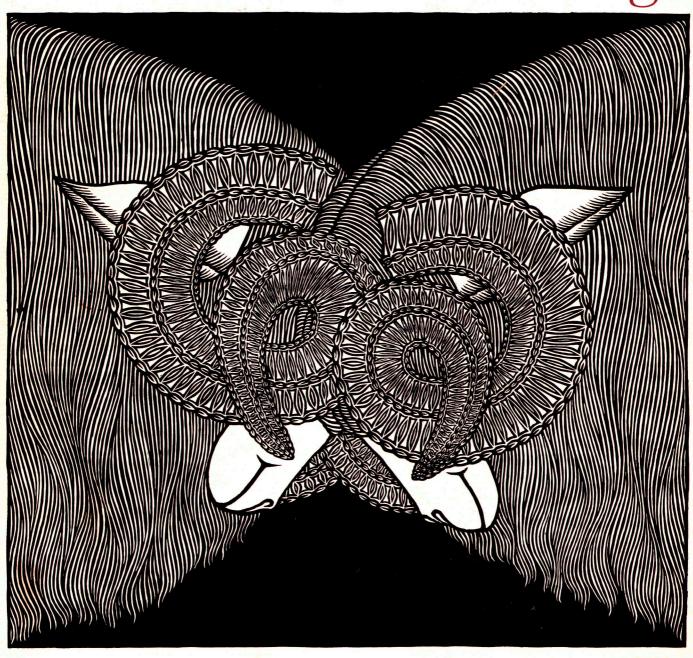
JACQUES HNIZDOVSKY

Woodcuts and Etchings



By Abe M. Tahir, Jr.

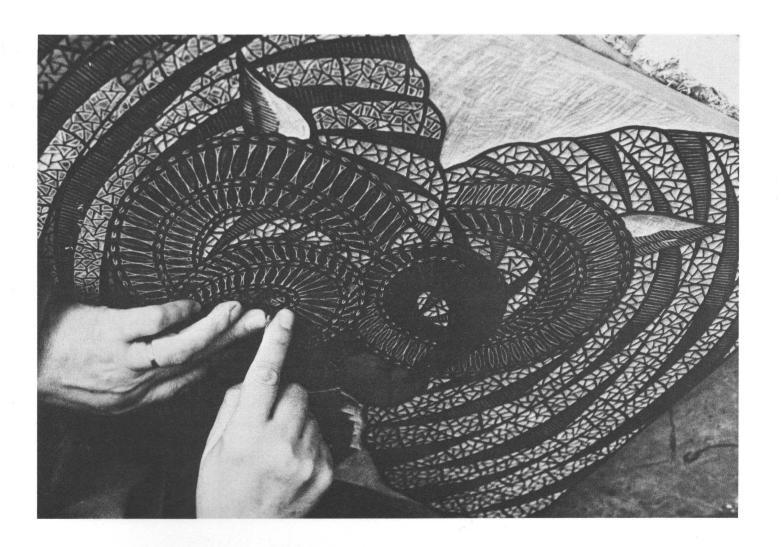
Foreword by Peter A. Wick



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Woodcut number 163, commissioned by Ferdinand Roten Galleries Inc.; and Woodcuts number 169 and 181, commissioned by Tahir Gallery Inc.

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FOREWORD

(From the 1976 edition of *Hnizdovsky Woodcuts 1944–1975*)

The woodcuts of Jacques Hnizdovsky represent some of the freshest and most original printmaking in American graphic arts of the past thirty years. Like Ben Shahn and Antonio Frasconi, he draws inspiration from the realist tradition of art, and like them he is an immigrant to our shores, a product of the mainstreams of European culture from which our nation has so felicitously drawn much of its creative talent. Like Shahn and Frasconi, he has not been lured into an avant-garde school that identifies with a strong artistic impact. But unlike those two vivid personalities, he has avoided in his art any shrill social commentary; nor has he followed their preferences for the more fluid lines and tones of lithography, and their tendency toward color printing.

I was first introduced to Hnizdovsky through a large black-andwhite woodcut of 1961 printed on a pure white Japanese paper, called simply Sheep, an enormous muff of fleece from which protruded at the top rather shyly a black muzzle, pointed ears, and blinking eye, and which was supported at the base by four ridiculously spindly black legs on delicate hoofs. The image was at once a caricature like a college preppie stuffed into his father's raccoon coat, and at the same time tenderly and charmingly the very extraordinary unshorn sheepskin intrigued the eye by the rhythmic waves of its fleecy locks, Beardsleyesque in its stylized and cunning coiffure. I decided at once that the disarming simplicity of this woodcut with its compact contour and bestiarylike universality concealed the artistry of a skilled craftsman in woodcutting, a craftsman who spent many hours gouging and scraping away at an immense pearwood block. I was instrumental in the acquisition of this woodcut for the Print Department of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, where it is frequently exhibited.

Graphically, Hnizdovsky's world encompasses a limited spectrum, essentially a natural history of animals and birds, wild and domestic, arrested and in repose, often observed at the zoo—cat, goose, sheep, tiger, zebra, black swan, stork, great horned owl, and an imperious bald eagle worthy of the national emblem. His plant life in the book *Flora Exotica*, published by Godine in 1972, is sharply observed with all the finesse of woodcuts of a medieval herbal, though his modern vision is more contained, stylized, and emblematic of a stronger linear fiber, and charged with solid areas of black. Many of these plants are printed in the book in monochrome

somewhat against the artist's tendency toward pure black and white, but lending variety and accent to the book form. One singles out the beautiful chrysanthemum, a brilliant efflorescence of sinuous coiling and recoiling petals the like not seen since the halcyon days of art nouveau. Hnizdovsky has illustrated two other books, *Poems of John Keats* (1964) and *Poems of Samuel Taylor Coleridge* (1967), both published by Thomas Y. Crowell Company.

As an extension of his plant specimens, Hnizdovsky has done several spacious landscapes, the most ambitious of which is *Field*, dated 1962. Here is a rural solitude with high horizons, distant trees and farm buildings, and a gently meandering foreground of parallel fields. The landscape is naturalistic, or "simplified realism," but the subtlety and intimacy of Hnizdovsky's calligraphy, with its myriad spiky strokes and repetitive hatchings, give point to the scattered diffusion of vegetation across the sheet.

Another facet of Hnizdovsky's woodblock artistry is trees: Leafless Tree (1965), with twisted branches and weeping foliage like a Chinese landscape; Beech Tree (1971), penetrable thickets of intricate branches; and Suicide Oak, New Orleans (1974), with the writhing root and branch formation of an undulating hydra.

Still life is another subject with which Hnizdovsky has dealt strikingly. His *Apples in a Basket*, a hand-colored woodcut of 1971, artfully combines a basket-weave pattern with spherical fruit, household familiars perfectly suited to the strong harmonies of his style. We are reminded of his statement that "subject creates style; nature suggests style." Hence it is a refreshment, in an age of endless striving and contriving to achieve originality through newold forms, that there survives an artist who remains true to his vision, calmly perfecting the simple visual images of his craft.

Peter A. Wick

Boston Massachusetts

PREFACE

After the first edition of *Hnizdovsky Woodcuts 1944–1975* sold out, the artist and I agreed with the book's publisher that a new edition was necessary. Work began on that in early 1985.

Following Hnizdovsky's untimely death in late 1985, a new book about his graphic art seemed even more imperative. Jacques's wife Stephanie, better known as Fanny, was agreeable to the project. She had worked closely with her husband during his lifetime, primarily handling his business affairs, and she wanted the public to have as much information about his graphic art as possible, especially since there will be no new works by Jacques Hnizdovsky and only a limited number of prints remain in the artist's estate.

Since the publication of the first edition of this book, Hnizdovsky's reputation as an artist has grown steadily, and his works are in more museums and public collections than ever. Many more art lovers have acquired prints by Hnizdovsky, both in the United States and in other countries. His dealer in England, for example, reports continued success with Hnizdovsky's prints, and a second major exhibition of his woodcuts was circulated among Canadian museums, libraries and universities in 1986.

Until his death, Hnizdovsky remained as busy as ever, executing several new prints each year and working in oil painting, bookplate design, book illustration and other artistic activities.

Both the artist and his dealers have been cooperative with the revision of this book. All the relevant details about Hnizdovsky's prints, including titles, dates, edition sizes and measurements, have either been corroborated or provided by the artist or his estate.

This revised edition includes all the woodcuts and linocuts executed by Hnizdovsky since 1975. (Hnizdovsky occasionally used the more pliable linoleum block in lieu of wood.) Additionally, the twenty etchings on metal plates which he began to produce in 1971 are included, even though Hnizdovsky was best known as a woodcut artist. As a result, forty-one years of the artist's work on wood and metal are illustrated and described. His numerous *ex libris* designs are not included here, since they were the subject of a separate book published by Fanny Hnizdovsky in 1986.

With several exceptions, this catalogue of Hnizdovsky's woodcuts is in chronological order, beginning in 1944 and ending in 1985. The etchings are listed separately, following the woodcuts, and they are also numbered in chronological order, with the first etching following the last numbered woodcut.

Several minor errors discovered in the first book, mostly



regarding dates and edition sizes, have been corrected in this edition. For example, the date for number 41, *Bouquet*, is 1964 rather than 1963. However, the numbering system has not been changed, although a few prints are no longer in strict chronological order. Three prints were not discovered until after the artist's death, even though they were done much earlier. Rather than disturb the original numbering system, those three prints have been placed at the end of the listing of woodcuts.

Normally, Hnizdovsky would print the full edition of a work after he was satisfied with the final trial proof. He would then sign and number the prints, including the artist's proofs. Several editions, however, were left partially or completely unsigned at his death, and those prints are indicated in this book. The unsigned prints may eventually be signed by his wife for the artist, with her initials following the signature. For example, Jacques signed only 75 impressions of his last woodcut, *Washington Monument*, out of an edition of 100.

