately, lived in a dominary with other gifts, and the lectures and study for the test consumed all my time. I met Natalak Konskeych, a friend from Livi, who had joined the local underground. She was, at this time, the regional hand of the Ukrainian Red Cross, which organized women medics to treat wounded UPA partians. She mostly worked in the countryside, although she had an apartment in Permyshl.

Sometime during the case of the country o



Vasyl Halasa, Maria's first husband, in 1942. He adopted the nom de guerre "Orlan."

months of 1944, at Natalka's apartment, I met Vasyl Halasa, who was an OUN leader in the area. Natalka ous to make his acquaintance. At that time he was using the nom de guerre of Zenon, which he later changed to Orlan. He was of medium height and had a very high friendly, yet his keen blue eyes seemed to see right through me. He was about twenty-five years old then, but he greeted me like an equal and his smile lit up his whole face. Our showed a keen sense of humor. We Natalka's apartment, and our friendship developed. Then he stopped

guerre "Orlan." ship developed. Then he stopped coming to Peremyshl, and I began to miss him. His ability to make lasting friends was one of his greatest

In the meantime, I continued attending lectures and studying. The

course moved from building to building, the lectures were interrupted many times by bombardments and the war, but finally in the spring of 1944 we took the test. I passed and received a gymnasium diploma, which would enable me to enroll for university studies.

which you actable in the enroll for uncertaily studies.

The OUN had been active among the students attending the lectures, and many joined the underground at this time. I, too, decided to stay in Perennyah and work for the OUN. I was assigned to Solovii (Mykola Dudko), who contacted Mikushka and completed my transfer. I was given the norm de guerrer of Zirka and became Solovii's sector.

In May 1944, a two-week training camp for OUN women was In May 1944, a two-week training camp for UNI women was ongained in a forester's house in the woods outside the village of Kni-azhychi in the Carpathian foothills. My friend Zoya (Zena Khymka) and I were among the twenty-two young women who participated in the course. Zenon was our principal ideological instructor, although we also received training in nursing, battle strategy, and how to handle also received training in nursing, battle strategy, and how to handle weapons. We were protected by a group of armed parisans, while local police units cooperated with the OUN and would have given us warning in the event of a Gestapor said. I enjoyed the training, and it did not pose any difficulties. Although much of the material was familiar, Zenon delivered the lectures in such a feels and interesting manner that he had my full attention as well as that of the other girds.

The course was almost at an end when, in the middle of the night, a guard burst into the house and woke us up. He said that a Gestapo a guard hore into the house and wade us up. He said that a Cestipa unit was approaching the house. His work created a partie, and everyon forgor what we had just learned shout an organized certext. Some years are supported to the control of the c

we had done wrong and pointed out that if the raid had actually happened.

the Gestapo would have found us simply by following the trail of our lost garments.

At the and of the course, I was to report to communded Trans (Wenn Kerchal) who was stationed in the vellage of White. Zenom tail and we was also negit in that direction, and we set out together believe them was also possing in that direction, and we set out together believe them were also also that the property of the set were deeper to the set when the property deeper to the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set when the set were deeper to the set were deep

Weld not find Tens us we had expected and had to wait. In ouder to to waste time, Zenno began to distance is letter and 10 legan to transscribe it on the typewriter we found in Tazar room. The tension that and developed between us during our trip intensified as we waited for Tazar. However hard 1 tried to control my emotions, 1 could not. Housed it effected to concentrate and made many materiax as I typed, Although a substance of the state of the state of the state of the state of understood my agustion, and this made me even more nervous. Then substanced my agustion, and this made me even more nervous. Then allocately the came over to me, fifted my face to his and kinsed me. A moment later, Tazar entered the room, but by then, Zenno, who had for Tazar approaching through the window was again protaing the room and destraing I bluthed circums. Tazar, who was a tall handsome man, destroyed his understanding of the ball between more of the present of the present his understanding of the late the new material.

A day later, Tarsa gave me new orders, and I left for the village of Kormanychi. This village stretched along a stream, while behind it lay a thick forest. It was reasonably easy to monitor any new arrivals, and Solovii, to whom I was to report, had brought his family here and established his beadquarters.

At this time, the Germans were retreating weet, and the front was passing through the Carpathian mountains. Couriers would being mail to Solovii. One day there was a letter for me from Zenon, who had now assumed the name Orlan. He appologized for his earlier conduct and wished me the best. Yet between the lines of the letter I sensed salanes and a seamine for something to the flower to call one eyer hanness. Our relationship could have ended with that letter, and my life would have taken a different course. However, I decided to answer his letter. In my note, I asked why he was so sad, since he was not going away and neither was I; we could be friends. I received a second letter very quickly, the asked me to visit him in the next village, and he would send one of

his men to accompany me.

Thus, we began to nearet every Sunday, alone. Sometimes he came to my quarter. At other times we would meet in a meadow of by the true my quarter. At other times we would meet in a meadow of by the most property of the state o

a thirsty pilgrim. I wanted to stay by that spring and drink my fill.

But my conscience troubled me. Wasn't I already in love with
Sofron? Was I deceiving Orlan? When Orlan kissed me and I closed

my eyes, I saw Sofron's face. I loved them both.

The war came neare: In August 1944, the front ground to a halt at Body. I saked Solovii for permission to visit my parents. Although in the previous two years I had been home only occasionally, nonetheless Zadviria was the center of my existence, the place where I gained strength. Everyone knew that Germany would retreat further west and that Livis and Zadvirias would none again fall under Sovier rule. I did not a support of the property of the solovier solovier the control of the property of the solovier solovier the control of the property of the solovier s

not know when I would be able to visit my parents again.

I took the train to Lviv, and once there I went to visit friends. As soon as I greeted my friends, they told me that Sofron had come to them several times to ask about me and had left several messages where I could find him. I immediately went to see him.

After a year apart, we were together again, but this meeting was distinct from those earlier ones. Our emotions were like a spring flood, tempestuous and raging. We again confessed our love, but this time without any doubts in our voices. We were afraid that we would not have enough time to explain to each other the entire year of yearnings and dreams. But what about Orlan? I relegated him to a corner of my mind and concentrated my attention on my first low.

We did not have much time together. Sofron's UPA unit had been devastated in the fighting, his parental home lay in ruins. He was shattered by what was happening and told me that the future was bleaker than anything we had evel imagined. I did not share his fears. I was more optimistic and, as I tried to constine him that all was not loat, I remembered Orlan and his confidence and enthusium. Suddenly I was ashamed of myself. I asked Sorion if he knew Orlan and rold him a life the about our relationship, but not everything, of course. Soforn had me O'than earlier at one of the O'UN training courses. He looked at me and said, I'll something should happen to me, marry ham. He is a good

He was about to say something else but changed his mind. That evening, we took the train to Zadviria to see my parents, and the next morning we returned to Livi so the Red Army began its bombardment of the city. Sofron took me to the train station and waited with me for the train to Peremyshl. He kissed me good-bye.

A week lare, the Red Army occupied Livis A year later, Hearned that Softon had field West. I also learned that he had already made plans to leave when we met and that was the thing he had besitated to rell. m. I think I know why he did not rell me his plans. He suspect, rightly, that I would look down on him for abandoning the struggle and flexing West to safety.

As soon as I returned to my post, Orlan came to see me. He said he had worried about my safety. He tried to hug and kiss me. I turned my face away.

"What's the matter?" he asked and his smile disappeared.

I did not tell him the truth. I found an excuse. I told him I knew
that Natalka Kozakevych was in love with him and I could not betray

that Natalka Kozakevych was in love with him and I could not betray a friend.

He looked at me with a puzzled expression. "You certainly are big hearted." he said. "I wonder why you didn't think before that our rela-

tionship would hurt her."

Eventually, Orlan learned the truth—from Natalka herself. "What?

She said she did it for me? She saw this guy in Lviv, a guy she used to

go with before she met you." And so Natalka had her revenge.

The German army was retreating west, and the OUN was feverishly working to prepare itself to face the Soviet invader. Confrontations with either army were avoided at all costs. The OUN and the
UPA were conserving their manpower and their weapons for the par-

Right behind the Red Army came the special security troops of the NKVD, the Soviet security agency. These detachments immediately encircled villages and towns and searched for partisans. At greatest risk were women partisans who lived among the population. In order to safeguard them, the UPA leadership ordered these women to join partisan detachments in the forests. There the women were trained as nurses and counters.

At this time, some OUN members, especially those that had form like, were deciding to immigrate West. Othen give them safe passage through the territories under his control. One day I received a letter from his suggesting that Jajon one of the groups heading West. He side he would arrange the details. To underscore the extrements of his proposal, he warmed that circumstances would soon become very distadant data I was not strong enough to lead a harsh life in an arread guerr fair some. He commend that me, although I snapected he was paying risk arrey. He commends that me, although I snapected he was paying that plasmod to join the UPA since I did not think it could be restricted to eccele with reducet theirsques.

2. Recruitment into the Resistance

In August 1944, I joined the UPA. According to Ukrainian millstitiorians, at least twenty-five thousand and at most forty thousand men fought in the UPA between 1942 and its near annihilation in 1949, although Nazi and Soviet military documents would set the figure thousand to be based of the second of th

Organized in 1942 as self-defense units during Nazi control of Western Ulzain, UPA evolved into an effective guernila gramp by 1944 under the ideological control of the Bunders faction of the OUN. German attempts to destrop the UPA falled. Soviet attempts in 1944 and 1945 also were unsuccessful until the "Grest Blockade" in the Carpsthian mountain from January to April 1946. At this time, special contingents of NKVD troops were stationed in all towns and village, while mobile combat units court the forests. Forty percent of

cial contingents of NKVD troops were stationed in all towns and villages, while mobile combat units scoured the forests. Forty percent of UPA troops died or were captured during this blockade. The UPA was demobilized, and the struggle against Stalin continued as an underground resistance. The 1946 demobilization did not apply, however, to companies of

the Sitch Milliary Destrict of the UPA, also knows as the San Drivis on CUPA Wort. This force operated in the Ultralians ethnic terrinoties in Dated. This area was called the Zaderuse Jein, which translates as "the region beyond the Curron Line." The evolution of this name dates to December 8, 1999, when the Allied Supreme Cosmoil drew Phasel's eatern frontiers, a Europe search therefore the conclusion. British Ferring Secretary Curron proposed the same line as the bodder British Ferring Secretary Curron proposed the same line as the bodder Devector Palland and Sovice Rassin to halt the gipting. The Texty of Rigain 1921 Intervent Poland and the newly formed Soviet Union moved Poland's exame boarder further ear to encompuse Western Ultraine (using the dol Austro-Hungarian boeder), and the Carron line because a nosionae. The Curron Line was resurrenced in February 1943 at the Valle Curron Line was resurrenced in February 1943 at the Valle Curron Line was resurrenced in February 1943 at the Valle Curron Line was resurrenced in February 1943 at the Valle Curron Line was resurrenced by the Valle Curron Line Curron

Throughout 1944, I served as a nurse and intelligence courier for the Dreadynnysky URA company in the Euderzan Israi. I occasionally crossed into Western Ukraine to deliver mail and other documents to UPA groups there. This was the time when the German Army was retreating, while the Red Army was retreating, while the Red Army was retreating, while the Red Army was retreating across Europe.

As mentioned earlier, the arrived of the Beld Amy brought back the NKVD special troops whose task was to destray resistance and pastly the countryside. Those of us who were content were assigned to appear the content of the special transport of t

Chernyk, on the other hand, had no intentions of pitting his company against superior NKVD forces. He did everything possible to evade

direct confrontations with the well-equipped and motorized enemy Instead of fighting, he took his men and us deep into the forests where we continued our studies. We learned may reading, some military science, and how to handle weaponry won in battles. We were also detailed to the kitchen.

We soon realized that the NKVD forces usually did not stay in the countryide or in the villages at night. They would search the villages and raid the forests during the day, but depart to more secure camps along major roads at night. Thus, Commander Chernyk and other UPA leaders worked out this strategy: We spent the days in the forests, but, as night approached, we would march toward the nearest village where we would find for

One evening, as we left the forest in a single file and were approaching a village for a meal being readied by friendly village women, bullets from hidden machine guns began to rain on us. Several of the mecried out in pain as bullers found their mark. We women panichem.

pleasant evening changed into war in an instant, and we were not pretured.

"Back into the forest," Chernyk commanded, while ordering a squad to cover our orderly retreat. I guess none of us understood the order. As the machine gun fire intensified, we turned and dashed headlong through the fields toward the forest.
"What are vou doing?" Chernyk hellowed, and we stopped in our

"What are you doing?" Chernyk bellowed, and we stopped in ou tracks. "Get behind the squad."

We, dad as we were rold, and eventually we were able to escape the promising enemy without suffering my restrict actualities. Once we were safe, Chernyk told us to halt. We hailt a fire, boiled water, and cleaned and handged the womanded. At tensions received and the most withed and handged the womanded. At tensions received and the most without the second sufficient to the sufficient to the sufficient to the second sufficient to the sufficient to the

ism and the reality of battle. I he barrage of bullets made us understand that glory costs dearly.

We did not spend all those weeks hiding in the forests. On occa-

sion Chernyk would dispatch us in pairs to deliver or bring mail or to gather intelligence about the enemy. One spring day, I remember that Chernyk sent Zoya, who had joined the UPA at the same time I did and had participated in the same training courses, and me to a nearby village to learn about the strength and movements of the NKVD spe-cial forces. We did what we were assigned to do and set out on the return journey late in the afternoon, staying ahead of a Red Army infantry detachment in the area. The soldiers were marching on the infantry detachment in the area. The soldiers were marching on the road while we were on a path that ran parallel with the road through nearby fields. Dusk was falling; some of the soldiers were swilling vodks from hip bottles, talking and singing. They had seen us earlier and not began looking our way more often. We knew that we had been noticed, and we accelerated our strides until we were almost running.
"Hey, you girls," one of the soldiers shouted. "Come with us to

At that moment, one of the soldiers turned and tried to jump over the ditch on the side of the road, but an officer grabbed him by the

shoulder. The soldier whirled around and hit the officer. The column came to a halt as the soldier and the officer exchanged blows. Then the soldier pulled out his revolver and shot the officer in the hand. We watched in horror as the officer tried to stem the flow of blood.

We began to run in carnest, afraid that we would be blamed for provoking the incident and that the soldiers would shoot us.

We did escape and late that night reached a small village. We knocked at the door of the first house, then at the door of the next house, but the village was deserted. We spent the night in a barn and toward morning were awakened by the arrival of two soldiers. We hid behind some bales of hay and held our breaths. I looked at Zova. Her eyes were large and round with fear; I guess mine were too. If the soldiers found us, we were sure they would take us to their commander to dies found us, we were sure they would take us to their commander to be questioned. If the commander thought we were partisans, couriers, or sympathizers, he could summarily execute us. But the soldiers did

Another time, two of us set out with mail we were to drop off at a village on the outskirts of the forest. Somehow we took a wrong turn and became lost. Every path we took ended in a ravine. Then to make things worse, clouds rolled in and it began to rain. A little later the rain became a cloudburst. We were cold and soaked, and night was falling. Somehow we found a small forester's hut. We spent the night curled into balls pressing against each other to stay warm. We awoke before daybreak and started out again. If it had not been for an old man who had driven his wagon into the forest to gather wood, we might have staved lost for another day. He pointed out the way to us and, after thanking him profusely, we carried out our assignment.

When in the fall of 1944 the retreating German Army halted in the Carpathian mountains, most of the partisan units found themselves inside the German front. It took them until late autumn to fight across the German line. This was a critical time for our detachments, since we had not yet established contact with the UPA that had formed in Western Ukraine under the aegis of the OUN-Bandera faction. At this time, the detachments active in the Zakerzon krai were operating on their own, their strikes against the enemy decided at meetings of the commanders of the companies. Since I was increasingly used as a courier. I saw Orlan, who was the OUN regional representative and ideological instructor, fairly often. Zoya, who had become my best friend, was

The relationship between Orlan and me did not change that spring and summer. We treated each other in the same way we treated others around us. What I did notice was that he had a remarkable effect on rank-and-file partisans. Not only did they respect him, he also inspired them and quelled their unspoken fears. Somehow, he gave them confidence that what they were fighting for was not only just, but that their sacrifice would someday result in a sovereign Ukrainian state. As I watched how the partisans listened to him, my feeling toward him also began to change. I began to regret my earlier rejection of his affection. Sofron's image began to slip from my thoughts and dreams.

When autumn arrived and deepened, my mood became as gloomy as the changing season. The forests were darker and quieter, the songbirds disappeared, and cobwebs ensnared the underbrush as if to pro-

tect it from the gusting cold winds. The first meeting between UPA units in the Zakerzon krai and those in Western Ukraine was about to take place and I, as liaison coordinator of the Peremyshl UPA Military Region, would deliver documents and be debriefed. This was early October, and the meeting place agreed upon was behind the war front that now stood west of Peremyshl. This meant that I had to cross the Polish frontier. I would be passed from contact to contact until I was across the frontier and in Western Ukraine; after that I would be on my own, since no one knew if the old OUN routes established during the German occupation still existed or were safe. I sewed the documents I was given into my clothing and learned my oral report by heart. Just before I was to depart, I went together with an escort to Orlan to get his instructions and collect his

By coincidence, that day was also my nineteenth birthday. No one

My spirits were at a low point. I wished that at least one person would around me knew this, and those that might have known had torgotten Orlan acknowledged my arrival, rolled his letter into a thin long

escorted me to the door, then followed me outside. The night was as bright as day. Moonlight shone on the hills around us, and the horizon tube, and handed the tube to me. He shook my hand in farewell and

"I think about you, too," I whispered back just in time, since my escort appeared from the shadows. I stepped away from Orlan and

as I learned later, was the destination of all the couriers, who were off at the town of Bibrka, as I had been instructed. From there, I made my way to a remote village. This village was in a forested region and other passengers that were picked up by the driver along the way. I go ther transportation was arranged, and I continued on toward Lew in the back of a truck. In Lew, I stopped to visit friends and get news about my family. To my relief I learned that the NKVD's 'Red broom' discovered that I would be traveling without the new documents that had been issued to the resident population a few months earlier when the Soviets re-established control. No one in the OUN had yet found as method for accessing or forging the new credentials. However, my fur-Ukraine the resistance had already been driven deep underground. to UPA operating cautiously but only semi-covertly, but in ple were so frightened they trembled. In the Zakerzon krai, I was used dent. In the first village in Western Ukraine I sensed the change. and was escorted across the frontier by a UPA platoon without as resplendent as the moonlight.

I was passed from village to village along normal OUN channels the village buzzed with partisan activity, then in the morning an UPA sotnya stationed just beyond the village in the forest. All night platoon to an even more remote village. That village was protected by Western

partiasar moved into the forest to return back to the village again after dark. I delirected he mail I carried and waited to be debriefed, Several important OUN and UPA leaders were conducting the debriefings. I learned that there prominent men were in the forest: Downlo (Petro Duzhiy), a member of central leadership of the OUN, Horberkok (Rosvylas Voloshyn), a member of the Ukrainian Suppense Liberation Council (UHVR), and Petrelyinis (Dmytro Hryssai), who would later become UPA chief of staff.

I waited ony turn to report and in the afternoon was summoned by Dormela, which, blind man with va arrower feet. I held already below the rough the mail and document I had brought and sked her don't be mail and document I had brought and sked her don't be found to be a similar to the state of the state

I woke up the next monting to learn that a detachment of NINDs tomosy was approaching the village. The cutto village wont to built after but detecting of couriers continued in the forest. That afternous assumation does not med arbeiting, unital Doods and Direction of the properties of the properties of the properties of the Duke (Horowit), a same I recognized from my conversations with Olina. Opps and Oling was up in the same village, and now Obywarded to know short his childhood friend. Only also saked me to reli Olin that Olaris mether had died in ceils in Kazabanas. She and been deported in 1966, during the first Soviet occupation. Opp also taked the object of the desired object of the object of th

joined the resistance.

If was then given mail, instructions, some propaganda material, and then returned to the village. I went back to Bibeka, and from there a truck took several other couriers and me back to law. Among the mail was a copy of a satirical magazine called Ulranian Paper. I enjoyed reading it so much that I hid it among my things, although I had been told that I did not have to take it with me. Only the mail and its delivery were important.

Emboldened by the fact that I had not encountered any document checks. I decided to take the train from Lviv to Zadviria to visit my family. As soon as the train departed the Lviv station, the door of the train car opened and a conductor began to collect tickets. I had a ticket, but what made my heart pound was the NKVD soldier who accompanied the conductor and was checking identity cards. The only document I had was a forged German identity card, which was still in use in Poland. When my turn came, I gave my ticket to the conductor and handed the NKVD soldier my identity card. He did a double take. It was obvious from his expression that he had not seen this kind of document before. He turned it this way and that, and I saw him trying to read the German script. He eventually put the card in his pocket and motioned to me to follow him. When the train stopped at the first station outside Lviv, the NKVD soldier led me to a train car filled with Soviet soldiers. He told me to take a seat and then sat down opposite me. I was in despair. This was the end, I thought, and could not forgive myself for deciding on this side trip home. I tried to talk my way out of the predicament. I told the NKVD soldier that I was from Zadviria and that once the train stopped there he could ask practically anyone to identify me. He did not contradict me but did not listen either. I heard him repeat several times under his breath, "I'll take her to Krasne where she can be interrogated."

In Zadviria he told me to follow him, and I had the feeling that I was about to be passed on to someone else. My despair deepened. Here I was so near my home and safety, yet both were beyond my reach. How many times I had taken the train from this station, and how many times

I had arrived here. Today would be the last time.

Dash had fallen, and passengers were pouring from the train and convoling the platforms and tracks. We had hade on the outside track, so in order to get to the train station, we had to cross the inside track, so in order to get to the train station, we had to cross the inside track, where a freight train had stopped. Prople were supering between the suggost, and there was no way that two people could walk adversar. As the INXVD solder stepped infront or in the push his way through the cross, I saw my chance to get neary. I show the station well. At the sulfder thowed his way stream, I span sentend and began to past my own which carried me past the station to the road that led into the village. Bellid on, the passager train began to move led into the village.

My unexpected appearance at home created joy that was tinged by the fear of my close brush with the NKVD. I listened more than I spoke and tried to be very circulaspect about my UPA activities. I tried to calm my mother by saying that "where I had settled, the oppression was not as great and I was safer than I would be at home." I don't know whether she believed me or not.

I did not due to take the train back to lavic. In the morning, my darker harmsend his remaining hower to sugarou and dower me to lavic. (We used to have three horses, Arabian beed, which were his joy and which had much him framous in our area. The Germann took one home. The second horse had been conscripted by the Soviets.) I glanced at my affecter a he used for emaziated horse whom her oad, My father did not look well, he had aged undelsely. I think he guessed my thoughts, the said, "Two horses are goor, and sown they will take even the control of the said of the

In Lovi, I swed the mail into my clothing, but did not have room for the Ultraining Paper, which I rolled into a true and paleed in a bag with some gain. This lags went at the bottom of a higger long, under up clothing, which I had taken from bourn. I had no documents, no identity card, and this sourcid ine. Fortunately, the truck in which I was given as the was not totoped at any multibodes, and I randed my want of the contract of the Collection of the Co

I was nearing the village where I was to meet my contact, the first house was just ahead of me, when suddenly, as if he had risen out of the ground, a NKVD soldier barred my way. He was short, grim, and had Asiatic features, "Your documents, please," he said in Russian. "Documents' I rised," I don't curry documents in the village. I'm

jour going down the road to exchange some cluthing for food."
Well, let's go inside and III chee's yor tag," he said and led me into the house. We found a sevenan boy at the store is the histories, the contraction of the said and the said of the said of the said of the See at down, and the two said on a bench as the NNTO soldier, began to examine my things. I from the would find the magazine burief in the gain. I will be arrested and taken to be county as aft or instruction. There, they will find the anal hidden in my clothing. Well dell the said of Methodically, the NKVD soldier examined everything in my bag. He finally pulled out the bag of grain and fingered it. He soon felt the roll of paper hidden inside, untied the knot, reached inside and pulled

"What's this?" he asked as he smoothed out the magazine. He allocated shown at I, then looked up at me with reproach no his feet. "Worke carring this and you haven't even taken the mobile to get december." He now enamined the cover more closely and did a downdrous the contract of the c

azine was and grew pale. She got up and went back to the kitchen. I stood up, said I had to get a drink of water, and followed her. I had no plans yet, but I knew I had to get a drink of water because otherwise I was certain I was going to faint. In the kitchen I turned to the woman

and whispered, "Is there any way out of here?"

"This way," she whispered back and opened the door that led into the barn. I slipped through it, then ran through the barn and out the other door. I looked around, saw that the ground behind the barn sloped down to a creek, and plunged down into its shelter. My boots filled with water, and I found it barder and harder to run. At any moment, the NKVD soldier would shoot me. I hoped that I would did and not be

I reached the next house, climbed out of the stream, and ran into

the house. I begged the startled people there to help me. The man rook me out the back to his orchard where he had built a bunker in which the family had hid during the passage of the front through the area. I crawled inside the mildewed and wer bunker. I fell to my knees and began to pray paying so fervently it seemed I was talking to a real per-

Although the NKUD soldier nised an alarm, the search patrol did not find me. News about my escape reached the right ears, and in the evening my OUN contact found me and delivered me to a second contact, who had been waiting to lead me to the frontier. He could not help me cross, however, since the vallages along the border were filled with NKUD troops. I spent a few days in these villages, searching out women who had been active in the Uterainius Red Cross Not everyone. was willing to help, since people were afraid of being found out and snitched on to the NKVD. Eventually, some women did help me, and I crossed the frontier back into Poland without any more incidents. However, I soon faced a new calamity. In one of the houses where I had stayed, I must have been exposed to dysentery. I did not know this at the time I brought my mail to the agreed-upon meeting place. I found no one waiting for me-Orlan and the UPA unit he was with had moved into the forest to escape NKVD raids. I realized that I could not stay in the village either and, as I tried to decide what to do, my friend Zoya, sent by Orlan, came to get me. I do not know why he had chosen her and not someone else, but her selection proved to be providential. Smiling, broad-faced Zoya had become my closest friend in the UPA, and I soon needed someone who loved me and would care for me. Zoya warned that we were in danger and urged that we leave immediately for a remote mountain village. The distance was not too great, and I agreed readily, but we soon discovered that I could hardly walk, Cramps stopped me every few minutes, and I would double up in pain.

With Zozó help, we randed the village, where I collapsed. I was very ill for two week. I withted in pain on the palt, rolled my clothing and the linear with blood, and withed I were deal. There was no doctors, no medicines, and almost no bod since the village was very goor and fined was search. Doppir hopger and the absence of medical legislates and the search of the a shadow of myself. Zozy had refused to leave me the entire time I was also, and I comel for my 16. Sea book care for ne at 10 were he was sized. On most days, after washing me for the unspreach mine that day and transving up blood would childing, remaining up pall with themself, softly, Pethaps her song, to which I listened with my whole being, palled net through.

During my absence and subsequent illness, conditions in the Zabrasa havia had soone grins. URA nanple had been decimated in constant buttles with NKVD troops, and many of the men were ill, bungary and cold since not everyone had witner clothing. Organizing their winter quarters and food supplies fell on Orlan. With his help, UPA units managed to create a supply network, which obtained food and medicines. New weapons and new dorbting were won in battles. That winter, UPA units wore a combination of uniforms and civilian clothing.

The winter of 1944-45, the first winter under Soviet domination, was harsh. The so-called "Red broom" was sweeping villages empty of partisan activity. Not only did the NKVD troops comb the forests, they also ransacked every village and homestead and terrorized inhabitants. The NKVD also established its own network of informers through threats, coercion, and bribes. Those who were suspected of helping or even sympathizing with the UPA were summarily deported to Siberia.

One of the problems the UPA faced was that it had few well-hidden underground bunkers since, until the return of the Soviets, UPA detachments lived in camps deep in the forests, not underground. The bunkers that did exist had been constructed with the help of the local and its inhuman treatment of captured partisans forced the OUN-led resistance literally underground. While large military detachments still controlled and lived in the forests, individuals in the resistance hid in bunkers or in hideouts built into houses or barns. In the meantime, women partisans were placed with families living in strategic villages. They dressed and acted like local women. Their role was to keep information and food flowing to the partisans. The UPA Red Cross obtained medicines as well as candles and kerosene, necessary ingredients for life underground. Whenever and wherever possible. I trained local girls in basic first aid.

As winter deepened, four of us, including Zova and me, asked Orlan for permission to visit our families at Christmas. He agreed, and we were escorted across the frontier, then found room in a truck that took us to Lviv. There we went our separate ways. To my surprise, I discovered that people in Zadviria wholeheartedly supported the UPA and were not, as in other places I had visited, circumspect about their contacts with the partisans. The partisans themselves were less circumspect than the groups I had been with recently, visiting the village often and staving for a day or so with their families. One of these partisans had returned home for Christmas as I had, and he came to see me. We spent the night telling each other our experiences. We celebrated Christmas by going to services at the church and also caroling in the village. My mother objected to my lack of discretion, but I insisted on going to church and caroling because I knew that this would be the last time I would do this at home. My mother proved to be right in worrying about the open way in which everyone was acting. One morning just before the New Year, a platoon of NKVD troops, accompanied by bloodbounds, entered the village, Partisans vill

Ten partisans were inside. The NKVD knew exactly where the banker was, surrounded it, and began digging with showels to find the hidden entrance. The partisans broke out, loped several greades at the enemy, and tried to escape. They were all brought down by enemy fire. Those who were not killed outright used their last bullets to kill themselves so that they would not be taken alive.

setves so that they would not be taken alive.

The awful news of the discovery of the bunker and the death of every one of the partisans swept through the village. People took the deaths personally, as if the dead were family members, sons, nephews, bothers. I reacted as did the others. I was devastated and shocked. I had grown up with these men, had goot to school with them. "How

will their mothers bear this tragedy? Some of the boys were only sons,"

The NNVD troops conducted several other coursey searches, then the valling as solventy at the had once When don't fell, my father and several other mer took their large darks at the bushers or remove the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the same and the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the most remove the corpera. They held on to their dard sons, knaming their old faces, and had to be true most wey with face. Only our face were that of a person going and. She had had three soon. They face were that of a person going and. She had had three soon. They also not been a well-true of furnity, but the had given them all the could. The sun bying in the red-standard same was the last one. He true other the NNVD.

The corpses were wrapped in white linens and were buried that might a communal grave. Our village did not sleep that night. My father came home pale, quiet, and beatrhoken. I wept bitterly, not only for the dead men and their mothers, but also for all of us, for our nation. And as our hearts filled with grief, they also filled with hatred—it could not be otherwise.

Everyone wanted to know who had betrayed the bunker. The blame fell on a partisan from a neighboring village who had taken the opportunity

of an ammesty the Soviets offered periodically, had turned himself in, and was cooperating with the NKVD. Later it numed out that he was not to blame. A group of NKVD men, dressed as partisans, had visited the village a week or so earlier and had gained the trust of one of the neighbors who had pointed out the location of the bunker to them.

I returned to my unit with a heavy heart. I apret the remainder of that witner moving from village to village, helding during searches by the NAVD and visiting the bankers in the forest only occasionally, to the NAVD and visiting the bankers in the forest only occasionally, to the Maryaka district Ultrainian Red Corns. In the appring of 1945, it became the director of the Perceyolds megadiotrict Ultrainian Red Corns. My new position and area of service presentated that I change my soon de genera. I had never liked Zeloka 1 chaos Matchka, a variant of my degree that the service of the service of the properties of the 1 might a well do to under my own name.

Despite the NKVD blockades and searches, the work of the Uraniana Red Cross continued without interruption. We were also equip several clinics, train many women in the underground in first aid, and also conduct first aid course in a number of Villages. We also such bled food packages that were sent to partisan units in the Lemko disrits:

Despite the constant pressure by the NKVD and the need for utmost compliesy, Orlan and I found opportunities to see each other occasionally. We were in love, and the hours we spent together gave us strength and determination to survive. I no longer harbored any doubts that I lowed him. However, we never discussed marriage, In fact, I shield away from considering marriage and its responsibilities. Then one day Orlan surprised me.

He had been called to mediate a lower quarted in the partias mask. Taxs, who was the commander of the OUIn in the Permyshl megidarite, had been engaged for a while to one of the UPA secretaries, visitations. Once when visiting a volleng. Trass seet a got and the property who when the property who the property of the property who was the property who the property of the property of the hard the property of the property of the property of the property hard the property of the property of the property of the property hard from the property of the property of the property of the hard the property of t Tara, who had known about Orlan and me from the very beginning, and a double wedding was a great idea. A few days late, as several women and I were discussing the logistics of arranging Easter services and holiday food for the various parsian groups, I received a letter from Orlan in which he wrote, "I have decided that you and I should cross the threshold of the church together."

What a way to propose.
"What's the matter?" one of the women, who had noticed my
expression, asked.

"Nothing much. I guess I'm getting married."

"You must be joking," the others chorused, since I had kept my relationship with Orlan secret from everyone, including my dear friend Zova.

I did not relish the idea of marriage, but I knew I would do as Orlan asked.

I had an opportunity to write home to tell my parent about my plans. My letter was answered immediately by my mother who wrote, "Dear child, It is difficult for me to give you advice, but if you think you will be happy, your father and I give you our blessing. Perhapis it is letter that you marry. There will be someone to take care of you," I could not find a place for myelf. My head was burning with all

kinds of fear. I know that in the midst of war, my personal bappiers wit like the mythical fedreds, impossible to state. Will I have the strength and the will to match his, I wondered? He had told me that I didnered from all the other gird. Although that had been pleasant to hear, I now wanted to turn to him and say, "Vay!, you are mistaken. It is like a like the dreg held, bettern of a life sitty so, not about a benein death. And if death omne, I want to find the strength to fice it with house, that will not be ear?. Not a mad oaked by your popularity and such that will not be ear?. Not a mad oaked by you popularity and and not is that I know the price I will have to pay from arriving you, because I want to be the woman to you I will.

No one knew of my fears, and I did not share them with anyone, not even Zoya. I say and had to interfere in the wedding perparations, and I was happy to say out of the way. One day Orlan told me he wanted a simple woulding with no fiss. He then left to confor with other commander. His men and the women attached to his staff had different ideas. Although I noticed that some of the women would gaine at me sideways in speculation and I could read in their eyes the question. Why did the nick hee? "nowethelds, the slowed in the recentarious with ousto. Orlan by then had become the OUN deputy leader of the Zakerzon krai. I understood their thinking. Their leader was getting married and they would arrange a proper wedding for him, even if he

I watched the preparations and could find no iov in them: this was not the wedding I had dreamt about. I wanted to be married in my village, in my church, in my home. I wanted my mother and my father to be there. I wanted to wear a white wedding dress and a veil. I wanted to have my procession to the altar serenaded by the choir in which my father sang and whose songs I knew and loved. But what I dreamt was

We were married on Sunday, May 27, 1945. Two priests, Father Hoza and Father Hrab, officiated at the double wedding. The wedding was in a chapel on the edge of the forest. Orlan and I, and Taras and

Sviatoslava, led the procession to the chapel. Behind us came several

unit commanders who had come to pay their respects to Orlan, and behind them ranks of UPA fighters. As we approached the chapel, my heart began to pound. "Farewell youth," I thought. "Farewell, my first love. I am stepping over the thresh-

old into a new life and new responsibilities, and I am scared to death that I will not know how to handle this new gift."

An honor mard came to attention as we entered the chapel. Inside.

the pews and all available space were filled to overflowing with partisans. I looked for the other women. They were there too, dressed for the occasion with flowers in their hair. Every candle in the candelabras was lit and glowing, and for a moment I was blinded.

Later I heard myself repeating after the priest, "I, Marichka, take you, Orlan," I said using his and my noms de guerre as the priest had done, but silently I substituted Vasyl for Orlan.

"I. Sviatoslava, take you, Taras," I heard Sviatoslava repeat after

the priest, and soon the ceremony was over. Not only had the women decorated the chapel for the wedding and had gone out of their way to obtain the array of candles, they had

also prepared a wedding feast at a school in the nearby village. I marveled at their efforts when they produced not only a wedding cake but

We celebrated far into the night and were guarded by two UPA sotnyas. Before dawn the merrymaking ended and partisan units disappeared into the forested hills.

During 1945, Orlan and other UPA leaders had to foe and dash with the growing entity between New and Ukranisan. This comity, which had grown thurper in the 1950, during Wisness stranger to Nieture and the property of the 1950 of the 1950 of the 1950 of the in 1921, was being shipped into warfard by the NSVD. Soon after the Valas Conference, the new frontier line was drawn. Warness amounted the repartition of erhalt Ukrainians to Western Ukraine. Ukrainian immemental, refused to badge. Often as enouby Polish village would arm immemental, refused to badge. Often as enouby Polish village would arm of the property of the property of the property of the property and will be the property of the Polish village. The Polish government and police unite became involved in the local fighting, and Ukrainian village turned to UPA units in the forces for help and protection.

I has began the battles between the UPA and the Poles. UPAs ladership awar tis units engaged in fighting the wrong enemy and take ing causatires. To halt this conditct, UPAs leadership constreted the Pole in anti-Community resistance, known as Armia Kryayor (AK). The two sides met and agreed that they had a common enemy and should direct their joint efforts against the Communits. After that, the fighting between Poles and Ukrainian decreased, but not for long.

Towards the end of 1945 conditions began to chance randit as

UPA came to understand the rack that Warsaw would adopt. Anyone supported of coperating with the UPA was arrested. As result of the repression, the activity of the Ukzainian Red Cross was cutsiled. Weening partisians were released from their units and told to settle in Polish cities and assume new identities. They were also ordered to make contact with foreign legations in Warsaw and send word west about the UPA struggle behind the descending from Curtain.

One of the major events that I remember from that year was the appearance in our camp of three couriers who had been sent by the OUN from its newly established enter in the American Zone in Germany. Two of the couriers continued into Western Ukraine, while one after conferring with Orlan returned west. The network these couriers

established would last for several years.

As UPA's activity decreased in the Zakerzon kngi. Orlan and I for

the first time since our marriage found ourselves living together, albeit with others, in a hideout outside the city of Peremyshl. Because of the

3. Marriage and Motherhood

In the full of 1945, when Orlan was creating an underground route to the West, he added me to relocate to western Poland where I would create a link on the route. He specified that this link should be a closed as possible to the Creek border, in the occulted "gined lands," the test ritories that were ceded by Germany to Poland at the end of the war. I was to establish meyel there by getting job and an a partment, which would legalize my presence. Those traveling along the underground route would use the apartment.

I set out, after trading my partisan boost for herbet dety shoes and my print for false documents. These capitoped, I crossed Folkand from east to went. As instructed, I settled in Velent Gaus, a former German to went. As instructed, I settled in Velent Gaus, a former German to went. As instructed, I settled in Velent Gaus, a former German to the Gaussian of the Gaussian Gaussian of the Gaussian Gaussian of the Gaussian Ga

"You can have my place," she said. "I'm about to leave town." She thrust a key at me and I took it gladly.

I soon discovered that she was one of those new arrivals in the code territories who took full advantage—and more—of the new law that permitted Poles to evict Germans from their homes. All a Pole had to do was register for an apartment with the local housing authority and then find one to his or her liking. This is exactly what try acquairtance at the hadroneser did, as did a number of other Poles. But there camped space that allowed no privacy, our relations remained for the most part platonic. It soom undersooned that the file as a married couple were mutually neclasive. Orden was very careful to as a married couple were mutually neclasive. Orden was very careful to maintain his repeatation as a declinated resolutionary, and his privace life in the couple of the cou

was a further twist that I soon discovered. After acquiring an apartment, the new owner would strip it of furniture and any other possessions the Germans had left when the local militia summarily evicted them. Soon thereafter, the new owner would abandon the apartment, as my acquaintance had done, move to a new area and acquire a second apartment and repeat the process of stripping it bare. The stolen possessions would then be sold on the black market. Some people did this several times until they found an apartment to their liking or had accumulated enough elderly German couple out of their spacious apartment and then had the militia help her cart away the couple's possessions. What she left behind was an iron bed, a scarred table, and a few kitchen utensils. I heard this account later from the two elderly Germans, who were relegated to one room that had its exit into the hallway. The other two adjoining rooms became mine, although I had to share the kitchen with the German couple. I registered myself with the housing authorities and started looking for a job.