While making preparations for the first book, Hnizdovsky found several woodblocks that had never been printed in editions. When he felt that the design still had merit (even though the block had been cut years earlier), he would print the edition. Consequently, many of his earliest woodcuts, dated 1944 through 1953, were not printed in any edition until 1975 or later. (This helps explain why many of Hnizdovsky's early prints are still available, while some of his later prints are difficult to find.)

I am greatly indebted to Peter Wick for contributing the excellent Foreword to this book. My greatest debt, of course, is to Jacques Hnizdovsky; his wife, Fanny; and his daughter, Mira, without whose cooperation neither the original volume nor this revised edition could ever have been accomplished.

Abe M. Tahir, Jr.

PREFACE x





REFLECTIONS OF THE ARTIST

More than thirty years ago, while still in art school in Zagreb, Yugoslavia, I conceived the notion of creating a series of tree portraits in woodcut. I was then studying painting, and later I was to study sculpture, but I had had no previous training, formal or informal, in woodcutting. Nevertheless, I had conceived a liking for this bold and robust art, and I had always liked black and white. I was so fascinated by the project that despite my lack of training, in 1944 I decided to start working on it.

No one who sees my first woodcuts will have any doubt about who my master was at that time. Even the idea of a series of woodcuts must have come from Dürer. His *Small Passion* and *Large Passion* I regarded then, as I do now, a summit of graphic art, which only oriental art might approach. (Soon I also developed a taste for Chinese painting and Japanese woodcuts. My artistic ideal was already beginning to divide. Later it did split and then broke into numerous parts that I had to spend much time piecing together. But more about that later.)

Since I had no previous training or experience in woodcutting, I needed first to learn something about it. To prepare for the series of trees I'd planned, I started with some small woodblocks. The first of these, actually my first woodcut, was *Head*, and I cut several other small woodcuts before I felt that I was somewhat acquainted with the technique. Then I turned to the trees.

The first tree subject I cut in wood was *Bush*. Later I did a drawing of a pine forest, which I also translated into a woodcut. These two were not meant to be part of the projected series. They were only in preparation for it. At that time I was strongly style-conscious; I thought that, first of all, the series must have stylistic unity. The woodcuts I did at that time were only studies for the style of the series.

Working on these early woodcuts, I daily ran into new difficulties, and after some time, having accumulated so many difficulties and with them so much self-doubt as well, I felt — after about a year of intense work — that I could go no further. Totally discouraged, I gave up not only my project for a portfolio of trees but also the woodcut itself for several years.

And my doubts about woodcutting contaminated my painting. These doubts, together with poor working conditions, difficulties in getting art materials, and the numerous other difficulties of life in postwar Europe, forced me to give up painting as well for several years.

In 1949 I came to the United States, bringing my doubts with me. It is not impossible that the seasickness suffered during my first cross-







ing of the Atlantic reinforced these doubts, which had by then grown to crisis proportion, but I wish to reject the easy explanation that the crisis to come was American-made. It was in this country, though, that I came to its full realization.

I began my American experience, as we say, in Saint Paul, Minnesota, where I got a job as a designer in the large advertising firm of Brown & Bigelow. It was my first job. For the first time I received a salary, and for the first time I began to pay taxes. After many difficult years in Europe, during and after the war, I was really happy to begin living a stable life. I did not know that in approximately one year I would be giving up this cherished stability. The next few years, when I tried to establish myself as an independent artist in this country, were probably the most difficult in my life.

When I did abandon my job and choose the insecure life of an artist, people complimented me for my courage and for my idealism. However, it was neither courage nor idealism but circumstances that forced me, almost against my will, to take this difficult road. And the circumstances were strange ones. At the time, I had the feeling that they came for the sole purpose of upsetting my newly gained stability.

One Sunday, not quite a year after my arrival in the United States, I was having lunch in a Saint Paul restaurant. I noticed that a woman sitting at the next table had dropped a piece of paper. I picked it up, and we started a conversation. She was also an artist. The paper that fell on the floor was an entry form she was filling out for a graphics exhibition at the Minneapolis Institute of Art, and she had an extra entry form that I could fill out. It was by this very strange coincidence that two of my woodcuts, ones I did while still in art school, were included in a show of which only a few days earlier I knew nothing.

To my great surprise and delight, one of the woodcuts, *Bush*, received the Second Purchase Award. My delight was still greater when I found out that the juror of the exhibition was A. Hyatt Mayor of the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York. A few weeks later came another pleasant surprise — my oil painting *Eggs* received a second prize at the Minnesota State Fair. One of the jurors for that exhibition was the prominent American artist Yasuo Kuniyoshi.

The local media devoted some attention to my work. The painting was shown on television, a reporter interviewed me, and the next morning a long article about my work appeared, accompanied by my photograph, in a Minneapolis newspaper.

These unexpected events awakened my by then almost dormant desire to become an independent artist. Not knowing the conditions in this country, I thought that I had every reason to believe, after such encouragement, that I could manage to exist as an independent artist. Finally, I realized that I was thirty-five years old, and I knew that it was now or never that I would have to make the step.

The prospect of independence was so appealing that I did not hesitate. The next morning I knocked on the wooden partition of my

supervisor's office and declared that I was quitting my job at Brown & Bigelow. Ironically, it was just after I'd gotten my first raise in salary. My colleagues, mostly young artists themselves, earnestly shook my hand. Most of them probably had had similar dreams, but they also had an insight into problems that I knew little, if anything, about.

With strong determination to live from then on as an independent artist, no matter what, with my small savings in my pocket, and with the clippings from the Minneapolis newspaper, I left Saint Paul by train for New York.

It did not take me long to discover my complete innocence. I realized quickly that it was not going to be easy to live as an independent artist. In New York no one was seriously interested in my Minneapolis newspaper clippings. My meager savings soon came to an end. With my meditations about freedom and about artistic independence, I began to include meditations about how to pay the next month's rent. My friends suggested going to the unemployment office, so I went for the first time and registered. When I returned the next day, I realized the genius of American organization. The girl behind the simple table, empty except for a telephone, told me, "I'm sorry, but you can't receive unemployment benefits. You were not fired, you quit your job yourself." When I stepped out of the office, distraught, I caught myself saying almost aloud, "How could they know? How could they know?" And I wondered how it was that someone who was fired from work deserved state support while someone who had made some sacrifice, as I thought I had, was denied any help.

I did a lot of thinking those first days, weeks, and months in New York. I had plenty to think about. I found myself in such a dire situation that only my pride prevented my turning back. I realized that I had declared my independence at the most inopportune time. Like an African tribe, poor and ill-prepared, suddenly finding itself in the possession of freedom but without the experience and without the means to maintain and to defend that freedom, so was I when I declared my independence in the fall of 1950.

The large room I had rented on West 94th Street near Central Park soon proved to be beyond my means. I moved to a cheaper, unheated apartment in the lower East Bronx, and it was there that I tried desperately to build the foundation of my independence.

Hardships like to march in pairs. Coinciding with very difficult material hardship came also an inner crisis. I had run into a blind alley with my work, and I am still not certain how I found my way out. My material hardship, which could hardly have been worse, was child's play compared to my inner crisis. The paradox of my situation was that as soon as I had gained my independence, I realized that I did not know what to do with it. I had decided to do nothing but paint, and I did not know how to paint.

My primary medium at that time was oil, and it was through easel painting that I hoped to find my way out of this crisis. But look-



ing for a new direction, more often than not, I found an old one, or found one that was not proper to the oil technique, one that was outside the border of easel painting. In such cases I tried to find the field in which this particular direction was located. I tried sculpture, and I tried ceramics. When I could not find my way in sculpture or ceramics, I tried to find it in the color print. Many of the prints of those days have been destroyed, but some are preserved, and they bear witness to desperate attempts to get out of the blind alley.

One of the woodblocks that has been preserved is *Billboards*. It was one woodcut version of numerous oil paintings, large and small, on the same theme. Most of these paintings were destroyed or more often, for economic reasons, painted over with new subjects. I had never shown the woodcut *Billboards*. I doubt that I did even a single proof of it. But no one can run from himself. And now, after so many years, it is probably not inappropriate to show *Billboards* as one of the many different and distant roads I was traveling during those years.*

My purpose then was not the refinement of the woodcutting technique. Just the opposite — I tried to make my prints deliberately rude, rough, and irregular. If the lines were broken, I regarded this as a sort of special achievement, an expression of spontaneity and honesty. Many other artists did the same. Some have built their entire esthetic on the basis of the broken line. This, to me, is one of the curiosities of our century. Before, for my woodcuts, I needed the smooth surface of pearwood. Now the same fine woodblock was not only unnecessary, but was a hindrance to my purposes. I regarded myself as an explorer, and the explorer has no use for smoothly paved roads. He needs the rough terrain of the wilderness.

I walked the dark streets of New York then in a wilderness of my own making, desperately trying to find my way out. On my stretched canvas and on my woodblocks I saw hundreds of paths, and I didn't know which one to take. It was a most paralyzing situation.

After some years of totally unproductive work, the realization came to me that I would have to travel each path separately, knowing all the time that many of the paths were not right for me and that I traveled them only to eliminate them. Everywhere artists were searching to find; I would have to search in order to lose.

As a result of some years of this hopeless work, I began to find my way. Where there were hundreds of paths, there became five, then four, three, then two. And one? I could not believe I'd really found my path. I even suspect exclusive paths. The artist, of course, can force nature into the structure of his style, and often he is doing this; but he must also humbly allow nature, which is infinite and contains even opposites in itself, to influence and determine his style.