I read in the local newspaper that a certain government agency was looking for a typist. Since all agencies by then had become governmental entities, I did not give the designation a second thought. When I went to apply for the job, I found a man at the address who turned out to be the agency's director. He looked me over carefully and then told me that he had not identified the governmental agency in the advertisement, but that this was the Polish Security Service, whose branch was just being established in Yelena Gura. My blood turned cold as I realized that I had applied for a job at the Polish equivalent of the Soviet NKVD, I tried to keep the conversation going while my mind searched for a way out. Soon, this director noticed my speech and asked me where I was from. I said I was from Lviv, where there had been a sizable Polish population before the war. He was not surprised, since many of the newcomers in the regained territories were from eastern provinces. He was actually pleased that I was from Lviv and was soon reminiscing about the time he had spent in Western Ukraine working the meantime. I was being consumed by fears. What if he or someone background before being given the job? I listened to him talk with a smile on my face, and even succeeded in musing enthusiastically about My guardian angel was with me that day. The director told me to come back in three days after office furniture and typewriters were delivered. Of course, I did not go back, and when I started looking for a job again. I was more careful in responding to advertisements.

For the first few days at the spartnessed Julyer on naturess without bed absent on a Shadkert, more I had more. The German woman or bed deemen or Shadkert, and the Julyer of the spartness which are trained to the spartness of t

As fall turned into early winter, I developed a routine but still field out of place. One of the problems was the language. I had studied blush in school, and most Western Ultrainius were bilingual, yet I brought in Ultrainius and wood find to open'd sing 2 Ultrainias wood when T could not think of the Phila one. I was holy in that moved when T could not think of the Phila one. I was holy in that make a single and the place of the problems of the place of

Two months into my new life, I obtained permission from Oldat one who him le Frensysh, where we specifications together. Hearned from him that General Perchysins, who debriefed me when I delivered the UPA reports to Western Unrian special sending, and Eras the name was a popular norm de gazere), who was Dunyon Maiswlys, a member of the O'N central directionate, had passed thought Permission of the O'N central directionate, had passed thought Permission of the O'N central directionate, had passed thought Permission of the O'N central directionate, had passed thought Permission of the O'N central directionate of the O'N central directionate of the O'N central direction of the O'N central directionate of the O'N central direction of t

I returned to Yelena Gura and lived there without incident until March of 1946, when I received an urgent letter from Orlan ordering me to abandon my apartment immediately. I did as I was told. I took the train to Peremyshl where I met a messenger who took me into the Carnathian mountains to Orlan.

The journey was extremely difficult. The snow was deep, and it was chanding to studie through the foreas, unifine up to the amprise in snow drift and ploiding on and on, day after day. One we enabled the studies of the studies of the studies of the studies of the studies approach it directly but had to actually jump from tree to tree, or to black pathes where snow had bloom navy or by in a thin fills, in order not leaves on years. Chief banker was in small flores on the bank the ground had detaily frozen, it was so small and low that it was presided in the studies of the studies of the studies of the stream, the banker had a small interior well. It was expiraged with a stream, the banker had a small interior well. It was expiraged with a Alway ground, the chimney page was bidden in a bank.

Soon after my arroad, Oftan told me the reason why he had to suggest yeardle me My adareas is Verban Garm my have been compromised. Soviet agents had learned of the courier more a West Germany and had infiltrated it in Crache-blooks), where the NWD set many and had infiltrated it in Crache-blooks), where the NWD of the Crache-blooks of the Crache-blooks of the Crache-blooks of the Trats was wounded and finished humself with – Idiocovered on my horemethree types of the Crache-blooks of the Gun. Ordan had given my pisant to Taras because it was small and could be easily concealed. Gereare Parcelysis had be it himself to take allow so that, one; jalled, the could pass through the private space-rise the reserve so that, one; jalled, the could pass through the private space-rise the reserve

. . . .

Soon the two men who had been living in the bunker with Orlan left on mission and Orlan and I flound ourselves alone. We were very happy for the first few days. We had much to rell each and to learn about each other in the unexpected oditing the 10th lim how lendy I had been in Yelena Gura, how not a day had passed that I had not thought of him and worried about his safety. He is turn, rold me about what I had happened in the OUN and the UPA during my absence. Most of what he told me was said, incee three had been many deaths.

A week passed, and we had not gone above ground. The entrance to the bunker had been masked when the others had left, and it could not be opened until they feturned. The problem was that there was no be masked from the inside. (A popular method that came into use later was to have a small conifer planted in a tub to disguise the entrance to a bunker. The conifer could be lifted from below into the hole that served as the entrance.) In any event, such refinements were in the future and we had to wait until the others returned before we could venture out. I became bored and claustrophobic and could not type, while Orlan kept on working on his projects. The smoke from the kerosene lamp irritated my eyes, which turned red. I thought that I would rather be above ground in the cold forest than underground in this bunker that seemed like a cage. I felt fatigued, I had a headache, I missed daylight, ing restlessness and depression.

"I could give almost anything to spend an hour above ground." I blurted out one day. "I haven't seen daylight in a week."

"I haven't seen it in three months," Orlan said quietly. I felt ashamed of myself.

In April, when the snow began to melt and the forest floor around the bunker emerged in soggy black patches, Orlan and I began to spend an hour a day aboveground. The first time I went out, I discovered something was wrong with my evesight-the sky was green, my skin was green. I sat for an hour in the sun, and slowly my vision corrected

A UPA bunker became both a place to escape detection by the enemy and a deadly trap when unmasked. The best place to dig a banker was on a stream bank. A stream provided a safe access route to a bunker, A partisan would wade into the stream far below the bunker and make his way through the water that hid both his tracks and his scent in the event the enemy came with bloodhounds. Bunkers were first used by the leaders and only later by the remnants of partisan groups. In 1946, UPA still commanded companies of one hundred men who lived in camps above ground, often in the same forests where the bunkers of the leaders were located. However, only the company commander would know the existence of a leader's bunker, but sometimes even he was not informed. It was imperative that the location of bunkers remain secret, When a new one was to be built, partisans from a different district were they were brought to the site bindholded.

A banker was being the queen time deep sole, then bailding one A banker was being the queen time for the will not deep ortent the cilling. A banker had two entrances, air vents, and a mothous-After it was built, it was overend with earth, and the ground above it was replatted with granes and shrubs to that the banker's presence could not be deterent in a curney wareful of the forest. Busher building was a difficult and extended endower. The countroction was understanding the country of the country

....

I became prognant and espected the child before the end of the year. I had not been certific Orini Manuel himself. We both knew that I faced a difficult life. I would have to leave Orlan to have the child. and I night be fareful to rais the child alone, "Via millie Orlan, I was all a ling he fareful to rais the child alone, "Via millie Orlan, I was titued it was, who were living alone with their children. I decided that I was, who were living alone with their children. I decided hat I would get a job is some until 1000 with 0 Polani, legally and have the buly. Occasionally I would with Orlan, rat least, correspond with him and case what life would being. I was revery and all of ground with him and use what life would being. I was revery and all of

My pregnancy was already showing when one night, Myrotlav Soroka, whose nom de guerre was Prakh, came to the bunker to report the arrival of a visitor. Ptakh was Orlan's closed friend and assistant. He variously served as a bodyguard and a secretary. He was a mild, smilling man, seled one to take unbrage, but the visitor had gotten him annoyed. He described her as a "Cossack woman with a carbine slung across her shoulder" who "liked to give orders."



The note she had given Ptakh was signed "Bystra." "Bystra?" I cried. "I know her.

She was one of my early OUN instructors."

"Well, show her in," Orlan told Ptakh, who eventually returned with

We had not seen each other in years, but she immediately noticed me sitting to one side in the back. She

sitting to one side in the back. She also noticed my condition.
"Maria," she cried and ran to me and began kissing me, her military

and began kissing me, her military stance forgotten.

She told us that Taras Chu-

She told us that Taras Chuprynka (Roman Shukhevych), the

Myoslav Soroka, whose nom de guerre was "Ptakh," was Orlanand Maria's bodyguard and friend. West Germany. The note for Orlan

West Germany. The note for Orlan from Chuprynka asked that he assist Bystra in her passage through Poland.

She assured me that she would be back and asked that I wait to

She assured me that she would be back and asked that I wait to baptize the baby until her return so that she could be the baby's godmother. I agreed. When she left, I told Orlan about my promise.

"Baptize the child at once," Orlan said.
"Don't you think she will come back?" I cried.

"We'll see," Orlan replied and shrugged.

"You don't think she will come back," I said, surprised.

I realized now that Orlan's attitude toward couriers going west

was similar to that of the rank-and-file partisan. It was suspicious and ambivalent. Occasionally I had overheard partisans asking a departing courier, "Are you really going to come back?" Since the route through Czechoslovakia had been compromised,

Since the route through Czechoslovskia had been compromised, Orlan did not know how to send Bystra, and she stayed in Peremyshl while Orlan tried to arrange something. In the meantime, I had to make a trip to Krakow, where I visited Father Hrab, one of the priests who had officiated at our wedding. His parish had been dispersed when the reseasant in his area were desorted to Western Ukraine as part of the population reshuffing following the drawing of the Curron Line. Father Hash had managed to styp behind and had relocated in Krakow where he had become the paster of a Ukrainian Carbolic Charch. The church was on the ground fine of a tow- tenty building, while Father Irinh and sain prices who was from Carcholorakia but was sympathetic to use cancer. I stack him if he would take a woman who needed to get a concern the contract of the contract of the product of the prod

Catholic clergy. Although the priests generally sympathized with the partisans, they nevertheless seldom understood why we continued to fight in the face of the overwhelming odds. "Children," they would say,

you will all die and be lost.

permans, however, were innoved that the pretest shi not claimthey understood that they could not gain as severeign Ukrain in the political conditions or post-war. Europe, yet they could not handen what they believed in They sugged. If It antion cannot stand up for itself and challenge the involen, then then nation well not tree not of slevery and challenge the involen, then the nation well not tree not of slevery and challenge the involen, then the nation will not tree not of slevery believed to the national standard to the second of the believed that the present second of the second of the believed that the purpose the three the table in around the believed that the purpose the second of the second of the Ukrainsian resistance to the Wort, UPA and OUN leaders believed that the pursion of the second of the University of the second of the

As I look back over the years, I will argue that Ukraine would not have become independent in 1991 had it not possessed the memory of the bloody and bitter UPA was. However muligred and discredited the UPA and the OUVA had been at home and in the West PS society propaganda in the intervening forty-five years, nonetheless the memory of resistance remained inguined in the antional memory. I counteracted the fatalism of the Ukrainian Slav and helped him make the move for freedom when powerside and glausare Collipsed.

There was one more reason, in addition to that of national pride and ideology, for the partisan war. Resistance to the Soviet regime by peasants who were supported by the UPA delayed for at least two crucial years the forced collectivization of land in Western Ukraine and probably prevented a famine. Forced collectivization had caused the Great Famine in Eastern Ukraine in 1932 and 1933. Collectivization that was implemented in Moldavia and southern Ukraine in 1946 and 1947 brought with it famine in which tens of thousands starved. although Moscow attributed the failed crops to the ravages of the war. In any event, what was a young man to do if he had the misfortune to come of age and live in Ukraine between 1939 and 1945? During the German occupation, he would have been conscripted for slave labor in Germany if he did not escape into the forest. During the two Soviet occupations, he would have been inducted into the Red Army if he did not seek shelter in the forest. He knew that if the Red Army took him. he would not be trained or given weapons but would be sent to the front for "cannon fodder." Whether he wanted or not, this young man would die fighting for Stalin, for collectivization. Is it surprising, then, that many young men chose to fight in the resistance, in the UPA? At least then, they believed, they were fighting for their nation, for their land, not for the Soviet empire. Bystra went west alone, while I settled in the town of Gnezno

Bystra went west alone, while I settled in the town of Gnezon where a friend from my school days and her husband lived. I gave birth to a son on December 15, 1946. I followed Orlan's advice and had the baby baptized immediately. I named him Zenon, after his father's first nom de guerre.

Later, Ptakh would confide to me that when Orlan received my letter with the news, he raised his head and shouted so that everyone in the bunker looked up. He shouted only one word, "son." And he had assured me that he did not care whether the child was a girl or a boy. I gave birth in the Graceno hospital and news quickly spread that

the bay's birth in the Gareno hospital side new questly spreas that the bay's birth criticate did not list a fifted. Genus was a conserved to the control of the control of

There was no way to arrange a meeting with Orlan in the winter. He spent winter in a bunker, and I received letters from him sponsifically, only when partisans delivering food and mail visited the bunker. I looked forward to each letter with enormous longing, and I could experience no greater joy than the moment when I discovered a letter in the mailbox.

In February 1947 the UPA killed Polisi General Karlo Swetchweik, and the antipartism outery filled all Polisi howevapeers. The antipartism anti-Uzrainian agitation grees, and the Polisi government mobilized troops to sweep through the terroines inhabited primarily by Ukrainians. In March, I received a letter from Orlan informing me that he and his new habe been undered by General Tara Charlogytak, communior in which of the UPA, to have the Zadersen dext and communication where United Section Workship and the Section Section 1981.

The news devastated me. If Orlan went into Ukraine and I staved

in Poland, I would not see him again. I saw the orders as a death sentence for our marriage. Orlan also wrote that he would like to see his son before his departure, and he asked me to come and bring the baby with me. Thus, just before Easter, I took the baby and boarded a series of trains to Peremyshl. The trains were overcrowded and unheated. Windows were broken, and no one would help the baby and me. I have heard people say that suffering ennobles the human spirit, but I don't think that it is true. It was not true in postwar Poland, People were crude and rude, as if the finer nuances of civilized and heloful behavior had been erased during the war. I saw a young father slip the conductor money for a place in the wagon that carried the mail. I followed the conductor and the couple to that wagon and, as I tried to climb in, the young man pushed me so hard that I fell off the stairs onto the platform, the baby in my arms. I don't know how I did it, but my rage at his lack of civility gave me enormous strength. I jumped up and, clutching the baby and his little pram. I pushed my way in somehow.

Pakh met me in Peremyshl and took the baby and me by cart to an outhing willage. That night Ordin came to see us. It was disappointed by his reaction, he stood in front of us and could not say anything. He would not took the baby. He just stared at us as if he were a simpleton. Finally, he blurred out, "He looks like me." He was right—Zenon was a copy of his father.

my arms. We spent the rest of the night talking. He left before dawn,



Zenon in May 1947.

and neither he nor I had the premonition that he would not see Zenon ever again. In the morning, the baby and I returned to Peremyshl.

meet one more time on May 15 on the outskirts of Peremyshl. I was not to come to the rendez-She would then leave me and report to Orlan, who would

Maria and Orlan with their first son time, I returned to Krakow, where I thought the baby and I would be

4. Loss of the Firstborn Son

In Krakow, I stepd with Father Had, although I was aware that I was endangering the buly and myself. But I had nowhere else to go, as I was writing for a courier whose name was Gens. She had found a family that was willing to take in the buly and me. She was also going to arrange transportation for the buly and me to our new home. I had negeted for to content me earlier, but the had not, and I had not the state of the

Ukrainius. The police were hounding Ukrainius who had fled to Knkow from the Zakerzen heir, Leed Ukrainius as well as those living in Katowice and other cities came to Krakow to learn what was happening in the Zakerzen heir, incen newspapers, alterady under Communist control, were silent about the unfolding Polish offensive againer the UPA. Word had speed that Pather Hrab had excellent connections and would know the latest news. I was sure that Polish agents had also heard about Father Hrab.

I wanted to leave the parish house, yet I had nowhere to go. I knew two families in Krakow, but I thought they were also under surveillance and were afraid to take the baby and me in. I had no other choice but to wait for Gena at the parish house.

The first inkling of the impending disaster came with the news of Pather Hoza's arrest. Father Hoza was a personal friend of Orlan's and had been the second priest who had officiated at our wedding. A few most acatier, Father Hoza had confided to Orlan that had obtained documents he planned to use to book passage on a ship bound for America. He was arrested in Gdansk, just as he was about to bound the ship. I know that, is some extent, Pather Hoan had brought the arrest upon himself, because he had not been circumspect in his movement or his comment. He had diveglach his pans not only to Orlan bot also to others. Father Hoa said that Father Hoan's entire parish knew his intentions. I recalled that Orlan had warmed Father Hoan about the consequences of lower talk, but he must have disregarded the warming, and and other world follow. I seem is carried to the said of the consequences of lower talk, but he must have disregarded the warming, and and after world follow. I seem is carried to more sourcise.

Early on Monday, May 11, 1992, four days before the scheduled rendereous with Ordan. I was studies at the window of my second-sury room when I aw four men in civilian clothing consoning the street of the contract of the co

mose, or y no and suppose due to the largest would speak it and the Mercere visitors came to the door, one of the agents would speak it and invested the suppose of the sup

the house on parish business were arrested.

Everyone was kept in the house until evening, and only when it became dark did the police remove the prisoners in unmarked cars. Left behind was Father Denko, who was in bod, the nun, and little Zeono and I. During the day; I had saked if I could go out to bay milk for the baby, but I was told on. Instead, one of the plaincobteniem took my money and went and bought the milk. Three plaincibeteniem strayed at the house all night, and lights were left on in every role left on in the course of the plaincobteniem strayed as the house all night, and lights were left on in every role for on its every role.

I didn't know why I had not been taken away with the rest. Whis it because they believed my documents or because of the bully? The agents stayed most of the time in the large front room, but every so often one of them would come to see mad we would tall. He treated me as if I were Polish and seemed to say that once the "operation" was over, I would be let go. The only thing he did not understand, he sid, is why a "Polish woman would stop in a Utzrianian parish bouse." Of course, from the beginning I had conversed with the agents in Polish.

For two days and two nights, I lived with my serves strang to perhading. I awa masswidable trapely unfolding. I know that at my amount I would be discovered. Among those arrested were at least free ties one of them would better; me II I live efficiency of the conquences were extremely green, At this time, the Communities controlled government double hardly, with captured Unisaina partisons. They were quences were extremely green, At this time, the Communities controlled government double hardly, with captured Unisaina partisons. They were government double hardly, with captured the congenerated the controlled of the controlled of the conquences of the controlled of the cont

Early on the third day, a sedan pulled up in front of the parish house, and three men in ill-made suits came into the house. From their dress and their conduct I knew they were Soviet intelligence officers. I also knew who they were after. They came directly to see me, a swage glee in their eyes. "Well, hello, Marichka, How are you?" one of them said to me in

Ukrainian. He was blond and wore a gray suit.
"I don't know any Marichka," I replied in Polish.

"I don't know any Marichka," I replied in Polish.

He laughed and asked me who I was then.

Although I knew that my false identity no longer protected me, I clung to it anyway and gave him the name on the documents.

"But we even know the names of the two priests who officiated at

your wedding," he chided me. "So why are you being stubborn?" He and his two companions were in a good mood, openly pleased with themselves.

The agent in the gray suit ordered the other two to search my room. Then he turned to the baby who was watching everything with large, curious eyes, and said, "How are you, little Orlan?"

Soon the agents found several photographs of Orlan, money, and

up and I continued on to the kitchen. I heated some water and brought it back to my room. I put the pot down and picked up the baby who had begun to cry when I left the room. "Now, now," I coocd. "I'll give you a bath. Don't cry, darling." I placed the baby back in the pram and were back to the kitchen for the weath basis.

I know that I would try to except. I was ready to die if this is what it sook to chale imprisonment and interrogation. I know the police would fortune me to get information about my busidead. They would try to force me to betwy him. But the bably How could I should ham? you force me to betwy him. But the bably How could I should ham? signin. Pethaps in a few days they would bring him to me to weaken my will and my resolve, to get to his father. They would use the didd to bargini with me: the child or the father. They would promise me a part of it is the proposal of th

On my second trip to the kitchen, the agent did not follow me. Again I stepped into the little room and said sharply to Father Denko, "Open the window. Now."

I then continued on to the kitchen where I turned on the faucet and knocked the basin hard against the sink so that the men in other room could hear what I was doing and where I was. On the way back, I looked in on Father Denko again. "Not this

way," he whispered. "You'll either fall and be killed or they will capture you. 'He glanced over my shoulder toward a door that led to the back corridor, which was seldom used. 'There,' he said and gestured with his head. Yes, he was right, I had not thought of that escape route. The back

Yes, he was right. I had not thought of that escape route. The back corridor opened on a flight of stairs that led up to a garret. In the garret there was a window and not too great a drop to the courtyard.

Instantly, I put down the basin and ran into the corridor. I dashed up the stairs, opened the window, and jumped through it. I found myself in a rectangular courtyard surrounded by the rear facades of other houses. I ran to a gate that led to a house directly in front of me, but it on real documents. I now realized that my worst facts had come true and that I would not be reparated from my bulg and katen to point and that I would not be reparated from my bulg and katen to prime for interruption. Everything was over. I looked at the bulg and a sharp warmed. I at stoom by the parm that also occurs of a the bully of the my marked and the condition of the my eyes off the child. For the first time since his birth, I consignated myself the worstige to have a child "How darded I in such in the condition of the c

not make myself think or move.

The man in the gray usit went to the door and called to the three agents. When they filed into the room, they looked at me with new interest. This is when I realized that they had not known until now who I was. So, I reasoned, I must have been betrayed last night when someone amone those arrested book under interrocation. My fate was

The man in the gray suit told me to get ready.

"And the haby?" What will happen to the haby?" I cried starting

"That's not for you to know," he said. "He will be taken care of."

His words sent an electric shock through my body and my heart.

I think this was the first time I realized the full gravity of the situation. I had to act.

"Before we go, I have to give the baby a bath," I said calmly and associated up I didn't and the mid I could, I simply said I would and headedly would not soot one. Although the man in the gray suit motioned to one of his men to follow me.

I had only a few seconds to put my plan into action. Next to the

I had only a few seconds to put my plan into action. Next to the kitchen was a smill room where the sick 'kather Denko lyon a cor. He was very pale and looked up at me with fright when I stepped into his room. Losew that the room had a window that overlooked a busy street. Just outside the window were electric cables for the rolley. This was Vistual Street. I rurned to the sick man and whispered. "I'm going to escape through this window."
"It's impossible," Ether Denko began and was about to add some-

"It's impossible," Father Denko began and was about to add some thing else, but at that moment the agent that was told to follow me cam was locked. I knew that at any moment the agents would discover my escape and either come after me or start shooting through the garret window. I looked up at the building in front of me and saw a woman looking down from a window.

"Lady, please help me," I cried. "Open the gate."

"Run to the next gate," she called to me and pointed in the direction I should take. This is when I realized that the courtyard has served an adjoining building. I dashed across the courtyard, passed through the gate into the other building, and in another moment found mysell on the street. I began to walk quickly.

In effect to think about the child I had left behind. I concentrated on what I had to it must. It was impossive that I get out of Kalakes, on what I had to it must. It was impossive that I get out of Kalakes fifty kilometre act of Kalakes. How was I going to get from here to there! I model more got transportation, but I had should, except the there? I model more got transportation, but I had should get expent was sense as the real began. But I habit. What should I do more! Both the Philip applies and the MYD Othe South Department of Internal Affine that was operating in Kalakes or this time! base what I would had to it of, discovery, where was no mother way of getting to Premarily on time to renderson with Other Money. I almed down to a brick was shall be my and the properties. When you may be more than the left was shall be my mid-my transport.

walk while my mind kept reporting. Memicy, money. You need to get message. But the mover, I remembered that last fall I had left Studied with a Public acquisitation in Kirkow Otlash best suit, the one way the properties of the properties of the properties in Public and and the entire van of a fine material and in good condition, In fact, Otlash had given it to no to sell and use the proceeds to live on if my circumstances became difficult. The time had arrived to sell the suit.

Using side streets, I reached my acquaintance's spartment. She was at the CV talked a bit, I said I was sheet of money and offered to sell her the suit. She bought the pants for 500 zlorys, which was half what they were worth, but I did not care. I decided to keep the jacket. I would put it on to hide the dress I was warring and by which I could be recognized and identified. I tried to conduct myself normally, charted with the woman for a few more minure, then said cool-by wand left.

Now that I had money for a train or a bus ticket, I considered the alternatives. I could take a bus, but that was not a good idea, because the police often stopped buses and checked the documents of the passengers. This had happened when I had returned to Krakow after exesengers. This had happened when I had to take the train. Okay, in go Urlan. If the bus was too risky, then I had to take the train. Okay, I would take the rain, but not from Krakow. By most her train station were would be under surveillance. I would leave Krakow used to the train station that the train at a dope cast of the city.

Using side streets and allow, I made my way to the bridge across the Vistan nase Mwwl. Lerosoft the bridge and, keeping to alse streets and alleys, again beated east through Zavidia. I had no map, but I had been to Kealow several times to deliver partisis mad or to meet with couriers and had memorized sections of the city. Although I did not know exactly where I was, I had a general idea in which direction to the street of the courier of the city and found by the streets of the city and found.

mprelf on the main road going eart. Although I was hongy and included not rough reached the first triat satisfions after Karkow at disk. By now, I had worked out a plan. I was not going to buy a ticket for a direct ratio in Permyshl, decasa the poller worked be looking for me on such a train. Instead, I bought a ticket for Reselow, Later, I would earth the train from Renabow Perceyold. At the action, the clerk told me that I had missed the evening train and that the next train was not until the menting. I was disappointed because I had hoped to take the night train, which was never well fit, and hole in the shadows from pring eyes.

train, which was never well lit, and hole in the shadout from project.

Several people as it the statistics visualization of many fallowing place near them. I was alone not for long. A railroad guard came over to take to me, With typical Dolish naiverb, the sarted to pay me compliments and court me. I feigened interest in him, since it was better to be seen of the same of the

with a sympatetic expression. He was now pouring out his innermost secret. He conferred that he had a gifterfient with whom he hall lived, but the left him and he did not miss her any more. Then he told are that he found me attractive. In fact, he said, this could be love at first sight. He sweet he was not bying and that his intentions were serious and honorable. He insisted that he would visit me on Sunday and aluted for my address. I gave him one. Let him look me up on Sunday. He

finally went home, and I fell asleep.

In the morning, I bourded the Rezelhov train and without incident role until the stop outside the town. Here I got off and walked to the town of not. On the ways, I passed a Chatolic church and strepped inside to pray. Only the Lord could help me out of the predicament in which to the predicament in which a train for Peremyall and where, I was certain, local police were checking documents. I astendard settion where Could board as train for Peremyall and where, I was certain, local police were checking documents. I states, I, whatde through the town. I bought as lies

cream and ate it as I headed east.

I was sower that the closer I came to the frontier, the harber it would be to coape notice and arrest. I was approximage an area where the police motionly motioned the movement of people and were especially interest expected in the control of the

When the train came, I go to and tried to set normally, although Uses on edge. Lawer year face would be decided in the eart fee bown on this train. I would either reach my destination, or I would be sported and arrested. The miss was ringight arts that took passengers. The wagons were not divided into comparaments. Instead, benefits were wagons were not divided into comparaments. Instead, benefits were wagons were not divided into comparaments. Instead, benefits were wagons were not divided into comparaments. Instead, benefits were wagons were not divided into comparaments. Instead, benefits were wagons were not divided into comparaments. Instead, benefits were trained in early one part and which course at the eart of the wagon. I set down and tried not to look around. However, I was terms and soon fell soonsone evering me. I raised my year and was three to men in the group by the foot were customing, me carefully. I've only my imagination, I was a set of the comparament of the comparament of the comparament of the second many comparaments. I want to the comparament of the comparament of the second many comparaments of the comparaments of the comparaments of the comparaments of the second many comparaments of the comparaments of the comparaments of the comparaments of the second many comparaments of the comparaments of the comparaments of the second many comparaments of the comparam In a few minutes, the two men left the group and began whispering to each other. At the next stop, one of them got off. "Thank God," I said. But my relief was short lived. At the following stop, the man who had gotten off, got back on together with two companions, Plainclothes police. Now there were four of them. They examined me carefully, but when they saw me looking at them, they immediately turned away. I kept trying to calm myself by reassuring myself that I was imagining their interest in me, but the longer I watched their behavior, the more I became convinced that I had fallen once again into police hands. The train wagon had a door on either side and now, as we neared each ways. They would come back into the wagon only after the train started moving again. At first their movements seemed natural, since many passengers, especially those that appeared to be traveling from a great distance, would come to the doors when the train stopped and some would actually get off and walk around on the platform to stretch their legs. However, only the four men who were interested in me repeated this "dance" to and from the doors at every stop. I was now convinced that the police had recognized me. For the

time being they did not bother me, only watched so that I would not concept when the trains stopped. I had no doubt that them one most end-thin intelligence agents, or perhaps even Soviet agents. I knew what would happen. As soon as the train resched Perremyhl and I riest to get off, they would arrest me. They probably looked for me on late get off, they would arrest me. They probably looked for me on late and the sound of the sound of the sound that they would arrest me. They probably looked for me on late and the sound of the sound that t

adventures, I hardly looked either relaxed or normal.

depaired. Lines V would not let them then affect would commit studied by the best of the studied of the studied commitsatisfies of the short. Litepernetly looked around for a way to die. I studsisted to the short. Litepernetly looked around for a way to die. I studture. I would take the razer to the better and cut are yet-ine. But that was stupid. How did I know the man had a razor? And even if he did, how would he respond to my strange propert? No, sincide was stupid. I would try to get away at one of the frequent steps, but that, too, was not wise. This would only lastern my array, and I should try to remain free for a long as possible. What I had to do was act before my fate was decided for me. Next to me, the last wagons of the train round by and the draft they created blew the kind of my dress over my head. I think that the strong, cold draft brought me back to comciousness. After a few more segondh, relational warms dated. It experimentally moved my body. I was alive! The instinct for self-preservation took over. I had to get away, but in the next instant. I was commond with far. What if I could not get up! What if my legs were broken? I was affail of that more than a traying the k. Green input! to sit up. The I stood by outstood, or a strong the control of the control of the control of the was that I could not see out of my right eye. But that idah's matter at the moment. I was alies and I could now.

"The alree" I whispered to myself as I looked around. In the distance, the train had once to a hirt and more remuning from it toward me. They were about a kilometer away, far enough for me to have a chance a contraming them. I now, mo peratings and decided on the direction in which I should run. My mind was weeking owe. I scenn-represent the second of the state of the second of

sing in the fields and observing my flight, shouted at me at 1 ran past time. This made me accelerate although, I was burely able to each my breach. I fliastly reached the farm, but in offered no shelter. Days were proposed to the first time of the first time of the first time of the proposed to the farm, but in offered no shelter. Days were part to the first time of the first the found to the part for the found to the part for the found to the part for the found to the first the first the found to the first the

I must have passed out. I only remember that I lay in the fields of oats for a long, long time. I knew that if the police found me, I would not let them take me away. I would dig myself with my nails into the ground and they would have to use showlet to pry me loose. I would never let go, and they would have to kill ime before they could move me. Not too far from the field ran a major road I had recognized. This was the road that the Polish army used to transport Ukrainian peasants to the holding concentration-type camp near Resehov prior to their resettlement in the new territories in the west. Every time a truck approached the field where I lay, it seemed that it would stop and its occupants would come for me. But I had no strength even to crawl away. An hour owner assess desort I came to mweeff, Still beins motioned.

An isour or more passed to thest claim to myoter. Such type moderns for each own. In other memory of my body. The right with of my hand, so that the such as the s

Thus, I lay on the ground, face down, until evening. When dusk came, I began to think abour what to do next. How was I to get to Orlan? As I mapped out my course, I suddenly heard a man's voice above me. Someone was touching me with his foot. I did not move, did not respond. The police had found me after all.

"Well, why are you asleep?" the man asked in Polish.

"What do you want from me?" I retorted, but did not move. "I'll not move." I spoke in Ukrainian. I did not feel like pretending I was Polish anymore.

"Oh, so you are the woman who jumped from the train," the man said, surprised by his find." I thought it peculiar that my neighbor Hanka went for a walk in the fields and went to sleep in the oats. Don't be afraid," he tried to reassure me, "I'm not the police. They were in the village questioning people, but no one told them where you ran."

I sat up immediately.

The man took me to a loose that stood alone at the edge of the field, agood distance from the road. He shade the woman to let me sleep in her house. She was a widow, a Baptin, every poor. She had no food to give me except for a pixther of our milk. I drank it, a bloogh I was not hungry. I spent the night on the Boor on some hop because the woman date may been used to have a superior of the shear of the shear woman date may been used to have a superior of the shear of the woman date may been used to have a superior of the shear of the sound of the shear of the shear of the shear of the shear of the sound that the shear of dead and visiting gravesites, and the fields were deserted. I still that about thirty kilometers to go to rendervous tonight with Orlan. I decided to wall this distance. Both trains and bases would be closely guarded and, in any event, I had no money. The zlotys I received in Krakow were still in the pocket of Orlan's jucker that I left in the corner of the train wagoo. I made my way across fields, which ran between the allowal line and the read. I was following the rallocal fine toward

When I came across a farm, I stopped to ask for something to eat. I was given some coffee that was sweetened with honey and a piece of bread. The people asked me what had happened to my right yee, and I said that a horse had kicked me. They asked no other questions, and I

I walked the entire day. The day turned out hot; the sun beat down mercilessly. I was thirsty and looked for ditches along the way. Whenever I found one, I fell into it face down and gulped the muddy water to relieve my parched mouth and throat.

I reached the outstirrs of Frennyshi in the evening and crited the mon towards the Sin Rever. All day I had worried how I way soing to get across the river. The Sian bridge had been dynamiced using the way, and peoply and boost and arist to cross. It would not be wire to a sea, and peoply and boost and arist to cross. It would not be wire to be a season of the sea

I forded the river at dusk without any difficulties and sat down on the opposite bath, in relief. My tree was almost over. All I had to do was go up several hillocks to the burial mound that had been exerced in memory of UEstainan soldiers who fell in World Wat I. That mound was where we had agreed to rendersous. I reached the mound after dark, as at down of the path in some brambles, and waiter. The night dragged on, and soon I was worried. Had something happened to Otlan and his group? Where were the scouts who were to rendersous here?

would come to the rendezvous with Orlan and report where I was staying. Now I looked around for her but saw no one. Some time around midnight, I heard a movement, then the hoot of an owl. This was the signal. I cupped my hands and hooted a response. I left my hiding place and saw Ptakh and Liuty. In a few moments, Hanna and Areta, another partisan courier, emerged from the shadows. Areta said she had come by train with mail for Orlan. The two women had arrived at the rendezvous earlier but had not looked for me because they had not expected me. They had lain nearby under a blanket while I had sat shivering in the brambles. The two men were late because they had become lost, although both knew the countryside well. They had gone so far north that they reached the cemetery and only then discovered that they had gone too far and had to double back.

"What are you doing here?" Ptakh asked me in alarm "What's hap-

I had run up and hugged him, overcome with relief that finally I was among friends. I didn't know where to begin my story and told it haphazardly, blurting out my escape from Krakow, my plunge from the train, my agony about the baby I left behind. They listened to me in silence, in dismay, in alarm. When I finished. Ptakh hugged me again and said. "I'm proud of

you." He took off his army jacket and gave it to me. Then we set out toward the forest.

But I could no longer walk. I had forded the river and reached the meeting point on sheer willpower, but now an incredible tiredness enveloped me. I tripped and fell every few steps. Finally the two men took me under the arms and carried me to the edge of the forest. Here we waited for Orlan. As we waited. Ptakh told me about the battles the group had fought in recent days and about the growing shortage of food that was beginning to plague all partisan groups. There had been many deaths as well as many heroic acts

Orlan came before daybreak.

"Where's the baby?" he cried.

His was a reasonable question, but it cut me to the quick. Whenever I had a moment to remember, I reproached myself for abandoning the baby, and in Orlan's first question I heard censure and rebuke. I wanted Orlan to ask me about what had happened to me, how I had been injured, how I had reached him, before going straight for the deepWe waited until dawn before we entered the forest. We did this in order to be able to see and mask our tracks. Orlan was convinced that the forest would be searched after daybreak and, if the enemy found our tracks, they would follow us to the hideout. We reached the hideout almost at once. Orlan had located it in a

large thicker of brambles in a field overgrown with thick under load to a good locasome distance from the forest Strategically, it was both a good locasome distance from the forest Strategically, it was both a good location on the strategical to the stra

Once inside, Orho and I sat apart, and I sold him in detail what all dappened. Often literated to me sitently and in shock, When I sat happened of Anni literated to me sitently and in shock, When I sat happened of the site of the site

"Look around," Orlan said to me. "We are not the only ones who lost loved ones. A day does not pass without a new disaster, a new atrocity by the Poles."

Ouietly be told me about the battles in which he had fought and

the friends that we had four. I literock, and my aching heart filled and overflowed with anguint. It seemed that our tragedy merged into the overflowed with anguint. It seemed that our tragedy merged into the river of grif and agony of the entire nation. Although this realization did not case my anguint, it helped an live with it. I have with Olan personal tragedy. Ordin, especially, had to remain strong and focused. Let had become the lacet of all the entiroling partians groupe in the southern services of the Zadezan Josi. Pospic continually sought hidesy and the properties of the properties of the properties of the southern services of the properties of the properties of the southern services of the properties of the properties of the southern services. The properties of the properties of the southern services of the properties of the properties of the sand the loss of the laby as a tragedy in a stream of other tragedion, a managed do go on It took a long time before freeders of the services of managed do go on It took a long time before freeders of the managed do go on It took a long time before freeders of the managed do go on It took a long time before freeders of the managed do go on It took a long time before freeders of the painted had it not been for the guitness and love of the man I had married almost two years caller.

5. Communist Terror

During 1947, a Polish-Soviet offensive that became known in Polish history as Operation Wisla decimated the UPA in the Zakerzan the local peasantry which provided the partisans with both intelligence and food. Thus, throughout the late spring and summer of 1947, the Polish Army and its NKVD reinforcements systematically emptied Ukrainian villages by exiling those Ukrainians who had not agreed to be repatriated to Western Ukraine after the Curzon Line became the new Polish-Soviet frontier in 1945. Now the remaining Ukrainians were loaded onto trucks and taken to holding concentration camps, then shipped northwest to resettle the territories ceded to Poland by Germany after the war. The UPA units coming to a village would find devastation and emptiness. There was no food to be had and no hope of food in the future. As the villages were emptied, Polish army units swept into the forests to confront UPA forces. The enemy's strength was tenfold, and UPA units suffered unprecedented losses. Thus, in the middle of 1947, the UPA High Command ordered its detachments to abandon the Zakerzon krai. Several of the surviving UPA groups were ordered to turn west, cross the Czech border, and fight their way across Europe to freedom. Their mission, like that of the many couriers that had been sent in the past two years, was to publicize the struggle of the Ukrainian nation against Stalin and the Soviet system. Months later we would learn that the assignment given these fighting groups had been nearly impossible to fulfill, although the men, as well as their leaders. tried valiantly. Soon after the forced marches west began, Soviet authorities realized what was happening. Not only did the UPA groups have to fight the Polish army that blockaded the country's western frontier, once they managed to cross into Crechoulovakis they were also better by the Czech Army whose units were bothered by Sovieti enistience, ments. The cassatties were borrife. Most of the partisans died on their way to Weet Centrusy. Sometimes only one or two near nervied from large several soryue commanders, were captured and put on show trials, either in Crechoulovskie or in Palind. A few men, the remnants of entire places, and the commanders of the control of the places of the control of the places of the control of the control of the control of the control of the places of the control of the control of the control of the control of the places of the control of the control

The UPA units that remained faced an equally bleak future. They were ordered to fight their way across the frontier into Ukraine, where they would strengthen existing UPA forces. For a time, the Zakerzon



Roman Shukhevych, whose nom de guerre was "Taras Chuprynka," was the commander in chief of the UPA.

krai reinforcements enabled the groups in Ukraine to continue to wage a guerrilla war. As mentioned before,

Arman facility of the control of the

and re-ignite their patriolic ardor. I marveled as I watched these meetings from a dim corner of our historu. Besides Orlan, there was so other partisan leader of high rank left in Poland. This was Stiah (Varoulav Straukh), who operated in the areas north of Peremyhl. As communications became increasingly sporadic, Orlan often was forced to act alone. Almost every night he left to meet couriers or confer with group commanders.