Finding my way, I also found my purpose. Ironically, I found it so nearby that I am almost ashamed that it took me such time and cost



me such effort. I found it in my own room, on my corridor, on my sidewalk, and in the blade of grass growing between two blocks of concrete in front of the house I lived in. Everywhere I went things became clearer and more visible to me. I had an insurmountable desire to paint it all. No longer was I concerned how to paint. The question of how, which for years was so important to me, suddenly became secondary.

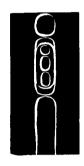
At that time I was not doing any woodcuts. I was busy with my paintings, which, to my surprise, even began to sell. But I knew that as with my paintings, I would soon find my way with my woodcuts as well. This does not mean that all my previous worries and all the problems that tortured me for years were solved, but I was no longer afraid to face them.

Although I made radical attempts to break away from my former habits in printmaking. I was still not completely liberated from my first and strongest influence. Despite the highly simplified and almost abstractly patternlike approach of my new experiments, I was still a slave to the simple frame. My prints still had to have a border even if I constantly asked why they should. It is an irony and a cause for the artist to be humble that he needs so much time and so much effort, as I needed, to liberate himself from the tiny frame. Such is the power of habit.

In 1958, fourteen years after my first woodcut, I did a new one called Fir Trees. Later I cut another, larger, and more elongated version of the same subject, the edition of which, to my surprise, was purchased by Associated American Artists in New York.* But the border was such a part of me that at the time I found justification to leave out only the two shorter horizontal bars. Only by about 1960 did I finally have the courage to eliminate the border completely. Since then most of my woodcuts have been without borders. Now I put a border on a woodcut not from habit but only when there is some justification for it.

I shall try here to answer two questions often asked me: Why is the human figure almost totally absent from my woodcuts? And why in my recent projects do I devote so much attention to trees, plants, and animals? I have often asked myself these same questions, but never seriously thought about them. So I will take this opportunity to try to answer the questions for myself as well.

My art school training was strictly academic, and my interest at that time was mostly in the human figure. I worked strictly from a model, and I could not imagine doing otherwise. I liked portraiture, especially the character portrait. It was with such an attitude that I arrived in the United States. The new country and its people, needless







^{*}The first version of Fir Trees was not published in any edition until 1975, when it was issued as Fir Trees II.

to say, made a great impression on me. Often, seeing a tired construction worker stretched out on a subway bench, or a clean-shaven, neatly dressed, hurrying salesman, or a typically American old man sitting in the park, I felt an insurmountable desire to paint them. But how could I approach these people when I had neither money to offer them for posing nor even sufficient English to explain to them what was on my mind?

Once I tried to approach an old man. And what a model he could have been! Rembrandt would have wept to see him. He lived in the same block as I did. Each sunny day he could be seen sitting on a folding chair in front of his apartment looking nowhere and at the same time as if into eternity. I decided I had to paint him. For a month or longer I observed him. Each time I passed, I greeted him with a "Good morning" or "How are you?" and he would answer something I could not catch. I began to believe that we already knew each other, and I thought I could finally approach him.

One day I told him I would very much like to paint him if he would be willing to pose for me. His answer was immediate. With violent hand movements he said, "No! No! The landlord has to paint my apartment! I don't want to have anything to do with you!" Other old people sitting on chairs nearby tried to calm him down and explain, but he did not listen to their reasoning, always repeating the same "No!" and from time to time raising his voice to the point that it became an unintelligible whistling. Passersby started to assemble, and soon they formed a circle around us. They also tried to calm the old man but also without success. He was sunk too deeply into his own narrow world, one of millions of New Yorkers mistrustful and afraid of one another.

I also tried to sketch people in parks and public squares. Tomkins Square was a gold mine for artists, a real portrait gallery of all possible types and characters. Each sunny day here, there were, pressed together on benches, representatives of all possible social classes. Here were former dancers, actors, lawyers, writers, singers, and some who had never succeeded at anything. They were now on the same level, and the topics of their conversations were the same — doctors and pills. I tried as much as possible to sketch them discreetly, for I could not bear the painful expressions on their faces when they noticed that someone was making fun of them. Why else would someone want to draw them? They felt only their age and misery. They did not even suspect how really beautiful they were.

With all the social classes on the Tomkins Square benches were also representatives of many nations of the globe — former prime ministers, ambassadors, colonels, and generals, now without army and without country. They still wore the medals they'd won on the battle-field, and sitting on the benches in Tomkins Square, they were dreaming about former glory and triumphal return. How could I have had the heart to sketch them? It would have been too cruel to use them as



HNIZDOVSKY

anonymous models. And after such decline in their lives, they had become self-conscious; they had become suspicious and saw conspiracy everywhere. If their glance had caught someone sketching them, they would have been convinced that it was the agent of a foreign government sent there to kidnap and destroy them.

It is a paradox that in big cities where so many live virtually pressed together, it is almost impossible to find contact with people. The artist has to go to nature or to lock himself within his inner abstract thought. This was my dilemma, the main problem I was confronted with. For several years I could not decide between these two alternatives. Turning gradually to nature, I realized that there were no real alternatives. A work of art incorporates both alternatives: real and abstract. Only the degree of them changes, and the accent on them is constantly shifting with time.

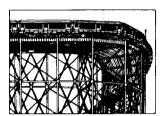
But there is still another reason why the human figure was becoming secondary in my woodcuts. My experiments in painting and in printmaking, which came as a result of my crisis and my persistent doubts, were mostly of a formal nature. At the time, even if I used the human figure, I treated it as a faceless form. To a certain degree this can be seen in my 1960 woodcut Bronx Express.

This Bronx Express, incidentally, was taking me more and more often to the zoo and the Botanical Gardens. Here in "nature," I was not confronted with so many of the problems I faced with humans. The more I came, the more I felt at home in these places. The inhabitants of the zoo do not care whether someone is a realist, expressionist, or abstract painter; they were indifferent when I gave them exaggerated expressions, and they did not show any sign of irritation when they noticed that on my sketch pad they were not as young as they may have thought they were. In addition, as models they were so reasonable that even in my financial situation at the time, I could afford them. They were content with peanuts.

If the inhabitants of the zoo could still at times show their tempers, forcing the artist to wait until they were willing to cooperate and stay still, trees were almost ideal models. The artist could find a complete harmony with them that only rain and strong winds could interrupt.

It is possible that trees and animals were originally only my substitute for the human figure. I turned seriously to them perhaps only when I fully realized the difficulties of obtaining human models. But if the trees and plants and animals were originally only my second love, I found so many interests in them, and so much beauty, that they came to be my first.

Jacques Hnizdovsky





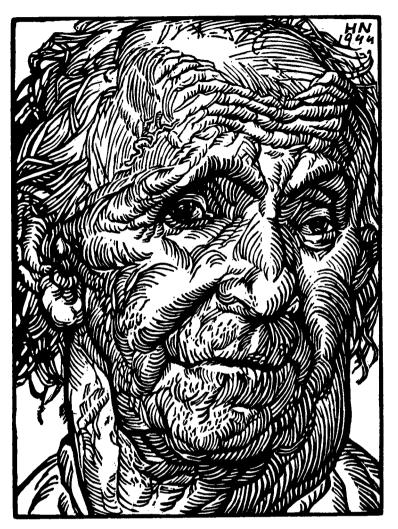


THE WOODCUTS

Sizes shown in the catalogue are in inches, height before width. Measurements of woodcuts and linocuts cover the image (picture) area only; measurements of etchings cover the area within platemarks. Woodcuts and linocuts were printed by Hnizdovsky on handmade Japanese papers, including Sekishu, Goyu, and Moriki. All the etchings were printed on Arches paper by Emiliano Sorini of New York City, and his initials (ES) are embossed on some of the prints.

Prints signed by Jacques Hnizdovsky are signed in pencil, usually with his last name only. As indicated in the catalogue, the printing and signing by the artist of a few editions was incomplete at his death, and these prints (woodcuts and linocuts) may be signed for the artist by his wife, Stephanie, with her initials (SH) following the pencil signature. Prints signed by Jacques Hnizdovsky were usually also titled, dated and numbered by him.

Trial proofs (marked TP) and artist's proofs exist for all prints by Hnizdovsky. The artist's proofs are usually designated AP and are frequently numbered. Some prints are marked WC to indicate woodcut. A few of the handcolored prints have been marked by the artist CW to indicate colored woodcut.