In May 1947 Orlan received a message from Stiah requesting a meeting. Orlan and I, together with Ptakh, set out. A platoon of UPA soldiers helped us cross the Sian River on May 27, a date I remember because it was our second wedding anniversary. We traveled for several nights, sleeping and resting during the day, then marching from sunset to sunrise. Since we carried no food, we detoured at night into newly planted gardens to pick sprouted onions and occasionally potatoes that had been planted as seedlings. We resorted to this petry thievery because ourselves in the daytime to buy food from local peasants. It was imperative to maintain our passage secret, since the countryside was filled with Polish army units, which could decimate us. We hid in the forests and only occasionally in hideouts at Ukrainian homesteads. These had been built in the early days of the resistance and were still used by local partisans when they left the forests to come to the villages to obtain provisions. We almost fell into Polish hands while resting at one of these hideouts and escaped capture by sheer luck. As the days passed, Orlan grew increasingly worried so, when we began encountering Polish patrols every day, he halted our journey. He decided to go on alone with a bodyguard he chose from our escorts and ordered Ptakh and me to return to our hideout in the brambles near Peremyshl.

and Stepony, who sever both an bodypard and an experience was undershaulted and Stepony, who were both an bodypard and a provider. Our existence was difficult. Every second night, one of the new would wratter out in search of food. Lake thry was dangerous since Polish Army units blocked the roads and paths leading to the city. Not a night would are allowed to the condition of t

We are mostly poratoes. Occasionally one of the men would bring back porridge or lard, and sometimes bread. During the day, when it received a letter from Offan directing them to return to Peremyshl for

Orlan finally arrived in August. His first words were, "Thank God you are safe. We were afraid that you might have been betrayed." He told us that Vyshynski had reached Stiah before Orlan's arrival, and Stiah barely escaped alive. Several men who were dressed like partisans accompanied Vyshynski, When stopped by Stiah's lookouts, Vyshynski where he had met Vyshynski a year earlier, but ordered his men to go ahead of him and bring Vyshynski alone to the meeting. Although

Vyshynski insisted on taking his "protection" with him, Stiah's men "First, the mail from Orlan," Stiah had said to Vyshynski and

obeyed orders and Vyshynski arrived alone. Stiah's cold voice momentarily panicked the other man. "I left it with my men," Vyshynski began to explain, and Stiah

immediately sensed that something was not right. He asked a few other questions, then suddenly turned to his men and ordered a retreat. In a ski alone. Vyshynski then returned to his group and they mounted an attack, but Stiah and his men were able to evade them. When Orlan arrived, Stiah told him what had happened, and both worried whether Vyshynski had managed to betray us also. Other news that Orlan brought back was equally grave. The UPA

units in the north were under constant attack by Polish and Soviet forces. The partisans were starving in the forests, and peasants who helped them or were suspected of sympathizing with the UPA were shot. Orlan also told me that Stiah had learned about what had hapthe time of the raid on the parish house. Gena arrived a day after my escape and fell into the hands of Polish agents still at the house. They Denko, who told her about my escape. She then told the agents that she needed to go to the toilet, ran up the stairs, and escaped through the same window that I had used. Stiah sent back with Orlan a commendation for me. Orlan also brought back heartbreaking news about our little Zenon. The head of the Polish Secret Service in Krakow, who was childless, had adopted the baby.

The news was like a knife plunged into a fresh wound. My son would grow up in the home of our enemy who was decimating our

was guist, we hunted for multicoms. At dash, we would erep out of the hidorant and misc our way deep into the forest where we cooked our meals over a fire that we built in a deep ravine through which a stremt mbowed. We take that give height and mode whatever was left, returning to our hidoout before davin. During the days we would ent which the properties of the strength of the properties of the strength of the strength of the strength of the days going hungy; If the mere did not sevel be indicated in such of food, then they left to meet with other partissans, and I spent many guists alone. My job was to gather wood, build the fire, cook the meal, and wait for the men to return before fire light. I had a small pincio, but no other weapon. I would all ty the fire listening to every sound. The middless breaking of a twig, the runtle of leaves, or datant sounded of shooting would make me termible. If the nore sided in an ambus, I.

Eventually we ran out of place where we could get fool. The sizuline would have been excited if it were not for two women, Iryna Sypolo and her friend Lidis, who came to our rescue. Frym was the wide year of the control of the cont

news that Vyshymki, one of OUN's regional underground leaders, had either fallen into Dohih hands or had willingly gone to the authorities and was cooperating with them. He was seen trying to make constact with partissars who would lead him to the leadership in the Peremyhll azes. Although we were forevarined, others had not been, among them Othan and Stah, We waited for O'Haris return with growing anxiety. In the meantime, we were joined by Zooy and Malasha, the two contries who had replaced me in Elens Garris, in western Palasof. They had ranks. I knew that it would be impossible to rescue the child from this

Stitals refusal to move benders following the meeting with Vsylvaian words of Charles and the Charles of Charles and the Charles and with comparison of the Charles and the Charles and the Charles and allefte that a unit he was sending to the West would carry. He told Orlan he did not with to interrupt his work. When Orlan caped him not least live "show ground" for a while, which would make him more mobile, Staits had said, "I wouldn't be able to contrine any work if I always on the more. In my event, somewed will shoot me from behind always on the more. In my event, somewed will shoot me from behind for a while and take some of them with mee." As Orlan was leaving, Stait, who beare about our imminent degra-

ture to Ukraine, said, "Take my heart home with you." Orlan said that as they shook hands, tears glistened in his and Stiah's eyes.

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By late summer of 1947 only a few UPA units were still actively engaged in armed warfare in Western Ukraine, although the under-It was augmented by the demobilized UPA soldiers who were returning to civilian life. Further strengthening the underground, as well as reinforcing the existing armed units with men from the Zakerzen knaibecame one of the aims of the UPA High Command, Orlan and Stiah had spent some time deciding who would stay behind and who would cross the frontier. Soon we all learned about their decisions. Prakh was coming with us, but Taras and Sviatoslava, the couple who exchanged wedding vows when we did, would remain in the Peremyshl area. Also remaining in Poland would be my good friend and confidant Zova and another courier, Malusha, whom Orlan, upon his return, dispatched back to Elena Gura with bundles of new partisan literature. Zoya and Malusha would deliver the literature to Warsaw and the port cities on the Baltic. In view of the High Command's decision to publicize UPA's struggle against the Soviets, Orlan supplied the two women with literature in Polish, French, and English. He also gave them several thoumaintain contact with and report to Stiah, who was also staying behind. As I said good-bye to Zova, with whom I had shared my girlish dreams when everything seemed possible, I silently wondered whether I would see her-or the others who remained at their posts-ever again. Several more weeks passed as Orlan completed his work and a friends came ting the to bed farwerd. One night evisitations and Tara came, and as we embraced, I thanked Sviatoslava for the support and suppossible had officed in the tagic days after my excape from Krakow and the loss of little Zenon. She and I week our trans mingling as the side. Then on the very evol our departure, but news arrived, as done when the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the whole the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the whole the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the whole the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the whole the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the second of the contraction of the contractio

And so we left, sad and worried.

Further south, remaining UPA soldiers were being organized into two sotnyas which would fight their way across the border, heading southeast as we would do, into the Carpathian mountains.

....

There were five of us, Orlan, Ptakh, and I, and two bodyzuards for Orlan, Ihor and Bukva. A UPA group led by Orach escorted us to the frontier, and we rendezvoused with a unit led by Sokil, who had grown up in the border area, as had the men in his group. Sokil was in charge of taking us across, while Orach would stand by in the event of trouble. At dawn, we halted on a hillock that overlooked the frontier and banks can the frontier in this area. The Vihor was shallow where we planned to ford it and, therefore, did not pose much of a problem. The frontier itself was another matter. On the east bank of the river, a few hundred meters from the stream, ran a wide strip of plowed earth Beyond it rose the barbed wire fence of the frontier itself. Further east in the distance stretched the village of Viis'ko. We could make out the orchards, houses, and a main street. We spent the day observing the activity in the village through binoculars. Nothing out of the ordinary was happening, although we noticed that the village's inhabitants were dressed in their Sunday best. Someone remembered that this was the feast of the Ascension of the Blessed Virgin and a holiday. Young women stood in the street talking or promenaded in groups. Older women sat outside the houses ensaiping. There was a noticeable absence of young men. They had been either mobilized into the Red Army or had joined the UPA. Sokil identified some of the young women by name, since Viis'ko was his native village. I noticed, however, that he was nervous. I knew I was, and I thought the others in our group were also. I kept examining the plowed strip of dirt in front of the barbed wire fence and

wondered if we would manage to get across. Finally, I turned to Sokil.

"Do you worry when you cross the frontier?" I asked him.

"That depends," he said. "When I'm alone or with my men, that's one thing. But when you are taking others across, the stakes are different.

as is the responsibility. Besides, today I have one of our leaders and his

We waited until nightfall, then for the border patrol to pass on its rounds. Only then did Sokil motion to us to follow him. Behind us, Orach's unit, which had kept watch during the day, took its position. If something went wrong and the border patrol saw us or we tripped one of the booby traps, Orach and his men would open fire to draw the border patrol starting on which we tried to escape.

Meet the rier, we passed to take off our borts and waded excess batterior. The water was cold, but it came up only to our anlake. Once on the other bank, we moved in a single file across the error polymore. The British of came two of Sodil's men. They carried railes with which they obliterated our tracks. We crossed the plowed strip, where right behind Sodil's men who were been over searching with their hands for the wires that, if distributed, would set off an alarm and lunnel, there is not the kg. They whitepared to we the Lection of the vites and we excertify steeped over them. We also were walking best over to misture and the contract of th

We dashed toward the houses and the orchards among whose shadows we would hide in the event a border patrol appeared.

"One down, two to go," Sokil said as we stood panting, wiping the sweat that had dripped into our eyes, obscuring vision.

We now began walking sedately toward the village's main street. Sokil saw an older man he knew and asked him about the situation in the village.

"You would think they would leave us alone on a feast day," the man complained. But no, they come into the houses demanding meals and drink. What a beggarly nation they are." We cut across the village and again found ourselves in the open.

The termin here was hilly with low bouls and occasional gailes, except least termin for general warfare but difficult for quide gains, except least termin for general warfare but difficult for quide gains, except fow kilometers we can be another barrier. This was a barbord wire for about there meters high and about a wide because of called barbord wire on the ground on both sides of the fence. Our except had brought with the major point of large higher with which they can take the found with them two noises of large piles; with which they can a hole through horseback and made rounds frequently. We crawled through the hole. being careful not to snag our clothing on the sharp barbs. The third obstacle was the paved road. It, too, was patrolled, and

we had to approach it carefully, bent over, across a flat, open field.

And now we began to run again. We ran for a long time in order to get as far away from the frontier and from the tracks and the cut wires that would be discovered at daybreak. We ran until we had no breath left, until sweat stuck our clothing to our backs, until we thought we couldn't run any farther, yet we kept on running and running. I don't know where we got the superhuman strength to run and run and forget our tiredness and the weight of our rucksacks on our backs. One night like this cost several years of one's life.

At dawn we reached a village and took shelter in two adjoining cottages. We were tired, but also happy that we had crossed the frontier without discovery or loss of life. We rested, were fed by a friendly

housewife, and that evening headed for a nearby forest to rendezvous with a UPA group that would lead us into the Ukrainian countryside. We rendezvoused and made camp. Shortly after dawn we heard the breaking of twigs and footfalls. Was it an enemy patrol? Had someone betrayed us? But how could they have? There hadn't been enough time to summon an enemy detachment to search the forest. We pulled

out our weapons and took positions in the brush. Two men went forward to investigate, coming back in a few minutes but not alone. They brought back two women.

We soon learned that the women had come into the forest to pick mushrooms since this was the season for mushrooms. By nine in the morning there were ten women in the forest. Our men brought them all to us. What to do? We couldn't hold them all day. Their families would become worried by their long absence, would think they had been arrested by a border patrol, would try to find out where they had been taken, and then contact the authorities who would come to investigate. On the other hand, if we let them go, would one or another of them tell about meeting us or report us to the enemy?

Orlan was very upset, as were others from the Zakerzon krai. On the other hand, the local UPA men were not worried. "They're okay," Khmara, the commander of the platoon with which we had ren-

dezvoused, told us, "We should let them go. They might even bring us supper. These are good women. Holding them could cause trouble." "It's senseless to rely on the discretion of ten women," Orlands argued. Once of them is bound to brag to someone, and the rumors will spread. There's no safe way out of this forest in daytime and we'd be trapped." But he could not come up with a different solution. Thus, the women were told to go home, and we made them promise not tell anyone about meeting us.

Khmara knew his people. In the afternoon, the women starred coming back. Again they carried their backers for mashrooms, but in the bottom of each basket by a hot dish. One brought a baked chicken, another a bowle of boncht, a third one fried dumplings. We are. Now featerd, while they stood looking at us and urging us to eat more. "Ear, you need your strength," they cajeded. "As long as we have

something, we will share it with you."

That evening we said good-bye to Sokil and the men in his group

who had taken us across the frontier. They would again cross the frontier, while we turned southeast for our long trek to the Carpathian mountains. We would never see Sokil or any of his men again. They died that winter in the village of Viisko.

Khmarz led us without any incidents to a meeting place near the town of Sambir. Inhul (Dmytro Styalo) and his men were waiting for us. Ptakh, as I mentioned before, came from the same village as Inhul, and they were best friends. Orlan also knew Inhul well. Immediately they started telling Inhul what had happened in the Zakerzon knoi and related other partias news. I washed Inhul closely. He listened, but

they started telling Inhiu what had happened in the Zaberzus has and related other partisan news. I washed Inhiu Idouby, He listened, but at the same time I could see he was growing impatient, as if he wanted them to finish so he could ask a question. I interrupted the conversation. I took his hands into mine and said: "Let us be the first to congrantate you. Iryna gave birth to a little girl just before we left."

He trembled with emotion. Then he took off his cap and threw it

in the air, then kissed each one of us in turn. He was the happiest father. I have ever seen. He and Iryna had had two other children who had died in infancy and the new baby was extremely important to both of them. We spent three days with Inhul waiting for a new group of excorts who would take us into the footbills of the mountains.

Again the good-byes would be forever. Intuit died a few days after well thin, were bring seen his holy daughter. He and his new were trapped in a bouse where they had stopped for the day. The enemy surrounded the house and tried to convince them to surrounder, but Inhul refused. He and his men fought until their ammunition can out. Then there killed themselves with their tambular. When I heard the here shown he death, all I could think of we ter two pregnate women, Praya and Lilai, who risted their earliery to bring food to our bidocut. I remembered how at each weekly needing lives would hole as up, an unspeaked measurement of the set and action. The level in lare? When she read in our faces that we self nor harder as mail. When she received a fetter, the would smooth the right cylinder that had been carried hidden by seven closures. Sometimes the that had been carried hidden by seven closures. Sometimes the would would unstant the present the self-state of the self-state of the would unstant the present and the self-state of the self-state of would unstant the present as the wear, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper as he were, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper as he were, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper as he were, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper as he were, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper as he were, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper as he were, A letter from her hubband was what the little did not the paper and the paper as the second of the letter and the second of the When we excluded our rest enderson point and made contact,

we learned that two strays that had broken across the frontier from Zakrzuse hrai two strays that had broken across the frontier from Zakrzuse hrai were camped in a nearby forest. The two surpus had brought with them two Zakrzuse hrai couriers, Mara and Marikas. Orlan immediately left to meet with the surpus' commanders, Khrin and Myron. He spent the day with them and the following night returned accompanied by both mea.

When we were alone, I asked Orlan about the two women and how they had come through the constant battles that the two softmus had engaged in as they made their way forest by forest, field by field, from Poland into Ukraine.

"They're okay, although Mariika is a little depressed. She had

A little later Orlan said, "I decided to send them West with the mail. They'll go back to Zakerzon krai and from there West."

"But it's almost winter," I cried in surprise. "They'll have to cross the frontier again, and then they'll be in an area that is virtually

"I'll arrange for an escort for them across the frontier," Orlan said.
"They told me they know some families who will help them. They might as well go West. Otherwise they'll die here, or it may even be worse if they're taken alive. In any event, they accepted my offer with alactive."

they're taken alive. In any event, they accepted my offer with alacrity."

"He's sending them West because Mar went West," I said to myself.

We learned that Khrin and Myron, like us, had also been ordered to report to Poltava (Major Petro Fedun), one of the leaders of the OUN.

and Orlan said that they should accompany us. We started out the

following evening. When we rested during the day, both men told us about the hell they had gone through in the preceding month. Not only were they under constant attack, they had to do battle with the enemy to get food and supplies. They were pursued across the frontier and were engaged by Soviet troops once they were in Utraine. The problem was, of course, that large groups attracted attention because they needed much food, and it was nearly impossible to mask a large enzame.

With the addition of new scorts and the two steps commanders, one group now numbered fifters me and one woman. In a few days, we rendezwated with another excert group that led us through the footbills to the area near the town of Soble. Here we were given over to a group led by Bor, who at age thirty-eight was older than most partitions. He was an oven-tempered and careful man. Other hashed our march and wrote a note to Poltava that he sent by courier. We waited for Poltava's replace.

A response came for us to proceed, while Khrin and Myroo would stay behind. We crossed the river Stryi that night. We were met by new excorts and began to climb up into the mountains. We spent the next day in an empty hat in the forest and once again changed escorts. At daybreak the following day, we reached a large bunker that served as the center of UPA's publications and propagnids.

As soon as I saw him, I knew I had seen Poltava in civilian life,

bast I did not know where until we full time a conversation one evening. As we are somistic the bunker and watched doubt envelope the frosts and the mountains, I bearned that he was from a village near Zaberius and the mountains, I bearned that he was from a village near Zaberius and the mountains. I bearned that he was from a village near Zaberius Laused abering the Centama conspirate, the was of moldels being the was the was the proposed to the was the proposed to the was the proposed to the was described by the proposed to the proposed to the surface of the proposed to the surface of a Scotier of the Village and a superficient surface was often and before and belief to the surface of the surface was constituted to the military aura. He told me that the structies and terror insidence do not be Evanisian population by Rossians and Germans returns influence out the Evanisian population by Rossians and Germans for the surface of the surfa

in rank. That intimate conversation established a bond between us which resulted in a greeting Poltava would append in the future to letters he would write to Orlan. The greeting would always say, "My respects to Marichka."

Politives had a clear logical mind and was also no original thinker. He was able to opinion and some firm and many and a some than into a sobic that was succiner and artent. During the week that we specified that was succiner and artent. During the week that we specified the source of the source

Most of the discussions centered on the form that UPA resistance, blood take in the years aband. Demolihization of UPA soldiers in the thould take in the years aband. Demolihization of UPA soldiers in the bape that they would be absorbed into civilian life was not working in practice. The Sovieties were thorough in checking credentials and more often than not discovered false documents. Also, if a partiansh document passed servings, bill fife as a civilian was to precations that it was impossible for him to continue antigovernment activity.

There was also the problem of a dearth of new recruits to take the

place of how that were killed. OLNs and UPA's membership had here drawn mostly from Western Ulzinia, primarily from the generation that had matered politically during the 1950 and the way were. Opporsion and severe pumbinente by the potentiar Soviet regime dissuaded hidely candidates from joining the reinstance. In Eastern Ulzinia, the UPA and OLN were less known, and what information was realilled was beingly corrupted by the wireless anni-198 and anti-OLN progratue control to prompagate that portrared the CON and UPA fighters as created to prompagate that portrared the CON and UPA fighters.

ganda by Soviet organizations. During the war, Red Army soldiers were exposed to propaganda that portrayed the OUN and UPA fighters as fracists and banks. This information was carried home by demobilized Red Army soldiers and distorted the perception of the guerrilla war by opulations far removed from the conflict.

The upshot of these discussions was that the UPA had to produce

information that would counter Soviet propaganda and misinformation and that the target audience had to be the new generation. In Western

Ukraine, the older generation was well aware of the reasons for the guerlaw art and supported it, even if increasingly tacitly. In Eastern Ukraine, the older generation, decimated by the Great Pamine and further traumatized by the Stalinist repressions of 1936–38, had been so cowed that it was not interested in an antiregime struggle.

As a result of these discussions, Orlan would write a brochure that winter on the forms opposition should take in the postwar years. Politicate took on the job of producing a brochure refuting Soviet propaganda and explaining the reasons behind the formation and struggle of the UPA. These discussions were conducted against a perspective of radically

changing circumstance. By 1947, the UPA leadershyl knew that UPA was no longer capitals of open warfar. Although bartles with the better-equipped and overwhelmingly stronger enemy were to be avoided, noncludes a med warfar was necessary in certain cases, particularly where the enemy had committed attroctives. In such instances, the use of focus was not only permitted but was also papered, since it demonstrated both to the population and to the enemy that terrorism would not the population report for the UPA, but also no feed the national staff fever among the people.

We all knew that none of an would see an independent Utraine,

but we cared mightily about its future rebirth. We wanted to leave a legacy that, when the time was ripe, would lead to the rise of a Ukrainian state that would be a democracy, one that would protect the rights and dignity of the individual.

6. Wintering in the Carpathian Mountains

Other and Lift the propagoid banker to yeard the winter in bother dept in the Cappinhan mountains with Gen perlaman well have dept in the Cappinhan mountains with Gen perlaman well have not release. Other there bedyinguish, Parks, Does and Bales, were seen to a different bountain. We were separated because the leadership had decided that the Zalesson besi meconsure had to be integrated into the local ranks as quickly as possible. The reasoning were something like this What better way was three to get to know people than spending waters with them in a banker. The was a second zerous why or or group was spirt up We sound have a better chance of surviving the contractions of the contraction of the work of the contraction of the work of the contraction of the contr

We let the propagated hasher at the end of Oxoboc-Stone had activally fillers and by in dothis in the fence. He has treason we trendly daining the day, supping from one parts of Patre areals to another, anodeing the drift where on trucks would keep as training and the conputation of the contractive and the co study stress which we would use to support curvelves during the crossing. Then they were rawsy, underseed, packed their belonging into buring. Then they were, holding the clothing above the water. Only and I followed their example. There there were could be this clothing and their example. There have there were could be this clothing their could be the country of the country of the country of the clothing their clothin clothing their clothing their clothing their clothing their clo

The liquid was whiskey, and it burned going down. But soon its warmth spread through my body, and the terrible cold and shivering receded.

Other difficulties lay ahead. Soon we began to climb in earnest.

The coid given way to warmth and then to award. Our guides climbed. Orlan and I concentrated all our resources on keeping up with their easy strakes. We gulped air into our straining langs, while the west clouded our vision and stuck our otherling to our backs. We wiped the rivolet of wear from our faces as we followed how there men ever higher into the mountains. In that twenty-forced both well, we crossed several mountain ranges. We had left in the afternoon, walked air legificant when they are test gludened we were still wilding; I was almost noon when we reached our destruition, where I was almost noon when we reached our destruition, where I was almost noon when we reached our destruition, where I was almost noon when we reached our destruition.

panoranic view of the area. Although I was exhausted, I could not help but notice the loveliness of the view. We were so high that clouds seemed right over our beach. Cocasionally one would drift across the side of the nearest mountain and seemingly cut it in half. Far below, the valleys and gorges were marked by deep purple shadows, while, at, ye level or just above us, rose granite pinnacles that were already covered with snow.

I had looked forward to reaching the bunker, because that meant I could rest. It turned out, however, that the bunker was still under

contraction. It did not even have a door, and we had we thin indicately an opening that would eventually become a window. The bunker consisted of one room which had been built by excavating an appropriate book, then linging it with logs, much young piece. The properties are the continuing to the fall of the hill, was also framed with eventual to the continue of the hill, was also framed with the continue of the hill, was also framed with the continue of a few meters. But these bunkers had a feature that made life significantly more pleasant. The short front wall had a window in the continue of a few meters. But these bunkers had a feature that made life significantly more pleasant. The short front wall had a window in front at the window. Doplight would pure in through the hole and be reflected back into the bunker. As soon as I entered the bunker, mented that only the bank held soon algoring the wilds. The best concerned with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four of the visit of the pine of the continue of the pine of the covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four of the covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four the covered with pine branches on which lay the belongings of the four the covered with pine branches on which lay the belonging of the four the covered with pine branches on which lay the belonging to the covered with pine branches on which lay the covered with pine branches on the covered with the covered with pine branches on the covered with the

banker's earthen stove had yet to be built. We are and drank mostly, indense, Occasionally someone would say omentaling. The four mean studies desired with the properties of the studies of them in turn. Only O'dank seemed not to be participating in this insural scrutnity, I did know, because Orlan had told me, that the leadership considered these four men particularly ruttworthy and reliable. They had been permitted to be on the direct line that led to the propagnads bunker, and that is why they were selected as Orlan's and my keepers for the vinite.

Over the next works and membal, I would learn more about these man, All four grees up in this next of the Carpitalism and a synothhird has worked as humberjacks, so they knew the mountains instinately. They were in their latter remarks, with Buld, at gas event yain, the fields and the state of the state

but the girl had excaped along the way and returned home half-alive. She lived and hid in the village. Moreov was taller than both Baids of Islaze. He was friendly, trauting to the point of naiveté, and easy going, Chornota was the opposite of Moreo. Determined, a doer, he was always going to get food or news. He carried the heaviest load, did not comshain, and was the last one to retreat when they me the enemy.

Now, as we sat opposite each other outside the half-fluided banker—they to see ide, and Orlan and me together opposite them— I discerned on their faces and in their sidelong glances the question they were asking themselves: How is this going to turn out? What kind of person is she! Is she going to put on airs and make our lives hell? I suitled to myell. I had seen these same questions on other faces and in other yes, I would see them again in a future bunker with future bunker.

mates, if God let me live.

Later I would learn that what worried them was not so much my

gender, but how they would maintain "proper behavior" in front of an "educated woman" during the long and cramped winter days. They worried that I would become offended if they swore or argued. They were not sure they could be on their best behavior for seven months. Not that they had never before met a woman partisan-there were women in the UPA, but their number was small since the leaders were much more selective in recruiting women. Many of the women who enlisted were assigned to regional partisan centers where they acted as secretaries. These women usually had a gymnasium education, while many of the men, particularly those who came from the countryside, had completed only elementary school. The men, who had matured in partisan ranks, often could not bear the thought that a woman could be regarded as superior to them, even in the area of formal education. They felt that life had been their instructor and that they had developed a certain world view by simply being in the UPA. They were no longer the idealistic and naïve youths who had left their families in 1943 and 1944. What was important was not their level of education but what they had done in the intervening years and how they had treated their fellow men. A woman who could prove herself was accepted, although the scope of the acceptance mirrored the role of women in the society of that day. A woman could and would be consulted, but men did the

After we rested, Orlan set to work. He took out a pencil and a notebook and calculated how much food we would need for the winter. When he questioned the men, we discovered that they had put aside only laif of what was nebed. Other near prepared a lair. Or diet would comit mostly of postures, which were rainrively easy to get he leavy and difficult to bring into the mountain. We also would need thur and common and the contract of t

When the three men departed the following day, Ozlan tranced his energies to building an earthest store. Ozones we had no bricks, so the walls had to be made from stores that we gathered and brought to the bunker. Itake, who had styed behind, helped as it Host dermined with us for two reasons. In the event of an attack, we needed someone to gold our recept brought the measurism in Audition, Islan and only complete the content of the cont

Orinn finished the stose before the men returned with the additional foodstruffs. The top of the stose was covered with a metal plate, which the men had brought to the bunker earlier. This stove served su as long as we lived in the bunker. The store, as well as a window that was eventually installed, eliminated the need for illumination and the necessity of obtaining large amounts of kerosene for a lamp. During the day, we would use the spirit store to heat what had been cooked ser-

The men not only brought back food but also several books and reference materials that Orlan needed for his work. These materials came from Poltava. Throughout November, we worked on finishing the bunker, while the men ventured back into civilization periodically for more food. We were locky that we had a long autumn and snow did not come until late, while at lower elevations it would hardly fall at all that winter.

Toward the end of November, as winter was about to descend in earnest, the men left for one last rendezvous with the local partisan leader, who had not been informed of our presence in his territory. Two days later they returned, worried. They told us the following story: They met with Nechai, the local leader, who had built a large, well-equipped bunker for himself and his four men. They had left the bunker to meet with others for final instructions before the winter hibernation began across a tree in the vicinity of the bunker on which someone had cut a deep gash. Who had done it? And why? Had it been done by someone who had followed one of them earlier and had discovered the location of the bunker? Or was the mark made by a local villager who had gone into the forest to cut wood? Since the origin and significance of the mark could not be ascertained, it meant that the bunker was presumed unmasked and, therefore, at risk. When Nechai had related this information to our men, he suggested that three from his group attach themmen, instead of agreeing, told Nechai that he had to think about the proposal overnight. Nechai was both astounded and hurt, but Baida did not explain since he had been placed under strict orders not to reveal Orlan's presence in the region. Now Baida asked Orlan what should he do. The problem was, of

course, that our bunker had been built for four people. Now six people were living in it, and there was hardly any space left. If Nechai and two others joined us, we would be squeezed in like sardines and be forced to sleep in shifts. Besides, there was the additional problem of adequate

Orlan did not even hesitate for a moment. "Let them come." he said. "We'll manage." There were now nine of us. Nechai was the tallest. When he first

walked into the bunker to report his arrival to Orlan, his blond, closely cropped hair nearly brushed the ceiling. He wore a Red Army uniform with a black cotton shirt that had been embroidered along the standup collar. He was accompanied by Slavko and Evhen, also tall and fairslightly younger than Chornota and Moroz.

After the first heavy snowfall, our contact with the outside world became irregular. The snow covered the mountains and piled high in the valleys. We, as well as other partisans in other bunkers in the Carpathians, settled down to wait for spring. As the days passed and we talked. I learned other details about the men. All had joined the UPA in 1943 and first fought the Germans before facing the NKVD Special had run in the early years of its existence and also had attended a first

But we did not idle the days away talking. We had a daily schedule that we followed exactly. We worked and we studied. Except for me, everyone took turns at guard duty outside the bunker. The watch was kept from early morning until after dusk. We changed guards every hour and, if it was very cold, more often. Orlan was working on his brochure, as well as writing a history of

the Ukrainian revolutionary movement in the Zakerzon krai from 1943 to 1947. Nechai was preparing detailed reports of his and his unit's activities during 1947. He also was required to submit a plan of activities for

My job was to type the materials Orlan and Nechai prepared on a typewriter we had brought to the bunker. If I was not typing, I gave lessons in history and literature, mathematics, and geography to the other men. In fact, I shared this work with Orlan and Nechai, lecturing when they were occupied with other tasks.

We cooked after nightfall, so that smoke would not be visible. At first I did the cooking, but to cook for so many was difficult and tiring, and when the others saw my fatigue they would take turns cooking. After supper, we had no organized activities. We took turns playing chess. Some watched the chess game, other read or studied the assigned lessons for the following day. Later in the evening, we would sleep in

As Christmas approached, I made plans for a Christmas Eve dinner and a joyous, if that was possible, celebration of the birth of Our Lord. At my urging, the men cut down a Christmas tree for which I had started making ornaments weeks earlier. I used scraps of colorful paper to make stars and snowflakes. Once the men saw my ornaments, they joined in, using whatever was at hand to decorate the tree.

Finding the ingredients for a festive meal was more difficult. We had a little flour, some dried beans, a little honey, several pounds of

sugar, as well as some dried mushrooms and apples, meat and potatoes. I cooked the apples with the sugar to make a filling for a lavered sweet bread that I made from the flour, having found a bit of baking powder among our provisions. I also made notato dumplings and borscht, the beet soup that is a traditional first course on Christmas Eye: also kutia, the honey-sweetened wheat kernel porridge that is the Everything was ready as dush fell on Christmas Eve, but we as and wated. Taking absentage of a change in the weather, there of the must had jour down to poy a visit to a village and bring beck news and more food. They had fet two days earlier with the start of the bilizard, was the contract of the con

Having grown up in the mountains, the men could predict has weather. They would listen to the wind and read other signs and amounce that a storm was coming. They also grew certicly, because a storm was not something to be feared. They hower their mountains well and every trail in them, and they reldom became lost. A major storm book two duy before. Christians Eve, and the three men had hurried away. They promised to return in time for Christians Eve supper, between them evening arrived there still was no ago of them. At talk, we looked at each other but could not bring ourriers to at from to the satisfies of the country of the c

Next to us the Christmas tree looked forlorn and shabby.

As it realizing the solemnity of the holy feast, the blizzath heizit, the pack, and then excast. A quite settled over the sunshound mountain and forest. We know that with the exasting of moveful for fair of leaving cluttle tracks. We leave put to there exist no strongly the surprise of the surprise of the surprise of the surprise of the surprise that the mea had left the village and had halted somewher the forest. But our feetive model did not review. We are, but with little appetite. Then we waited some more, increasingly fearful that some diaster had overstance the three men. Christman Dey crafted by Toward evering, another storm weep across the monattain, and the wind began to are area. We immediaately became more cheerful. If all was well with them, the more would return tonight.—And they dold. They broughly you admanline most beducts, cold bunker. How we rejected to see them: They would us that they had been the storm anddered gave out. They have the well-would go on related for the storm anddered gave out. They have that they could go not further for fart and sees some would be also to follow their stacks or further for fart and sees some would be also to follow their stacks to further for fart the seesance would be also to follow their stacks or further for fart as seesance would be also to follow their stacks to further for fart the seesance would be also to follow their stacks have a see that the seesance would be also to follow their stacks have failed to the seesance when the seesance which we have followed the seesance when the seesance would be also to follow the followed the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the hardward that the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the seesance when the seesance when the seesance when the seesance were the see

had become one family.

. . . .

Some began to melt in Ayril 1948. Nechai and his two men left soon thereafter. The four remaining men began to plan spring activities. I, too, warned to get moving. I had been sick on and off through the winter and decided to see a doctor. I planned to coordinate the comsultation with a viti to my parents. I discusted my plans with Orlan, and one of the men obtained a travel permit for me. Before I left, I took off my boots and pants and put on a pessant skirt and botter.

I reached Lviv without any difficulties and went to see my friend Natia, with whose family I had boarded when I went to school. She had married but was living alone since her houband had been imprisoned. She had kept in touch with my parents and said they were still in Zadviria and constantly worried about my fater. The next morning she took the train to Zadviria to get my parents. I waited impatiently— I believe to see me, found for new forms.

I had not seen my family for two years.
My mother and up sinter Seria returned with her in the evening.
Our runnion emberced all possible constions. We sept with jup. We
very tower the death and distances that had bedilled most everyous weight
over the clearly and distances that had bedilled most everyous weight
of the single sinter the sinter used in particular the single sinter the sinter the

his cheeks. He had grown old, "How thin you are, child," he said.

"You all are not looking so well yourselves," I retorted. My mother and father had lost their vitality under the harsh conditions of their lives. On the other hand, Stefa and Lesia had grown up in the intervening two years and were no longer children but young women. Olia had stayed home with I youko.

stoped home with Franks.

When The decree told net was preguent again. I had suspected that tray filliness were the result of another pregmany, but I had not wasted to believe it. After the trayedy with Intel
Zenno, I did not waste to perposent sugar. In had considered an aborton, but by the time I arrived in Lovi. I knew I would not go through
a contract to the property of the property of the Intel
Zenno, I did not waste to get regionary size, in had considered an aborton, but by the time I arrived in Lovi. I knew I would not go through
a reast and, with their help, find a family when would take the chall in after
I gave hirth. I told my purerus about my condition, and we spent many
and affecting when I should did. Those who would have made the
best finery persent had been raided to Sibritis, and those who emailed
further promised to Jo we thene families and explain my situation. I
spent three days in Lovi. Then my father accompanied ne back to the
Cappathians. My family had sever met Orlin, and both my parents and
me with all kinds of good things, using what money the had saved for
Enter for the family.

From Stole, my father and I went to Kaminaka. An excert was astemphysiming from can, and we immediately left for the forest. My father, who had no experience hikking in the mountains, became very tirtud and could not get over the way we easily more drhengly the fewest. We stopped at a preserranged meeting place, and the next morning, Olivan together. In the event, we have a superstant of the contraction of the good man, we have a superstant of the contract that where he settled became the other works of the contract that where he settled became he to daily member and my sterts. "Everything's fine. He's a good man. We have nothing to worry about." But after predict ing a day as a target of Othes's dearm, be could not have thought off-

The week before Easter arrived. On Holy Thursday, Moroz, Chomota, and Baida went down to the village, where they were to take care of some personal matters, obtain food for the coming holy feast, and pick up mail and newspapers. During the night we heard gunfire coming from the direction of the village. We knew that partisans had stumbled on an enemy trap. We did not know whether it had happened

to our three men or to fome other group. We spent the night writing for them, our worstep growing. By morning we were convinced that something owiful had happened. Only Monor returned during the day is something owiful had happened. Only Monor returned during the day. Chowness and Biadia stopped at a house. As the two men approached he house, the centry opered fire, immediately wounding both men. They were still able to get way, but the enemy lit up the near with these and talled Chowness Bails, when could not except because of his adult that Chowness Bails, who could not except because of his

In the days that followed we learned that the enemy rook the bodies of the two men to Solo. Chornotals fance and her friends went into the forest and brought back blood-seaked earth from the place where the men fell. A funeral was held, and the bloodied earth was buried in the village cemetery. That Easter, the village bell toiled mournfully for the dead men.

There was a second reason why it was so difficult to read Taras' letter. By the time we received it, Taras was dead, too. He had been shot while crossing the frontier a few weeks after he wrote the letter. We learned about his death from Ptakh.

We she learned about the doubt of Stiah. His death was partially perhaps length, but to his frendin a more from his foreithe bunker, although, as I mentioned earlier, Ottas had repeatedly singed his not had been also although a singer singer and the singer and

a meeting of the UPA3 High Command that was to take place near Leiv. Deltars and Horrowiw would also attend, but we did not plan to go in one group because it was too dangerous. Calling such a conference was in itself very risk, but the need for a meeting of the leadership was selfevident. The UPA stood at a crossroads, and decisions had to be made about what form resistance would take in circumstances where the Soviet regime was slowly but inexurably solidifying its control over all Ultraine, including the mountains and rural areas.

As communications were reestablished, Orlan was summoned to

We left on May 15, after prolonged and painful good-byes with those with whom we had spent the winter. I think that when you leave, you leave part of yourself behind. You shake hands, you mouth platitudes about a next time, but you know that you'll never in your life see

these people again, and your heart breaks a little.

The night that pring were hight and huminous. The most like unastead the presents of peaks and made one progress though the manuscal the presents of peaks and made one progress through the manuscal the presents of peaks and the peaks of the peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peaks of the peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peaks and the peaks and the peaks grant of the seef, at I was recombering the Debelok until the peaks grant peaks and the peaks grant peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peak of made peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peaks and the peaks are peaked by the peak of peaks this was according about not be plann and cally yet. Then the next of the peaks are peaked by the peaked by the peak are peaked by the peaked peaked by the peaked by the peaked peaked by the peaked b

7. The Toll of Being a Guerrilla

When snow was finally gone and the enemy could no longer follow a trail of telltale footprints into the forest, Ptakh arrived at our bunker with the mail that had accumulated during the months we had spent underground, cut off from communications. As it had become the norm, the mail contained mostly accounts of deaths in our ranks. The most shattering letter was from Taras. The letter said that Sviatoslava had died not long after our departure. She had been living with their one-year-old baby daughter Lidia in Peremyshl. During the mass arrests Sviatoslava's identity and whereabouts, and Polish intelligence agents came to arrest her. When the agents told her to pack, she pretended to agree but asked if she could get something from an adjoining room. Once alone, she opened the window and jumped out. She fell three stories, hit her head against the pavement, and died instantly. People gathered around the body, but soon an unmarked car arrived, and Sviatoslava's corpse was loaded into it. The Polish agents took the baby girl As I read Taras' letter, I began to tremble, I remembered how after

my escape from Krakow, I had poured out the details of my own trageds to the She had as I thering silently, her eyes brimming with tears, involuntary spasms convolsing her body. Finally, the had said, "I don't think! I have that kind of determination or courage." How wrong she had been. She had proved she possessed both. She had had the courage and the determination not to be thereif be then alive.

according to the Igenut. Dowboah and his must kept their horses in plus that care. The Igenut asid that to this Dowboah's inhibital horses have a controlled and in the control of the Dowboah's inhibital horses with the Indian and I

Once we left the mountains, the forests became sparse and scat-

tered. This had been taken into account when the route was laid out. and we were always able to reach the next forest by dawn where we could hide and rest. We were escorted by changing pairs of escorts. One would lead the way while the other man would bring up the rear. We would spend the daylight hours hidden in the brush. We would eat our meager rations, then sleep or, if we could not sleep, lie quietly awake listening to the life around us. We would resume our journey at dusk. The march was steady but difficult, and often during the nights I would stumble and fall behind. One time, I larged behind, and the others disappeared among the trees. Suddenly, I found myself at a crossing of two trails, and I didn't know which way to go, to the right or to the left. I remember this moment vividly even after so many years because it epitomized my life: I am standing bewildered at a crossroads as I did as a child, unsure of where the roads lead and which one I want to, or should, follow. At this particular crossroads, I stopped, sat down, and waited. I was actually happy that I had been given a respite from walking on and on. I knew that eventually my absence would be noted: the last man in the file of silent men would realize I was missing. He would stop the others and turn back to find me. This scenario repeated itself more than once. The men were stronger and bigger than I, but they did not reprimand me for my slowness. They knew I was doing my best. They also knew that if we came to a particularly dangerous area, or if we had to hurry to make a rendezvous, I would gather what strength I had left and not delay them or jeopardize our safety. When we stopped to rest, someone would always urge me to eat more or catnap.

We had to cross the Dnister River, a swift mountain river with many eddies and undercurrents that made fording difficult, especially in the middle of the night. Once on the other side, we hurried in order to reach a forest by mooning. Once in the forest, we all sat down on toppold true trunks except for Orlan, who by down on the ground. During the day, he complained of a headacke, and by right he was barming with feren. We started only that is followed by mortion of collapsed. We could not stop since we had to renderous by morning on the collapsed of the contract of the contract of the concupit one of the horse, pur Orlan on it, and we continued on our justous plants of the contract of the concupit one of the horse, pur Orlan on it, and we continued on our justor. It has morning, we tet the horse go, and two more carried Orlan to

our meeting place.

Folit (Zenon Tershalowes) himself and several fighters next asfelic was of medium height, with a March lead and a pleasast mile that it up his face. He also was overweight, especially when his bulk was compared to the loss, interp particular souring out of the monitoses of the monitorial source of the monitorial source of the monitorial losser year, he would allude to his weight and say that he did not know you, he would allude to his weight and say that he did not know which held you then we will run since he did not eat any more than the others. Novembelow, we immediately noticed that the partitions we made analyty reserved, welf-fring uniform. His boost shower from publishing. Next to as, he and his none holded like officers and we like recentage.

Orlan was taken to a hut where he was given some penicillin, and by evening he was better. Fedir had planned everything meticulously, and I gathered that he was the one who was meeting all the leaders arriv-

for the conference

We goes about revery-from hours with Fedir. The following mening Pathal, Books, and Hart with a good operations. We had to walk carefully since this was May, and the ground was covered with new growth and spring formers. Law Pathal punes, then hag beloids, and the did not per much thought into what he was doing. In a few minutes, he caught up to me and persected new with a shought. Else was miling breadly and specced my hands as he said, "On the aunierousy of your working," was not why out all the lett. I had remembered seen designed to the second of the second of the second of the second forget. Other had forgetten also since he had said nothing when we gravell, hat Pathal had recembered.

We waited in a new hideout for several days for Orlan's return. In the meantime, Natalka, a courier for Fedir, joined us. She was a cheerful

girl who had incredibly beautiful black hair that she wore in two thick braids. We quickly became friends and exchanged information about our lives. Her parents and younger sister had been exiled to Siberia,

while an older sister had immigrated west during the war.

When Orlan returned, he was accompanied by Ulas (Vasyl Bei), the head of the resistance in the Podillia region, who had been also at the meeting with Chuprynka. Orlan told me that he had been assigned route to Volyn passed through part of Podillia. Orlan also told me that journey on foot to Volyn was not that long. This was unknown territory, where contacts were fragmented and sometimes unreliable. That's how Orlan explained the decision to me. He added that the OUN network would assist me in finding a village where there were trusted people who would take me in for as long as was necessary. After this, he kissed me and we parted.

During our brief reunion, Orlan had said very little about the conand Orlan, met with Chuprynka. Neither do I know if they conferred as a group or individually. To hold such a meeting in 1948 was extremely dangerous since Soviet authorities had by then co-opted numerous dangerous since Soviet authorities had by their co-opiet numerous agents and had placed moles among the population and, possibly, had also infiltrated the resistance. What I did know was that Orlan regarded this meeting as very important since it addressed a number of problems that had arisen with the coming of the Soviet regime. Orlan, as well as the other leaders, realized that such a meeting was long overdow. Yet,

What I pieced together over time was this: The first order of busi-Mat I pieces together over time was this! I fe last outer or coun-ness was for each leader to report on the conditions in his territory. Orlan, of course, reported on the Zaherzan Irai and gave detailed accounts of the UPA groups that had gone to the West as well as about the surpus that had crossed into Ukraine. I also learned that much of the discussion was centered on how to appeal to and recruit the new generation into the UPA and the OUN. These young people knew little of the prewar nationalistic movement, and it and its ideals had to armed resistance. At the conference, the decision was made to enlarge the potential source of new cadres by carrying the UPA and OUN ideology to central and castern Ukraine. Sending OUN and UPA activists to live in those areas would accomplish this. The thinking was that these declicated individuals would slowly begin to build a nationalist movement in parts of Ukraine that had been under Russian control since shortly after the Ortober Revolution.

Other had been ansigned an additional task in Volys, Not real year be to recognize and enriceptoral the resistance there, but he also was to settle an ongoing dispute between two local ladeers. The UDA is volys tack problem that all not exist in other regions, problems after Volys tack problems that all not exist in other regions, problems after volys tacked problems that all the problems are proposed as a size army in 1941 and 1942, many of the soldiers in the Results army, specially those who were Ukraininus, fails into the forest and the large marrier area of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny and the state of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny at the contraction of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny at the volys of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny at the contraction of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny at the volume of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny at the volume of the Volys region to except German DVW camps. Miny at the volume of the Volys region to the volume of the Volys region of the volume of the Volys region to the volume of the Volys region of the Volys region

The OUN, which monitored the formation of those around unit, did not agree with the mass acceptance of former Red Army soldiest into UPA raths. The OUN leaders warned that the influx of aurented most would carry stress progression in the fatter. My forest regards rise, Mikshaka, as the head of the OUN security police, warned against and objected vosicierous proteinsion in the fatter. My forest anguest additional policy of the announced word in UPA raths. Mikshaka producted that the unregalented influx was long around with a dided opportunity for influxions by Switz van sols and agent and that a dided opportunity for influxions in Switz van sols and agent and that have made, singuate, since the OUN was not as streng in Volyn and Delhis at with a Hildshown, the area annually this contribution of the other strengths of the other strengths of the other strengths of the other strengths.

Politis as it was in Hispleyma, the near around Leir.

Mikasha powed to be right Although the reserved: PIPA and Mikasha powed to he right Although the reserved: PIPA and the GUN in Volys were the near several years. The NXPO managed to the GUN in Volys were the near several years. The NXPO managed and could lead armed usins. Such shift was prized by the UPA, and there men quely more to hearthing positions. Poly became commander use one quely more to hearthing positions. Poly became commander use the provincial GUN regularation. As long as the center was the Girr muss, there are no fingly with the UPA Barel in 1934, the strainful changed dimunically, German retreased, and the UPA mental in attention to righting the arrive, NVO Dyecul Trops, Saddels), these to to righting the arrive, NVO Dyecul Trops, Saddels), these

emmons Jones. One such leader whose now de gener was Stal' (tend) was said to have led an entrie norpe into a series of planned traps in which almost every man perheloch. There were other similar instances of inacquicable disasters on the hatthfelds. These agents also arted in a official instance of the similar instances of inacquicable disasters on the hatthfeld. These agents also arted in a out those who were being their spoit as the fighting green more difficult and as supplies, repectify food, because accers. Then this model of the models was beginned by the state of the significant of the condict of the models was beginned, then suggest that the man leave the UPA and seek anneary. If the man he instited or if he grew angry at the suggestion, the models was belowed, then suggest that the man leave the UPA and seek anneary. If the man he instited or if he grew angry at the suggestion, the models would heterate him. It was valid up that there were many strangles, and if the recalcirate man tried to protect or complain to other than the strength of the

and expunging the planted agens. The OUN SB to early police opertions in Volyn were only marginally uncereful. In several instance, SB testing in Volyn were only marginally uncereful. In several instance, SB being moles, were tried by military reliansha, and were the Orn This hapbeing moles, were tried by military reliansha, and were the Orn This hapbeing moles, were tried by military reliansha, and were the Orn This happened when a trapped agent would, on purpose, implicate innocent propied during interrogations. Since both the UPA and the OUN were under the orner of the Orn Theorem of the Orn Theorem of the Orn Theorem of the Daw the house of often or the resources to unseed what that orally have

pened and therefore believed the mole's accusations.

These the leader of the UPA in Volyn, Klym Sowr (Lt. Col. Dupper Michichiys), was betraped and died in an ambab. Cheppysla preplaced lim with Smok (Mykola Kozak, also late known under the mont de gearns a Vistada, who can ten found halydrups, and better thereaghly extred, and was musted by the UPA and the UPA. Smok was customen that we was customen that we can be and of the SB for the northern sealing Daleky (Stepun Innitheensky), condemned his tactics. The conflict better the extra collector became to corious and so divisive that it paralyzed the undergooned and the UPA. What emerged were two facus, once of the side of Smok, the other on the side of Daleky, and

each refused to cooperate with the other. The schism was also territorial. The Rivne area was under the control of Daleky, while the Volyn countryside was under Smok.

When Chuprynka learned of this, he sent his representative to both men and invited both to meet with him. Smok came, but Daleks did not, presumably thinking that the leadership would side with Smok, whom it had sent earlier to the area. The trouble was that the men under Daleky's control did not realize that he had broken with the UPA leadership and was acting on his own, not under the jurisdiction and in conjunction with Chuprynka.

These events and the turmoil they caused did, in fact, pretty much rid the UPA and the Volyn OUN of moles, but not completely, since, throughout its war against the UPA, the NKVD tried to infiltrate both the UPA and the OUN. The NKVD believed that the way to destroy the partisans was from the inside and through betravals. Although the Volyn underground was weakened, it did not disintegrate. Although both Smok and Daleky carried on the resistance, instances occurred when one man's group got in the way of the other group. Upon occasion, one group would accidentally stumble on the other in the forest, and the men, thinking that they had come across a band of the NKVD, would start shooting at each other.

Thus, the decision was made to send someone totally new and previously uninvolved with the Volvo problem to become the ranking superior officer over both Daleky and Smok. Chuprynka chose Orlan for the job. Chuprynka had decided on Orlan in 1946 and had postponed that transfer because of the turmoil in the Zakerzon krai. After Orlan and I crossed into Ukraine in 1947, Chuprynka waited for the oppor-

tune time to implement his decision.

As we were saying good-bye, I saw that Orlan was challenged by his new assignment and was eager to begin working. This assignment was also a promotion, since he became the leader of the resistance for

I learned this complicated history of the Volyn resistance much later, when Orlan and I were reunited. In the spring of 1948, all I knew was that Orlan had left for Volyn, and I stayed behind. Orlan's parting present was a set of beautifully formed documents that said I was a repatriate from Zakerzon kraj. Once I found a place to live. Orlan said, I would use these credentials to legalize myself. Although I knew the documents would help and having them was an enormous plus, I realized that my survival depended ultimately only on me.

8. Birth of My Second Son

the village of Hranky, near the town of Khodoriv. A number of fami-

lies repatriated from the Zakerzon krui lived in Hranky. None of them had Soviet documents, and that is why we had selected this particular village to visit. In the larger towns and administrative centers, the Zakvillage administration in Hranky, I said I was from the village of Brylynec in Zaherzon krai, presented the document Orlan had given me that I was a repatriate, and filled out an application for residency. My request was granted, and I received a document that said I was a resident of Hranky. Through people she knew, Natalka also arranged for a document that permitted me to travel. Natalka also gave me a few skirts and dresses, since I had been wearing pants and had no women's clothing. Thus, equipped with papers and appropriate clothing. I set out for Sambir on the train to drop off mail I had brought with me from the partisans. I had to change trains in Strvi. Since the train was not leaving right away. I took a walk in the town. When I approached the gate the militiaman checking documents and whispered something while pointing me out. I noticed this exchange, but did not loose my com-The militiaman came up to me through the crowd and said, "May

The militiaman came up to me through the crowd and said, "May l see your documents?"

As I pulled out my new documents, I suddenly realized I had for-

gotten my new name. What to do. I drew the document from my bag, opened it slowly, quickly scanned the name and then folding it again,

handed it to the militiaman. He read the document carefully and then put me through the drill: "Name? Date of birth? Place?"

If he had snatched my residency document from my hands before that first day, but, thank God, all turned out well. In a police regime, not only did the authorities check documents but also probed your

After delivering the mail in Sambir, I continued on to Lviv, where I met my father. Orlan and I had decided on two conduits for keeping in touch. One was through Natalka who worked for Fedir and thus had told my father that once Orlan had settled in Volyn, he would write to one of my uncles. My parents would retrieve the letters and I would what I would do after the baby was born. We had two choices: I could raise the child myself by getting a job and legalizing myself in some small town. Or, if I could not find the means to raise the baby myself. I would find a family with whom I would place the child and return to I outlined these plans to my father and also taught him how to

hide the letters from Orlan, how to transport them, and how to get them to me. I then went back to Sambir and started looking for a place to live. I spent several weeks with different families, most of them repatriates from Zakerzon knai, but could not find appropriate lodgings. What I was looking for was a family that was local and was not under any suspicion of having anything to do with the partisans. Eventually, I found what I thought would be a suitable place in the village of whose ages ranged from a little over twenty down to ten years. They had been left orphans during the Zakerzon knai repatriations and now were trying to recreate their family. The middle sister, a teenager, already had a three-year-old daughter but no one knew who the father was, Since I was about the same are as the eldest sister, my presence and my condition did not seem out of the ordinary in this family unit.

For a few weeks everything went well. I registered with the village administration and was planning to live with this family until spring when the baby would be a few months old and when it would be easier to travel with the child. I met with Natalka who gave me a letter from one of Orlan's contacts that contained the news that Orlan had reached Volyn safely. The news brightened my otherwise gray existence. But my plant did not week out. I discovered that a sweman whose blushed had been protocole for eviding the drift and was now coopenzing with the authorities had found out who I was. Eventually, to the high a state of the protocole and the state of the state of the total protocole and the state of the state of the state of the I had fallen ill and missed a second scheduled renderous with Natalka had I had fallen ill and missed a second scheduled renderous with Natalka had I had fallen ill and missed a second scheduled renderous with Natalka had had a state of the When I family arread at the village, I discovered that Natalka had with the state of the ball that when the state of the state of the state of the state of the ball that when the state of the ball that the state of the state of

I decided to stay in Hranky to wait for the next meeting with Natalka, which we had agreed on to be on the same date a month hence if one of us somehow missed the August meeting. During this timethe end of August and the beginning of September of 1948-the special troops of the security forces were combing the forests for the remaining partisan groups. They had also devised a method to turn the population against the partisans. Using Soviet partisans who had been active during the German occupation, the authorities ordered these men to pretend they were UPA. These men would commit terrorist acts, engage in debauchery, and assault people living in villages near the forests, especially villages the enemy knew partisans visited often to obtain information and provisions. Sometimes these UPA impostors would drag people off into the forest to bunkers they had built for this purpose. They would question and torture people for allegedly cooperating with the authorities. Disoriented and fearful, some people told their inquisitors about what they had done for the UPA and also named others in the village who knew about their patriotic activities and could serve as witnesses. Then the authorities would arrest the people who lagers and frightened many people from cooperating further with what was left of the underground.

In Hranky, I lived in a state of readiness and fear. Since houses were searched constantly, I spent a lot of time in the loft in the barn. One day I saw trucks filled with soldiers coming into the village, and I immediately went into the fields. I hid among the grain that had not

yet been harvested. The day passed, and the backing of dogs told me that strangers were still in the village. Toward cenning, I became cold, since I was wearing a summer dress. Then it began to rain, I spent the night in the fields and did not go back until the middle of the following day when one of the girls came to get me.

Natalka did not come to the Sevtember meeting, and I grew

increasingly worlied. Then we head the news that one of the partial leaders and his secretary were killed in a bunker in the forest. The secretary was described as having had long black braids. I remembered Natalka's lucuriant hair and was certain that she had been killed. I think I guessed right, because I never saw Natalka again. Whom had she found for me? The question ranged me, and I was noar despair.

At the end of September, Luranged a meeting with no funily to which Lesia came, bringing important new Ny parents had records a letter from Ortan through the conduct I had established. I was very discopposed when Lesia with me that Ortan has been in wortan had been descripted to the Lesia with the Child of the Lesia was the contact with reg family, and they did not know how and where to find contact with reg family, and they did not know how and where to find me endiller. Thus, Lesia had goes to the recordors with Ortan. Lesia uid that Pahk and one other partissa mech read alt eith ere pre-with a kerchied, their did set to a banker. Does the Kerchie was nemedy a kerchied, their did set to a banker. Does the Kerchie was nemedy a the found bereefit as a small banker with a very low ceiling. Ordin was when the control of the control of the control of the control of the lesia know showing without Does Herrich was the control of the town when the parties of the control of the control of the control to see my booked was in some measure relieved by the knowledge that he was alter and with which made never yell within than the level parties of the control of the con

My second son was born on October 18, 1948, in Hranky I used a midwife who came from Eastern Ukraine and had settled in a nearby village back in 1939 during the first Soviet occupation. I did not want to use her but had no choice. When she handed me the buby she examined me closely, then said, "You have delicate hands." And when he left she added, "You're not a villager, but that is none of my business." Although I did not think she would betray me because she lived

Although I did not think she would betray me because she lived in harmony with the Ukrainian population, nonetheless it became quite apparent that I was different from the people I lived with, however had I tried to blend in. Eventually, someone started asking questions, and the gossip spread.

This was an extremely difficult time in the countrivide aince the

authorities, having defeated the UPA and pacified Western Ukraine, were turning to collectivizing villages. Villages resisted, but the authorities would torture peasants until they agreed to sign the collectivization agreement, or the authorities would descend unannounced on a village and take away the heads of household for questioning and con-

The partison opposed collectivization because they knew what it would kning, also because they heliced with the population should resist the invader. Sometimes partisans punished and dreve out men who came to collectivize a village. The population is also opposed collectivization vibeneously, because exception by these knew shoult the fainties because the collectivization vibeneously, because exception by the he knew shoult the fainties because the collectivization would make experiment of the collectivization of the

about what to do and decided that I would give the child to my parents while I searched for a family to take the baby in.

My father was waiting for me in Livi. He asked me about the child, what I had named the boy—Taras—and what I planned to do. I. burst into tears and poured out what had happened and the difficulties I had had finding lodgings. Although I was twenty-three, I wanted to tell my father my problems at I did when I was a child. After hearing me out, my father said, "Mother and I had been thinking, I think you should give the full to us."

I was immensely grateful to them. I know that my mother would take better care of the haby than I would; I also knew that this arrangement was temporary. The probability that my parents would be ealled to Siberia was very real, and I did not want the baby to be cought in the deportation. They would face grave hardships during the ceilse, and a small child would only compound them. My father and I agreed that I would bring the child to Livie at the beginning of December. came to Olesyn they stopped at Pol'ka's for a sample, which cut into the small profit she made. I stayed with Pol'ka until early January. I taught little Myron the

alphabet and was amazed at how quickly he learned. Although he was

of school age, he did not go to school because he had no shoes. Word spread quickly through the tiny village that the wife of their

local hero Vasyl Halasa was staying with his sister. Since the village was so deep in the countryside and was small, it had not yet been collectivized and was not often visited by the Soviet authorities. But they did come while I was there for a load of timber. Two officials came to Pol'ka's house, probably to get a "sample." When they saw me, they asked for my documents, which I showed them. I told them that I was a seamstress and had come to Olesyn to earn money. I don't think they believed me at all, and they took me to the village administration. As we walked down the main road, villagers came out of their homes and watched in silence as I passed. At the village administration, the agent in charge examined my papers and released me. This was one of the times that fate was kind to me. But the brush with authorities made it clear that I could not stay

even here. I moved to a neighboring village called Helenka, where one of Orlan's cousins arranged a room for me. The people of Helenka were wonderful, honest people, and I remember my stay there as one of the

On the appointed-day it moved and was very cold. The ground, noy of rozers, had turned to mad. I made my vary from the rains to the trolley depot but lower that I would never be able to clinish on with the child and my actigages. At I was debring what to do, Steff sa papeared at my side. She had foresten my difficulties and had come down to meet my third bethy or clinished about the rolley. We upen the night with Yastin, where I usually supped when in Lorie In the menting, at the college with a state, where I usually supped when in Lorie In the menting. I transmitted by Handow where I wasted for two more works. Although

I mitting do Hankly, where I travel for two more week. Although the trainly we have reviews now that the half way now, more thanks the trainly we have reviews now that the half way now, more thanks the trainly was provided in the second trainly reads the subserties, who was do been. Then someone begin gaining that I was a partition, and those that the range would externally reads the adsorties, who was discovered to the second cone to investigate. Thus, I decided to ago to Ordat's family, who lived use in the first Section of the second cone to investigate. The second cone to investigate the second cone to the second cone in the first Section of the second cone in the s

of the Table and the state of t

When Pol'ka made horitku, her pay was a liter of the whiskey. She sold this at the local market and used the proceeds to feed the children. The local authorities knew about Pol'ka's enterprise, and whenever they

9. Betrayal

My parents and I had arranged to meet again in Nastia's apartment in Lviv on January 20 so that I could get a report on the baby and news of Orlan in the event a letter had arrived in the interim. At the apartment, a disturbing surprise in the form of a letter from Zova was at once, Zova wrote that she was in Lviv and wanted to meet with me. She also said that it was my duty to help her and underlined the

The letter puzzled me, although I already knew that Zoya was trying to get in touch with me. The last time I was in Lviv. Nastia had of mine, had come to the apartment. The girl had asked Nastia when I would be in Lviv again so she could make contact. When Nastia described the strange girl, I knew immediately that she was Zoya's

What troubled me was the girl's assertion that her sister had been in touch with her. As far as I knew, Zova was still in prison in Poland worried me a little, but not enough for me to forsake news of the baby

Now, as I read Zova's letter, I sensed that something was not right. Had she been broken by the MVD (Stalin's post-World War II version of the NKVD), and was she cooperating with the security authorities? I theorized that they may have brought her to Lyiv, hoping that through was probably under surveillance, but I nonetheless decided to spend the night there and meet with my family the next day, as we had agreed. My sister Lesia arrived with the news that the baby was doing well

My sizer Lesis arrived with the crew that the baby was doing well under mother's care. She also brought a tester from O'Rah. Immediately and the size of the size

I smiled and hugged her in greeting, then examined her face more closely, It was drawn, and her eyes were troubled. She had also lort a great deal of weight, She suggested that we go for a walk to talk; therefore, the three of su left together. On the threshold I turned around and told Nastia I would be back in a little while. Outside, I said good-bye to Lesia who was catching the trolley to the train station, while Zoya.

and I went for our walk

I tried not to show that I was worried and on my gand. I speciated that Natis know Zoya and must have somehow tald her when I would be in Javic The night was cold, and I was soon shrering, since I was wearing a light jacker and a skirt, while Zoya had on a warm write root and a large woolen kerching. She saw that I was cold and offered her her kerchief. I shd no, adding that my scarf was adoquate, but she initient. She stopped and took, my scarf off and draped her kerchief as sit tuned to be—but a full shaline and exchanges or when the state of the state of the scar had the state of the scarce and the state of the scarce and that was and exchanges or when the state of the scarce and I shaline and exchanges or when the state of the scarce and I shaline and exchanges or when the state of the scarce and I shaline and exchanges or when the scarce and th

As we remuned our wall, Zergs told me an incredible stays, bits start that following he arrest in Yelenn Guss, the was taken to Wersew and jailed. She taid that an Englithman, whom she had next at the measury while distributing underground nuturatis, nonembor obstanced here release. He then sarranged for her to cross the border and gove her context that would frimish her with legal papers. Her story was too fastsatic to be believed, I and I was very cool and relea to turn back to fastsatic to well me and had on a tow wellow.

Suddenly, a tall man materialized behind us. He pushed us apart while grabbing us under the arms. In the next moment, two more men in dark overcoats appeared on either side of us and also grabbed us under the arms. I tried to vank free, but they held on firmly.

"Take it easy," one said in Russian, "You're coming with us," Then we were pushed into a car that had pulled up alongside us.

Throughout my walk with Zoya I had expected something to happen, but we were accosted so quickly that I did not have time to react. I could not make myself believe what was happening. I was under arrest,

but I could not comprehend this calamity. I was thinking, "At any moment now, I'll wake up. Zova couldn't be doing this to me. This is a nightmare. Zova couldn't betray me and our friendship." Then, suddenly, I remembered that I was carrying Orlan's address

and letter. This thought brought me back to reality with a jolt. The MVD will find the drop and will set a trap. When Orlan comes, they'll kill him. There is nothing I can do.

We were driven to the regional headquarters of the MVD. The gate

swung open heavily, and the car drove into the prison yard. Behind us, the gate closed slowly and with finality. As it clanked shut, I felt it was rity authorities can comprehend the terrible terminality of a gate-or a door-closing behind them. We were led inside and then up three flights of stairs to the third

floor. When we halted in a brightly-lit corridor, I abruptly turned to face Zova, I stared at her and I wanted to ask, "How will you sleep tonight?" but I found no words. We stood staring at each other for a long moment. She was still wearing my scarf. Her eyes were bulging and seemed to be asking for forgiveness. One of the men noticed our silent exchange and stepped between us so that I could no longer see Zova. Then he led her away. Someone else told me to take off my jacket, which was searched carefully and the letter from Orlan removed. I decided they were searching me to ascertain that I did not carry a revolver. Once they were satisfied that I was unarmed, I was ushered into a room where two matrons made me undress completely. They also told me to unplait my long bair, and they combed through it in the event I carried a message hidden in my braids. Next, they checked every seam of my clothing and, if one appeared unduly thick, they ripped it open. Thus, they found Orlan's address. After the search, I was permitted to get dressed, then I was led

into a large, brightly-lit office. Soon two investigating magistrates

entered and asked me who I was. I gave them the information on my papers, saying I was a repartiate from the Zakraza shaii. They littered without paying much attention. Then one of them stood up, left the office, and returned shortly with several photographs. One was a group photo of our people from the Zakraza haii. In the group I saw Orlan and myself.
"Why play cat and mouse with us?" the magistrate asked. "We

know you're Marichka, Orlan's wife." I realized that to continue denying who I was, was absurd. I had been betrayed by my best friend who knew me and my activities as well as I did.

They asked me where Orlan was hiding. "I don't know," I said truthfully.

That was the last thing I said that night. I did not answer any other questions. They had Orlan's letter and knew that we were not living together. It was ironic that the letter both condemned and exonerated me. I truly did not know where Orlan was. Be then it was very lare, and the two investigators realized that

they would get nothing further from me that night. They pushed some chairs together and told me to lie down and rest. They then departed, leaving me in the brightly-lit office with two guards standing at the door.

I lay down and closed my eyes but didn't sleep a moment all that

you on a six cooke in yo yes to distint steep is monoted a time ingite. Sy head was filled with back chought. What will largent adopt with a six of the si

A man came to the office in the morning, gave me a short of blank appear, and old me to write my autobiopsyly. I took the papear and the peocle and began to sketch. He watched me and every so often the peocle and began to sketch. He watched me and every so often the peocle and began to sketch. He watched me and every so often the best or change the guarter and keep watch. During the day, several men came and looked me over as if we want of the real several men came and looked me over as if we men exceed speciennes. In the evening, the two investigating magnetid days, I was not only interrugated, the threat also treat to "renduces" and Atlongsh they were not pleasant, they did not hut me. I began to

understand what they where up to. They wanted to final, away to use me on Grain. We book like sorbe that begin had the letter and the return address and could see a trap, the having this information did not guarantee to the third and that quarantee. It would must their quartee to the country of the countr

One night around midnight I was taken before the head of the Lviv MVD, who had the rank of a general. He did not question me, only told me to think very carefully about my situation and the consequences I had by now realized that the fact that I had recently given birth was working in my favor. My interrogators were not interested in what I had done in the Zakerzon krai because they considered that chapter of the resistance crushed and concluded. They were interested in the Ukrainian underground. I could legitimately claim I knew very little since I had spent the winter deep in the Carpathian mountains and had left the underground in the spring when I realized I was pregnant. Thus, they had no witnesses who could say that I had engaged in partisan activities in Ukraine. I steadfastly and logically maintained that so many repatriates in Western Ukraine, my explanation that I had been living simply like other repatriates seemed plausible, especially since it was based on fact. I only made sure I mentioned nothing about the underground as I described my life since the winter. After writing their protocol, the investigating magistrates would spend some time trying Union was mighty and would soon destroy puny Ukrainian nationalists. I should think about my husband, my son, and my family and conduct myself in such a way that I would be in position to help all of them when the time came

During one of these discussions, one of the magistrates opened a britefesse and took out a photograph, which he passed to me. Too you recognize him? he saked. I glanced at the photograph and my heart broke. It was a photograph of little Zenon. I stared at the picture, committing to memory every feature of his little face, his expression, and his dething. He was dressed in a winter star, so the photograph had to be recent. "He's being well taken care of," the man said.

"Will I get him back if my life returns to normal?" I asked. "Well, that's a difficult matter. He was taken in by someone who holds a high office in the government, someone who was childless. We're

only showing you this photograph to assure you that he's well and being

well taken care of." He was not telling me anything new. We had learned that the head tened, my heart broke at the thought that a man whose mission was to exterminate the child's parents was raising my son. The boy would grow died. The magistrate, of course, did not tell me the name of the man who had adopted little Zenon.

"You have a second child," they reminded me. "You could raise him, but only if you exculpate yourself in the eyes of the government

and repent your past actions."

I was thinking furiously. They and I agreed on one point, It was important for us to reach some sort of resolution. They wanted to eradicate what was left of the underground, and I wanted to do everything in my power to protect Orlan from capture. I knew that if I did not go along with their plans, they would attempt to achieve their goal with-

"Of course I would like to lead a normal life," I replied. "Who wouldn't?" Then after a pause, I added, "You see from the letter you found on me that I was with the baby and not with my husband. Eventhey will cut what tentative contact I have now. At that point, I won't

be able to help you in any way." "We've considered that," came the reply. "We won't hold you too long if we have assurances that you are sincere and are willing to help

After this conversation, I was again brought before the MVD general. "From the letter I can see that Orlan loves you very much," he said.

"Do you influence his decisions?"
"Depends on the circumstances," I said, "but, in general, I think I

He then took out a long thin piece of paper that had been coiled tightly. I immediately recognized the missive as a "shtafeta," an underground letter. He unrolled the paper and showed it to me. "Do you recognize the handwriting?"

was from Poltava.

"No, I don't know who wrote it."

The general did not insist. Instead he unrolled the letter to the end and began to read. "This is a letter from Poltava to Orlan." he informed tence here that I think you might like to hear," he added. "At the end,

Poltava says. 'Greetings to Marichka.'" I said nothing

"Well, then," he continued. "I'm transmitting greeting to you from

Although his words rang with irony, he did not realize how the message had renewed my resolve. That greeting from Poltava was like

a beacon. I knew the road I had to follow. No matter how the MVD threatened my newborn son, my family, and me, I would never let them destroy the people I cared about. I would not participate in any way in the Soviet government's destruction of what I believed in. After a few more days, the investigating magistrates completed

their work, and I was taken again before the MVD general. He told me that I would be let go if I signed a letter pledging my cooperation and "repent before the authorities." He pushed the letter across the desk toward me and gave me a pen.

"Well, then," the general said, and began to outline MVD's plans. My job was to return to Orlan and convince him to surrender. The general said something like this: "Influence him as only a wife can when she sets her mind to do so. You have a deadline. March 1. We will expect you before that date with Orlan's answer. Since you have a new child. your return to Lviv will not be suspicious. If he agrees, we will develop a plan on how to keep in touch with him. If you carry out your assignment, upon your return you will be given a good apartment and provided a fine livelihood. If Orlan doesn't agree, then you'll probably stay with him, and I expect you'll survive for another year or two, but then we will find you and destroy you. Your child will be left an orphan, and your family will suffer greatly because of you. You must understand that

"So," he concluded, "are you willing to take this assignment?" "I will do everything in my power, but the decision will be his," I

"I know we are taking a risk," he said, "but we'll gain little by

imprisoning you. On the other hand, your assignment may net us something. In the worst possible scenario, you two will live a little longer."

This conversation, as all others, took place in the middle of the high. Shortly after dawn, one of the investigating magnitures came from the Haw and dessed in oxilian clothes (not in the uniform he work when me. He was dessed in oxilian clothes (not in the uniform he work with any), and not through the gite. The stream of the relative of the side was viable. He then turned on his heels and started waiting in the opposed inderection. For a moment, I tood on others of the indexilia; I was dissequently and the stream of the side of the side of the side of the significant of the side of the side of the side of the side of the ingenerating the side of the side of the side of the side of the ingenerating the side of the side of the side of the side of the ingenerating the side of the side of the side of the side of the ingenerating the side of the

I had been given a month in which to find Orbat. This was not an again aspinant. The partiests were diege into the countryside during the winter and did not emerge until snow began melting. But before! could start searching for Orbat, I had no find a home for little Barat. I know without even the slightent doubt that neither Orban no! I would cooperate with the authorities. This meant hat fur the deadline passed cooperate with the authorities. This meant that fur the deadline passed operate with the authorities. This meant that fur the deadline passed experts on the silver of the sil

get men Lett with Zoya, I had assured Nastia I would be back to get my things. I had not returned, I would learn that the next morning she took the train to Zadwin to tell my parents I had disappeared. Of I course, at home everyone became extremely worsired, My mother had sensed something was wrong when Lesia returned and told her about Carry's unespected appearance. Be was commised I had been arrested and the common of the common control of the course of the least the common control of the common control of the common of the common control control of the common control of the common control of the common control control of the common control of the common control of the common control control of the common contr

Since every day was precious, I left Lviv that same morning for Hranky, where I packed my things. From there, I took the train to Zadviria and arrived home in the middle of the night. I was last home five year before. I had also come at night and had crept quietly to the house in order not to wake the dogs. My heart was beating loudly as I

approached the house and gently tapped on the windowpane.

Immediately someone moved inside and I saw my father's worried

"Oh, my God," I heard him whisper and in the next moment the door opened and I was inside. I immediately planced around and found the crib where little Taras slept. I ran to him and knelt by the crib. "Oh my darling," I whispered. "A day ago, I thought I would never see you again." Then I greeted my parents, my sisters, and my brothers. I told

them what had happened to me.

After the week of sleepless nights, I was exhausted and decided to stay at home for a day. My plan was to take Taras to Orlan's cousin-Nastia Martynovska, whom I had met a few months earlier. Nastia lived in the village of Olesyn. She had only a ten-year-old son, and I was hoping she would agree to take in and raise Taras. The day I spent at home was very difficult. I had to hide so that none of the neighbors would see me. And I read the growing fear in the eyes of my family. My parents and my siblings were asking themselves silently, "What will happen to us now?"

At one point my father began, "If only they would keep us together,

then maybe..."

In the evening, I packed my belongings and those of the baby, Stefa was going to come with me to help. As I stood at the door, I knew this was the last time I would see any of my family. I had something very important to tell them, to ask them, I said, "How can I say goodbye and find the words to help you face what lies ahead? Whatever I say won't change anything. I only beg you, don't curse me. I did what my heart and my conscience told me to do. I joined the resistance because I felt it was my duty to do so. And where you have resistance, you will have casualties. Our family cannot escape."

"We're not the first," my father said, while my poor mother looked

at my small brothers, at Taras's empty crib, and sighed heavily.

From Zadviria, Stefa and I took the train to Zolochiv, where we were to transfer to the train for Ternopil. The train was already in the station, and we tried to board it since it was heated while the station waiting room was not. A night watchman woke up and made us leave the train. I tried to reason with him by saving that the baby was cold,

but he velled in Russian, "I don't give a damn." I ground my teeth in impotent anger against a country and a regime whose people had lost the last semblance of kindness and understanding. In the morning, we boarded the train, made one more transfer in

Ternonil, and reached our destination shortly after noon. The milk we carried for the baby had long ago become cold and he was hungry, wet, and crying. I had to feed him and change him. Soon after leaving the train station at Kozova. I stopped at a house and asked the woman who opened the door whether my sister and the baby could warm themselves while I went to the bazaar to find the sled that would take us to Olesyn. The woman was frightened because times were uncertain and she had no idea who we were, but she was too kindhearted to turn us out into the cold. I left Stefa and little Taras and went to the bazaar. Of course, no one was waiting for us, and I did not meet anyone I knew. So I started walking toward Olesyn. The day was bitterly cold and in the late afternoon it started snowing. The wind blew in my face and through my clothing and tried to topple me. But I stumbled on as if endowed by superhuman strength. Tears froze on my lashes. The tears were not only brought on by the biting wind. These were tears I shed because of the great injustice done to me and others like me. My heart was breaking. In this great land among so many people I could not raise my own child or find a place to hide him from the enemy.

It was dusk by the time I reached Nastia's house. When I entered, she and her husband were dumbfounded by my appearance. I think they realized from my condition that a great misfortune had brought me to them. I knew I had to go back immediately and get Stefa and the baby, so I told them at once why I had come to them. "My parents are going "Please take him in." After a moment, Nastia's husband said, "We won't desert the child.

We raised one boy. We will raise another one." He went out to get the sled ready while Nastia began to dress for

the journey back into town. I was terribly frightened that the people where I had left Stefa and the baby would turn them out or report them to the police. But I found Stefa and the baby still at the house, I picked up the baby, wrapped him in a warm blanker that Nastia had given me. any more, and they rolled down my cheeks as I kissed his little face and whispered, "What fate awaits you, my darling?" I kissed him again and pressed him to my breast, then placed the baby in Nastia's arms. For a moment I held her hand in mine and said, "Nastia, when his

father and I are dead, please tell him about us when he is old enough." "Don't say such things," she answered. "A time will come when

you'll take him back and raise him." But we both knew that it would not be so

Stefa and I stood in the road and watched the sled disappear into

the night. I felt drained of all strength and will power. I was very glad that Stefa was with me. We made our way back to the train station at traveled together back to Krasne. Here we parted forever. For helping me, Stefa would spend ten years in a concentration camp in Magadan. My next sasignment was to find Orlan.