1 Head woodcut 1944 edition of 75 7 x 51/4 2 Miser woodcut 1944 edition of 75 7 x 51/4

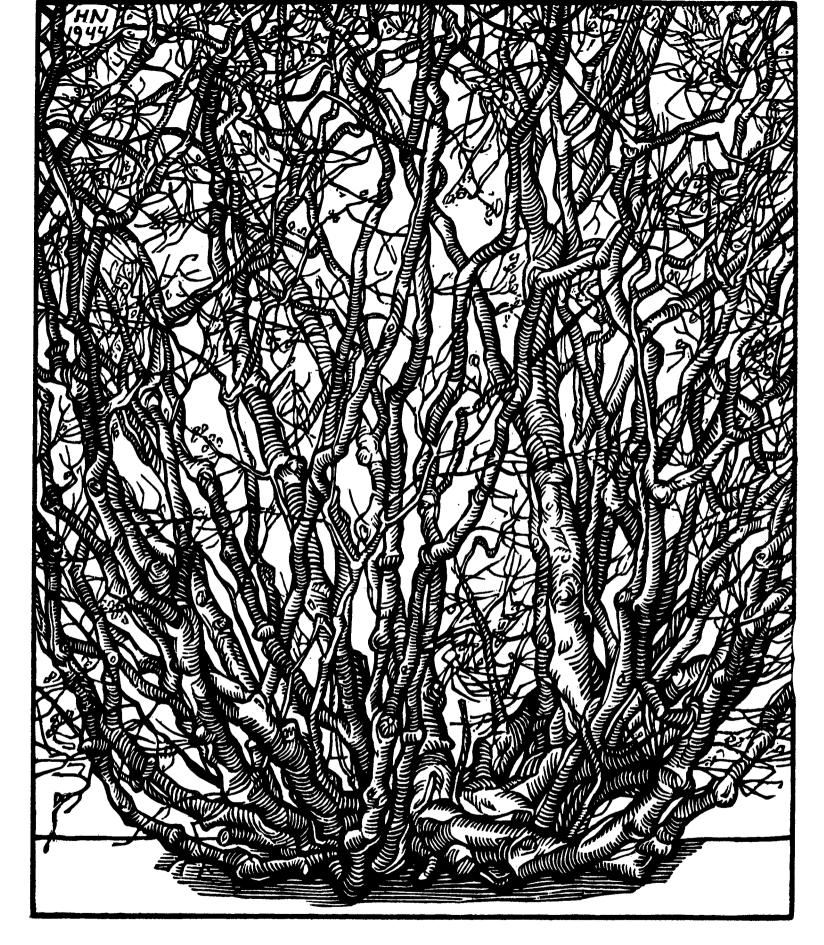




Young and Old woodcut 1944 edition of 100 5½ x 4 Bedtime
woodcut
1944
edition of 100
71/8 x 51/8



Forest woodcut 1944 edition of 100 14¼ x 8%



6 Bush woodcut 1944 edition of 100 11 x 9¹/₄





Repraying Child woodcut 1947 edition of 75 3% x 2%



7
Prayer
woodcut
1944
edition of 100
5½ x 4

Praying Child II woodcut 1947 edition of 85 4% x 3¾



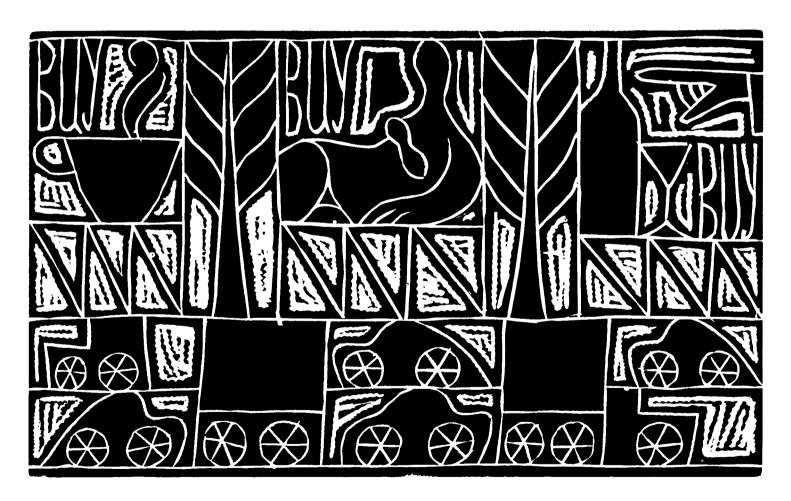
Dr. Seraficus woodcut 1950 edition of 50 1% x 1%

NOTE: Dr. Seraficus, shown planting a tree upside down, represents the intellectual out of touch with reality.



11 Yaroslavna's Lament woodcut 1950 edition of 75 2¼ x 3¼

NOTE: Yaroslavna's Lament is a scene from Tales of Prince Igor's Campaign, a Ukrainian epic of the twelfth century.

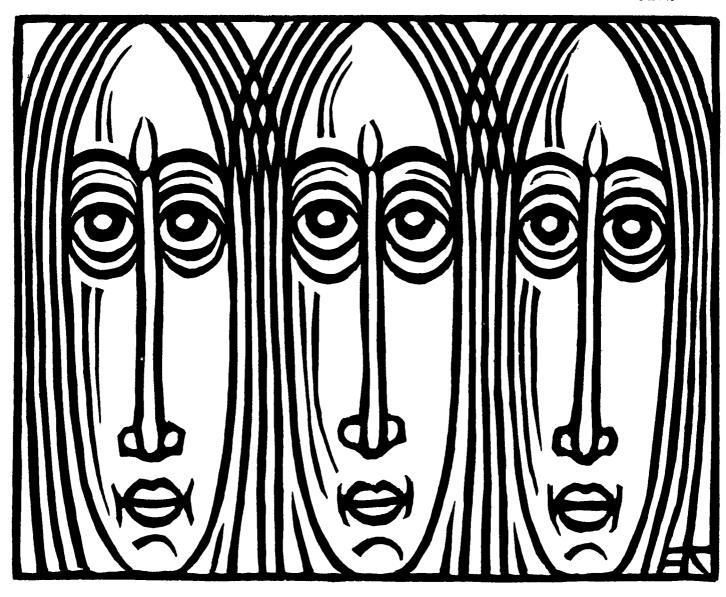


Billboards
woodcut
1951
edition of 100
8¾ x 14½



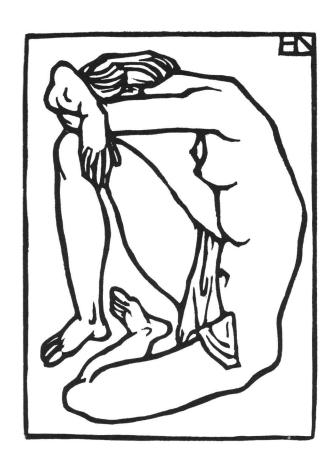
Five Apples linocut 1951 edition of 100 9 x 11

Three Faces linocut 1951 edition of 100 6 x 7%





Pigeons linocut 1952 edition of 100 18 x 18





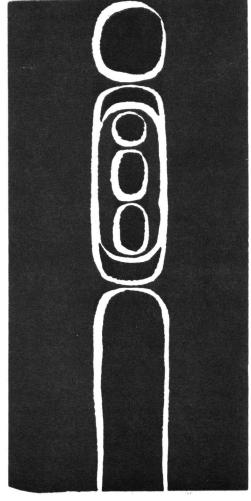
Nude woodcut 1952 edition of 100 71/8 x 5

Library color linocut 1952 edition of 10 18 x 61/8



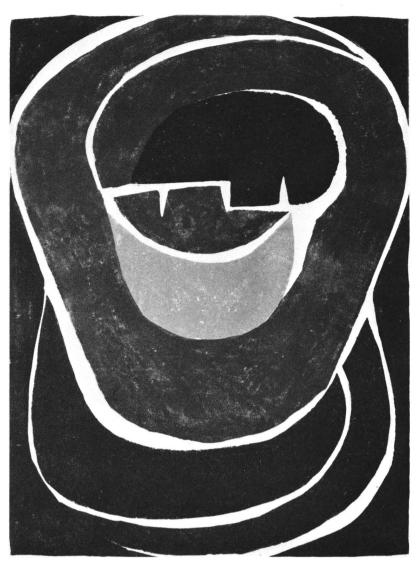
18
Before the Mirror
color linocut
1952
no edition, a few proofs
only
18 x 18



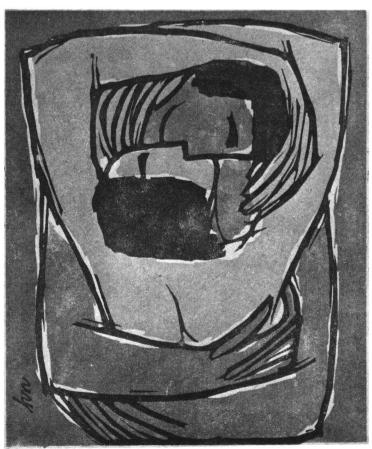


On the Boat color linocut 1952 edition of 75 14 x 14

20 Mother color linocut 1952 edition of 100 121/8 x 6



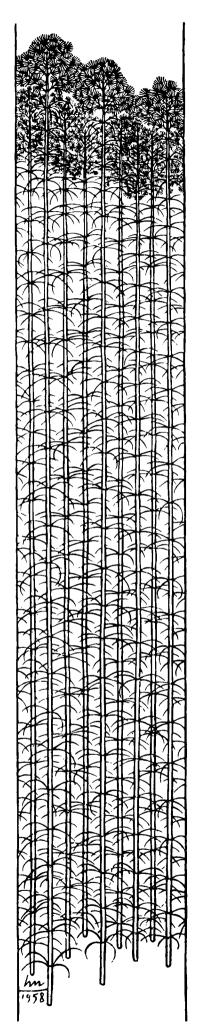
The Kiss color linocut 1952 edition of 50 15½ x 11½



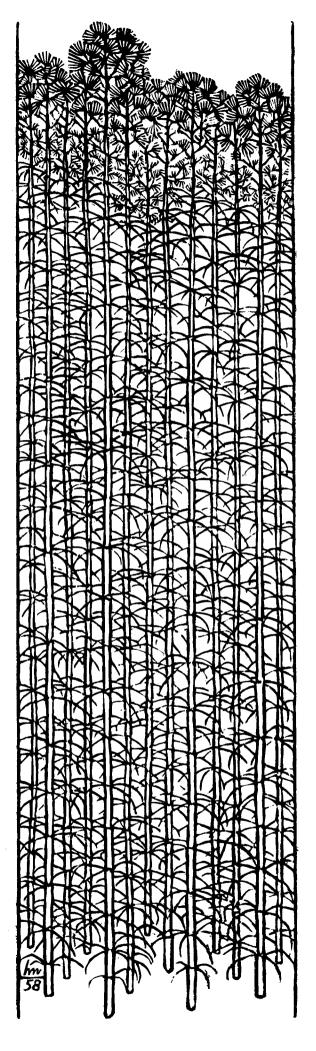
The Kiss II
color linocut
1952
no edition, several artist's
proofs
12¼ x 10¾