10. Return to the Underground

I took the train north to Rivne in Volyn, where I was able to get a ride to Tuchyn with several other people in the back of a flatbed truck. In Tuchyn, I asked directions to the village of Pustomyty, which had been given in the address of Orlan's letter, and set out immediately. I walked for hours through barren, snow-covered fields without once coming to a village. In the distance, I saw solitary homesteads and on the horizon, a dark streak which was the beginning of the forests of Polisia. Partisans lived in those forests, I thought, and the landscape and the distant forest acquired a secretive aura. If my directions were correct, I should have reached the village by now, but there was nothing in the vicinity except a few sod houses and the remains of several have been walking behind me came up, and when I asked her directions to Pustomyty, she told me this was it. She said that the Germans had burned the village down during one of their engagements with the dug sod shelters in which they continued to live. I approached one of these dwellings and inquired for the man whose name had been given in the address. The people in the house replied in some surprise that this was where the man lived, but under further questioning categorically denied any knowledge or contact with any partisans. Perhaps they were telling the truth. Someone else in the village may have given the man's name, and had a letter arrived, only then would be have revealed their neighbors about me so that if anyone was in contact with partisans, they would learn about my arrival.

On the third night, I was awakened by someone bending over me. I opened my eyes and saw a man wearing a Red Army uniform smiling down at me. I could feel the cold that he had brought with him into the house.

"Don't you know who I am?" the man asked as I sat up, frightened.

It was only then that I recognized Ptakh.

When I was dressed, Ptakh gave me a leather holster with a revolver

that I buckled around my waist. He told me Orlan was well and was waiting for me. But I couldn't hold back asking Ptakh what he thought about my returning to the underground in the middle of the winter. "Ptakh, aren't you surprised to see me now?" I asked, and before

he could answer I poured out the news about Zoya's berrayal, my interrogation, and the deal I made with the MVD general. "Be careful," I concluded. 'Orlan's letter fell into their hands and they have this address. That's why I hurried us out of the house. It's possible that they have set a trap."

Ptakh looked around carefully, then adjusted his stance slightly and fingered his rifle in readiness.

"What did you do with the baby?" he asked.
"Took him deep into the countryside to Orlan's village and placed

him with Orlan's cousin," I said, adding, "Aren't you worried about standing with me like this? You understand the MVD didn't let me go until I signed a confession."
"What are you saying?" Ptakh burst out. "You did what you had

What are you saying? Prake burst out. You did what you no do. I would trust you even if you had signed ten confessions.

After a moment, he continued, "You picked the least of the evils. If you hadn't obtained your release and come to warn us, the MVD would have probably set a trap, if not now, then in the spring."

We were varieties for a horse-favors seed that had brought Push We were varieties for a horse-favors seed that had brought Push southern where purisons to the village where they were dropping off a control of the purisons of the village where they were dropping off a had were and had left behind, and we set out arrow the more covered fields as if in a film. The only sound in the silent, monthly night were the crundo of more under the phone of the horse. An lower we later we arrived at a homestead, where we spent the day in a bunker Push shard with three other mon. The next evening Push to one to Otlan's

As soon as I walked in, Orlan, after glancing at me, asked, "You were arrested?"

bunker in a nearby village.

"Yes," I said.

Only then did we greet each other. I told him what had happened. A little later he called in Patha, and we spent some time discussing the new situation and what reaction we should expect from the MVD when new situation and what reaction we should expect from the MVD when the state of the path of the path

When everyone wort to bed that night, I at my such Othan and thal him all that happened to me and to or child. We both weep, He felt guilty that he had not helped me when I had needed him most. Blaiming himself partially for my arrest because his long selence had made me return repeatedly to Livie until I was cought. I assured him that I did not reposted, him; likew whet heim in the resistance entailed and how difficult hill was in hiding. Yet, the tragetly brought about yet when the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of a moder or and the world of the narries—broken we bear used to if a moder or after the world of the narries—broken we have

Orlan was surprised by my naïveté concerning Zoya and made me write a detailed report which he later sent to headquarters to Taras Chuprynka with the first spring mail. He also wrote to Poltava about

what had happened and about Poltava's intercepted letter.

We soon learned that the tactics the MVD had used in my case were being implemented with other women who were married to partitions but who lived semi-slegally "above grounds." Often they were remerted and relaxed tive an interception of they promised they would remerted and relaxed tive an interception of they promised they would were not arrested, the authorities kept a close surveillance on them, knowing that a handward would not leave his self destricts. This happened, for instance, with Fedar, the Love UPA leaders By watching has penel, for instance, with Fedar, the Love UPA leaders By watching has the self-scale of the self-scale and the translate of the properties to Fedar, when the kills located the translate has the three operatives to Fedar, when the kills and the translate and the self-scale and the self

I spent the next few weeks with Orlan and his three companions, two docal underground leaders and Chnelyk, who had replaced Patkh as Orlan's bodygand. Orlan had decided that Patkh would live that winter with three local partisans in order to get to know them better, also to conduct with them the necessary ideological training that was

required of potential leaders.

Ptakh visited us twice as March approached, and each time Orlan and I reminded him to leave his bunker. He said he was going to, but the weather had turned bad and forced him to postpone the changeover to the forest bunker. Although we worried, we could not blame him too much. A great deal of snow had fallen, and it was impossible to move under such conditions. The bunker that Prakh and his two companions were to use temporarily was not stocked with food, and to deliver provisions to the forest without leaving tracks was not possible at this time of the year.

I also woried about our banker since I loow that the NVD gencal would do his untern to find such who in discovered I would not be expected by the property of the property of the property of the loop of the property of the property of the property of the formed deprete who would be found during one of the thorough searches of the area. Path and O'fain thought differently A well-marked histour, they argue, was difficult to find even in an extribule search. On the whole hand, tracks in the some were hand to mank and may no see and follow Besides, Orthus would add then ing one of these arguments, ususing through dups now would be very one of these arguments, as the property through dup now would be very many than the property of the property of the property of the contribution of the property of the property of the property of the contribution of the property of the p

As expected, new searches began in the second half of March. These searches were conducted by special troops of the MVD. They searched every house and every homestend, wrecking the earthen stows, ripping out floorboards, and demolithing root cellars in their furious search for us. They mostly searched around houses or outbuildings, leaving the orchards and the yards for only currory inspection.

We learned about the results of each search in the evenings from the people who were hiding us. It became increasingly obvious that we were courting grave danger, but because of the heavy snow, we had nowhere to go. Snow kept falling and falling, and we again postponed our relocation.

One morning, we have the pre-erranged signal that meant that MVD platnows was possessing the homesterd. Sowe where the wheir, ing of an antimiliar day. The harding was followed by voices carriage in features. It is featured to the care and the contraction of the pre-error to the care and the contraction of the contr

urged Orlan to move as soon as possible. I pointed out that Ptakh had

finally left his bunker. Sunday, March 23, 1949, sticks in my mind. It was a terrible Sunday. That Sunday night the widow at whose house we had our hideout

day. That Sunday night the widow at whose house we had our hideout came to the bunker and said to us in a quavering voice, "Dear Lord, what a traged," In Mative, in a synd, the MID Gound a bunker. From partisans killed themselves when the MVD tossed in a gas bomb. Before they died they sang a UPA song. The enemy wasn't sure they were dead, so they forced the man who owned the house to cravel down in there.

Only then did the MVD go in and pull the bodies out. They took the corpses to town."

As we listened, thunderstruck, she added, "Those were the boys

who came to see you. Oh, dear, dear, what a shame."

And so we learned that Ptakh, our dear friend, Orlan's faithful

bodyguard, was dead.

We discovered later how he was betrayed. We supposed that someone had known Ptakh was coming back for a meeting and informed the

MVD. But the answer turned out to be much simpler. The woman who bought food for the men betrayed the ladoest. Once, during the win-ter, they had bought heer to the banker but had ited her eyes with a ketchler to the work of the ladoest of the wind in the way the ladoest heer the way. While in the bunker, the heard the dog bark and recognized where she was. When the MVD abour the bard the dog bark and recognized where she was when the MVD abour the barking dog. Unfortunately, the bunker was raisled when Pukh was again using it temporarily.

We knew that once Ptakht corpse was identified, the MVD would know that Orlan was northy. Within days of Ptakht death, new searches began. The hunting was so intense and thorough that we had no choice but to leave. We decided to move into the forest since snow was melting and it was possible to mask our tracks. We left before dawn, carefully stepping from one piece of bare earth to another in order not to leave a trail and seent the day in an empty bunker we know about, then

continued on into the depths of the forests.

We were not the only ones hiding in the densely forested area. Other groups had left their winter bankers to escape the furious searches by the MVD. As we waited for spring and warm weather to arrive, we began to reestablish contacts with other partisan groups. Orlan sent his report about my arrest and how I managed to free myself. In due course, instructions came back that stated the conditions of my remaining in the underground. I could not venture among civilism or contact anyone.



Woodcut, August 5, 1949, by UPA artist Nil Khasevych, who illustrated the magarines and newsletters that Orlan published in the 1940s and 1950s. The lettering reads, "For a Ukrainian independent sovereign nation." in Volyn from 1948 to 1953. One was called the Young Revolutionary, to educate the teenage reader about the true history of Ukraine, as well tisans. The other magazine was For the Freedom of the Nation, a more

deputy in Volyn, had been killed in February. Smok's death necessitated several times until we reached Ulian's bunker. We also met with Dubovy. who had been the commander of UPA units in Volvn. When I say "we." ers. For reasons of security, we would never go directly to a leader's hideout. We would stop at a hideout that was used for guides and couriing, but if the leader said he would meet with Orlan and did not mention me, I would stay behind and wait in the guides' hideout until the conference was finished.

I remember that summer as one during which we spent the nights marching from bunker to bunker, hideout to hideout, and the days underground in hiding. On the few occasions that I did go above ground during the day, the beauty of the Volyn countryside charmed me. These occasions above ground were few because the MVD was continuing its which partisans tended to visit to get information and supplies. The

enemy also set traps at known trails and river crossings. During one of our marches we were almost caught in one of these MVD ambushes. Since we knew the route was dangerous, five partisans, three in the lead and two bringing up the rear, accompanied us.

As we neared the ford, the three men in the lead went ahead while Orlan and I waited a short distance behind.

Without warning ofmoon shouted in Russia, "Who goes there?" and the sky was lit up with flares until it seemed that day had suddenly dawned. The shout was followed by a barst of machine gun fire, which the three men ahead of us returned to draw the enemy's attention to themselves and sway from us. We know they were doing this in order to give us an opportunity to retreat to safety, but we could hardly move since the gunfire around us was so intense.

This was the first time I had fallen into a trap, and I could no more from fight, I thought every bullet was directed at me. Every time I tried to get up, a new volley made me fall to the ground again. To make matters worse, I was waring a pair of army boot that were much too large for me and, as I tried to follow the others to safery, I keps stambling and falling. When the flares again it up the night and we fell to the ground to avoid detection, I shook my feet and the boot minph shi doff. The next time we go up to ma, I ran berdord and made

O'lan decided it would be foolhardy to try to make the crossing, so we retreated to the bunker where we had spent the previous day. On the following ighty, we made our way to the hidoout we had agreed upon as rendezous point in the event we became separated or someting went amis, as it had. The hidoout belonged to Nazar, who had been a platoon leader in the UPA and had been in charge of the men who had accompanied us on the attempted crossing.

Two days passed before Nazar and one of the other partitions came to mere u. Nazar had a flow would in his upper arm where the bill. It had goes through without touching the bone. He companion was undure, but the flat pairwain had differed a more seen bone of the other had been been to a more who helped partitions before modal of the first aid course. In the Bone trained to dress who was the seen to the desired and the had been been been about the form and course. In the form and course, I had been rained to other woods and immediately ascertained that Nazar's wound had become infected. Using the first aid it in the lobest. I plean ceiting the woods. I had to pass a distinct freatment through the "named" created by the bullet; and at I woods I if mind the passed to the following days. I see that the cleaning of the wood had been successful, and the wound help as to beat. During this time I part to know Nazar better and liked him very much. He was quite and reserved and could be depended on to carry out the coloring internal received and could be depended on to carry out the coloring days than I had been a disconting a developed and a cercent test a why.

the leaders with food, and even made monetary collections among the population for the underground. He was markedly successful in the latter effort since he was good looking and knew how to make people like and trust him.

Our say with Neuer following our encounter with the MVD had not positive and result. One day, a court brought a latter that was addressed to the "Leadership of the Velyn Resistance," it was written as well as the control of the Welyn Resistance, "it was written to behalf of all mit inclusives where recognized Dokley's command. He said he and the others had become aware of the breach between Dokley and the Intellectual Position of the Position

UPA-OUN leadership and become subordinate to it.

knowledge of the rift. Odtas immediately explicit to the letter, in which the introduced limited and explained at once length why Trax Chaptynia had sent him to Volyn. Since we subsequently hard runner had Dieley had been betreeped by someon in his raths, Orion decided until bearing the sent of the right of the righ

We had not heard about Daleky's fate before or about his men's

As we waited for further developments that summer, Orlan continued to work on the journals he was editing and on new propaganda materials that would be distributed in Volyn, with some sent by couri-

ers to the eastern provinces.

We spent only fall in the area around Latthe, where economic conditions were singularized pitter and national awareness was more developed. Resistance members dressed and are better here, since both food and chelting were more readily excitable. In the space of a mount, the state of the both the man and the woman were actively engaged in the underground, both the man and the woman were actively engaged in the underground, which women exting infer as typints of Dischuse and journals or as contiered. It was the state of the state of



Woodcut, Nil Khasevych, December 31, 1949. The flag reads, "Freedom for Nations! Freedom for the individual!"

However difficult our lives were, we who were members of the resistance did not subscribe to the cult of death. To the contrary, we valued every moment of life. Although once cornered or wounded and about to be taken alive, we chose death by self destruction, such a decision was made only if there was absolutely no escape possible from a tragic

Toward the end of September, Orlan left for several weeks of conferences with district leaders. In October, a guide took me to a hideout propaganda materials.

It was a newly constructed hideout where Orlan was planning to spend the coming winter, but I did not like the hideout at all because of its entrance. The hideout adjoined the house and could be accessed through the floor of a small storage room that was part of the house. The floor of the storage room was part dirt while the other part was for the winter. The entrance to the bunker was beneath the floorboards. In the event an enemy search was feared, the floorboard could be nailed to the walls. This would not only make escape impossible in the event the air intakes in the yard were discovered, but also MVD was now routinely prying up floorboards and looking for hideout entrances under

ters alone. One of the girls, whose name was Olha, had a beautiful, clear soprano voice and would have likely made a career as a singer if she had lived in different circumstances. Orlan managed to acquire a short-wave radio for the hideout and a good supply of paper for our winter work. Obtaining paper on which to print the underground jourin the nearby village knew that he read newspapers. This enabled Orlan news programs from Kyiy and Moscow and to Voice of America dispatches in Russian. We read newspapers and Russian journals and worked on publishing underground materials. What Orlan wrote, I copied on the typewriter that always traveled with us. I made a specific number of copies, usually twelve, depending on where the written work Then one evening-while learning no a Wenter radio programe where the Wood of America would begin breadens in He Justine. We were overlyood that we would hear our native language on the airwaves. On the appointed may like Knorde, our host, and two of his daughters came down to the bunker, while the third girl kept wards in the bosses of the shoulders. The research of our language was like manual to the bunker of the bunker has been been been as the same of the bunker of the bunker has been been as the same of the bunker of the bu

11. The Deaths of Comrades

During the final years of the 1940s, the conditions under which the underground extracted in Volyn became extremely difficult. Yet, the propaganda work that Orlan and others were producing began to pay off with the beginning of the second half of the twentieth century. As gay Russian songs and promises of prosperity flowed from the

radio with the arrival of the 1950 New Year, we made our own reckoning. The year just ended had seen enormous losses in the underground, mass arrests and deportations to Siberia of OUN sympathizers, and ever-increasing terror in the Ukrainian population. But we had made some impact. We had printed and distributed thousands of leaflets explaining our cause and our reasons for waging war against the enemy. These leaflets were carried for dispersal in the eastern provinces, scattered near the camps of Red Army recruits or handed out in front of schools in Western Ukraine. As we greeted 1950, we realized that this year would be even harder than those before, since the Soviet empire was mobilizing its resources to destroy us once and for all. We wished each other only one thing: strength of mind and soul to carry on the work. We would be gratified in the months ahead by an influx of recruits, primarily from students who learned about us from the leaflets and pamphlets we had distributed in front of schools. These young men replenished our ranks, and the Volyn underground kept on working for another

Several days after the New Year, one of the Korecky girls climbed down the ladder to bring us news. Her face was white and her lips were trembling.

"Earlier today a platoon of the MVD found a bunker in which



search. The troops brought along a kitchen and several dogs. All this

indicated that the search for us would be long and thorough. The searches started at the other end of the strumg-out home-

root cellar was dug up. What worried us most was the entrance to our hideout, which I failed to describe earlier. It was under floorboards, and ingly nervous about our presence. One of the daughters, whose name was Halia, actually became ill from her apprehension. We worried that parent anxiety would make the enemy suspicious, or, perhaps, even give

At this particular time, a local partisan whose name was Tymish was living with us. He knew of another hideout in a nearby village, and Orlan decided that we should relocate until the danger passed. The night was clear, cold, and quiet. We had put on white overcoats that made us nearly invisible against the snow-covered fields and reached our destination without any difficulties. We woke up the family and asked if we could use the hideout. They told us that their place had been searched two days ago. That news convinced us to hide here.

The entrance to the hideout was through a shed in which the family kept a wagon and other farm equipment. Since the hideout had not been used in a long time, the entrance was frozen solid. We had to use pickaxes to break the ground, and the thumping echoed in the silent night. We eventually opened the entrance and climbed in, only to discover another problem. The air intakes were covered and frozen solid. Again, the thumping with the pickaxes. We worried that a sentry would

The family gave us some bread and water and we got ready to spend the next few days underground. Orlan instructed the family to

The air in the hideout was stagnant and cold. We lit a candle, but

after a time we noticed that the flame was wavering and was getting smaller and smaller. Then the candle went out. We knew there was not enough oxygen in the underground room. If we did not do something to stir the air and begin the exchange of outside air with the heavy inside air, then we would suffocate. We took turns trying to move the



Taye Woodcut, Nils Khasevych, January 30, 1949. UPA recruits assembling in the forest. Batten: Woodcut, Nil Khasevych, March 1, 1949. Ukrainian insurgents marching through the hills of Volyn.

taganar air. Two of us tood under one intake flapping newspapers, while the third person stood under the second air intake and blow hard upward into the hole. This was exhausting work since we worked in ony-gord-opheted air. Eventually, our effects paid off. It became casies to breathe. When we lit the candle, the flame did not go out. We watched that candle all night. As soon as the flame file one go out. We watched that candle all night. As soon as the flame file keered, we started flapping newspapers and blowing again. We did this until morning.

The stagnast sit that we encountered was a fillement that played many hideoun. The other could be covered with dut a ment edge, but the sit entake had to stry open. Above ground, a voticy of manta completely hidden. The complete has the alternative of manta completely hidden. The complete has the alternative few entitless, had been also also alternative that the completely had an attention of contractive and upcard with houriford during a cold sight and summor from the finally had to remove the intellige evidence and, nonling. Hiddenous that were in constant one were quotiped with a fain that was conflicted by a where it constant one were quotiped with a fain that was conflicted by a when it is constant to the conflicted of the conflicted of the contractive of the conflicted of the conflicted of the contractive of the conflicted of the conflicted of the contractive of the conflicted of the contractive of the conflicted of the contractive of the con-

We were very worried by the noise we had made during the night and were prepared for the worst. But the day passed peacefully. We told the family through the air intake not to open the hideout that evening. Although we were breathing more easily since our booles and our linear had warmed the underground room, nonetheless we hardly are anything

that day and night.

On the following moening, the father of the family came to report on what was happening. An above, Other for adord hard raisyone was on what was happening. An above, Other for adord hard raisyone was the following of the following of the following of the father hardware for the following of the following of the following of his bring of the following of the following of the following of good worse. We suspected that consoners had arrived and may have noticed him best over talking into the ground. Our conjectures were correct, them nather tools on Appeters (b) and againer, who was keep noticed him best over talking into the ground. Our conjectures were correct, them nather tools on Appeters (b) and againer, who was keep noticed to the conjecture of the conference of the conjectures of the conversation and did not notice the arrival of a neighbor with the conjecture of the conjecture

when the neighbor walked up.

Orlan then asked about the neighbor. "What kind of man is he?"

outspoken communist, but now he doesn't talk much."

There was nothing left to do but leave that night.

We returned to our original hideout and learned that the homestead had been searched twice, but the empty hideout had not been found. We lived in constant tension until early February. Although the searches had moved on to other homesteads and villages, the MVD special troop detachments did not depart from the area.

One day in midafternoon, we heard the agreed-upon signal telling

"Cover the air intakes with dirt," Orlan said. "Try to stay calm."

One of the air intakes was in a storage room and we knew the fa

y had enough time to at least cove

any had enough time to at total cover the sample dog. There another dog backed in another, probably one of the salling dogs the searchers had busselfs in situation, probably one of the salling dogs the searcher shad busselfs with them. We had anticipated that the starchers would bring dogs use when darbady part out one oil lamps and attached at light both mide batteries that powered on abort-own radio. Not long thereafter, because the start of the salling that the salling through t

anconscious.

Almost simultaneously, someone began to dig near the entrance to

the hideout. A rather long underground corridor connected the entrance and the hideout itself, and now the corridor echoed with the thumps of someone digging directly above it. The searchers were bound to find us either through the air intake or by coming across the entrance itself. We knew this was the end and began to prepare ourselves for death.

Orlan placed all important documents on the table, then added place place and money. Because the air intakes had been closted, we began to feel the lack of oxygen, so instead of burning the materials, we started ripping them into tiny pieces, which we ground into the

tion.

I was destroying family photographs. I looked at my father's stern face, and my heart broke as I ripped his photograph into bits. We worked illently and calmly. Only our ashen faces and jerky movements betrayed

our internal turmoil. I knew I did not want to die.

As if he had heard my soul's cry, Orlan said, "We knew this would happen. It has happened to many others. We had been fated to live longer than many of our comrades. Thus, let's try to stay calm."

I looked at the three loaded pistols on the table.

"Do you want me to kill myself, or will you do it?" I asked him.

"However you wish," he replied calonly.

I suddenly such to seen see any would pay itself our after our deaths.

The searchers would drag us into the yard. Our bodies would become
dirty as they pulled us through the trampled stone. Our copies would
freeze in the back of the track as it returned to the MVD headquare
freeze in the back of the track as it returned to the MVD headquare
tens. The freezer copies would be propped up against the wall of the
building. People would be brought to look at us and make positive
destifications. But marke they would not disalva us to bodies. Makes

they would recognize who we were. Maybe they would take our corpse to Lovi and the identification would be much tere. Here in Volyo prople would say that a woman partisan had died, but they would not know who I was, and I would die namelees. If I had died in you wan Village, people would at least have known who I was. As each minute passed, I began for feel increasingly alone. Someone had told me that death together with those dear to us is easier, but I don't think thirth the case. Each one of un must meer death alone.

one had told me that death together with those dear to us is easier, but I don't think that's the case. Each one of us must meet death alone. Moreover, I knew that my husband would be dying with me, and that made me even more sad. After a while, the digging came to a halt. They must have discov-

ered the entrance and had gone back outside to terrorize the family into telling them who was hiding here. Maybe they will send one of the gitts to talk to us and try to convince us to surrender. Or maybe they'll use one of the gitts as a shield because they knew we would not be taken without a trunggle.

Nothing happened for two hours. We got tired of waiting to die and started wondering what was going on.

Then suddenly we heard movement above us and someone was digging out the air intake.

"Thank God the bandits have left," we heard Korecky's tired voice

float down to us.

Later, the family opened the entrance to the hideout and told us

in detail about the warch. The MVD had ding deep holes in the yand, in the shed, and in the rost cellar. They had found the cube of portions that the family was hording. Everyone except Olhs had field the house during the searches and gene to stay with neighbors. Throughout the search one of the MVD men sat in the house with het to more out the search one of the MVD men sat in the house with het to more the reactions. She said she tried to say call, but intieds the was barry alive. She did not leave the house, because she did not want to see where the searchers were diggion.

The MVD had learned to dig in places where belongings or equip-



ment had been piled up. That is why they noticed the barrd with the searchart. They pathed it side and began digging in the port where it had been standing. As they dag, they covered our air intake with dist, which had started to fall into the hidrout. They had also dog a hole very close to the hidrout's entrance. For some reason, they had not palled up the floorboards that displaced the estimate. Both above ground and in our hidrout it looked as if a battle had been Guight. But, in a way, there had been a battle, although no cannot had creatly

way, there had been a stiffle, although no cannons had roared.
It was clear from the thoughpulses of the search that the MVD
was hunting Orlan. We espected the searches to centime until spike
which MVD rough blockaded the villages in the area. We knew the
MVD would continue hunting for us, and maybe the enemy would not
find us on the second of third up-the eventually on hidrout would be
discovered. We had been living under the threat of discovery for over
a month and could not get may work done. We were emissionally
another than the could not get may work done. We were emissionally

I kept insisting that we leave this region, although I knew a most was not easy. A great deal of none had fallen in January, and now i was melting. The fields were impassable and, if we tried to escape across them, we would sink in the mud up to our knees. We could not use the roads, because they were blocked by troops.

Other hostarted, and I know his reasons. He had everything there to continue his work. He had a small laburary paper, a dophlicating machine, a rypewriter. To leave this behind meant that we would have to acquire these items gains, and such pruchases were dangerous to make and cost a great deal of money and effort. Recuser it was so difficult to create a working everisament, most ladeers moved infraequently, the regions, and they had to there have more function.

That Been conjugate that we move income to function.

That Been conjugate that we move income the buginning or the instruments.

searches, and during our near discovery I had remonstrated that Orlan had not listened to me. He had turned to me and said that this was not the right moment for reproach. I felt hadly that I had complained when we were under such enormous emotional stress, yet, now, I continued to urge him to move. I pointed out that it was our duty to try to survive and not leave the initiative in the hands of the MVD. Tymish, who usually listened in silence to our arguments, took me vide in this one.

Orlan made up his mind when water began pouring through the air intake in the yard as the thaw continued. He decided that we would return to the area of Lutske and stay in the hideout of commander



Woodcur, Nil Khasesych, September 8, 1949. The caption reads, "The people are yoked." The driver represents the Bolshevik party.

Dubovy, whom we had visited last summer. Orlan asked the family to go out into the fields and test the mud. The answer came back quickly: The fields were impassable.

"I think we should leave this place," I kept insisting.
Orlan agreed. We packed the most essential items and set out at
dusk. As we said good-bye to the family, Orlan tried to leave some
money behind, but Korecky wouldn't hear of it. "We'll get along some-

dusk. As we said good-bye to the family, Orlan tried to leave some money behind, but Korecky wouldn't hear of it. 'We'll get along somehow," he said. "You need it more than we do." We crossed the yard, stepped into the field, and immediately discovered that the family had been right. We sank into the mud with

each step. I fared the worst since I was wearing boots that were too big form feet, and I tota about with each step. I became so invastrated that I sat down, took off the boots, and started making my way in socks. Soon my feet turned veey cold and, soon after that, I could hardly feel them, since they had become numb. I was bringing up the rear to noither Orlan nor Tyminis saw what I had done. When Orlan trurned around and saw me holding my boots in my hand, he cried, "You can't do this. You'll be sick tomorrow. Let's po back."

He ordered me to put the boots back on, and I did so when we reached a side road. However, after talking over our situation, we knew that none of us wanted to go back. We decided that we would take the road and only go into the fields to bypass villages. The road was covered

with buge puddles. A www were doolning through one of them, some one abrad out inflicted on a car's headilights. We dushed into the fields and were user someone would start shooting at us, but nothing hapenpened. We later learned that on of the MVD bosses was saying at that homesteed and had left his driver in the car as a sentry. The drives apparently heard us, turned on the lights, but was to frightened (or perhaps did not want) to raise an alarm. By morning, we reached our destination. Dubory told us that he

had heard about what had happened to Dorosh and his two compan-

ions and had been worried about us.

Dubovy's hidoout would have been discovered long ago were it not for the simple fact that the MVD could not imagine this kind of family cooperating with the underground and thus never exceeded the house. The family was extremely poor; it had been the first to join the buildow when the region was collectivized. The family had no cows or horses, so it had not minded collectivization.

....

Spring arrived very early. We began to get news and make contacts in March. Ordan left for conferences with district leaders, while I remained in the bunker preparing materials that would be sent out with partisans for distribution throughout Ukraine. In April, I was taken to a homestead in a distant village where I found Orlan hand at work.

Sometime that spring, a tumor began circulating that a very assign leader of the UPA had been kilden one to ver. The runner disturbed unleader of the UPA had been kilden one to ver. The runner disturbed to the temperature of the temperature of the temperature of the unbargampit. This coccured in the case. Ordan received a kitest from the probability of the control of the case. Ordan received a kitest from probability of the control of the case. Ordan received a kitest from handled, nor Lee Teamils, who had been Chapeyshak deputy, we never with anyone until a formal notification of Chaptyshak dealth was used by the UPAP, the Supperce Uniternal Leberator Counsel.

However, the MVD began to circulate the news actively, since the enemy felt that Chuprynks's death would demoralize and weaken the underground. The MVD employed the nuse of leaving notes and leatiles where it suspected the partisans were hiding. In these notes, they asked their "brothes" to help them contact the underground, since their link had been severed when Chuprynda died.

The formal notification eventually arrived, and it had a profound

impact on the cadres. Every partisan knew that the underground had received a very grave blow. Leaders like Orlan, who had known Chunrynka personally, took his death the hardest. Rank-and-file partisans, who only knew Chunrynka by name, usually felt the death of their immediate superior more keenly than the death of someone at the very top. Yet no one left the underground in the aftermath of Chuprynka's death, although we began to think more often about the future



Nil Khaseyech, whose nom de querre was "Zot-Rev." was a talented woodcut artist who illusunderground publicat

ing photostat copies of woodcuts executed by Zot-Bey (Nil Khasevych), a talented artist who had studied at the Warsaw Academy of Art. Zot-Bey was extremely valuable to the underground, since his evocative woodcuts were used to illustrate the journals used in brochures and leaflets. That summer a group of former UPA fighters was organized. It marched into Belarus and the Baltic states, where it distributed leaflets illustrated with Zot-Bey's woodcuts that urged other captive nations to join OUN-UPA in brochures were scattered near Red Army summer camps, while hundreds

I spent most of the summer mak-

of others were taken into the eastern provinces of Ukraine. During this time, we also produced leaflets directed at the nations in the Caucasus mountains and those in the far eastern areas of the Soviet Union, However, I don't know how this material was delivered and distributed.

Toward the end of the summer, Orlan received notification that he had been elected a member of the UHVR. Accompanying this notice of honor was a letter from Osyp Hornovii, Orlan's boyhood friend with whom we had spent some time in Poltava's bunker when we wintered in the Carpathian mountains. Hornovii wrote that he had been in contact with Nastia Martynovska who was raising little Petro, the name she had given our baby. Before we parted, Nastia had asked my permission to change the baby's name to one that was common in the village; in order to protect him. Both Orlan and Verew orieging et the news that the child was well. I had been wanting to write to Nastia to get news of the baby but did not clar do so. We also received popular anal and news from the West. These deliveries included bulletins published by the UHVRs representation in the West. From one of them, we beared also about the death of Stepovyi, whom we had also met in Bultzwig bulker. He had been billed for Excellosowskia as he made his way weet,

DURKET. He had been function to Automotionata as ne made in way west. In August, Orlan left for a conference with the distrite leaders in Volyn. The reason the meeting was called was to try to find a solution for the lack of resistance leaders in the eastern provinces. The Volyn underground was reorganized, and two leaders were sent east to the area of Kyiv to begin building a resistance there. Another Volyn leader was sent to the meinbodin's southern older. Mendenvisk's:

was sent to the neighboring southern owait, Khmelnytskyi.

While Orlan was attending this conference, Dubovy's bunker loca-

What Online was arresting the confirmed, Ladows, Smiller needs by the MVD and, and any questioning he beste down. He took a give too or MVD moops to the banker, although he know that Duboywas ways at the conference, lound the bunker were Duboywa with Katteryan and a younger session. Hums, who are did a Duboywa free content, and a state of the state of the bunker was to the conference and a state of the st

son note to be taken a new, and their despirat a free preading of the event of the repetition of the events of Anton's betrayal horrified me. He probably knew about the meeting Orlan had called and could betray the gathered leaders. A partisan by the name of Demian, who had been staying with me, and I left immediately to warn Orlan. When we reached the hiddown! I waited while Demian went abread slone.

I breathed a sigh of relief when I heard no shors. That rold me that the MVD had not captured Orlan or the other leaders and then set a trap for anyone else that might come to the hideout. Demian returned with the news that Orlan had found out about Anton's betrayal almost immodiately and, after a pending a very apprehensive day in the hideout, he and the others left shortly after dusk.

But we had no idea where the men had gone. Demian returned to

the hideout and left a note; just before dawn, we ran from the homestead

to hide in the forest. The note set a date for a meeting but, as the days passed, it was not picked up by anyone.

Since there was no point of waiting any longer, Demian and I made our way outh to a hideout in a village calded Rakia Vilyik. Here we were told that Anton had not betrayed the busker that housed the underground's printing press. I two stear that Anton could have done much greater damage to the underground but had refrained. We wondered whether he had taken the MVD to Duboy's busker where he knew there were only women and was hoping they would surrender intensed of Takine piker own Pites. Some even sul'd that Anton would!

have not betrayed the bunker if Dubory had been there also.

Hired alone in a bunker while Demian searched for news of Orlan. In September, Demian returned, having seen Orlan. He also breath back a letter in which Orlan instructed me to communicate with Nazar, at the man who had been shot a year earlier in the arm and whose would like the man who had been shot a year earlier in the arm and whose would be in the forest.

Two partisans served as my guides on the journey to Nazar's hide-

som. We that to cross the Styr Rever along solute banks, and especially at fields, the MVD offens were analysed by the transcass, are smalle our way up river to where it run fare and where the area was a whilebroom way up river to where it run fare and where the area was a whilebroom. The state of the s

socke there was norming to se dose and the weather was getting colder, Helf to one of the hideoust in Nazar's jurisdiction. This bunker was very well built and well kept, and it had a duplicating machine. In a few days, Nazar came to see me. We had become fast friends during his recovery from his wound, and I was delighted to see him. After his two companions went to bed that evening, Nazar and I sat up telling each other our experiences in the months since we had parted. I waterbody

the broad, dimpled smile on his free and listened to his tales with interect. Later that sight he mentioned an incident that was troubling him. A family where there was a hideout told him that a man had come to when them and side he had important rewes, and that the family should rell end who will be a family should rell end more than one of the man did been a civilian, not a partisan. Nazar speculated that someone was trying to get hold of him quickly with important news that might concern Orlan.

I did not pay much attention to his story, since my mind was on Orlean and the goodhe reasons why he had missed the designated wardereson. Nazar understood my worry, he said that he alternate data was a second to the said of the said of the said that he alternate data that the metric place A. I waired for the second rendereson attempt to take place. I sport my time copyring the reports Nazar had left for me to give to OrLan. This was not the first their leave left about in a hideout, but this time I became so worried and said, and had such a strong that the said of the sa

Finally, the time for Nazari return and news shoot the second term derives survived. I clearly the history, sushed the fixed, rehapped shear on the bols, and varied. The night parend, draw was show to break, here the survived of the survived shear the survived shear of the best modered in a restance movement understand the warry and the newtowness of the person waiting for news. The next slay was an etter art of variiting. The second night came, but I could not being required ing down the ladder into the underground room. I was stronded to see Coffen before me, Afric II, thought I was alludiationing, I ginguisty muchad him to make sure he was read, as the quoted Thomas had to be a survived to the term of the survived to the

Two other partisans appeared behind Orlan, but not Nazar. "Where's Nazar?" I asked after we had greeted each other. "Didn't

he meet you?"

"No," Orlan said. "We waited for him until dawn."

We still weren't overly worried, speculating that perhaps Nazar

had other matters to attend to and could not make the rendezvous.

"That's not like him," I retorted. "He wouldn't miss an important rendezvous." I had become worried again, as the premonition that some-

thing had gone terribly wrong returned with new force. Although the

men lay down to rest, no one could sleep. On the following day, the woman who owned the house came to tell us what had happened. "I have very bad news," she began.

"What is it?" we asked.

"Two nights back, the MVD set a trap in the next village over. Two partiess were killed. The third was gravely wounded and taken alive. Today, the MVD brought him back to the village. First, he took them to the forest to a bunker, but it was empty. Now they're dragging him from village to village. They placed a bag on his head so we can't tell

from vitage to vitage. In pypacea a eag on ms near so we can't tell who he is, but so far he has said nothing of any use to them."

We were certain that the three men who had walked into the ambush were Nazar and his two companions. We asked the woman to tell us exactly what she had heard about the bunker that was discovered. When she finished, we were quite sure that the bunker had been exert. When she finished, we were quite sure that the bunker had been

tell us exactly what she had hereal about the braker that was slice-ord. When she finished, we were quite use that the braker had been the same one in which we had steped after our close cacapa Lat summer from the MXD ambush in which Nazar had been wounded. But we had no idea who the captured partians was. We knew that Nazar and his reco companious borse the least in of the halout where we were most hading and that if the MYD had broken the man under quotations which were the same and the contraction of the same than the MYD had broken the man under quotations which were the same part of the MYD had broken the man under quotations which were the same part of the MYD had broken the man under quotations which were the same part of the MYD had broken the man under quotations which were the same part of the MYD had broken the man under quotations which were the same part of the sam

We soon found out what had happened and who had been seized.

The captured parties now Nazar. He had goe to renelezoroos with the civilian show them he had told me. As usual, only one parties approached the meeting place, while the other two waited and wached at a distance. Nazar came to the house and was med by a man which all he had brought mail that he had attacked to the underside of his wagon for safety. He sade Nazar to help him if the wagon to get a punket and, a Nuzar was raining the wagon, MVD spent rushed from the shadows and his thin on the head. He eff to the ground ancouter of the sade of the same of the same that the same that the things was wrong. They began to retract, but the house had been surmoughed by MVD process, and both defici in the ensuine braid.

Nazar's capture carried catastrophic consequences if he talked. He was the head of the courier service in Volyn and was well liked by the rank-and-file partisans. We thought that by showing the MVD one of

the old bunkers he was trying to inform us of his identity.

The uncertainty continued for some time; then the MVD changed its actics. It took the bag off Nazar's head and placed him in a group of would-be partisans. This group went from village to village saving

that it was trying to muke contact with the underground. We learned about this owe tractive where two of the must take were with the about this open tractive where two of the must take were with the hideout to get an encyclopedia that was hidden elsewhere and stopped to see a woman who had helped the underground in the part to see a woman who had helped the underground in the part to see a woman who had helped the underground in the part to then see them, she became terribly worried, since the group of wouldbe partiasas with Naza among them had just left for Douce. She told the men that Naza thad green ber a note to pass along, ble east three that the partial partial traction of the partial partial

"They must have tortured him until he lost his soul," she had wept, not thinking about the trouble he had brought on her by coming with

the MVD men to her house.

the soft of the total to

12. The Winter of Terrible Losses

By 1950, the MVD was making every attempt to capture partisans

aine. If apprehended, the fate of such partissms was regarded both in the underground and by the civilian population as more tragic than death. Those who had caved in and cooperated with the MVD were tracted with requirement parther than delation asing a. May one of on could MVD would sare to make us taik. Yet, all the partissms I resembles questioned that on treval most of what they knew. They tried to safeguard not only their countades but also civilians who helped the undergooned. The MVD did not permit these captured men to regain their equilibrium or come to terms with their changed status. Immediately and the control of th

also with civil answ who helped us. These people were arrested, fortuned, and forced to sign documents pledging future cooperation with the authorities. These were so many arrests and interrogations, to many hits and pieces of information tortuned out of people, that eventually the MVD assembled much damaging information about our resistance.