23 Card Players woodcut 1953 edition of 100 12½ x 85%





Fir Trees II
woodcut
1958
edition of 120
18 x 5

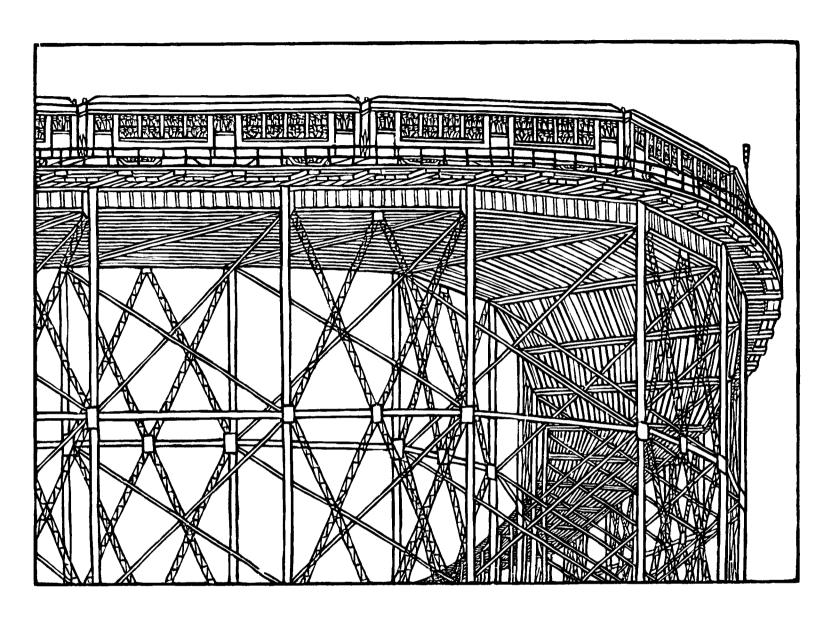


Fir Trees
woodcut
1958
edition of 220
36 x 6

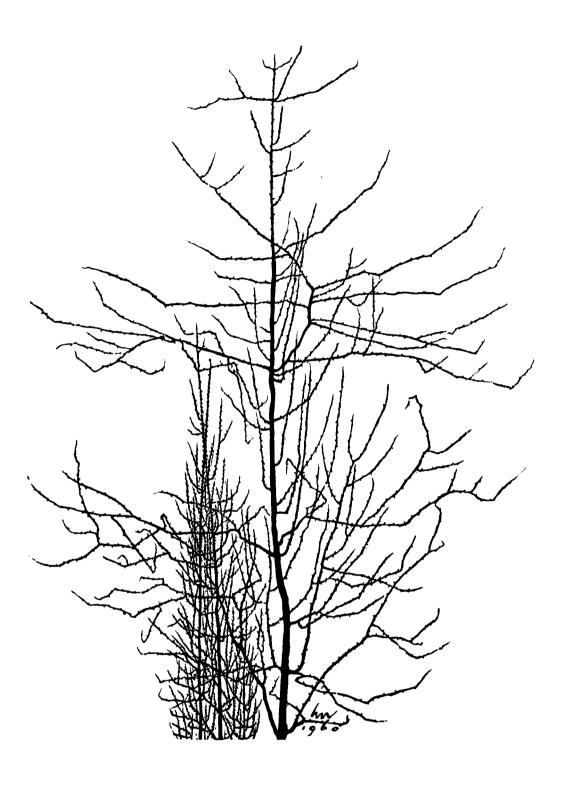
NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists

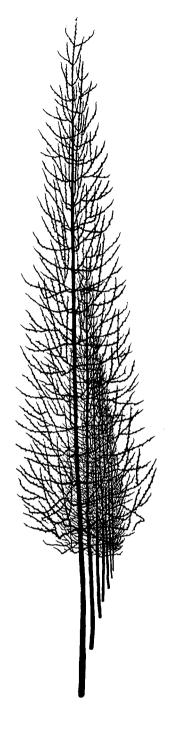


Tree Trunk woodcut 1958 edition of 100 18 x 6%



Bronx Express woodcut 1960 edition of 100 13% x 20



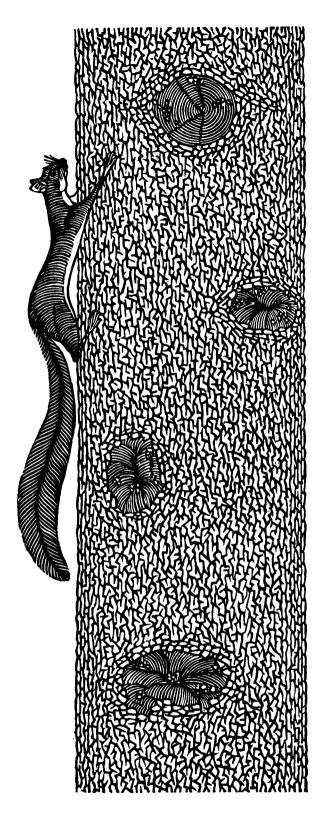


28 Trees woodcut 1960 edition of 50 18% x 13

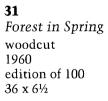
NOTE: Second edition of 50 titled *Trees II*

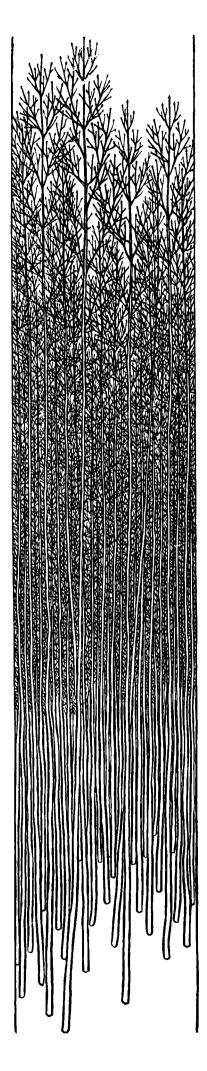
29 Allee woodcut 1960 edition of 50 30¼ x 6¼

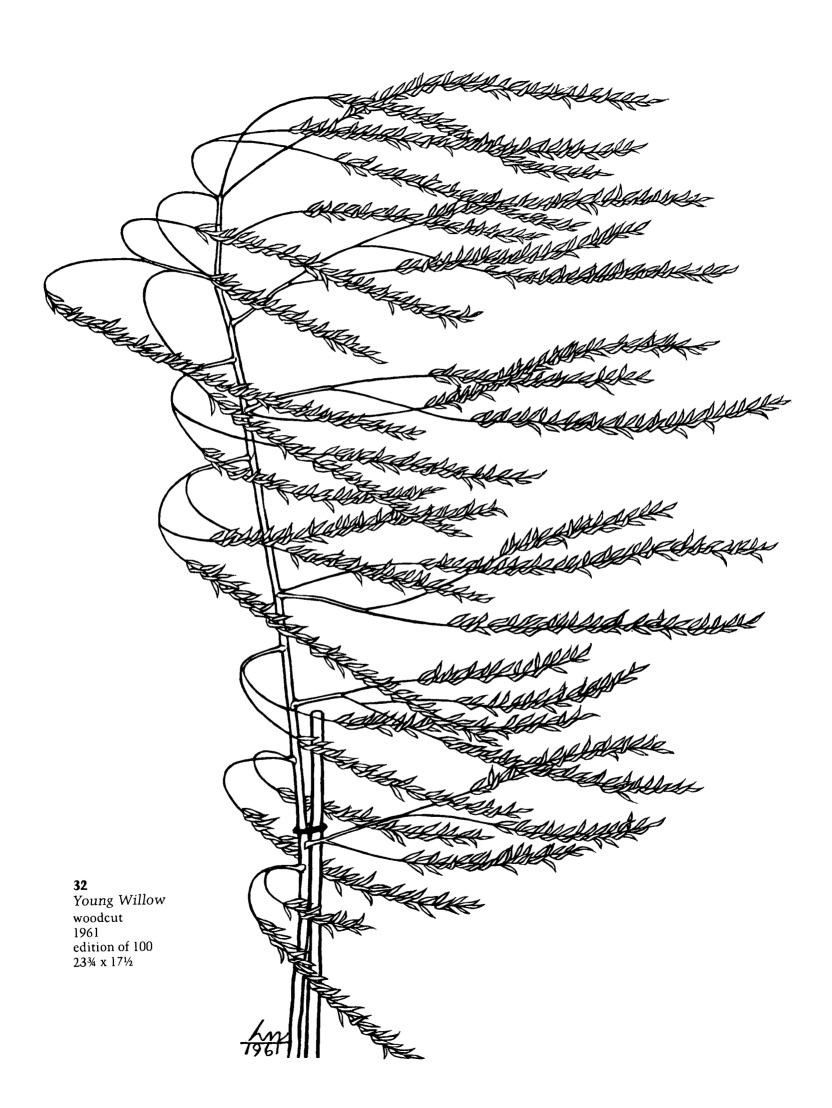
NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists

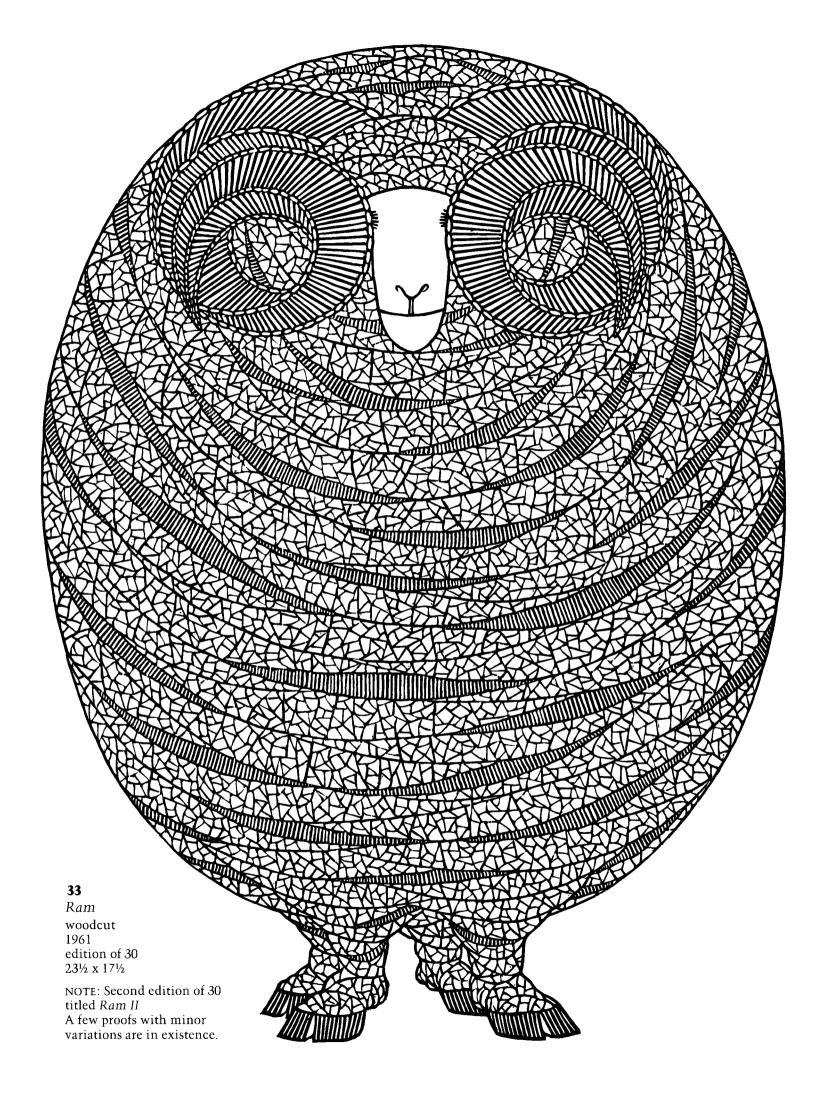


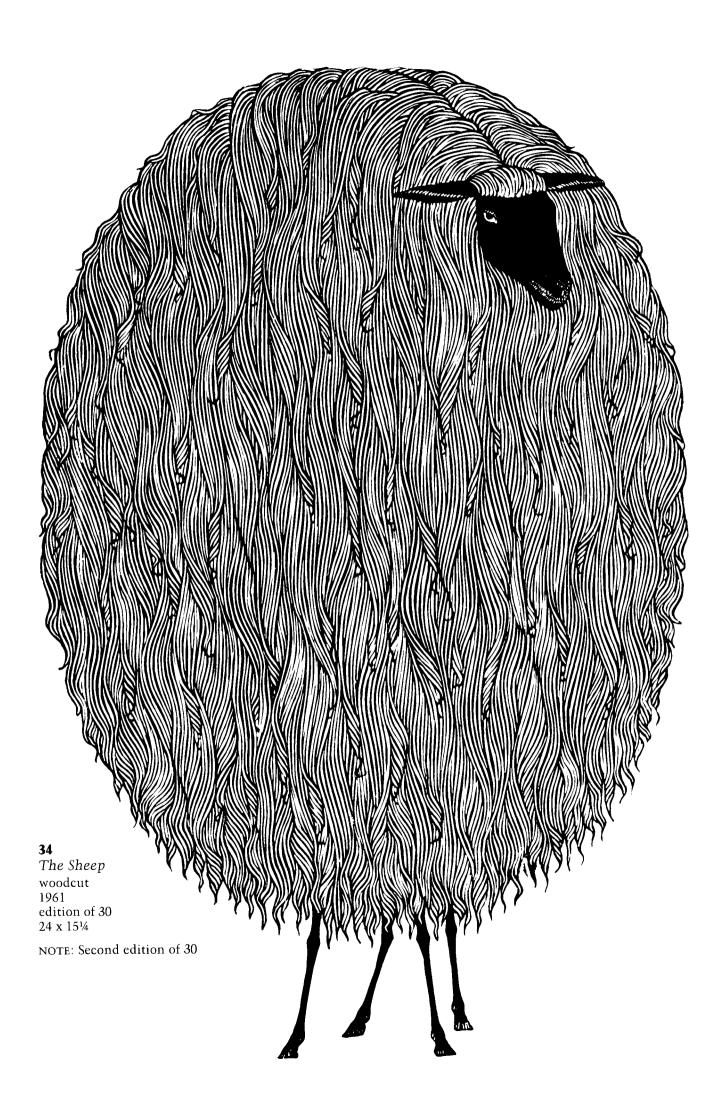
Squirrel woodcut 1960 edition of 100 24 x 91%