As the traged of Nazar unfolded, autumn arrived and passed and

As the tragedy of Nazar unfolded, autumn arrived and passed, and were still living in a bunker in the forest. At night, I sometimes climbed out to breathe deeply the damp cold air of the autumn forest. However, Orlan was determined not to spend the winter in the forest. The bunker was small and not appropriate for work during the long

winter nights. More importantly, we did not have enough food to has until spring. Once sow fell, we would not be able to leave to find provisions. Orlan had planned one more meeting that fall with Wiktor, one of the district leaders. When they were and Orlan described our situation, Viktor invited us to share his bunker where he had set up a printing press and where he had been planning to spend the winter. We arrived at the new hisdoor in the middle of November after the first sowofall, which had not been deep and had begue no met almost at

The new hideout was in the village of Borokhiv near Lutske, with a family whose surname was Polishchuk. The underground room was large, though not completely finished. We spent the winter with Viktor and another partisan, Samuil. Samuil was a local man and had grown up in this village.

Volyn had been completely collectivized by the end of 1950, and this created additional difficulties in getting provisions, since the villagers received meager rations from the collective. At the beginning of winter, seven partisans died at the hands of

At the beginning of winter, seven partisans died at the hands of the MVD near our hideout. We did not know what was happening in other areas and who had died there.

. . . .

Although the winter passed without any large offensives or searche by the enemy, platoons of the MVD did not cease their currory searches of the villages and homesteads. We did not leave the hideout, and Orlan immersed himself in preparing the two journals he was publishing and in writing reports of our activities during the previous summer.

The attrition of contributors and people who regularly helped Orlan with his work placed an additional burden on me. Not only did I continue my work as a typist, I began to help Orlan prepare materials for publication. He also asked me to critique his articles and urged me to write a memoir of my experiences in the underground. I besitated, because I knew I could not adopt the tone he wanted me to use. 'Our literature should, first and foremost, train new caders,' he

"Our literature should, first and foremost, train new cadres," he would say more than once. I did not feel competent to write such articles. Although I remembered details of battles or operations as well as heroic acts of many indi-

viduals, I believed that judging an individual solely on his bravery in battle or when he faced death was not correct. A person was brave when he, or she, worked hard despite enormous difficulties and did not lose faith. A person was brave to believe in our truth at a time when few held on to their faith. It was also courageous to believe in the future,

especially when you know that you had no future. During those witner pathy, the four of a discussed these subjects at length. Samual laterards in altence, but Vaktor often supprised me with a length of the path of the lateral than than that the lateral than than the lateral than than the lateral than than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than the lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral than that lateral than that lateral than the lateral than that lateral

extinction.

We also read many Soviet encoupages during the winter and reids tog perboss, in one who last our littlers, We had people we loow here now books in lithraties, and we discovered that books in Ukrainian weeks leng replaced with hooks in Indiantia. Manyo of the new volume received the people of the last people of Russia and its rich, old, and noble column. Degrat on district people of the other face of Russia and its rich, old, and noble column. Degrat of the other face of the last people of Russia and the last such that people of the last people but also to that ancient and distinguished heritage. In people of the last people but also to that ancient and distinguished heritage in people of the last people of the last people but also to that ancient and distinguished heritage. In people of the last people of the last people but also to that ancient and distinguished heritage. In people of the last people of the las

The 1990-51 winter ended quickly with a sudden thavin in early March. Since one of the air intake was out in the yard, we asked the finally to dig at dirch that would divert water from pouring down on un. They did as we asked, but the dirch was too mult. One day, we heard a roar and suddenly water began to pour into the hidocut. We tried us trust the flow, but it was uncleas. Soon water began to rise in the hidotern the flow, but it was uncleas. Soon water began to rise in the size time the size of the surface of the size of the size of the entrance to the busher was in the barn. When we were down into the dideout, the family placed a busified of him in the holt, there covered in the size of with a deep layer of earth. Since we had no way of communicating with the family unless someone was standing near the air intake, we had no other choice but to push the bundle of hay up until it broke through the layer of earth. We then began to move all our things into the bar-Since this was mid-day, the husband and wife had gone to the col-

lective farm to work, and only their adolescent som and a grandmostle were at home. We told the slop to keep a lookout while we tried to diver the water from the air intake. Suddenly the boy came running to rell und true to armed MVD coldiers were heading for the home. We ran into the barn to wait and see what would happen. The two most work to the home and fare a while care out into the yeal. If they were to the home and fare a while care out into the yeal. If they force two arms to the home are the work of the two the properties of the two properties and the two properties are review kilometers away, and the MVD would uport us before we reached it.

The two MVD solders did not look in on the hun. Later we learned that they had came to talk with the grandsouther alour "believe on." This was the same in current sue to denote people who had one was the same in current sue to denote people who had one was the same than the same that the same that the same that the ligence, so they persecuted and hunself them as they did a. I. believe that the reason-belied the growth of these persecutes saver was the basic ligence, who they persecuted and hunself them as they did a. I. believe that the reason-belief the growth of these persecutes saver was the basic of the regime. Ver, people medical and wanted enlipsis and thieself for the wood of God. Thus, they strunded to Persecutions, especially the the Johosh Wimsesse, for faith and confirst. In Volyn, there were entire veilings of these "believers."

that has been also make the contraction of the cont

Dubovy's death, and also that of Smok, who had been sent by the UPA leadership two years earlier to revitalize the Volya resistance, left the underground without untoritative leadership. Although by this time armed resistance had been abandoned except in very few instances, the underground needed leaders who were trusted by the people and

who would be listened to and respected. As soon as it became possible, we left the hideout for the forest, where we spent most of April. I had lost a great deal of weight during the winter and coughed constantly. We were afraid that I had the beginning of tuberculosis. During this time, Orlan received new woodcuts from Zot-Bey and, to our surprise, a letter from Nazar, Nazar wrote that he escaped from the MVD in February and made his way to the bunker of Zot, one of the district leaders. Zot gladly took him in, and Nazar spent the rest of the winter in Zot's hideout. Now, Nazar was writing to ask Orlan to look into his case and decide whether he could

That August, we kept moving, as Orlan wanted to meet in person several leaders in Polisia, an oblast north of Volyn. Polisia is a lowland region with many marshes and extensive forests. For a time we lived above ground in a thicket of willows, while our supplies and the literwaiting to be contacted by Krucha, the area's district leader. He arrived

In Polisia, partisan life differed from that in Volyn, Partisans lived in the forests and marshes, not in or near villages. They spent only a few months in bunkers, emerging with the first thaw and not returnthey tended to be stronger and healthier than the partisans in Volyn who spent nearly half of the year living underground. The remnants of raphy, continued to wage open battles against the MVD, whose control of the area was tenuous

Krucha, who was stocky, strong, and blond, related how his unit ambushed a military vehicle the month before and gained a substantial amount of money that was being transferred from one base to another. "I like to fight the old way," he said, "and I'm for fighting until we

gain our freedom." Orlan and Krucha spent some time together as the latter gave his verbal report on the state of the underground in his area and its activities.

Subsequently, we rendezvoused with Yarvi, also to obtain his verbal into Latvia and the other Baltic states. He was about Orlan's age, which meant that he was about thirty or a little older. He was well read and could describe his work and adventures well. He told us that at first his UPA unit encountered no resistance and moved swiftly through Belarus. The going became more difficult when the platoon reached the area of Minsk, the capital of Belarus. He said that the people they met were patriots and often spoke about their dreams for independence from Moscow. We also received mail from the UPA-OUN headquarters and thus learned that Osyp Hornovii, who had risen to the post of deputy of the general secretary of UHVR, had been killed on November 28, 1950, near Ivano-Frankiysk. Orlan not only lost his dearest friend but also someone who always found the time to learn about our son and the fate of our families, and who sent us personal letters together with the official mail. After the meetings with Yarvi, we turned west, crossed the Styr

pairs of guides we were taken to a hideout in the village of Stavok, in the general area of Kovel. Toward the end of the summer, Orlan left to rendezvous with At, who was the head of the northern Rivne region. Orlan did not again return to the hidrout. I eventually joined him in the forest. The plan was that At would escort us east. We would cross the region around Zhytomyr and then, hopefully, settle in the area near Kviv, Ukraine's capital, where the underground had established a base. At had lost his wife the year before and had not recovered from

River again, this time in a boat, and after being passed through several

the tracedy. She had been observed by the MVD, and the enemy tried to capture her. She held off the enemy with a machine gun until it ran out of ammunition, then took her life with her pistol. As we continued to move east, Orlan received mail that informed

spent the winter, had been captured by the MVD.

us that Zavziaty, with whom we met, and Samuil, with whom we had

We were moving eastward, changing guides every few nights. At one of these exchanges we were joined by Kolodka, a quiet man in his mid twenties, whom At, following his departure, had sent to Orlan to act as Orlan's bodyguard. A little later, At joined us, as did several other At believed in dreams. One day he told us that he had dreamt that he was walking down a road, when suddenly a huge hole appeared before him. Just as suddenly, a man came into view from nowhere and pushed At into the hole. We did not take his dream very seriously, since many of us had had nightmares. We also had other things on our minds. Tomorrow was the tenth anniversary of the founding of the UPA, and first detachments of UPA were formed in 1942. We reached the forest about midnight and camped. We made a small fire to keep us warm since the night was cold. I fell asleep by the fire and woke up when our scouts returned to the camp. They brought with them two couriers who were delivering mail. I decided that I would not get up and fell asleen again. Suddenly a roar and an incredible pain in my legs and hips awakened me. As I tried to sit up, I saw that the men were running into the forest, that the coals from the fire had been strewn about and on top of me, and that my flesh was burning. I groped for the place where the were covered with blood. I had been wounded. "What's happening?" I whispered and tried to get up, but I must

have momentarily fainted.
"I'm dying," I heard someone moan near me.

"I'm dying," I heard someone moan near me.

An eerie silence descended on the campsite. The only sound was

someone's labored breathing near me. I listened as it became quieter and finally stopped. I still had no idea what had happened. Neither did those who had escaped into the forest. When nothing else happened, the men began returning to the fire.

Two people picked me up and carried me away from the scattered coals. We still had no idea what had happened. Someone speculated that perhaps we had built a fire on top of an unexploded bomb from the war and the heat had detonated it. Several of the men examined the fire, but found no carter. Later I learned that everyone thought that we were under attack and thought that the enemy had lobbed a grenade into the fire. Everyone had exterted to except a second salvo.

We next turned to examining our wounds. Everyone had been wounded by shrapnel, some more seriously, some less so. Everyone also had a hard time hearing. Orlan had a minor laceration. The most seriously wounded was Kolodka, who had been near me. He had been hit in the chest. I was hadly injunct in both legs.

Then we counted our number and found one missing, then began to search in the darkness. Soon someone found At's mutilated corpse.

His legs and arms had been blown off and his head was partially detached from the body. He had taken the brunt of the detonation. We accertained this by the deep hole that had been created where he had been siting. This is where the explosion had occurred. We now began to understand what had happened. At had been unpacking the two packages that the couriers had brought with the mail. There must have been a bomb initiod one of the packages.

We also know that we had to leave this area immediately since the explosion would bring the MVD by daybreak. The problem was that there were two casualties that had to be carried. But first we had to bury AT and clear the area so that, when it was earched, the enemy would not be able to determine what had happened. As some of the men began digging ATs grave, others went to get water to wash Kododka's and my

By the time the grave was dug and the campsite cleaned, the night began to gray. Orlan began a short service, but his voice broke with emotion. The men stood silently around the grave and paid their last respects. Their silence was more meaningful than any words would have

The grave was leveled with the ground, then scattered with faller cook leaves on that the enemy would not find it and dig up the body. As I watched, my soul rebelled. This was not a fitting grave for someone who had worked no hard for the reistinese. These would be no marker, so no cross. No one would ever be able to find his grave to put flowers on no cross. No one would ever be able to find his grave to put flowers on it or any a prayer while kneeling beat due his remain. There would be nothing that would say that he had lived, fought, and sacrificed for his friends and his ideals. It was unfair.

friends and his ideals. It was unfair.

We left the grew when it was already daylight. Two men supported Kolodia, while others carried ne on a makeshift streether. As
weakled, we reconstructed the herrice recent of the majet. The conerric has been brought to the compute by the second and had delivered
some of the contract of the conference of the majet. The conling firstrustrus, and paper of returns. Of that all sheen he fetters so may
by the light of the fire, while A had begon to soverup the peckages. He
opposed one and had taken our the list of the contents that was always
placed on top, then checked the list against the contents. Usually I
umpaked packages but since I was doning by the fire AI had visible
streed for the jab. Someone remembered that after it had disable
delecting the first package, AI had put to the coloring of the opposition of the coloring of the property of the coloring that the package is the property of the coloring that the package is the property of the coloring that the package is the property of the prop

package, because he was heard complaining that there was no contents list.

The bomb must have detonated as At put his hand into the package to see what was inside. That is why his body was torn to pieces. Kolodka, who had been standing and tending the fire, had been nearest At, and I, who was sleeping nearby, bore the brunt of the explosion,

above the boots. Everyone else had been sitting on the other side of the fire and not in direct line of the exploding bomb.

We also recalled that both packages had been addressed to Orlan, so that the enemy knew exactly where they would be delivered. They surviving the initial blast. We marched through the day, prepared for the worst, but nothing

happened. That night, our group split up, and Orlan, Kolodka, and I were taken to a hideout that the couriers used. Our plans to make our way east to Kyiy had to be put off indefinitely. What was crucial now My wounds were very severe. They extended up both legs from my

heels to my waist. In addition to numerous shrapnel punctures I was also burned. Because we had no way of keeping the wounds clean, they began to fester and spread. Each time the men changed my bandages, I was in constant agony. I begged Orlan to kill me with his pistol. Kolodka also suffered greatly. He had been wearing a winter jacket, and

We spent most of November in the small, temporary bunker in the forest. I began to get better but had lost so much weight that I was a shadow of my former self. Eventually I was able to stand up and go outside to breathe the cold night air. At the end of November, we received news that a hideout had been found for us, but we had to travel a good distance to get to it. Since I still could take only a few steps, the men

We were taken to a bunker where a nurse, named Zina, began treating my wounds. She found gangrene and had to burn it out, but her care was such that in two weeks I was able to walk again. We spent a few weeks in another bunker before we were taken to a village near Rivne. Our winter hideout had been dug at a widow's house. The bunker was small, low, and damp. The widow told us that the root cellar often filled with water during the spring thaw. This did not make us feel better, since the entrance to the hideout was from the cellar, and the room itself was dug lower than the cellar. But since we desperately needed a place for the winter, we didn't complain. Because the bunker was so small, only three people could live in it. The third person was a woman, Liuba, although Orlan would have preferred a man whom he could send to make contacts and who would have been of help in the event of discovery. Again, we had no choice but to agree to this arrangement. Liuba had been the one who had convinced the widow to permit the resistance to locate a hideout at her house. Liuba came from a family that had been decimated by the MVD. After the older brother Roman had joined the underground, the authorities arrested her father and her 14year-old sister. Her father was sentenced to twenty-five years, while the adolescent girl received ten years. The mother somehow escaped the MVD and was hiding with friends. Another sister was constantly harassed, threatened, arrested, and released. Since there had not been sufficient time to equip the hideout with

Since there had not been sufficient time to equip the hideout with food, we had to rely on purchases, which, we worried, could bring suspicion on the widow when she shopped in town.

The widow had several small children. The oldest was a girl who was in elementary school. Sometimes she came and talked with us and, once during such a visit, Otlan asked her who she thought we were and why we were fichting against the Bobbeviks.

She thought for a moment, then said, "I know you are fighting against the Soviets who came here and took over. You want America to come here." We began to laugh but she continued to look at us puzzled, not knowing what was funny about what she had said.
"No, dear, we are not faithing for America," Orlan said in a seri-

No, dear, we are not lighting for America, 'O'flan said in a senous tone.' We are not fighting to exchange one overlord for another. The authorities might want you to believe that we are American agents, but that's not the case. We are fighting for a free Ukraine that will be ruled by Ukrainians."

The first half of the winter passed quietly. Since we had been traveling so much in the fall, a great deal of work had accumulated, and Orlan sat down to deal with it. Then the new year came and February followed. We wanted to leave the hideout as quickly as possible. The We knew we had to leave. We would either drown or be discovered, but we had nowhere to go.

On March 4, the MVD uncovered another bunker. The gossip that we heard said that a man without a leg and two young men were killed.

been training. A few days later we learned that a new detachment of troops had

arrived in the area and had camped outside the village. That night we

We had nowhere to go, and Liuba was not a trained partisan. After questioning Liuba at length, Orlan decided that we would go to a homestead where Liuba knew the family. We walked all night and reached the homestead just before dawn. Liuba knocked on the window, but no one answered. She knocked twice more, but although someone moved inside, no one opened the door. Since it was almost daylight, we headed for the barn, which had only a partial roof. Some time in the morning, a woman walked in. She recognized Liuba but refused to let us stay in the house the entire day. She told us to go into the forest and advised Liuba to go to the next village where her mother was hiding. Orlan told the woman that we would not head for the forest in the daylight and asked her to bring us a blanket so that we could stay warm. The day was very cold and we grew numb, but the woman did not return with a blanket or any food. In the evening she reappeared and brought us some hot food. But

"I have been in the underground for a long time, but I never met someone like you who would not even give us a blanket to keep warm,"

We knew very well why the woman had not give us a blanker. In Liuba. That night we reached the house of Liuba's aunt. When the woman opened the door and saw Liuba, she almost fainted. Eventually she came to herself and told us that when she heard that two women died in the fallen bunker, she was certain that Liuba had been one of the women. She said that the MVD had been to her house twice to search for Roman, Liuba's brother, who may have escaped when the bunker was taken. She also told us that Liuba's mother was staying with a young woman in another part of the village. Since the young woman was in no way connected with the underground, Orlan decided that we would stay the day at her house.

When Liuba's mother saw her daughter, she went into shock. Then she began to deny that Liuba was her daughter.

"Mother, get hold of yourself," Liuba said in a voice I had not heard before. "You know who I am, and stop being so frightened."

us all the had frings that had happened to her since her on had joined the undergound and her handsand and daughter were arrested. She mid that the used to be a respected woman, but now the had to hide and the like a third. Other has beat had to the young woman who owned the house. Bits was an ophan and was soon going to more and where he house, the was an ophan and was soon going to more and where he hands. Bits was an emphan and was soon going to more seat where he provides the seat of the seat of the seat of the seat of the ing to send her to town next morning to buy soon provisions. When mensing came we discovered that the day was overcat; and snow began to fall soon. The snow intensified tons a blizzard and it was impossible to fall soon. The snow intensified tons a blizzard and it was impossible Everwhite; a strain seven and worse, I shought, as if we were Everwhite; a strain seven and worse, I shought, as if we were

Everything is getting worse and worse, I thought, as if we we really reaching the end.

We spent the day in the house hiding in the loft. In the middle of the storm we heard the door open and someone come in. In another moment, we heard someone climbing up to where we were. Orlan grabbed his weapon. Liubis and I palled out our pistols. When we save the man's face, we were astounded. The man was Roman, Liubis's beother. He had escaped from the fallen bunker. "Darling, brother," Liubis cried and tried to squeeze past us to

"Darling, brother, Lauba cried and tried to squeeze past us to embrace him.
"Sit still," Orlan ordered, not putting down his weapon. We were

not only astounded to see Roman, we were also shocked. Five dead partisans lay frozen in the MVD regional headquarters. Had this one been taken alive and was now being used by the MVD to find others in the resistance?

Orlan began questioning Roman, who had been wounded during his escape and now had come for help to where he knew his mother was staying. I cleaned and bandaged Roman's wound, and he told us that it would be best if we left during the storm since this village was not safe. Therefore, we left in the middle of the blizzard. The woins was almost impossible. We such in the drifts; our fort became wer, then trunced mount. We havely made eight is binnered unduring the entere night, but toward down we reached a village called Khorleap, where we support to be toward down we reached a village called Khorleap, where we support called the property of the control of a stern bushand and a good bearred, but very fearful, with consistent of a stern bushand and a good bearred, but very fearful, with a consistent of a stern bushand and a good bearred, but very fearful, with a consistent of a stern bushand and a good bearred, but were for the control of the c

"All right," Orlan said. "Let's talk again this evening."

We know, however, that it was physically impossible to know. The variety with add driven the snow into deep drifts that made not only the fields but also the roads impossable. Besides, the family was very poor, not much respected in the village, and, according to Roman, not at all suspected by the MVD as sympathetic to the partians. We knew that this was a good plate to peread a week or so, but now we had to convince the family to be I us stay. Besides, Roman's wound had become infected, and he had to be looked after before the infection stereal.

In the evening, we climbed down and I ascertained more clearly the retironesses of Roman's usualn. The Bullet had enserted below his shoulder and had travered downward through his shdeeper, exiting in the object of the state of the state of the state of the state of the to open the wound in order to clean it our. The wound was very long, and I had nothing that I could use to push through the long bullet turn at and clean the wound. Therefore, I trid to clean the wound from that could be stated to the state of the had excaped from the busher barefoot. The tose had werlied and had to be looked after.

While I was dressing Romain wounds and Linbs was belying me, Office went to talk with the family. The woman still would not aggree to us string. Then Ordan said, "I you are so affinid, go and report as to the while go control. You know that MVD romps will arrive, and we have a supplied to the string of the string of the string of the house. They will do so to get at us. We will differed convolves, and you house it point go up in fames. If we do not vary, we would not stry with people who are afraid to help us, but we have nowhere to go and where a bally higher dam swith us, so well stup here and the cases

The man and his wife opened their mouth in astonishment.

"What are you saying," she cried. "No one's going to report you to the MVD." Then she added, "We want no harm to befall you. It's only that I'm afraid. So stay until the snow melts. Maybe it'll melt soon and

that I'm afraid. So stay until the snow melts. Maybe it'll melt soon and there won't be any searches in the meantime."

We could not stay in the loft indefinitely. We had to build some

the family had to dig a tunnel to get water from the well in the yard.

We decided to dig a hole in the barn where we could hide. We all dag, while Roman kept watch. Orlan dug, while Libbus and I removed the soil. Orlan had dag hideouts before, but neither Liuba nor 1 had any experience. It took us five days to dig it out. Once it was finished, you could not really call the hole a hideout. It was more like a creatly

space in which the four of us could either sit or lie in a row.

We now heard the details of Roman's escape. It was a fantastic

story. Appearuly some five days before the ladious was unmarked, any parties by the name of Doc came to the banker to confer without the regional leader who was witnering there. Dolt decided not to leave, the regional leader who was witnering there. Dolt decided not to leave until there was a delived large stage in the measurance, nor of the daughters of the family was unmarked to the regional centre for a team training that the stage of many fact above him, be well very leave fit in van to like. The energy had already found in well very leave fit in van to like. The well-very leave fit in van to like The well-very leave fit in van to like. The well-very leave fit in van to like The well-very leave fit in van to like The well-very leave fit in van to like The very leave fit in variety leave fit in van to like The very leave fit in variety leave fit variety leave fit in variety leave fit in variety leave fit in va

Roman climbed up the ladder to where the house-entrance from the banker was Social. He could hear that a salidier inde interest the house and had even that there was food cooking on the store. So you're cooking hereafard for the handing. We all, Roman climbed down to report what he had heard. The partitions began to derivey all document. They bread the AWD chase the family out of the house and mental that the same of the store of the store of the condecided to break through the encirclement. Roman climbed up, opened decided to break through the encirclement. Roman climbed up, opened the entrance, and three a greated. He then there a second one and, as the smoke cleared, he began firing at the enemy from his automaticit. The others, also barefoot nine there had not been time to put on boost, sattrud fring, while the swomen brought the rest of the seepows to all mow opened fire. The batter frage during the house was tilled with smoke. Some of the wetpons would not fire, so the men gave them to the women to clean quickly, while they used other rifles. Dub was wounded fire. He quietly sank to the ground, then said, 'Good-bye comrades, I'm dying.' A few minutes later he died as a puddle of blood spread beneath him. This was the first time that Rooman saw a partie san die, and he was amazed at how calmly and nobly Dub accepted death.

The remaining partition decided to easy through one of the wise down. The first cent drough was Roman, who are stowed at hill belief the Normal Teach of the Control of the Control of the Control MVD might have see an subsult. He first the disputed, and he had only a joint with which to defend housed? Roman had chosen the right down died, to some arther had no housed. We have the control of the the control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Westernessed Roman short of the Control of

she had evaded the MVD for two days before being tracked down and killed.

Remain spear the day in the fewer, hardrow with only a shift on this bad. His tree and now were frontitres, and by night he was more ming a fever. He was hady that he hard someone direct into the firster, below the same of the same of

Roman listened to the boy tell his uncle how his mother had bandaged the man's wound, also that the man carried a gun-so-Roman Knew be had to leave. He spent the following days with friends, but since the MVD now knew his identity and was hunting for him, he could not stay in any house for any length of time. His search for a place to stay brought him to the village where he knew his mother was hidient. He sizine his unat search laws, after we hod starood at her house. and she told him about our visit. When he was with his aunt, his mother came to visit, and he asked her to go back to us and tell us that he was coming. But for some reason his mother had said nothing to us about Roman.

13. The Last Months of Freedom

est winter we had spent in the underground. We left our little hideout on April I and headed into the forest, where we were not not early one seeking refuge. Many partiasms lived in the forests during spring and summer to escape MVD ambushes and the furious searches of the villages and homesteads.

Orlan tried to reestablish contacts, and Roman, whose wounds had healed, was of immeasurable help in doing this.

We spent Easter in the forest and shared what food Roman and Orlan (who had never before had to go searching for provisions) managed to solicit among the villagers. Easter in 1952 was a lovely day, the forest quiet and pensive as if nature itself was observing the resurrection of Our Lord. As we set aering the greal and black bread the men had brought back, It thought of all the other Easters in my life, and I were said that we had not one clee me to share the hold via with.

Later that spring, we moved further north where we knew no vidlagers, and obtaining food became much harder. During this difficult time, I began leaving the forest on market days to purchase as much offen als round than back. I carried may pixel in my pocket on these reaccursions and would have used it if the militial stopped me for questioning. Finally, Orlan was able to reseasibilis contact with other para-toding Nazar. Nazar told us that Kolodka had been killed in an ambulo no Each and the control of the c

The mail that Orlan received contained a letter from Lemish that summoned Orlan for a conference. Thus, Roman and Liuba joined a group of local partisans, while we made plans to go south. Just before our departure, we heard the ominous sounds of a distant battle and knew that our partisans were under attack. Late that day, Roman reached us. He told us that the enemy had ambushed his group and, as he and the others tried to break through the encirclement, Liuba had been killed.

....

The state of the s

Since Ordan traveled extravisely, many people in the underground knew him and lifed him. He had the gift of intuitively understanding what troubled the person with whom he was converning and wear about the properties of why the should give up his life for a case that, 19 years. Joe Lee Evry member of the resistance believed totally in the right-travel loss of sort cases, 19 years and 19 years and 19 years of the resistance believed totally in the right-travel of the resistance of our cases, yet was easier for a rank-and-file partial to contains his struggle if he also believed in his leader. When circumstrates of our cases, yet it was case for a rank-and-file partial to contain his struggle if he also believed in his leader. When circumstrates of the properties of the prop

During the late spring, Nazar arranged escorts who would lead us further south, and we parted with him. Our new escorts took us to the before the war and, during the German occupation, had risen to a leadership post in the SB (OUN's security service). He lived in strict secrecy. that Orlan could prepare packages of literature that would be taken into the Zhytomyr province for distribution. After this work was completed, we again set out with a new group of partisans. We numbered ten, a large number to be traveling together in 1952.

Eventually we reached a hideout deep in the Kremianets mountains, a beautiful, aromatic region between Podilia and Volyn, We spent several days waiting for a change in escorts. During this time, Orlan and I had one of our infrequent arguments, but this one would affect

In our unusual marriage, conducted in almost constant presence of other people, we had repressed all personal expressions. We loved each other, trusted each other and were each other's best friend. Yet Orlan also demanded that I accept and care about people with the same wholeheartedness that characterized his attitude toward others. This was done so that the solitary partisans who spent so much time with us, guarding us, helping us, risking their lives for us, did not feel left out or become jealous. To be so open and accepting of others was difficult, but I eventually learned to do so and also to adapt myself to whatever circumstance I found myself in, I think that he and I had a positive influence on those around us, and I think that is why those who were have bought them their freedom As the final chapter of our struggle neared its end, as people we

trusted and respected died around us, we became more dependent on feel that it was my place to have a vote in decision making when it concerned the underground. He would let everyone else in the bunker have his say, but when I wanted to add my opinion, he became annoyed.

"You don't go out to make contacts. You don't build hideouts, You don't carry the largest loads. Since you do none of these things, don't have opinions on these matters," he would scold when we were alone. At first, I was hurt by his attitude, then annoyed, and finally angry. He did not leave for work in the morning while I stayed at home. His work was part of my life. It determined my life, and I was complete dedicated to his work. Thus, I felt I had the right to be consulted and have an opinion. These differences came to a head the night before he left.

Durine the day. Ulim arrived at the bunker. Orlan sent everyone

in the bunker above ground and spent the night conferring with Ulian.

Only in the morning did we return inside, and then the conversation
turned to ordinary housekeeping matters. We had a short-wave radio
which had stopped working, as often happened if the hideout was damp.

As we discussed how to see it fixed 1 Officed a supersetting

As we discussed how to get it fixed, I offered a suggestion.
"Don't butt into things that don't concern you," Orlan suddenly

"Don't butt into things that don't concern you," Orlan suddenly turned on me. Then, addressing Ulian, he added, "She's become impossible."

I couldn't keep silent. "I guess I'm the only one in the underground whose suggestions don't count," I, in my turn, said to Ulian. Immediately, I felt ashamed of my retort. I think Orlan also felt

immediately, I fell ashamed of my retort. I think Orlan also fell ashamed. But we were too angry and could not find a way to resolve our differences before his departure.

When the time came for him to leave, everyone went outside so we could say good-bye to each other alone. Orlan said, "If you are so unhappy with your life with me, perhaps we should part."

I said nothing. He then added that he had already talked with Ulian who was willing to have me spend the coming winter in his bunker.

"Fine," I said. "I'll do that."

We shook hands in parting, as if we were strangers. This was the first time in our maringe that we separated angay with each other. Neither of us knew whether he would return alive, and if he did, whether he would find me among the living. He was barely our of sight, and I did still could hear the reign breaking under his boots, when the knowledge that we had parted in anger became a store on my heart. I wondered whether, if we survived and saw each other again, we would find a compromise and a common language.

. . . .

I spent the entire summer in the hill country. I acted as a secretary for Ulian and cooked for the partisans that came and went. Our biggest problem was the lack of water. The bunker was high in the hills, and the nearest stream was nearly three kilometers below us. Moreover, the MVD often set ambushes by the stream. Rain, the patter of raindrops, was music to my ears. We would immediately put out buckets and fill them with rainwater.

In September, Ulian and I received mail from Orlan, From the filidia mail, we learned that Major Petre Polstava had def the previous winter in a bunker near Parao-Frankiwsk, Aci I beard the news, begar membling. The most memorable people I had ever known were dead. Polstav, Hornovii, Chippyrika, Here in Volyo only Orlan and Ulian reminocil. It would soon be out time, too. Orlan's letter to me cheered me up a little, In it, Orlan sided mest to come to the bunker where Ne would be seenfaine the winter. He also

told me what materials to bring, ending the letter with, "Come, I miss you and wait for you." But then, at the very bottom, he added a post-script in which he aid, "The decision is yours." I knew him well enough to understand that the postscript had been added to show how open minded he was. The letter aids outsthing else; that he missed me and wanted us to spend what days were left in our lives together.

.

"I was certain you would come," were his first words when he saw me that fall.

"If the circumstances were different, I would have made you wait,"

I retorted.

"I realize that," he said, and we both smiled, happy to be together

Orlan had met with Lemish, and I was eager to hear him describe the meeting and relate other news. I noticed that Orlan had returned less worried and more assured and knew that the meeting with the OUN-UPA leader had renewed him. Orlan had also been made Lemish deputy for all of Ukraine. Orlan had also bed me that Vasyl Oshrymorych, representative of the ZP UHVR in culic, had made his way back into Ukraine to confer with Lemish.

Orlan and Lenith had also decided that Orlan would more his has activity to the Khumhupskiy and Winnysia addate the following years activity to the Khumhupskiy and Winnysia addate the following years activity to the Khumhupskiy and Winnysia addate the following bears of the Poslilar surface. A year ago, Ulas had gone to the city of Vinnysia to meet with a contact. As he was approaching the renderwoon point, MVD agents jumped him. Connect and seeing that this istuartion was hopeless, Ulas tried to shoot himself but only sustained as wound. He was taken to a hostistal in Kviv and did not he kivel and the contraction was the contraction.

Ulas was a very significant catch for the MVD. They treated him him freedom in exchange for acknowledging his transgressions against Soviet authority. The upshot of these conversations was that Ulas said that the MVD could not convince him that the underground was evil; however, he felt sorry for the people who would die, and he was willing to go and meet with his men and explain his new perspective. To buy his freedom, MVD asked Ulas to kill Lemish. If he did this, he would not only go free but also any men he would bring out with him would be spared. Ulas agreed and was released in the spring of 1951. His first action was to contact partisans under his jurisdiction and tell them what had happened and warned them to be on their guard. Then he set out to see Lemish. He met with the UPA-OUN leader, telling him what had transpired in Kyiv.

When Lemish was relating this story to Orlan, he noted that Ulas experienced great difficulty in accepting what had happened to him and

what he had done. Lemish asked Ulas to stay with him that year, and they wintered together. During this time, Ulas wrote two significant pieces of work, one on the development of nationalist activities in eastern Ukraine, the other on the national consciousness of the population of eastern Ukraine. In April 1952 Ulas set out again for the eastern provinces, accompanied by ten partisans. During one of their stops, they were surrounded by MVD troops; everyone was presumed dead, although the MVD may have taken prisoners. What Lemish wanted Orlan to do was to reestablish the links that had been severed with Ulas's capture and subsequent death. He asked Orlan to make contact and meet with the district leader, Skob, in the Khmelnytskyi province. Orlan also told me a little about Lemish. He said Lemish had aged

significantly and was ill, had lost most of his teeth, but was morally upbeat about the resistance. Although Lemish knew that the struggle was ending, he believed that the ideal of nationhood had been spread to the population and one day would bear fruit. He believed that the cause would not die with the death of the last partisan; it would become the yeast that would ferment and be ready when the opportune moment arose again.

We spent that winter getting ready for our move to the Khmelnytskyi province and preparing the subsequent issues of the two magazines Orlan edited and published. Many days we went hungry, since the food that had been delivered to the bunker ran out when the winter was only half over.

In March, we learned about the death of Stalin. "We survived you, tyrant," we shouted in glee. "Now, Russia's history will repeat itself. Squabbles and executions

will follow," Orlan predicted correctly.

Yes, we were pleased that Stalin was dead, but we also knew that his death would have little affect on us. There would be a struggle in the Kremlin. The victor would make overtures to the people, promising an earthly paradise and, perhaps, there would be some changes, but there could be none for us. We knew that whoever emerged victor would not tolerate a people whose goal was to free themselves from his rule. Our attitude toward the new dictator would also not undergo change. Thus, we had no illusions that the death of Stalin would make any difference in our struggle.

The people of Western Ukraine received the news of Stalin's death with open joy. First, they refused to go to work in the As/Aboz, then they became more defiant. They gathered in groups on the streets, they laughed. Some joked, saying that if the authorities would permit it, Western Ukraine radio stations would play music for "an international dance fest" and not funereal melodies Yet, just as we did not expect changes for the better, neither did the population. The daughter of the family where we hid delivered the best characterization of the events. She came home from school and announced, "We have a new Stalin, but he has no mustache."

In the middle of March, the frightened family told us that several trucks filled with MVD troops had driven into the village. The enemy had brought sniffing dogs and had camped. We knew what this meant: a new hunt. The searches began the following day. The troops were divided into groups, and each searched very thoroughly in the section assigned them. They dug holes, ripped up floorboard, and excavated root cellars. In one house, all the potatoes that the family had put away for the winter were taken out into the yard. This made our family particularly nervous, since the entrance to our hideout was from the cellar and the entrance itself was hidden under a pile of potatoes.

Searches were also underway in neighboring villages. Villagers returning from town were stopped and their packages examined.

We thought it would be wise for us to go into the forest, but we did not know whether an ambush had been set up there. Since all roads were blocked, we would have to make our way through fields, and a well-

Our hideout was in an old, spread-out village. We waited, while the searches continued for a week. Then, abruphy one morning, the MVD left without searching the remaining houses, including the one in which we were hiding. It seemed that the MVD's sudden departure swed us from discovers.

In April, Chumak, whom we had met when he served as Ulian's bodyguard, and two other men came to see us. Their arrival signaled the season for new contacts and new work. A meeting of local leaders two other partisans, set out to rendezvous with couriers coming from Halychyna in a forest massif that was on the border between the provinces of Halvchyna and Volyn. I was above ground for the first time since the previous September. My legs had become unaccustomed to walking, and I had a hard time keeping up. We met the couriers, but they brought no letters from Lemish, only a verbal message that he was all right. Orlan prepared his mail, including a letter saving that he was planning to make the move east later in the year. The return mail was given to the couriers, and we returned that night to our bunker. I was glad that we were moving. I knew that life would be very difficult in a province that had been under Soviet rule since the creation of Soviet Ukraine in 1923, yet we both wanted to see that part of Ukraine very much. We also were convinced that work had to be done during this

Toward the end of May, we moved into an old bunker in the forext. Two partiasm arrived to assist us, as Orlan prepared to meet with Skob, the contact in the Khmelnytsky inevince who was to rendezvous with us. At the appointed time, the two partissans left to meet the group coming from the south, but the meeting did not materialize and they returned to us alone.

Two days later, the MVD put on exhibit in a nearby town the coppes of two parisans. After obtaining more details, we decided that these were the near with whom we had planned to meet. But the death of these two parties a raised more questions than gave answers. For some time now, the MVD had not been in the habit of displaying the coppess of partisans, in order not to reveal whether the disappearance of men meant that they were dead or taken prisoner. When we did not know what had happened to our mee, all contacts cased—and were

renewed only after new plans and meeting dates were formulated.

Since we knew that men going to a rendezvous could be ambushed, alternate plans were always made for a second attempt at contact. The

second meeting with Skob was eft or June 22. That meeting was usecredited, and the voy puritions that had been early to the renderevous with him returned with Skob and rob to-Judguzuth. Oftan had been very precein in ordering that Skob be beought to him about, but dating the renturned of the state of the state of the state of the state of the had decided to disregard Ortlan directive. They reported this and explained their reasons for their stora soon as they returned. During their report, our partisans expressed their contern about the conduct of their theory, expectably their indifference to canonidating their novements. Since we had no swy of determining whether these three their contents. The storage of the storage of the storage of the inhalt and follow insomething about Skob and had given Ortlan a specimen of Skob handwriting. Ortlan used these tools to accertain Skobli identity.

As Orlan and Skob held their discussions, I talked with his two bodynauth. Both were good-looking men, more athers than partians. To be more accurate, they talked and we literated. We were surprised by how openly they described their work and how trusting they were. It seemed that life in the east was easier for partisans, but this did not jibe with reports we had received from our men sent there. Our man had come back fresh, dud tost a great feed of weight, and word of hability and come back fresh, dud tost a great feed of weight, and were

That afternoon, however, Orlan called me aide and told me that he had decided that we would go east. When we camped later in the day, I heard the newcomers whistling a popular song under their breath. What a contrast these men from the east were to our men. We were quiet and watchfol, and it would not come into our heads to hum a popular Russian song.

"You are looking at death here," one of them remarked, "while we are looking at life."

are tooking at life.

"But we've heard from others that living in the east is very difficult,
and you seem to be saying that you are living in paradise," I remarked.