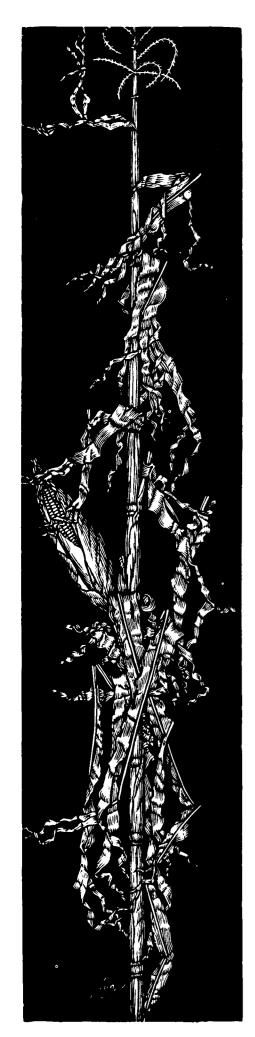


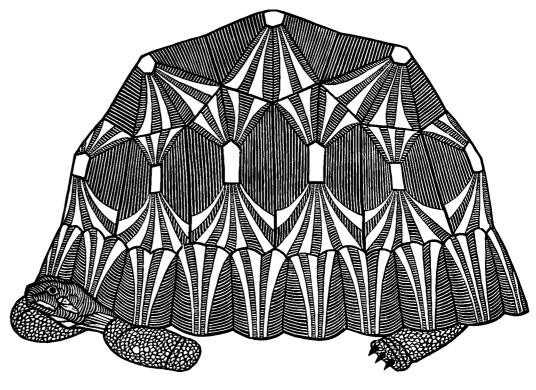






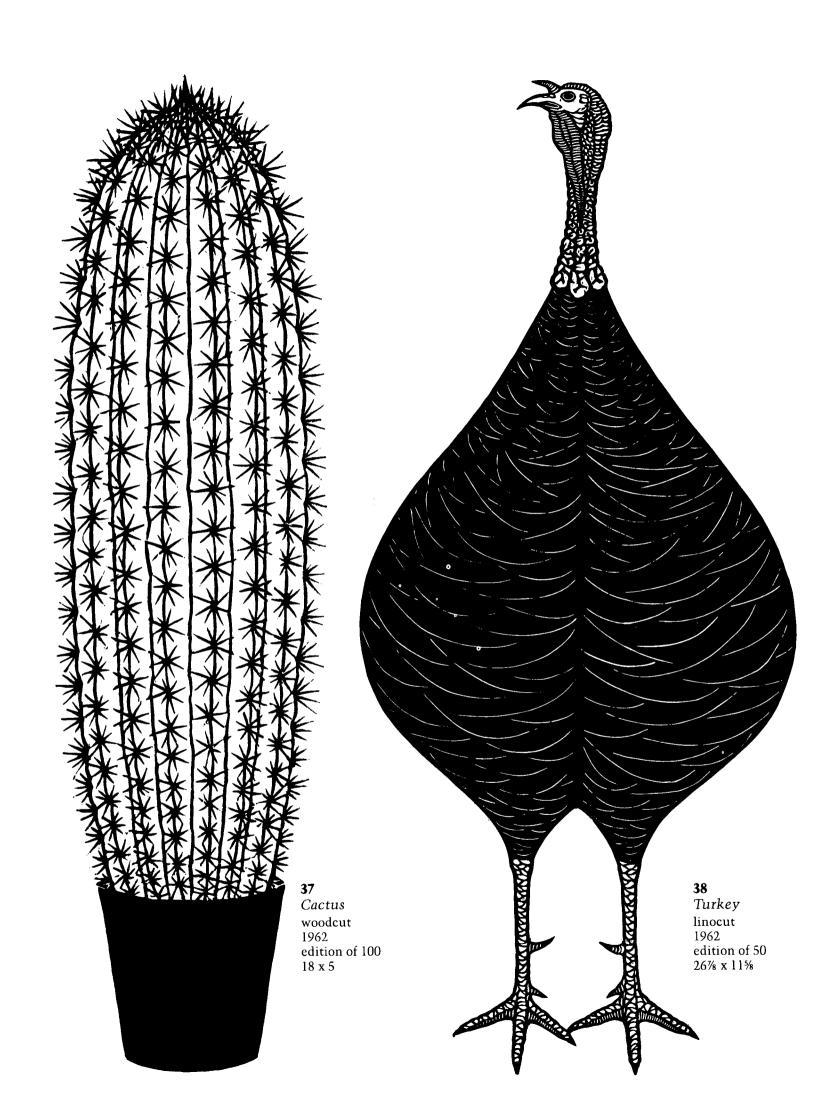






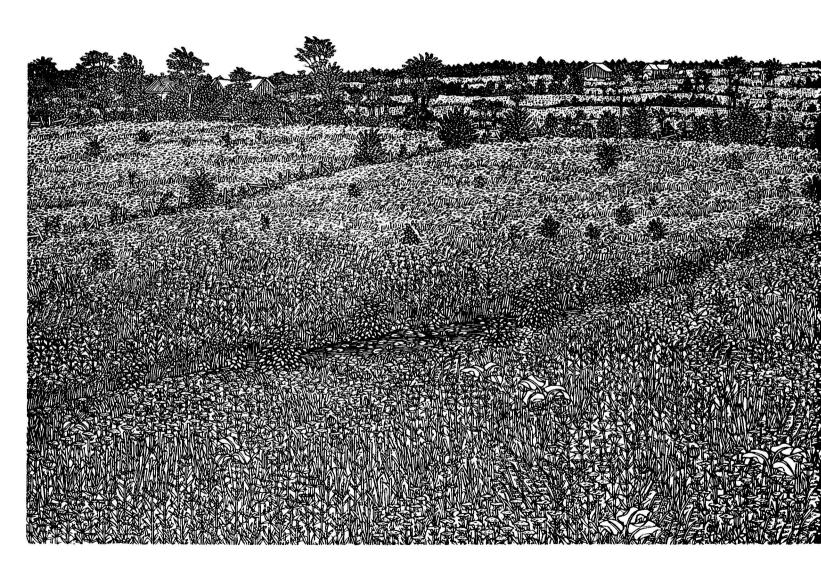
35 Corn woodcut 1961 edition of 100 36 x 8 36 Turtle woodcut 1962 edition of 50 16 x 23

NOTE: Second edition of 50 titled *Turtle II*

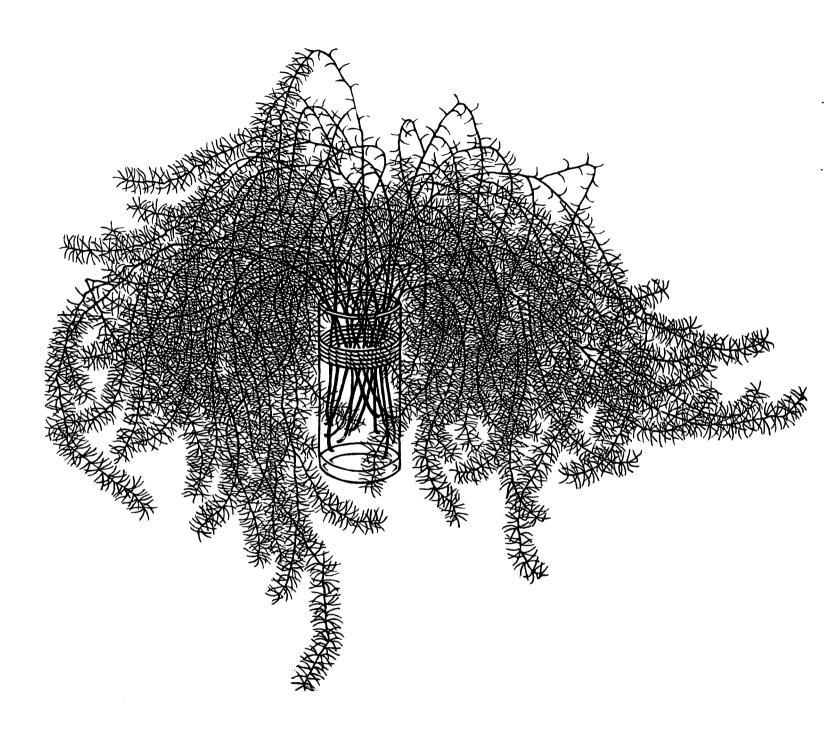


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39
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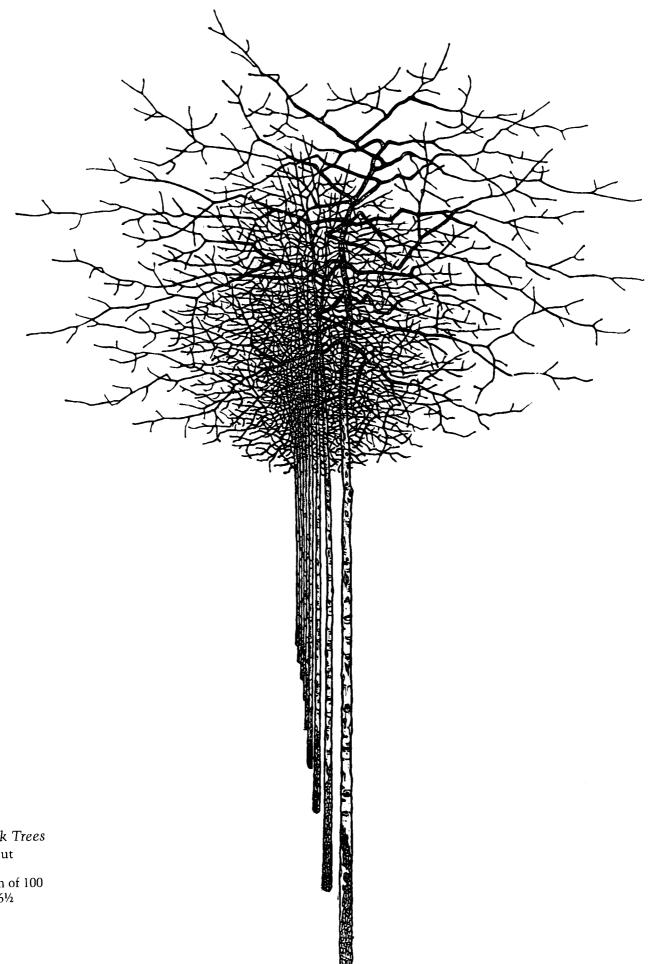
Field
woodcut
1962
edition of 50 published by
Associated American
Artists; edition of 50
published by the artist,
indicated by Roman
numeral II before edition
numbers
14 x 38



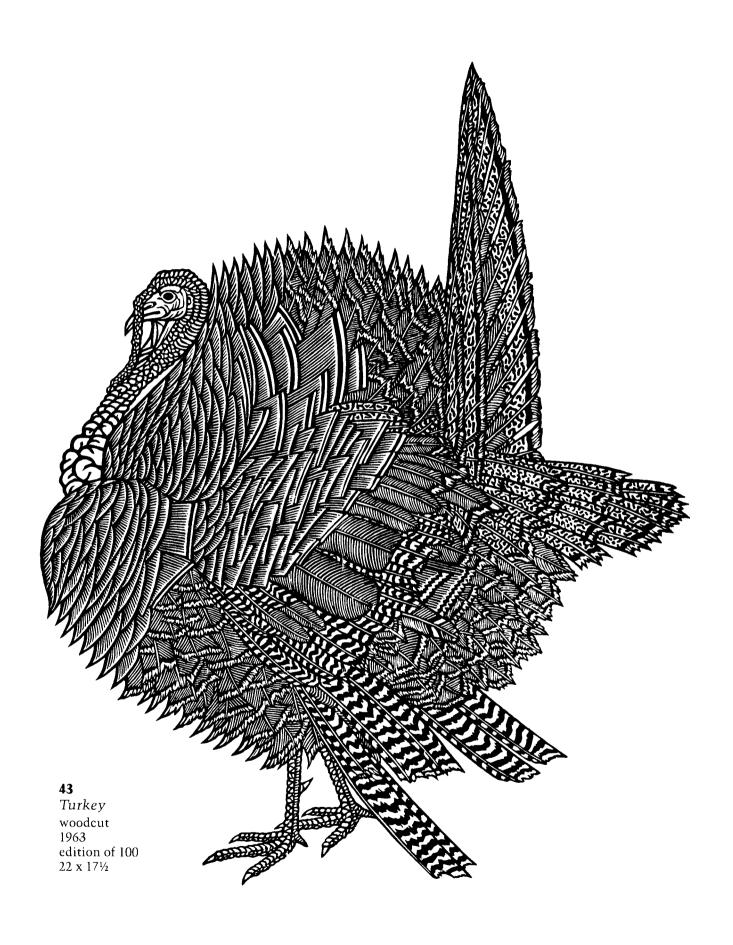


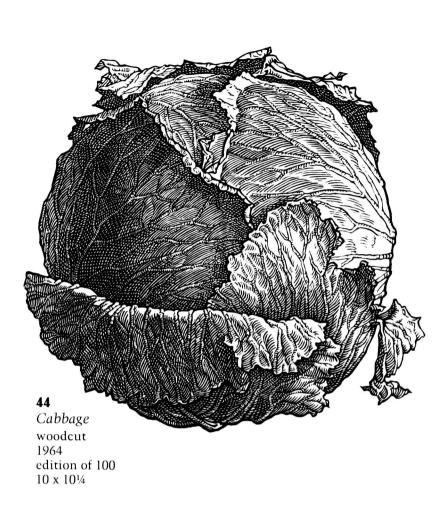


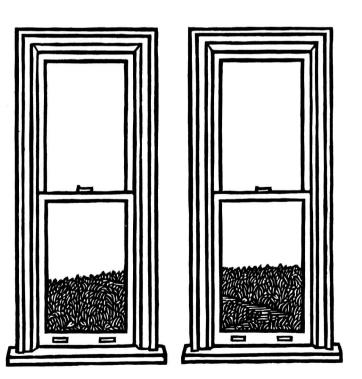
Bouquet
woodcut
1964
edition of 150
15 x 18