"We do have casualties, but they are not as numerous as here," they

explained.

We could not leave immediately since Orlan was expecting mail from Lemish. While we waited for the couriers, Orlan prepared his report on his meeting with Skob. Since we had to wait several days, Skob's two companions were sent back to their area, while Skob, Orlan,

and I returned to our bunker.

As we waited, I began to dislike and become untrusting of Skob.

He was thin and almost bald with just a fringe of blond hair. His eyes darted about, never quite resting on any one object. It was his eyes as well as his dandy-like mannerisms and other less definable traits that created my aversion to him. The fact was that I mistrusted him, although I tried to be as pleasur as no sosible.

I tried to be as pleasant as possible.

Our food was not the best, and Skob declined to eat it, saying that
he was prone to stomach troubles. He also urged us to camp above
ground, which Orlan refused. Like his men, Skob talked freely about

his work, and Orlan reprimanded him for such candor.

Skob carried some unusual items in his backpack. He had a new nylon shirt, and his towel was also new and hand-embroidered. Since Skob had said that his wife had been cilide to Shiera, I wondered who had embroidered the towel for him. He also had a razor. (Orlan used to have one, but that was long ago, since obtaining razors was extremely difficult I I mentioned this to Skot.

"We encounter no difficulty in obtaining razors," Skob said airily.

On June 6 our men returned with letters from Lemish. I was in
the habit of watching Orlan's face as he read the mail. I now saw that
the letter carried years had news.

"What is it?" I asked

"A person could go mad," Orlan replied, then told us that the MVD had acquired Vasyl Okhrymovych and had taken from him a list of resistance contacts. Lemish also gave his blessing to Orlan's departure east with Skob, and we got ready to leave.

14. Second Betrayal

I had a dream on the last night we spent in the bonker—the night of halp 6.1 dream that I was inside 8.2 Sophis's Cathedral in Kyir. When I looked around, I found myself alone up in the choir loft. I cannibe the freezos and mousize bud id not find them interesting. The cathedral was dark, and somber, more like as rempty theart this proposed of the contract something was holding me back. I became so afraid that I woke up trembling.

I don't believe in dreams, but this nightmare was so vivid, and the feeling of disaster so intense, that I could not forget the dream and expercexamining the images. I wondered whether the church had been an allegory for a coffin—my coffin. Although I could not shake the dream or the premotition of tragedy. I told no one about my dream.

Four of us set out that evening—Orlan, Skob, Chamak, and I. Chumak, nor Clumak, nor Clulian's most trusted men, had been selected by Ollan to maintain the contact between him and Ulian in the coming months. Chumak was coming with us so he would get to know his new contacts and the terrain. Once we rendersoused with Skob's men, Chumak was contacts and the terrain. Once we rendersoused with Skob's men, Chumak would

During the first night, two other partisans, who worked unded unded unded under Ulian and whom we had met several times before, accompanied us. When the time came for us to part, I found it very difficult to any good-self-up to them. The address that I had felt since I waskened from my inghtmare seemed to intensify, and I knew that either their or our time was about us.

On the third night of our trek, we became separated from Skob. He had been walking so quickly that suddenly he was gone. Since he was the only one who knew the way, we stopped. Orlan and I waited while Chumak, who was younger and not as tired as we were, hurried ahead to catch up with Skob. Chumak found Skob, and we reached the agreed on meeting point at daybreak.

Skob left us to keep the rendezvous and returned a short time later with three men, instead of the two we had met on the initial encounter

between him and us.
"You disobeyed my orders," Orlan said sharply to Skob. "I told you

that no one local except the two I had already met were to be brought here." Skob mumbled something. A little later he suggested that Chumak and the newcomer camp separately, because our group had grown to seven people and could be noticed. Orlan agreed to the plan, and the two men left.

Yet both Orlan and I noticed that, despite Skob's concern for secrecy, he and his men were careless in their movements and had not tried to mask their tracks. They just charged through the underbrush and left a trail that the enemy could easily discern. "You need to be much more careful," Orlan admonished them

again. My worries surfaced anew. These men were like no partisans I knew. Something was not right.

new. Something was not right.

The new arrivals had brought white bread for breakfast. What lux-

ury, I thought. Even on Easter we had not eaten soft white bread. Orlan and I sat down and ate with gauto, because both of us were hungry. Almost as soon as we were finished, I felt sleepy. I looked at Orlan and he was dozing off, too. I remember putting my things under my head and adjusting my revolver holster so that it would be within easy reach. As I drifted off to sleep, I remember thinking, "Who are these men?" Suddenly once of the men was shaking me and telling me to wake

I sat up. "Is something wrong? Are we under attack?" I asked in worry.

"You are enemy agents," the man replied, "and you are under arrest."

I was fully awake instantly. I looked at Orlan, Stob was unbuckling Orlan's holster where he kept his revolver. Orlan's repeating rifle lay far away and one of Skob's men was trying Orlan's hands with a rope. I reached for my pistol, but the holster had been unbuckled while I slept.

"Are you crazy? What are you doing?" Orlan was demanding Apparently he had not yet grasped what had happened.

"Don't you understand?" I cried, "We fell into a trap," "Yes, you did," one of the men said, "We're with the MVD. Don't try to escape. You won't succeed," he warned as I struggled. "We've been

waiting for you several days. This forest is surrounded by troops." It is impossible to describe such morpents. You find yourself awake

in what you think is the worst possible nightmare. There are so many feelings that fight with each other, crowd against each other, as you try to adjust yourself to what is happening. You are filled with so much pain and despair that you can barely stand the assault on your selfcontrol. I look back at that moment as the worst in my life, more terrifying than death itself. Yet, even as these emotions swent over me and left me staggering, another part of me was examining the three men whom we had trusted and who had betrayed us. They looked like one would imagine a criminal would look as he was committing a heinous crime. Their hair seemed to be standing at end. Their eyes were bulging as if they were about to explode out of the sockets. They were also perspiring profusely, the sweat trickling in dirty rivulets from their foreheads and down their faces and necks. Their lips, clamped together into scowls, nonetheless trembled. I saw in them the epitome of Judas, and I turned to Skob and cried, "Judas," then spit into

He raised his hand to wipe the spittle from his cheek. "There was

no Iudas. There was no Christ," he said. I was now seized with a great anger. I had an overwhelming desire

to destroy these traitors, to squash them like a roach. But my hands were tied by then, and the realization that I was helpless made me even more

After Orlan and I were tied up, one of the men left, probably to report that the deed had been done.

"Shoot us." Orlan said, turning to Skob, "Do at least one thing that's honest. You know who we are and what we are. Tell your masters that we tried to escape."

"Ob. no." the man called Oles replied. "Do you think I like doing this? Do you think I willingly agreed to do this? I promised to deliver you alive in exchange for my freedom. You've no idea what it's like to be arrested. After Ulas's departure, we were left alone," he continued as if he were trying to rationalize his betraval to himself and us.

Yet I think that Skob and Oles clearly understood what they had done, at least in the first few moments when we confronted them. So many "strange" things that I had noticed about them were falling into place: the nylon shirt and the razors Skob carried, his men's disregard for strict security. Skob becoming "lost" earlier that night.

"Our contexts," Orlan whispered to me, and in those two words to conveyed the caterophic consequences our berryal carried for those Skeb had met and for those in Ollian's district who had been assigned to maintain context with m. Orlan had progressed part thinking about the contract of the context of the context of the context of the still free and to whom Skeb could leaf the enemy. The possibilities still free and to whom Skeb could leaf the enemy. The possibilities were disastrous. If Subsir toel in our engine went undiscovered were disastrous. If Subsir toel in our engine went undiscovered would remain as the district leader in the Khunderstein, softer and would be also those the MVII the line to Ulian and from Ulian in the way

I examined my husband more closely. He had lost much weight. He looked exhausted. He had sacrificed his life for the cause. And now he stood here with his hands tied with a rope. His own had tied him up.

"We have been ready to die for a long time," Orlan said. "We are prepared for death. But we want to die from an enemy's bullet, not be betrayed by someone in our ranks." Then he added, "Others have been caught, but no one has been betrayed the way you have betrayed us."

"I was arrested," Stob replied, "I didn't go to them on my own. But I'm ont an idiot who's willing to the It's you who don't understand. Those people who are in the West, the members of UHVR, they've sold out to the Americans. They're getting fat, while back here we've living like animals and dying for a lost cause. I'm no fool to die for nothing. No."

"Seum," Orlan spat at him. "Almost every member of the UHVR who didn't go into exile is dead, and you know it. You say you're not going to die for nothing. Don't you know what the others died for? Don't you know why they're dying in prisons and in the gulag? Don't you know."

"It's easier in the camps than living underground," Oles said.

But Skob interrupted him, "Yes, it's true that most of the leaders

I stopped listening to him. I was looking around me, regaining my self-control. The worst was already behind me. I had passed from free-

dom into captivity and had not gone mad. The moment of realization was behind me. What I had been horribly afraid of had happened; I was no longer frightened. A person is afraid as long as there exists an

iota of hope, but once hope is gone, there is no longer any reason to be afraid. I think Orlan's thinking was paralleling my own. Our eyes sought each other. We knew that we were most likely spending our last moments together. Skob and Oles were not worthy of our attention. We looked at each other with love in our eyes and anguish on our

"Be brave, Maria," he said. "Our time had to come."

The first person to come was a tall man, gray-haired, in his fifties. He was wearing the summer uniform of the MVD, a light-colored jacket and darker trousers. The stripes on his uniform informed us that he was of high rank. He was missing three fingers on his right hand and, because of this deformity, his hand looked like an animal's claw. We would learn that he was the officer in charge of the Khmelnytskyi oblast. His deputy who accompanied him also wore the summer uniform of the MVD; he was younger, shorter, and heavier. "Good afternoon, Orlan," the tall man said in Russian. A victori-

ous smile played on his lips. "We know each other."

"Well, this time you won." Orlan replied.

We regarded the appearance of the MVD officer with studied indifference. Although I was outwardly calm, thoughts were churning furiously inside my head. We had fallen into a pit and would soon be dragging others after us. When we set out on this trip, Orlan had packed his most important documents, including a note pad filled with dates of future meetings and their locations. I knew that he carried several important letters, including the most recent mail from Lemish, I remembered that the day before I had seen him re-reading Lemish's last letter, and I had almost said to him that he should destroy that letter as soon as possible since we were in a terrain we did not know and among people we had only met recently. But I had said nothing because I knew how he disliked it when I interfered in matters he thought did not concern me. Now. I could not forgive myself for keeping silent, feeling that I was partially to blame that Lemish's letter would fall into the hands of the MVD. If I had warned Orlan about the risk he was takthe letter up or burned it. I should have said something, since I had a premonition that something catastrophic was about to happen. Again I remembered the razor blades, the nylon shirt, the embroidered towel, the humming of a Russian tango-why had I failed to pay attention to these signs? "Little things tend to add up in our situation and become Why had I never shared my misgivings with Orlan? If I had said something, perhaps that conversation would have changed our fate. Why had Orlan trusted Skob, although he himself had noticed deviadesperately wants to believe something, that person will find an explanation for every unanswerable question. Both of us wanted to work in the eastern provinces. Our desire blinded our eyes to the true conditions in those areas. I had kept silent because I did not want to blot out that illusion. I did not dare examine it with a critical eye, because I knew deep inside that the bubble would burst. The underground line tact people were dead. The only line left to the eastern provinces was this one, created by Skob after Ulas's death. Lemish had spoken favorably about Skob, but what Lemish thought was based on what Ulas had told him. The very fact that Lemish accepted Skob had protected him freewheeling conduct to the fact that conditions were less difficult in the east. In fact, it was exactly the opposite. Moroz, a courier who had gone east and had barely made it back, had told us the truth, but somehow Orlan had forgotten what Moroz had said. What had happened to Chumak? I had forgotten about him. The

MVD must have done to him what they did to us, or worse. In a way, he was more important than we were. He was the thread that could lead the enemy back, back to Ulian, and from Ulian, back all the way to Lemish, I never saw Chumak again, I think the MVD took him away separately.

Someone exchanged the ropes around our wrists for handcuffs. We were led out of the forest and onto a dirt road where two cars waited. Orlan, the MVD officer, Skob, and another MVD agent got into the first car. I was pushed into the back seat of the second vehicle, where the MVD deputy and two other agents guarded me.

Along the way we saw women, children, and even old men carrying bundles of wood from the forest. These people were skinny and bent over. They wore rags, not nylon clothing that Skob had told us was easily available. When we passed them they looked at us with frightened eyes, as if they had been caught "stealing" the wood. I couldn't keep

"You certainly have created a paradise on earth," I said to the deputy. "These people look like beggars and they live in Ukraine, the breadbasket." "Well, you can't get everything done at once," he replied. "It takes

time after a war to get things back to normal. After reconstruction,

things will start getting better."

"Really?" I said with irony dripping from my voice. "The nation needs to suffer? Why aren't you suffering along with these poor people? I don't think you're experiencing the shortages that you attribute to the

war, Look at the thick waists you have. You can hardly walk." He did not answer, although I saw from his expression that my

words had hit their mark. He was not only short but also round and reminded one of a barrel. They could tie my hands, but not my tongue.

After passing through a town, the two cars came to a halt in the middle of a field. Here I was told to get into the back seat with Orlan. He and I sat in the middle, while Skob and an MVD agent guarded the doors. The MVD officer sat in the front, next to the driver, Orlan had been handcuffed so that his hands were behind his back. Mine had been handcuffed in the front and I was more comfortable. When the

MVD officer noticed this, he told the agent to handcuff me with my hands in the back. We again drove on side roads, not on the main highway. Through the window I saw tall wheat, the stalks heavy with grain, ready to be

harvested. Then we drove through a village. It was so poor that the contrast between the bounty of the land and the poverty of the people was striking. The houses were not houses, but huts. None had a vard or any decent outbuildings. If there was a barn, it was a simple lean-to against the house. Compared to conditions here, Western Ukraine was truly the land of the kulaks. The people had tried to make the best of their situation. The houses were whitewashed and the windows stenciled. A riot of flowers and sunflowers grew around the huts. Despite our capture, both Orlan and I watched the countryside

unfold beyond the car windows with undisguised interest. I wanted to greet the people we saw, stop, and get to know them, not merely pass them in an anonymous automobile. Inside, we were squeezed against each other so much so that my hands and legs went numb. I glanced sideways at Orlan and saw that he had regained his normal composure, although his brow was knotted and he was worried. I thought he was going over the things he had brought with him and which items would be used to harm others in the underground. When the MVD agents began talking among themselves, he whispered to me, "All is lost; Lemish is planning to come here."

He said it quickly, without emphasis, but the MVD officer noticed and told us not to converse. Although he was sitting up front, he had half-turned his body so that he could watch both of us. I think Skob had noticed earlier that we were communicating with each other but had decided not to say anything. He had done his part already.

When Orlan's words sank in, I felt faint. That's what Lemish must MVD will use this information to somehow get at Lemish. For a while we rode in silence, then the MVD officer asked Orlan if he knew where

"Your appetite's too great," Orlan replied. "No, I don't know." From the conversations among the MVD agents, I began to piece

together how the MVD had been able to turn Skob. They had done so through his son, whom they had taken away from the family that was raising him, as Nastia was raising our little son. When Skob broke and promised cooperation, the MVD returned the child to him. This had happened during the time that Ulas was with Lemish. As a reward, the authorities allowed Skob's wife to return from exile in Siberia. Skob regained his family by destroying the underground, not only in the Khmelnytskyi ol/ast but also in parts of Volyn. It was possible, I soon realized, that Skob was responsible for the deaths of Ulas and the ten one more time, did I learn that Ulas had planned to rendezvous with Skob on his return from Lemish.

During the long journey in the automobile, the agents relaxed and began to talk with us informally.

"You'll regain some of the flesh you lost in the underground," the

MVD officer said to Orlan, "We'll feed you well," "They lived in unimaginable conditions," Skob said, as he described our bunker. "I had to eat smelly meat and crackers. They didn't even

Up to now Orlan and I had ignored Skob. But his comment made me furious. I turned to Orlan and said extra loudly, "The dog forgot how he once lived. Now he's surprised. I guess he prefers drinking human blood than nibbling on crackers." No one answered. I looked sideways at Skob. He was smiling fool-

ishly. Then the MVD officer said quietly, "Dogs want to live also."

At that, Skob's smile became even more stupid.

We reached the city of Khmelnytskyi about noon and drove directly

into the city prison yard. From there we were taken to the prison office.
Orlan's hands had turned blue because of the tight handcuffs. I, who
was not used to riding in a car, became nauseated. The MVD refused
to let me go to the bathroom, so I vomited on the office floor.

Orian and I were separated. In the women's prison, matroes took everything away from me, including my wedding band and hairpins. I was given a prison uniform and slippers without lees. Next, they took me to a bathroom where I was told to bathe. After that I was taken to an empty cell. A guad brought a matters filled with hay and a tolled bucket. So this is how a cell looks, I thought. Later, someone gaid dinner through the small opening in the door. It was a malodorous cab-

bage soup that I did not bother to eat.

I tried to figure out what was going on outside. I was not certain
whether there was a factory nearby, or whether someone was buildings
something just outside the walls. The walls continually resounded with
loud heavy thumps. The noise became so insistent and debilitating that
laces felt as if conneces was thirting me on the head with a small property.

When the guard came, I gave him back the uneaten food.
"Why didn't you have something?" he asked kindly in Ukrainian.

Later he helped me carry the heavy toilet bucket to the door.

I was exhausted. I lay down on the straw and fell into a heavy, deep

steep.

In the evening, I was given some thin soup and then was instructed to get ready. I had no idea what that order meant since I had nothing except the loose prison coat. It was almost dask when I was taken into the prison yard where two cars stood waiting. When Orlan, wearing a similar prison coat to the one I had on, was led out of the building, a

said, smiling saidly, "That outfit makes you look like a nurse."

A few minutes later, the MVD officer and another man, who was big, strong, and husly, came out of the prison office. The MVD officer had changed to an elegant gray suit, while his companion wore the MVD summer uniform, and his stripe indicated that he was a general. Later I learned that this man was the head of the MVD in Kyiv. Two MVD agents brought up the rear. They all smelled of vodks and were

in a good mood. I guess they had been celebrating their success.

"Good evening." they said to us.

"Good evening," Orlan replied, but I said nothing.

Orlan was told to get into one car, while I was told to ride in the

other. Both cars were driven to the airport, where we boarded an MVD airplane. "Where are you taking us?" Orlan asked.

"To Kyiv, of course," came the reply.

"Your people dream of seeing Kyiv, of wetting your feet in the mighty Dnipro," the MVD officer said. "Did you ever think that your

dreams would come true this quickly?"

Orlan ignored his mocking comment. He turned to me and said, "You thought you would never see the capital."

"And now we will, and then we will die," I completed his thought.

"You should be thinking of life, not death," the MVD officer again inserted himself into our conversation. "Both of you are still young."

The airplane was well furnished and was divided into two sections.

The front section was dominated by a large table that was surrounded with upholstered chairs. The aft section was furnished with rows of

with upholstered chairs. The aft section was furnished with rows of upholstered seats, and clean white curtains hung at the windows. They put us on opposite sides of the airplane, saying that we both

They got us on opposite usides of the atspituse, swying that we boils through the control of the control of the control of the control of three dots for each other and could not take our eyes as say, from each other. We could not rail, but we could look and commit to memory every line on each other's faces. It was each you own that I mady realized our situation. I knew that nothing could be changed and that I had to reconded specifie so on face. I did not want to think, above the fenture, oblivious and the unknown. Othin eyes would not face my face. I think was beging me to be stein, not break, and at the same time he was saying good-bye. I tried to answer him with my eyes. I tried to tall him to to wary does not. I would without what I ap shael. I consider not to wary about a.1. evolul without now that I gain and the out to wary the case. I would not the control to the front section. Only them dal I glunce out the window and saw below me as not flights. We were friging over Kyiv.

At the airport, we were put into separate cars and driven into the city. I did not even look out the windows. I no longer cared about my surroundings or what would be done to me. I had only one resolve: I

surroundings or what would be done to me. I had only one resolve: I
would not break.

They drove us down Khreshchatyk, the main boulevard of the capital.

"Now turn onto the Naberezhna," the MVD agent told the driver.

We were being shown the city. I guess they were giving us a taste of what life in this city was like. On the streets we saw crowds of people, but all I could think was, "How many of us had been taken already on this tour? How many more will be after us?"

When we were on Lenin Street, I asked the MVD officer where the Lenin Museum was, since I knew that that building was previously the home of the Ukrainian Verkhovna Rada (the Parliament during the 1918-22 independence in Eastern Ukraine).

But I think he discerned my intent in asking that question, "You'll

see that later," he replied. "There's plenty of time." Then be added, "I heard that Lemish would like to see the museum

also. Perhaps you will help him get his wish?"

"No, I won't," I replied. The car drove slowly so we could absorb the beauty of the city and

the river. We then again returned to Khreshchatyk, drove across the

plaza in front of the St. Sophia Cathedral, turned near the monument of Khmelnytsky, and drove into the prison yard. Behind us the heavy gate of the MVD prison clanged shut. Orlan was led inside first, while I was left outside in the car with

my guards. We waited in the car for such a long time that I dozed off, I think it was way past midnight and the city beyond the walls had fallen silent. Some time later, someone woke me up, and I was led into the building, then taken upstairs in an elevator. The elevator had a large mirror. I looked at myself in it and did not recognize myself. In the oversize prison coat, with my hair uncombed and falling over my shoulders and my eyes wide and staring I looked like an escapee from a home of the mentally ill. Although I did not care what my inquisitors would think of me, nonetheless I was embarrassed that they had thus "prepared" me,

I was led into a beautifully furnished room, A Persian carpet lay on the floor, and heavy drapes hung on the windows. This was the office of Strokach, the minister of security. He wore a general's uniform and was sitting behind his desk. He was heavy, short and blond, with small facial features, except for a mouthful of gold teeth. Every time he moved his lips, it seemed that the teeth wanted to escape his mouth. Sitting on either side of the desk were the heads of the regional MVD for Kviv and Khmelnytskyi.

Strokach motioned with his hand for me to take the chair in front of his desk, so I sat down. A moment later someone else entered the room and took a seat behind me so that I could not see his face. I almost turned around, then caught myself, since I really did not care who questioned me or who was in the room. Just as before, these men smelled of liquor and were in a good mood, pleased with the "quarry" they had caught. And why shouldn't they be pleased with themselves, I thought?

Moscow will reward them.

I had been prepared for something like this and had my answer ready, "I didn't trick you. You let me go."

"We didn't let you go. We sent you with an assignment to con-

vince your husband to cooperate with us." "Well, I couldn't convince him. I told him everything that hap-

pened and he made the decision."

Strokach did not reply to this, but asked me if I knew Lemish.

"Do you know how to contact him?"

"Do you know how to contact Ulian?"

"I didn't even know the contacts to the next district. Those were not things that concerned me."

"Do you know where Orlan left the archives?"

His tone changed. "Both you and Orlan must realize your position. You'll never leave this prison. That means that you will not leave as the person that came here, your views and your attitudes intact. Your only chance for survival is to be reborn, become different people. Of course, you would need to make amends to the government, exculpate your actions and the damage you have done. And this time we will not accept your words. You will have to do it with your deeds. You will have to help us liquidate the underground."

When Strokach finished, the man sitting behind me came forward and asked, "Do you recognize me?"

This was the general who had flown to Lviv in 1949 and had observed while I was being questioned by the general in charge of the Lviv region. He was very handsome and therefore memorable, but I never learned his name.

I nodded

"You changed a great deal," he said. "Lost a great deal of weight." "Of course she lost weight! How couldn't she have, living in those forests? What did they think they could accomplish?" the MVD officer

who arrested us said and laughed. I said nothing.

Their good mood suddenly evaporated. Strokach picked up the telephone and summoned someone. Soon a guard came in. He had a face as flat as a plate and tiny, evil eyes. The guard led me to a small, windowless room that was like a cage.

I could hardly fit inside. High above me shone a very bright light balls. At this benth, more like a held; was stanced to one wall. This MVD cell was worse than the one in Klundinytskyi, I brought in dread. I lateral that this cell was a holding off used to hide a princer while learned that this cell was a holding off used to hide a princer while another princer was being brought up for interrogation. These cells another princer was being brought up for interrogation. These were called "boxes," and I would be held in them on many occasions that the desired without matterness. Mankets, to relied to backets.

I sat down on the bench. I leaned my head against the wall and went numb. I could not think or move or sleep.

ent numb. I could not think or move or sleep.

I don't know how long they kept me in that box. Eventually, two

guards came to get me and led me to a cell on the second floor. This cell was much larger, clean, and had a polished wound floor. From the marks on the floor, I deduced that this room had once held floor book. Now, there was only one metal bed against one of the walls. On it lay a matters and bed linems. On the opposite wall was a copboard for bread and uterails. Above it were two shelves and above them, high up on the walls, a time window.

It yadown, thinking I would go to deep, but could not. The brighte, electric lighdown thinking I would go to deep, but could not. The brighte, electric lighdown the light of the light of the light of the light of the Besides, I had been told that I had to lie in such a position so that the guard could see my entire face when he looked in through the grape hole in the door. Whenever I turned, a guard would knock on the door and demand. "Unit around I can't see your face."

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The new day dawned. It was exactly eventy-four boom since Stokh had delivered in to the enemy. Dutyligh bearly entered through the small, brared window high on the wall. It started as the give fragment of day, and nyth hughputs well fine swrimen place local Mc We undid never large the first prime a line. There we no a point in asking Cold Holy some view from the contract of the started for the s

crushed by despair, I was reckoning my score with God, as the criminal on the left side of the crucified Christ had done on Golgotha. I had believed in God, conversed with Him upon occasion, not in formal rip the linens during the night, knot them, and hang myself. But hang from what? What was I going to suspend the noose from? Besides, guard was watching me constantly through the peephole. I had to think of something else. For the first time in my life, I would have welcomed sudden death.

 prayers but in fervent conversations. Until now, my faith had been unshakable. But here, behind bars, I doubted His very existence.

Breakfast consisted of a runny gruel, a little sugar, and one-fourth of a loaf of black bread. Borscht and more gruel came in the middle of

the day. In the evening, the guard brought a container of boiling water and a little bit of fish. I could not eat anything.

The first day in prison was a Sunday, a free day for the investigating magistrates, and I sport the entire day in the cell. After restling my ging account with God, I turned to putting my thoughts in some kind of order. I roosdered events and prepared myself for interrogation. Physically I was enhausted and, because I had not eaten for two days, I faithin. Yet I could not sit still. I paced the cell with nervous energy, are repeating under my breath, "Four steps forward, four steps back, forward and back."

My imagination visualized the end of our resistance, an end we had seen coming. Orlan's arrest was the fourth act of a five-act tragedy, vet I could not suppress my anger that he had swallowed the bait and been caught. I tried to imagine what the MVD would do next. In Volyn, the underground had virtually ceased to exist, except for several far-flung groups, including those controlled by Ulian in the south. In Polisia, where our contact had been broken for some time, I assumed the same had happened as in Volvn. In Halvchyna, there still was a resistance, and the partisans lived mostly in forests. But they had sustained such tremendous losses that Orlan had been apt to say that there were more partisans in Volyn than in Halvchyna. Now the MVD had in its possession Orlan's list of contacts, dates of meetings, and signals. Besides, they had Chumak, the contact man to Volyn, and there was no guar-Skob, which was the worst problem because Lemish trusted him. Thus, threatened because Chumak led directly to him. Our only hope was that the MVD would make a mistake, and someone along the line would detect what had happened. But this was not a realistic hope since the men would believe someone coming directly from Orlan.

I was afraid to think about O'lan, and my thoughts tried to circunvent him. Then my thoughts would focus on his fate, the death sentence. Probably, I would get the death sentence also, as a reprisal for what I did in Livie. But before those events came about, the enemy would try to extract our sould during the interporations.

I had to take my own life. But how? I would hang myself. I would

15. In KGB Prison

The solitary confinement cells occupied the second floor of the prison. Aft first, iddn't mind being alone in a cell. I had spent several years living in a bunker or a hideout in close proximity to others. Being suddenly alone was a welcome change, especially since I had to prepare myself for the interrogation. Through the early hours of Monday I waited in nervous anticipation to be summoned, but it was not until late afternoon that the key serected in the lock.

"Hands behind your back," the gund ordered and led me our into the hall. This is when I first noticed that the guard wore slipper instead of shoes or boots and that we walked on a padded walkway that lay in the middle of the corridor. I would learn that this silence was one of the methods used to isolate a prisoner and thus weaken his moral

Although I had upent a day and a half reconciling myself to my new situation and preparing for interrogations, nonetheless, this first trip to the offices of the investigating magistrate made my stomach turn in anxiety.

Three men were waiting for me: Ptichkin, Sverdlov, and Klymenko.

all in MVD uniforms with stripes that showed they were majors. "We will conduct your case," one of them said in Ukrainian.

They did not, however, begin the questioning that day. They only apprised me of the circumstances of my "new life." Ptichkin put it succinctly: "You're in our hands now, and it's time for you to reconcile yourself to your fate. Of course, there's no situation that cannot be

resolved," he added and watched if I had understood the meaning of this aside.

I understood, but I also knew that he had failed to add the salient

phrase, that is, "There is no situation that cannot be resolved with honor."

The interrogation began on the following day. To my surprise, it was not conducted by one of the three men I met the day before but MVD Major Beroza. He was in his mid thirties, tall, and had a closely shaved head. I don't know what nationality he was, but he spoke Ukrainian haltingly.

The MOD interrugation conversed with me in Ukanian with verying amount of exe, although they talked among themselves in Rousian and worse the deposition in Rousian. In noticed again that the again with meaning again of the most accommange upon of the political invastion of a construct a gain of the most accommanged to the construction of the Co

Borous starred at the very beginning—at my beth. He asked the operations in barden Urstianis, then translated a swares and recorded them in Russian. Thus, be had to soop and think for a long time before being allet to write the deposition. In this way, we wared the entire day—except for an hour brack are middly—to record only a few pages of my statements. Det all the truth, Becut as war ne principally disquires, of my statements. To all the truth, Becut as war ne principally disquires, position and offers interrupted the proceedings to place cells to his fermed ferious. He would spend a long time on the telephon, efficient outrageously with the women. In sum, Beroza was a poor investigation and did not possess the intellectual diciplice of an investigation gartistrate. He probably get the job through connections and achieved his rank, as others whom I would meet hald, during the war against the

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endanger anyone connected with the underground.

As I reviewed my conduct, I concluded that I could be accused of two crimes only: being a member of the resistance and discarding the "agreement" I had made with the MVD general at the time of my arrest in 1949. Yet I felt that my detention in Lviv would ultimately help my case. Thus, I began to testify that upon my return to the underground, Orlan refrained from divulging to me the details of the Volyn resistance. I steadfastly adhered to this version throughout the interrogations. I hoped that this stance would shield me from the MVD's attempts to force out not only what I knew, but also what I did not know.

Beroza not only questioned me, he also spent one or two hours each day trying to reeducate me. Every so often he would get up and walk

over to a map that hung on the wall. "Look, Maria," he would say and begin comparing the size of the

USSR to that of Western Ukraine. "It's ridiculous to think that you ever had even a ghost of a chance of victory." clude resistance, but, then, Beroza did not care about my answer. He

My answer, which I kept to myself, was that might did not pre-

was already pointing to two major canals that had been completed under Soviet rule - the Volga-Don canal and the one from the Ukrainian mainland to Crimea-and telling me what enormous benefit these waterways had proven to be. During such times, he would sometimes forget the name of some locality, and I would supply it. My knowledge of current events always surprised him.
"So you read newspapers in your bunkers?" he would wonder out

Once he started talking about Kyiv and mentioned the monument

of Bohdan Khmelnystky, the Dnipro Cossack hetman. "Oh, Bohdan, Bohdan," Beroza began to quote, then stopped, the

"My unwise son," I supplied the second line of Taras Shevchenko's poem about Khmelnytsky's decision to sign a treaty of mutual aid with Czar Alexis Mikhailovich in 1654. (The Treaty of Periaslav marks the beginning of Russia's domination over Ukraine.)

Beroza laughed. "You nationalists think Khmelnytsky was a traitor for signing that treaty." "No, we don't think he was a traitor. We only condemn his deci-

sion." From Beroza's comments, I could tell that he had questioned other partisans before me. Yet, his understanding of our program and positions was at best superficial. He knew we opposed collectivization and fought for independence from the Soviet empire. His strongest argument on behalf of the government was the government's might, which made the notion of resistance an abund gesture. I found nothing new or original in his arguments or in the postulations of the other men who

questioned me.

One day, Beroza suddenly asked me, "If we should decide to trust

you again and send you to Lemish, would you fool us again?"
This question put me immediately on my guard. Did the MVD
have a plan, or did Beroza ask the question simply to observe and record
my reaction?

"The present situation is different from the earlier one," I said neutrally. "This time my husband's in your hands, too."

Beroza did not pursue this line of questioning again.

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I was ill during the first weeks of imprisonment. I had cramps, could not eat, and suffered fainting spells, so a guard took me to the prison infirmary. It was located on the second floor at the end of a long corridor. The infirmary occupied a room that was the size of one of the cells. The only difference was that it had a standard window instead of one of those tiny openings that were supposed to be windows. The doctor who examined me was a woman who was also an MVD major and either Russian or lewish since she knew not a single word of Ukrainian. She was in her early thirties, tall and heavy. Her expression was so self-assured that it hordered on arrogance, but she turned out to be tactful in her examination and conduct toward me. Her weight also was an indication of her position on the Soviet ladder of success. In those postwar years, the amount of weight a person carried was a barometer of his or her success. Local agents, who chased after partisans with dogs, were as thin as the animals they handled. Those who had risen to district or regional posts were much heavier, as were the women who worked for them.

The infirmary was not coujpped with any diagnostic apparatus and, after a few day better, I was driven to the municipal hospital. Three MVD agents, two guards, and Lieutenant Agers, accompanied me. Labal met Agere callel when he as in on several of the interrogations. During one of these sessions, Agere had bragged that he had served as undercover agent in Halpshyna and Volyn. He described how he had posed as a starving peasant and had begged and sought softered to house the MVD suspected of handboring for feeding purposars. Agere,

without a shred of remorse in his voice, described how the partisans often shared with him the food they received. Of course, Ageev did not mention how many of these men he betrayed or how many died in ambushes he would organize. I gathered that he had executed his assignment well, since he had been transferred to the capital recently.

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Agee was one of everal men at the ministy who had must beir

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meetment. They realized the resistance and that ultimately the

soviety tensor would prevail. Such men a Ageer know that, despite

whatever changes occurred in Moscow, despite who was on tap and

whose arts had falled, they would be regarded as useful by whoever

ascended to power. They marked their cynicism with declaration of

all any and servace to the farm plants have an order and

and any and servace to their ambients was us to achieve

At the hospital, Ageer led me directly to the head doctor who was waiting for us. The doctor said that specialists would examine me and after the consultations the doctor himself would render whatever diagnosis Ageer requested. "Not what see want," Ageev responded sharply, "We want to know

what's wrong with her."

I never was told what the specialists found, although I suspected

I was uffering from exhaustion, not a flare-up of tuberculosis, which I had contracted when in the underground. After being canning in the underground, After being canning in the stream of the proposite the influence of the proposite the proposite the influence of the proposite the proposition of the pr

My new cell was much smaller and darker than the first one. The tiny window near the ceiling had been blocked on the outside with other hand, wanted the memory of our struggle to survive. I did not care about the judgment in my case, but it was very important to me to leave information about the resistance in the archives of the enemy. I believed that history might some day discover and bring my story to

The telephone rang one day while I was being interrogated. When he replaced the receiver, the investigating magistrate told me that "the the prison to the top floor of the adjoining MVD office building. The offices were allocated in ascending order of importance, with "the brass" occupying the top (fourth) floor. I was first ushered into a waiting room, then taken into an elegantly furnished office. A blond fat man in his fifties sat behind the desk, wearing a general's uniform.

"Good day, Maria, " he said. "Sit down." He said he would speak in Russian but he understood Ukrainian,

so I could answer in Ukrainian. "Why didn't you cooperate with us when you were arrested back

in 1949?" was his first question. I gave my stock answer. "What do you think is going to happen to you?"

"There's not much to think about. I'm waiting for the trial."

This general was interested in life in the resistance. He asked me specific questions about overwintering in the bunkers, about what we

did and what we studied, and about our relations with the population. Finally, he wanted to know how the leadership viewed the future and if we were hoping that a new World War would enable us to break free of the Soviet Union.

I had no difficulty answering his questions. In fact, I was eager to tell this "brass" the truth about the underground since I knew my answers

would contradict the propaganda that we were terrorists and bandits.

"It's unbelievable that a person can survive for such a long time in such incredibly difficult circumstances," he said after hearing me out, and I think I detected admiration in his voice. "I'm especially surprised

that women could exist in such conditions." At the end of the interview, he turned to Agree and said, "Get her clean clothing."

I was still wearing the loose coat and the slippers I had been given immediately after my arrest.

a piece of metal that had been painted black. Only one corner of the metal plate was bent back, so that I could not even glimpse the sky, and the flow of air was minimal. I began to feel that I was living in a grave.

The day were divided into a serior againers. Iwas selected at its the morning by the gand densiting, Ger and hanging on the door. He would worth me through the perplode small I was sixting up. Then I was as into the client to was that density the might be anyther the contract to the client to was the country of the client to be a sixty of the client perploted to the client in the client perploted to the client in the c

I never saw any other prisoners. If I was on my way to an interrogation and my guard discerned movement ahead of us, he would push me into one of the "box" cells or into a toilet until the other prisoner passed by. On two occasions the guard could not find a place to hide me. In those two instances, he told me to face the wall until the other prisoner passed.

I was interrogated every day except Sunday. Since I knew what I was charged with, I answered questions without any hope of mitigating my eventual sentence. There was nothing to hope for, since I was accused of armed resistance with the aim of overthrowing the empire and was therefore subject to maximum punishment. It would have been absurd for me to deny my participation in the resistance. Yet, there was a second reason why I was onen about my participation in the underground. I wanted to preserve what I had witnessed, even if the means were a deposition written in Russian. At least that is how I looked at my prolonged interrogation. My answers were compiling an archive. I also knew that the eventual defeat of the underground would result in the loss of a portion of our national history. I did not think that any of us would survive the usual twenty-five-year sentence in the Siberian gular. The archives we had left in the bunkers and hideouts would rot. and the bunkers would collapse, become overgrown with vegetation, and be forgotten. People would forget that we ever existed, I, on the

I later learned that this general's name was Zhukov and that he had made it a point to talk to Orlan and me on his way from a holiday in Crimea. Zhukov was stationed in Moscow.

A day after the interview, Ageev brought me a dress, shoes, and white socks. He also brought me my underwear and a few handkerchiefs, items he took from my bundle of belongings that had been confiscated at the time of my arrest in the forest.

In the first stages of my interrogations, the investigative magistrates questioning me changed often. Perhaps this was because of the language problem, since several found it very difficult to converse in Ukrainian. I realized this and answered in complicated sentences that were difficult to translate into their standard deposition format. For this reason, the matter progressed slowly. The interrogations alternated with conversations whose aim was to reeducate me, and I began to suspect that the authorities were trying to determine if they could convince me-and perhaps also Orlan-to cooperate with them. I deduced this not only from their use of Ukrainian during the interrogations, but also from the benign way with which I was treated and from the attention I received when I fell ill. I think the MVD had decided that it could achieve more by treating me well than by applying mental or physical coercion. In any event, if the first method did not work, they could turn to the second one at any time. Thus, my case stalled until I was remanded to Lt. Col. Oliinyk, the head of the first division of the

Olijnyk was in his fifties and was a Ukrainian who boasted about his Cossack ancestry. He saw immediately through my convoluted was pause for a moment, think my answer through, then record it rapidly in Russian. His predecessors had taken the interrogation up to the time I spent in the Zakerzon krai, but Oliinvk interrupted the chronology and jumped immediately to questioning me about the time I spent in Volyn. He said that the Zakerzon krai interval "wasn't important," He also increased the number of times I was questioned from once to twice a day. Olijnyk was brusque and posed very specific questions. I began to prepare myself prior to every interrogation; during the questioning, I was very focused on my answers so that I would not divulge any details that could be followed up and be used against those who were still free. For that reason, I returned to my cell after each such session physically exhausted and morally depleted. Oliinyk also increased the frequency of conversations aimed at "reeducating" me.

During an interrogation, the prisoner sat on a chair in the middle of the room with his back to the door. On occasion, someone would enter the room and stand at the door. When this happened, Ollinyk would look up at the visitor and thing or make some other sign. I always wanted to turn around and look at who was standing there, but I never did. I always to did wugeff that this way jure another MVD trick to disconcert a prisoner. Ollinyk must have noticed my refusal to turn around because once after such a visit the said, "You currating we subborn. You

After this, the mysterious visits came to an end.

Oliinyk also demanded my participation in our conversations and

would not let me just listen as I had done with the other investigators. He would also try to provoke me.
"An independent Ukraine is an absurd concept," he would argue,

"simply because today's Ukraine is a free nation. It stands in brotherhood with the other nations of the Soviet Union. All the member nations are achieving prosperity, and their citizens are enjoying a better standards of living."

Other times he would argue, "What's wrong with speaking Rus-

sian? It's the language of Pushkin and Lenin."

He would then return to the first argument: "Your resistance is

He would then return to the first argument: Your resistance is ludicrous. To fight the Soviet Union is preposterous. Mighty nations are afraid of us. Even if there was a new way, it doesn't mean that Ulzaria would gain its independence. Let's susue the the United States would wish this war, which, of course, is not possible. But even if it did, do you think America would care about the Ulzariania question? Do you think American know, or care, about Ulzarian? I think America would view Ulzarian? Ulzarian the way Hilder did.

And then, he would twist his argument again, "What did you think you could possibly achieve by hiding in a bunker for months on end?"

Sometimes his barbs would hit their mark, and I would defend the reasonance and its aims. "Let's assume that there is a war and the United States wins it and occupies Russia. Don't you think Russians would defend their homeland? Don't you think that many would go underground to fight the occupant? Of course they would. That's exactly what we did. The Soviet Union occupied Uleraine."

Oliinyk also enumerated the damages the government had suffered

fighting the Ukushin pointness. You cannot imagine the cons in more and in low of life, the world say. You propte killed many which able cirities in including General Variatio, hundreds of officers, and those seals of sallings of the Special Praces. No balled collectivation in consist of sallings of the Special Praces. No balled collectivation in Section 11 and Section 11 and Section 11 and Section 12 and Se

Once around midnight, the telephone rang. Ollinyk said nothing to me after he replaced the receiver, has toon Ageev entered the room and both of them led me once again to the MVD building. This time I was unhered into the office of the deputy minister of the MVD, named Slon. He was a short fat man with a steely penetrating gaze.

"What are your plans for the future?" he asked me.
"Plans?" I retorted in surprise. "I'll get the death sentence."

"Well, maybe not," he said. "You'll probably get twenty-five

He asked me about my family and my children and, from his questions, I could tell he knew more about them than I did. 'You need to think about your children and help them toward a normal life,' he said. 'You brought them into the world and then abandoned them.' To this I replied, 'You wish you had people who would dedicate

cause."

Slon look startled and began tapping his fingers on the edge of his desk. As an old Communist, he knew that I had hit the mark.

. . .

Following my interviews with Zhukov and Slon, the food rations I received became larger and better. Sometimes I was even given fresh trius and ovegrables, sometimes allowed to rest during the middle of the day. Rather than rejoicing in these privileges, I became frightened, since I knew that this was being done for a reason that I did not yet know. Also, I felt guilty that I had been singled out for preferences, while stortes who had fought with me were incarectared under the strictest regimen. Although my conscience was clear, I knew that I was being given an advance against a future service they would demand of me.

Although I listened to the recileation bosons with some interest. I concernition that the arguments that were puraded before me did not make an impression on me in the least. Nothing that was said in any way undermined what I believed. It was a simple question of values, were proposed to the proposed of the proposed

The autumn months were very difficult for me. This was the time when everyone met for the last time before overwintering began, and the enemy capitalized on this increased activity to set retays and ambushes. Every day I listened for noises and footfalls that would indicate that the cremy had caught someone and was putting him behind bars in an isolation cell.

16. Last Meeting with Orlan

One day while I was being interrogated, a smiling Ptichkin came

"Your husband sends his greetings," he said.

"He's alive?"

"What did you think? That we murdered him? He's alive and well and is asking about you."

After my conversation with Slon, I was convinced that I would here yes cold magain. Now I began to hope, just basely letting myself believe that perhaps we had a chance to survive. Whenever I thought about Ordan, I would let team gather in my eyes and run down my face, and But I did this only when I thought the guard was not watching through the peeplobe, because I was too promise to be this me energy or even earth me wiping my eyes. I knew he would report my weakness immediately to the investigation guardistrate.

On September 20, 1953, almost three months after our arrest, I was taken before minister Strokach. He seemed to be in a good mood.

taken before minister Strokach. He seemed to be in a good mood.

"Your husband is very worried about you and asked us to arrange
a meeting. I gave my consent, but I want to know if you want to see
him also."

I wasn't sure whether he was joking or making fun of me. "I don't think you needed to ask." I replied.

Perhaps doing a good deed makes a person happy. Certainly, Strokach was in a good mood, although the MVD must have carefully contrived the meeting between Orlan and me. I think Strokach knew how much seeing each other meant to us, and the knowledge that he was doing something kind had put him in such a benevolent mood. Yet his My answers were the same as before. I knew nothing.

"How's prison life?" he asked me. "It must be better than living underground."

"A prison will always remain a prison," I said.
"If that's the case, you should think about ways for getting out."

"That depends on you, not me."

I was then taken to one of the interrogating rooms where Orlan was waiting for me. He looked nervous, and I read worry in his eyes. I

with imprisonment and was afraid that I would burst into tears. I was nervous also. I came up to him and extended my hand-we

shook hands "At least kiss each other," one of the MVD agents said.

Yet we could not act otherwise in their presence. My guarded behavior calmed Orlan. I already had had time to observe him more

closely. He was thinner and, like me, no longer wore prison garb. He had on a blue serge suit that was of poor quality and a little too short in the sleeves. "I asked to see you because I want to say good-bye," Orlan said.

"You should talk about your future, not about good-byes," one of the MVD men injected.

Orlan ignored him and continued, but his voice was now trembling, "Forgive me if I ever hurt you. You know how difficult our circumstances were. A person's nerves...," and he broke off.

Although I was in control of my facial expression, my eyes filled "There's nothing to forgive," I said. "I remember only that which

was fine and good. Everything else was a mere trifle." I stopped and held his gaze for a long moment. "I regret nothing." I had to let him know that I did not blame him in the least for

what had happened to us. My words satisfied him and when he spoke again, his voice had ceased to tremble. The MVD let us spend some time together. We sat next to each

other, and Orlan told me about who had interrogated him and what tion he had taken during his interrogations and wanted me to understand his strategy and adapt my own to his. My answers were the same as before. I knew nothing.

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The MVD let us spend some time together. We sat next to each other, and Orlan told me about who had interrogated him and what tion he had taken during his interrogations and wanted me to understand his strategy and adapt my own to his. "They told me that the Soviet system had made great strides in bettering the lives of Ukrainians and I told them that words were useless and that they had to show me progress for me to change my views. Then one of the men became so annoyed that he pounded on his desk with a fixt and shouted, 'We will show you,' 'Ottacontinued,' And then I said, 'You can't do it with books and newspapers. I read them when I was sitting in a bunker, and they didn't convince me.'

The MVD men sitting nearby listened to our conversation in silence. I also said nothing, since I had understood at the onset why often was repeating the conversations he had with his investigating magistrates. He could not escape his sentence, but he could delay it having the MVD try to convince him that he had been wrong.

Before our meeting ended, one of the men went over to the dash and remord versely obsograph. Those were sumplosts of our two children, Zerom and Taza-Perro. They permitted Orbin and fur to each larve a plano of Port, when they did not be each larve a plano of Port, when they did not be each larve a plano of Port, when they did not be ended to the contract of the c

My neeting with Other minored my production that the MVD was verying to consists both of us to cooperate with them. Not only distance was repair to consist both of us to cooperate with them. Not only distance to use use—periodistry Others—to appear or bild. Lemish and Ulum, they also were thinking of ways to explain zero Others positions as second in command to Lemish to contact and assertation the OUN. URL Audarding in the American Zone in Germany. None skew with hald happened to us or where we were. Orlin could resemble, and it would have been absurdanced of the MVD not to us you such in Labor and have been described with the Other spoke to me freely and conducted himself without form of the production of the Contract of the Other spoke to me freely and conducted himself without form of the Contract of the Other spoke to me freely and conducted himself without form of the Other spoke to me freely and conducted himself without form of the Other spoke to me freely and conducted himself without form of the Other spoke to me freely and conducted himself without form of the Other spoke to the Other Sp

lose. Besides, he was immensely talented as a speaker and a debater, eral of the MVD brass would get together and summon Orlan for a "conversation."

"That husband of yours knows how to argue," they would tell me later. "He knows his politics. We only wish he were on our side."

In October, Ptichkin resumed my case and brought it to conclusion. Thus, in November and December I was seldom summoned for interrogations, although no one informed me that my case had been concluded. I was not permitted to see Orlan again, but otherwise my circumstances did not change. I began to truly hate solitary confinement. I had not minded isolation in the beginning, since I had to prepare myself for the interrogations, but now, with the case in hiatus, I had nothing much else to think about. Being alone became a terrible hardship. Since my food rations were large, I ate a lot, since I thought I was

One day, deputy minister Slon summoned me. First, he asked me how I was, how I was being treated, and then he began asking the old questions. Did I know where Lemish spent his winters? What about

was I told to find my way back into the underground? I answered as I had before. The risk had been too great to impurt

such knowledge to me. Orlan had told me nothing. "If you could only help us get Lemish, dead or alive. Alive would be better," Slon said. "We could use him to make contact with your

people in the West." I suddenly had an idea. It was so outlandish that I almost laughed out loud, But why not test it on the deputy minister? All Slon could do was laugh at my naïveté.

"Since Orlan was Lemish's deputy, he legitimately could contact our people in Europe," I said. Slon looked suddenly very alert.

"How so?" he asked. "I'm not sure," I said, "but I know that at one time he considered

I could see that my wild idea had intrigued him. "Whom do you know personally in the West?" he asked.

"You must understand," Slon continued, "that we are going to West are another matter. They are a real nuisance, going around and You know." Slon added, "Stalin once said that the nationalists are the hardest to deal with, and he was right."

He then stood up and went to a man of the world. "We control in the world today, a struggle between the old and the new order. We this? It's self-evident. The stronger order wins wars. We won the Russian civil war. We defeated Hitler. In fact, we not only won that war,

When he finished his lecture, Slon came around from behind his the interview. I wondered why he had taken the trouble to shake my

I knew now that Orlan was using me as a pawn in his chessboard game with the MVD. I realized that it was not I, but Orlan, who would really decide my fate and that he would be the architect of a plan he would offer the MVD. I also realized that Orlan would dangle the following gambit before the MVD. He would agree to send a courier from the underground to the leadership in the West. That courier, I knew,

I became very agitated. I paced my cell thinking and beginning to hope. Stop, take it easy, my mind told me. Going from an isolation cell

If only I were let go. If only I could carry to the West the news about the conclusion of our struggle. If I could only have the chance to

that had reformed in the West.

the West?"

"No. I'm certain he didn't, "You told us earlier that at

one time he had planned to send couriers to the West and that

what I said. Also, bunker life

affected my health, and I was sick often. That's another reason why ago. Orlan did talk to me about going west with couriers and, if Prichkin asked him about that plan. Orlan would most likely recall the episode.



Maria's family in Siberia in 1955. From



Lesia, Maria's sister, in 1956 in Siberia following release from prison.

During one of these meetings, I noticed that my depositions now carried the heading, "Very Important Matter."

When I saw Orlan next, Ptichkin left us alone for about fifteen minutes. "How are things?" I asked.

are things?" I asked.
"They thought they would catch

Lemish since they had my list of meeting dates, but it didn't work out. They went to the rendezvous, but no one from Lemish showed up."

After a moment, he added, "Now, the thinking of trying to contact our people in the West by sending a courier who would say that he came from me. I told them that I don't have any active contacts in the West and that my earlier plans had included you."
"I'm supposed to convince you that

their plan is a good idea," I said and smiled bitterly.

"Go ahead," he said, then after a

pause added, "That's their job, not yours." Toward the end of the month, Ptichkin informed me that he would be taking Orlan and me to Zaporizhia to show us how the Soviet government had industrialized Ukraine. We were taken to the Kviv airport and boarded a commercial flight. We had four escorts, one of whom was Ptichkin himself. In Zaporizhia we were met by two cars and were driven directly to the local prison. This was an old prison, built under the czars, and, compared to it, the Kyiy prison was a model of cleanliness and comfort. The cells in the Zaporizhia prison were in the basement, and we were again placed in solitary confinement. We spent about ten nights in that prison. During the days, our escorts took us to see the



Maria Savchyn

metallurgical complex that had been built after the war on the Daigno River. We went to a steel mill and to an aluminum plant. Although the MVD tried to engage guides who space Ukarinian, they did not always succeed. I noticed that all commerce and all signage were in Russian. Russian was also the language in the newly built school we winted and in the state-run day care center for workers employed in the factories. During these ecuntions, Pichkin introduced was as delegation from a collective.

farm in Western Ukraine.

"You see, I told you," Ptichkin boasted. "I told you that you would be

impressed by the factories we built after the war."

He did not add that much of what was produced in these Ukrainian factories was shipped directly to Russia for use there, not in Ukraine.

Both Orlan and I especially warned to be taken to the island of Khorryia, where the Duipse Coasse had their citated in the viscous and sewmeenth contaries. We were delighted when we learned that the island's war complex of greenhouses was on our schedule. We learned that the vegetables grown in these greenhouses were shipped to Muscow the vegetables grown in these greenhouses were shipped to Muscow.

Wherever we went, I noticed the burgeoning wealth of the government, in marked contrast to the poverty of the people. The goods we saw in the stores were few and of inferior quality. Poople were dressed poorly and there were many beggars on the streets. The MVD had brought us to this area to convince us that the Sowiet Union had done great things for Ulraine, and all they did was demonstrate that they could show us nothing that would change our minds.

Throughout this time, Pickhin and the others would ask whether would like to see our son Petro. Of course, I yearned to see the child, touch him, and hug him to my breast. But, at the same time, I was convinced it would be extremely harmful if the boy was taken away from the Amatie, specially bor the sole purpose of realbling. Oftan and me to see him on occasion. Thus, whenever the question of bringing the child privation, and the see him on occasion. Thus, whenever the question of bringing the child against the plan. It said that this was not a suitable

time for such a reunion, and the more I considered the repercussions of

bringing the boy to Kyit, the more I despaired.
Then, toward the end of our tour of Zaporishia, Ptichkin informed
us that upon our return to the capital, Petro would be waiting for us.
Wy heart was filled with conflicting conclusion that ranged from fear for
the boy's safrey to delight that I would see my on again. But, when we
returned to Kyit, no one mentioned the boy again. Was summoned to
several sessions of additional interrogations, but the child's name was
not mentioned. Family I, rould not stand the susperse and saked,

"What's happening with the boy?"

"The plan is on hold," one of the agents told me.

....

Perforance, and the legationing of April passed, and twis and interesting data, and for similar the interesting data, the proposal methods are supported by interesting a transport of the proposal of the first and an arrange of the proposal of the first and an arrange of the proposal of the first transport of the proposal of the first programme and the uncertainty of Orlank and may fate tentionally deliberated me. I began to have nightmares: thousaling one in which I was short in a basement execution cross. All wanted now was the conclusion of my case and as a restrict.

Only here dell have their this histor was caused by the trial and recention of Berlin is however and changes in presented in the ministry that his death miggered. The MVD was divided into two ministrates, We were now under the principations of the ministry that hall been chiefer treated the KGB. In Utziane, the changes resulted in the secondary of the Company of t

with the Lviv authorities.

"I've been asked that question so many times that I don't want to

answer it again," I said.

"You should understand that I'm particularly interested in your case. I bet that when I left you on the sidewalk you crossed yourself and

said, "Thank you, Lord, for snatching me from the talons of those p ple." Am I right?" I modeled. The fast that the Livit agents were now in power increased my worty that the old matter would be resurrented and would affect the KGB's decisions in the current case. However, nohing happened. With the artist of uping, the KGB for sound taking Othin and memorating the trenstreaming of the first memorating the treasurement of the signing of the Treasy of Previately-sign hand to a weaker younger brother (Ukraine). How how they design hand no a weaker younger brother (Ukraine). How how they design hand no a weaker younger brother (Ukraine). How how they have have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been an artist when they have been a support to the common fit on May have been an artist when the fit of the May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been an artist when the fit of the May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit of the support to the common fit on May have been a support to the common fit of the support to the common fit of the support to the common fit of the support to the support to

"I wish you freedom," Orlan said to me when he saw me.

After the dates of the spring rendezvous passed and the KGB did not change its tactics. I began to suspect that the Soviets had not been

able to get a lead to Lemilh or Ulina. This is when the investigating maginarest cone again began to question me about the possibility of making contact with the leaders in culte. Slon, the departy minister, conducted most of these discussions. He was feetingful in explaining, onther the contract of the colles mattered, groups parestrated and searchitect. I realized that the colles mattered, not so much because they were confinedly staticking the Switer regime, but because they could be used by the Americans in the event of a new wat to mobility excitance in Western Divinaries. Son again mentioned the possibility of Ortin steading couriers to the Variety of the Contract of the March 1997. The Contract of the Contract o

"I don't know," I replied cautiously. "I'll have to think about it before giving you my answer."

"Next time you see Orlan, why don't you discuss this idea with him and see what he thinks," Slon said.

him and see what he thinks, 'Slon said.

In a few days, I was taken to an office where Orlan was waiting for me. Since we assumed that someone was listening in, we conducted ourselves with this possibility in mind.

"We need to do something to get out of here," I said in my assumed role of the dissatisfied wife. "We've been here almost a year."

role of the dissatisfied wife. "We've been here almost a year."
"You seem to be saying that I like it here," Orlan said. "What they
want me to do doesn't hark well for our release. They want me to write
letters that would be taken to the West. If this game plan works and
they make contact with the right people, they'll let us or.

"They're saving that they'll send someone that won't cave in. Maybe they'll send Skob."

"I don't have much faith in Skob or any other courier they might pick," Orlan said. "I'm not a novice in the underground. No one's going to accept a courier without questioning him closely. And I can predict what will happen. The courier won't be believed, and we'll stay in jail or be shot, having extended our lives a few more months. It's simply not worth it. In any event, I have no intention of getting a reputation

of being a traitor." I had purposefully kept what Slon had told me to the end, after I had performed the role of the unhappy wife.

"What if I went with the couriers?" I asked. "Slon suggested that to me."

Orlan looked inquiringly at me and then smiled, "If that's the case, you're not the one I need to discuss this with. I can't believe that they seriously think you'll make contact on their behalf, but if they do, I can discuss the idea with them further."

The following day Slon summoned me again and asked me about my conversation with Orlan.

"He said that the matter was not for him and me to discuss, but for him and you," I reported. "I've already talked with your husband. He said he feels you can

make contact with the UHVR. Are you willing to give it a try?" The choice between getting out of the Soviet Union or spending twenty-five years in the Siberian gulag was really not a choice. I would

not have thought about it twice if I had been alone. But even leaving hell would be difficult if you were leaving a loved one behind.

Slon had talked to me about the political immigration on several occasions. This time he began discussing not so much the methods the émigrés were using to get the attention of the Western governments, but the fact that many who had contact with the underground in Ukraine had "sold out" to the American secret services. He said that he believed the splintering of the OUN and other political parties was primarily caused by the competition among them as to who would represent the underground back in Ukraine. The reason the various groups wanted to be the acknowledged representative was not because of patriotism, but because the successful group would be able to obtain more

He also told me that I might be dazzled by the prosperity I would see in the West and by the variety of goods in Western stores. I should remember, however, that the standard of living in the West had been built over the centuries, while the Soviet Union had been building its country for only several decades. He concluded with these words: "Even if you tell them that you

were sent by us, they won't believe you. They'll follow you and watch

you. You won't gain anything." When I said nothing, he continued. "We'll trust you one more time. If you fool us again," he paused and his eyes became cold and hard,

"then watch out." With this he hit the top of his desk with such force that everything on the desk trembled

Our gazes met, and I felt as if sparks flew. I knew that I was risking everything. I was fighting my last battle, but it wasn't being fought in the forest or in a hideout but in the office of a KGB minister, and I was winning. If Slon had been a better psychologist, he would have read the triumph in my eyes. I gazed into his face and was again surprised how much it mattered to him and his agency to silence us. They, the eyes and ears of a mighty empire, wanted to gather every last

grain that we had sown, not only in Ukraine but also beyond its bor-But when I thought about my family, I was covered with cold sweat. Once the KGB discovered that I had fooled them a second time, they would take revenge not only on Orlan but also on my family. Yet I knew there was no turning back.

The conversation with Slon took place in late afternoon. As soon as I returned to my cell, the guard came to inform me that I was going into the city. In the courtyard, Orlan and our usual escort of four agents met me. Orlan looked exhausted and spoke in a weak voice, but his eyes

what he had set out to do.

They took us on an excursion boat on the Dnipro River. As night fell and the lights of the city receded behind us, Orlan whispered to me, "I'm so happy, darling, that I feel like singing,"

In front of us, a group of young people had begun singing, and Orlan was humming with them.

I was no longer exulting as I had before. I was beginning to feel egotistic. I knew that Orlan wanted desperately for me to escape, not only for myself but also to carry into the world the news about the final years of our struggle. I knew that without his determination, this would not be happening. On the other hand, I realized that if I stayed, my presence in a nearby solitary confinement cell would not help him one bit. Yet the reality was that he would stay in his cell, while I would leave mine, and this fact broke my heart. For the rest of my life I would think about Soviet prisons and would search through newspapers for news about Orlan. How horrible would this news be?

17. The Dictate of Fate

office of Climyk, who had interrugated me. On this occasion, he did not take my deposition but instructed me to write my confession. It would be my passport to freedom. At I wrote, my conscience did not bother me. I was not anhand of writing that I had repented when I had not. In any case, a part of the confession told the roath. I wanted not live a normal life. For wanted with my similar, death in the cutody of no page verbiour linearity and the confession of the cutody of no pages without me the confession of the confession of the However, Olimon was not happy with my and I set them down I However, Olimon was not happy with my effort. He returned the

The KGB did not waste time. A few days later I was taken to the

piece of paper three times for additional comments, and then, finally, began dictating what I should add. He cared about the contents of my confession since it was evidence that he had done his work and achieved

During my years in the underground, I had upon occasion used

false documents, both German and Soviet, to execute assignments given me. I regarded my confession like a false passport, a means to an end. And that end was crystal clear in my mind. I would be the bearer of information about our struggle, and I would spread the word to whoever would listen to me.

ever would listen to me.

I think Orlan had watched me and found me capable of this last
assignment. That is why he had agreed to send me to the West. It was
my responsibility to tell about what had happened at home and to warn
those beyond the border to be careful not to fall into the traps that the
KGB was preparing for them. Since he had decided on this course of

had not known before. Leas to remember this information and take it to those who needed to bear it. I was not going as a courier from KGB, but as a courier from Orlan. I knew that when the KGB discovered that I had ricked them, my actions would result in severe results against everyone I left behind, but I could not do otherwise. Yet, despite all these arguments. I found it difficult to keep on write

tet, despite at these arguments, I round it difficult to keep on writing under the watchful eyes of Ollinjik. This is when I told myself that this confession really did not matter. It hurt no one except my self-pride. So I kept on putting down on paper the words he wanted me to write.

I also wondered why the KGB had decided to rear me again. Did for port understand had I could never cooperate with them? I had seen the port understand had I could never cooperate with them? I had seen this see of ripartices made it impossible for me ever to stretch up shad this see of ripartices made it impossible for me ever to stretch up shad been able to look my parents in the feat of fate ever brought as negotive been able to look my parents in the feat of fate ever brought as negotive been able to look my parents in the feat of fate ever brought as negotive a family unit with Chius and our con if we were reminded. Constatery, to the trath of our cause had made it possible for a tro survive the reggelists that had come our way. Thesous would destroy when their law temperature of the constant of the

. . . .

These weeks before my departure, Othen and I were given an apartment on Goody Steres. But this way just another prince. We continued to be guarded day and night. A woman cooked our meals and dept in more proposed of the continued of continued on the continued of the continued

The day before my departure, the agents brought us an old issue of a newspaper that contained an article stating that Vasyl Okhrymonych had been shot for treaton. The agents who dealt with us had been assuring us for months that Okhrymonych was alive. We decided that we

were shown the newspaper because I could not go west carrying information that was contrary to what had been published and must have found its way by now beyond the Iron Curtain.

On the last evening in Kyiv, the KGB permitted us to go alone for a walk. I don't know if they were giving us a chance to try to escape, but escape was not on our minds. We would do nothing to jeopardize a plan that had been so difficult to bring to fruition.

We set out for Lviv the next morning. Orlan and I sat in the back

seat of the car. We were accompanied by two agents, the driver and a Major Petchanko. The day was clear, called, and surprisingly be to for late summer. When we reached Volyn, I looked out the windows, and my heart secent do be reached by a vise. I had closed in frequent and fined bank and forth and back again. I had lived in its quiet runt homestead, I are it during monthir inglin, and have I was bedoing at it for the last consoil the rund one sight. Even in sightmars, I could not have dream that I would pass this way seen meet time in a KGB car.

I glanced at Orlan. His face was impassive as he stared out the window. Only the deep furrows on his brow and the occasional twitch in the corner of his mouth told me that he was thinking along the same

As we neared Livi, I realized we would pass only a few kilometers from Zabiriia. After so many years of absence, I had not thought I would be also also the state of the control of the co

And then we were in Livi, and an abundance of new memories replaced those from long the road. As says an 6 sources-year-old girl who was subspering to my friend Olia the words of the OUN Decape, You will gain a few likenion or diversign. If had bles nos oary to be dazelide by the dream and to accept in alternatives—viscory or to be dazeled by the dream and to accept in alternatives—viscory or a dream is now a laway straight. My road invited and turned thought, a dream is now a laway straight. My road invited and turned thought. It was not always straight. My road invited and turned thought. It was not always straight with the section general contraction of the contracti

We spent the night in a hotel, and the next morning resumed our journey. Our destination was the village of Hai, near Ternopil. This is where Nastia Martynovska lived. When I gave her the baby in 1949, she was living in Orlan's native village of Olesyn. Since then she had been widowed, had remarried, and had moved to her new husband's village. Her surname was now Suta. On the way to Hai, the agents we had picked up in Lviv told us a little more about Nastia and our son. Apparently, the reason why Petro had never been brought to Kyiy was because Nastia had refused to let go of the child. The KGB had sent a woman agent to Nastia who had said that she had come from me and that I wanted Petro back. Nastia had replied that if I wanted to have the child, I had to come myself to claim him. The KGB decided not to create a commotion that might jeopardize their plans of sending me west, so they did not take the boy. As I heard this story, I silently thanked the Lord for giving Nastia the courage to withstand the KGB. The agents also told us that Nastia loved the boy like her own son, and he considered her his mother and Nastia's first husband as his father.

The KGB had a plan for us to see the child. They would stop near Nastia's house and pretend that they were having car trouble. They would then go to the house to borrow tools. They assumed that since the day was warm, the boy would be playing in the yard and we would be able to see him. They warned us that we could not onen the win-

dow or get out of the car to speak to him.

The plan worked insofar as that Nastia and Petro were at home, but Nastia would not let the boy go out in the yard when she saw the strange car. She wastched the agents work under the hood, and her older boy was permitted to observe the repair, but not Petro. Finally, one of the agents returned to the house and asked the boy directly to help carry some of the tools. Nastia did not want to prohibit a direct invitation from the apents, on the low came out.

He was thin and shy. He had a round face, delicate features, and day. He had a round face, the law sensing a cup that was much too hig for him, which he had to pash up esceral times. When he saw a woman in the car, he per storing, and one of the genera grades of man and shid him frining my child in the story and the story

It was soon when we returned to Ternopal. From there we drove to the Kerminaster are from where I would theoretically be starting my trick to the West. The KGB plan was that we would drive along the probable course! I would have followed on foor. Thus, we drove along rural reads and stayed away from major highways. We stopped for the might at the town of Kerminaster, which a year earlier we had observed through binoculars from a forested hill in the distance. Orlan and there being given more freedom on this trip than on

the one to Zaporizhia. We stayed alone in our hotel room, and Orlan used our privacy to tell me more of the details about the resistance that

he wanted me to repeat in the West.

"I will do as you say," I told him. "I will tell them everything that had happened, and then I will come back."

"Good God, no," he cried. "Don't do any such thing. You must sur-

vive. You may be the sole witness who survives the last years of our struggle. You must stay in the West, create a life for yourself there. There's nothing you can do for me by coming back."

"Don't say that," I cried. "Don't be so callous. What kind of life

can I have alone if you're here?"
"Our people will help you," Orlan said, trying to placate me.

Our people will help you, 'Orian said, trying to placate me.

But later he said, 'Perhaps they won't believe you. That's a possibility. If that happens, try to mobilize all your resources and stand firm,

You were strong here, don't lose that virtue there."

We sport the last night alone. We did not sleep that night. I wept. I waited. We as tho bolling each other and, as Odin tried to calm me, the large tear rolled down his checks. In the morning, Orlan would be taken back to Kyby th Major Perchenton. Night runned into daylight, taken back to Kyby th Major Perchenton. Night runned into daylight, that has been alone of the state of the order order of the order order

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Before we reached the Polish border, a KGB agent who would pose as a courier joined us. His name was Taras but we hardly spoke to each other. In fact, he acted as a courier should act, circumspectyl and vijelantly, so I never learned anything about him. The closer we came to the frontier, the more troops we saw. Even the KGB car was stopped several times. In the frontier village of Hrushiw we were met by a Polish security officer who introduced himself as Sasha and by Major Petchenko, who, after taking Orlan back to Kyiv, had returned to supervise our passage through Poland, East Germany, and on to Berlin. We crossed the border at night, climbing over ditches and earthworks. Just before we were across, I stopped and turned around and stared into the darkness at my homeland that I was leaving forever.

darkerés at my homéstant that i was leaving forence. We I was a term y homéstant that it was leaving foreign homestant. This was given to be leaved to the property of the pro

to locate him.

We spent our first night in a third-class hotel in the city of Yaroslav, then continued by car through the Zaberzan drat foothills, since this would be the way I would have made my way on foot. The area was decolate and empty. The village we passed were burned and overgrows with weeds. The only people we saw were living near towns, but not in the countryside.

"Between 1945 and 1947, this area was controlled by the UPA," our driver informed us. He had no idea who I was, since Major Petchenko did not tell any of our changing escorts anything about Taras or me.

"It was a real war," the driver continued. "They killed thousands of our men. And were they determined! They wouldn't yield ground for anything. I served in this area, and every time I was sent back here, I said good-bye to my wife. One time they killed the three men I was with, and I was the only survivor."

Later, Major Petchenko said to me, "You could have told him a lot he didn't know. If he had suspected who you were, he would have kept

We stopped next at Worciaw, and Petchenko flow to Berlin to finalize our plans to cross the border. Suths, Taras, and Loottinoud thousand the forests to the River Visias that formed the border have between the plant of the there we would not be profiled that night. We crossed it by owinning across. I shad rold them that I didn't know how to work my this Sush and Taras assured me that they would help me by bodding me up-to core each side. In the middle of the river, a current caught wa and sarrend pulling us downstream. For a moment, I thought they would let go of me and thus be rid of me. I screamed.

"Shut up," Sasha spat at me, and the two men pulled me to the other side.

Petchenko met us on the bank with a local KGB operative whose name was Vania. Vania was wearing a wide-brimmed hat, a trench coat, and suede shoes which he ruined in the mud. We made our way out of the forest to a road where a car was waiting for us.

We were driven to East Berlin where we were given directions on how to reach the American sector. We lost our way but eventually found the right bridge. Here I left the others behind. Taras seemed to panic and slowed down as if debating whether he should go a head.

I did not wait for him. In a few more strides, I reached the American guardhouse. The soldier on duty smiled pleasantly as the group of

people, including me, walked past him.

Freedom! I was drunk on freedom. It felt as if I had sone mad. I

wanted to shout to every one I saw that, a I sat, I was free. I wanted to shout so loudly so that all Berlin would hear me. In these critical moments, I thought of no one and of nothing. My entire being was focused on the reality that I was free at last. I felt like a caged animal that is able to break through the bars and disuppear in the tall grass of the savanns.

I kept on sulking, When I was far enough from the guard booth,

I kept on walking. When I was far enough from the guard booth, I stopped a man walking toward me and asked him in German, "Please, could you tell me the way to the American consulate?"

Epilogue

I kept my promise to Othan I contracted the leadership in culte of the UHVR and endead all the information Orah had given me. I talked to Mykola Lebed and Yuri Leapsynsky. I told them about the underground that still existent in Ukraine and how the difficill conditions under which it operated. I also reported on the leaders in Ukrainewho was still ally seal who had died. I also warned them about KOB attempts a infiltrating the UVV & entil and Col. I think the province of the condition of the Col. I think the province of the collection of the collection of the collection of the lattice which me believed me. I understood their imiggings about my vensity, since my except following a year-long incarceration in Kyri was difficult to accept as true.

Lopaynsky, who had been in Ukraise when the Soviets took power, understook the difficulties of operating under that regime. Those who had left Ukraise before the conclusion of the war had a harder time accepting the accuracy of my report. I also spoke to American security agents and accepted the political asylum the United States offered. I sust takes to the United States in the spring of 1955 under an assumed name and was further debriefed in Washington, D.C. When I was released, I received residency document under an assumed name. I also

was given help in obtaining a job.

What saved me was my decision to record what I had lived through and to bear witness to all the brave men and women who had given their lives or their freedom for an idea they believed in. I roused myself. I purchased a typewriter, acquired maps of the places where I had lived and fought, and sat down to write this memoir, in detail, year after year. starting at the beginning and continuing to the end. The events were fresh in my mind, I saw the faces of the people I knew. I heard their voices. I could still recreate the coldness of the underground hideouts, the murmur of trees in the forest, the rustle of leaves underfoot.

As the years passed, I became used to my new country and began to participate in a variety of organizations, but my involvement was not wholehearted. Even when I met former UPA soldiers from the Zakerzon krai. I found that I had little in common with them, since they had

left before the Soviet terror began.

More lonely years passed. My thoughts were with Orlan and Petro, with my family. I did not know what had happened to them, who was alive and who was not. I tried to learn their fates, and I tried to ascertain what had happened to my son Zenon. I had no success at all in tracing Zenon, since I had no documents to show that I had had a child, and I did not know his exact whereabouts.

During this time, the tuberculosis I had contracted in the bunkers reappeared, and I spent eight months in a sanatorium. This is when I decided that if I got well, I would start living again, I did recover, I obtained a divorce and eventually married again. My second husband is Volodymyr Pyskir, a man who visited me regularly when I was ill, We had two children, a boy Bohdan, and a girl Larysa. I was able to delight in motherhood, which had been denied me with my first two

In 1960. I learned that my family had returned from exile to Zadviria, except for my sister Lesia. She married during the exile and did not return to Ukraine until a year later. My family spent ten years in exile in the region of Taishet, Irkutsk oblast in Siberia. All had survived.

We reestablished contact through acquaintances. The first letter I received was from my mother. I still have it and remember by heart its opening lines: "Darling (but no name). What a joy it was to learn you're alive. We didn't know where to look for your grave so that at least we could erect a cross on it. And then news came that you're alive and well I still cannot believe the good fortune and keep thanking God for protecting you."

Unfortunately, I never saw my mother and father again. My father died in 1977 and my mother in 1988. I went back for the first time in 1992, a year after Ukraine's independence. My sisters and my brother

Epilogue

and their families mer my airplane with flowers in their arms. No one reproached me for what I had done and for the ceile my actions had brought upon our family. To the contrary, they told me that even in Sheria they keep wrongs about me. Other families that had been cuiled complained about those brothers, inters, and ones whose action had caused the family to be brainhed, hut my mother never aids about, and the children followed her example. When I worte to Lexis and sade ther if the had forgreen me for briging so much suffering upon her, the wrote back with a question. Dulty you suffix, too. "My families I was practice and politically consisten and restlated that we all bad I was practice and politically consisten and restlated that we all bad

My family helped me contact my son Petro, whom I also met when

I went back after Ukraine's independence.

I continue to maintain contact with my family, and our relations are loving. We not only correspond, but I have also been able to help them financially. They have been able to build a brick house in Zadviria, since the original house had been given to others.

I find it very difficult to write about Orlan. When I went west, Orlan asked me to urge the UHVR to continue the chess game he had set up, and I think that some attempts were made to do so. Perhaps that is why Orlan was not sentenced to death but instead received a prison

I saw Orlan and Petro when I went back to Ukraine. Petro, who had been raised by Orlan and Orlan's second wise, hought as to gother in Kyis, After so many years we tooched hands with great monton. Vet the bushen of our separate leves and repossibilities stood between us like as imposterable wall. With great sorous, I realized that time, hadchanged what we exceed held fart. We talked for a long time and he tald the changed white we see held fart. We talked for a long time and he tald he was perchaafly exhausted, nor the man with whom I had shared ten tunbulent years.

He told me his life was spared when he wrote a "confession." He was later parloated under the amnesty that Nikita Khrushcher issued following his accension to power. On his release, he contacted Niata Suta and took Petro, whom he raised. Ordan and Petro settled in Kyiw where they still live. Unlike the collapse of the Soviet Union, Option was under continuous KGB surveillance, although he was able to return to school, become an engineer, and work in this profession until his retriement.

Yet Orlan's life was not saved because of his confession or the ampesty. I think the KGB decided not to execute him because the regime did not want to create another martyr. His confession as well as the confessions of several other underground leaders who were captured were published, and I heard about them and eventually was able to read them. I remember that when I finished reading Orlan's words, my heart broke. Yet as the years of Ukraine's independence multiplied. Orlan shed his depression and regained the vigor that had made him so charismatic in his youth. In his old age he is dedicating what strength he has to the development of Ukraine's youth. He lectures in schools and before military groups on the history of the struggle for Ukraine's independence,

I have been to Ukraine three times. I saw Nastia Suta and thanked her for raising Petro as her own child. She died in 1997, I also heard about Lemish and Ulian. Ulian was killed sometime in the 1950s. Lemish was captured but not executed, and today he continues his efforts in Ukraine to educate the new generation about what had happened to

I was overloved when Ukraine declared independence. A dream of my generation and so many other generations came true. Yet the years of servitude have been hard to shed, and I think it will be the mission of the next generation to create a really independent Ukraine.

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"Zot-Bey" see Khasesych, Nil "Zoya" see Khymka, Zena Affore, during and after World Was II Main's Svelyen Psykin served in the Ukrainian underground resistance. Her damatic memoir tells of the recruitment on underground service at age 4th. her participation in resistance activities during the war, her birticovent martiage to revolutionary leader "Othin." Her struggle against Stalinis forces, and her captures by and exappes from the KGB—at the cost of her habband, children and family.

the 1950s, Maria Savchyn Pyskir remarried and raised a second family. She lives in Wauwatose, Wisconsin, Born in the Ukraine, translator Ania Savage fled the country with her family after World War II. Now an award-winning journalist and university journalism instructor, she lives in Littleton, Colorado.





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Foreground image:
Maria as a student in
Livir in 1940.