Pinoak Trees woodcut 1963 edition of 100 24 x 16½

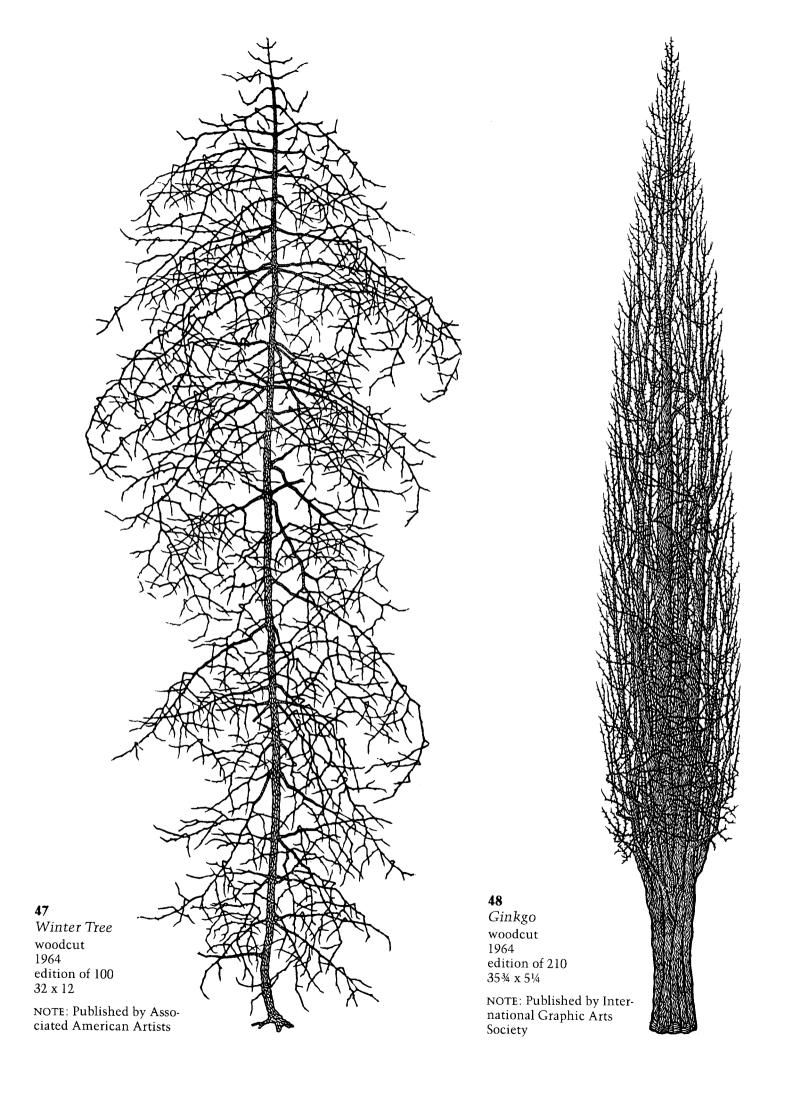






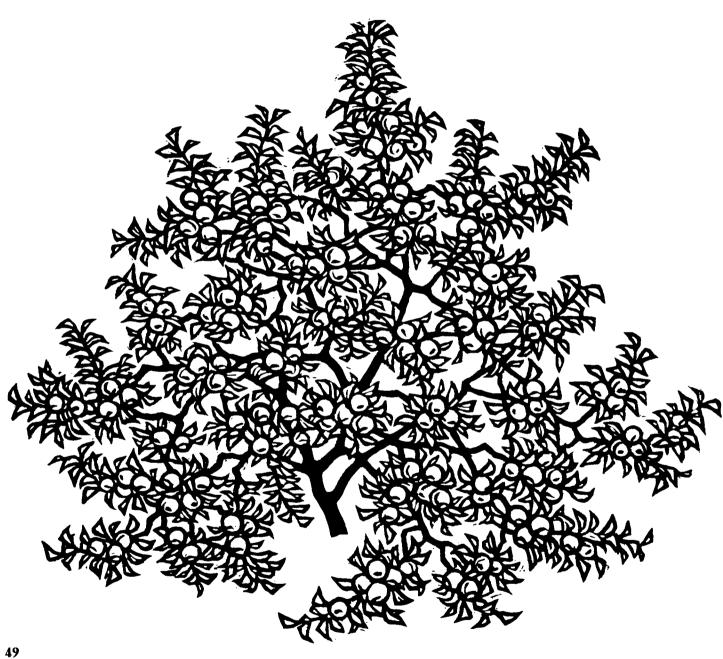
46 Windows woodcut 1964 edition of 75 5¾ x 5¾



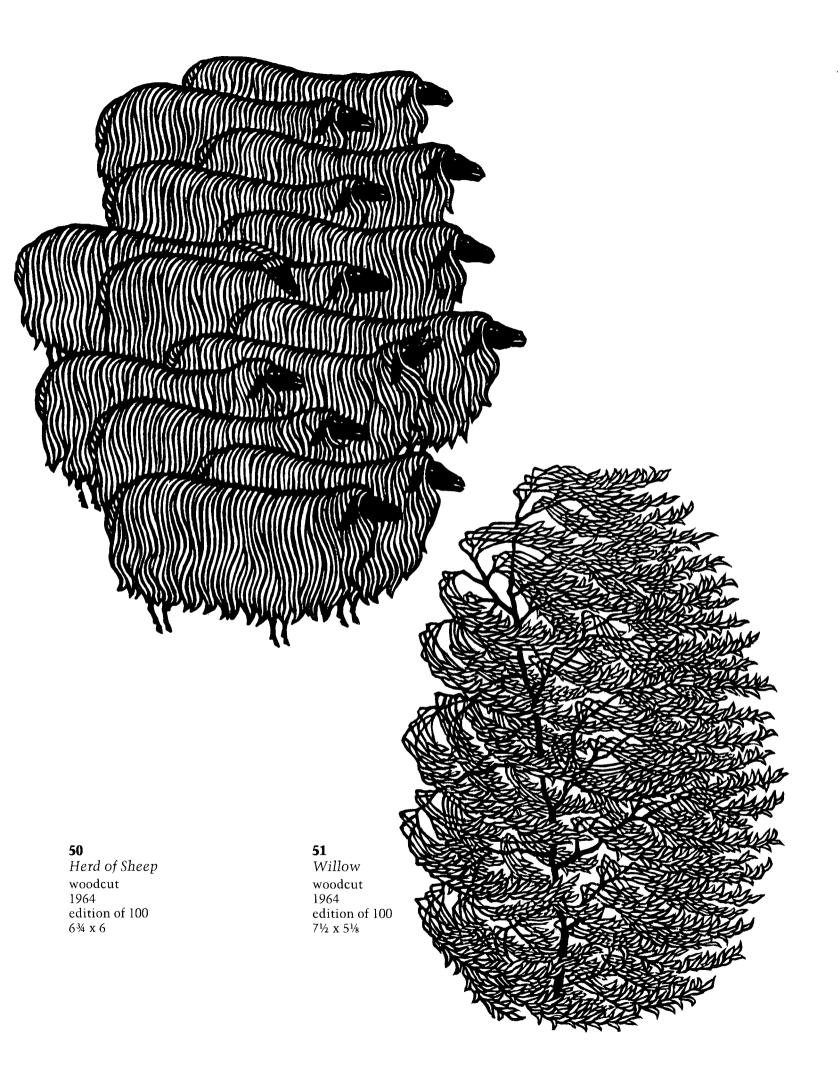


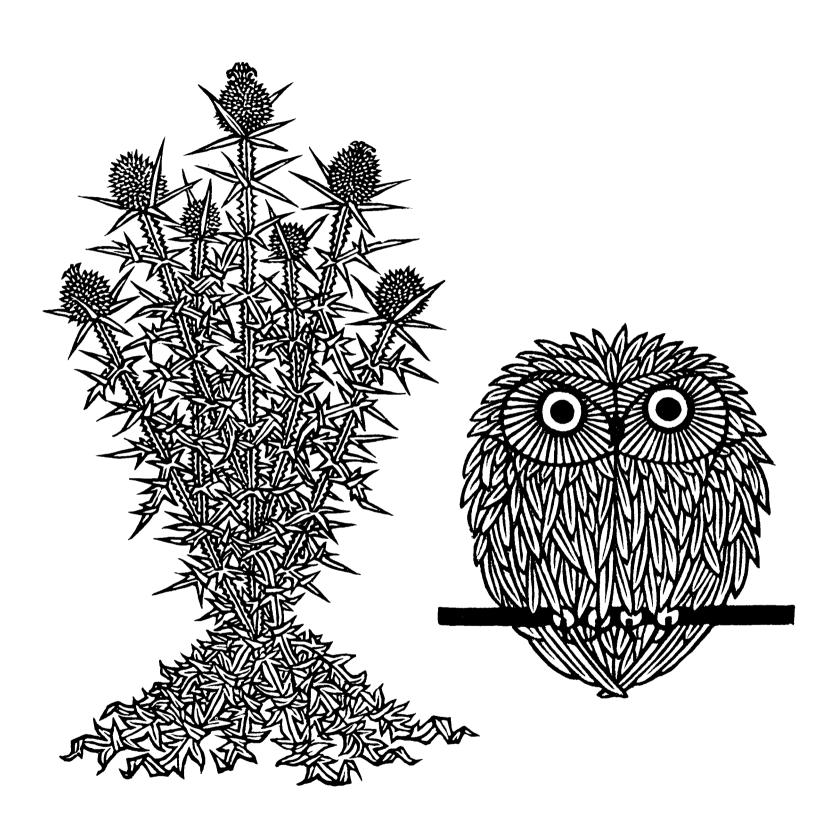
POEMS OF JOHN KEATS

Ten woodcuts (49 through 58) were executed by Hnizdovsky for reproduction in the book Poems of John Keats, published in 1964 by Thomas Y. Crowell Company, New York. A signed and numbered edition of each woodcut included in the book was also published by the artist, as indicated in this catalogue.



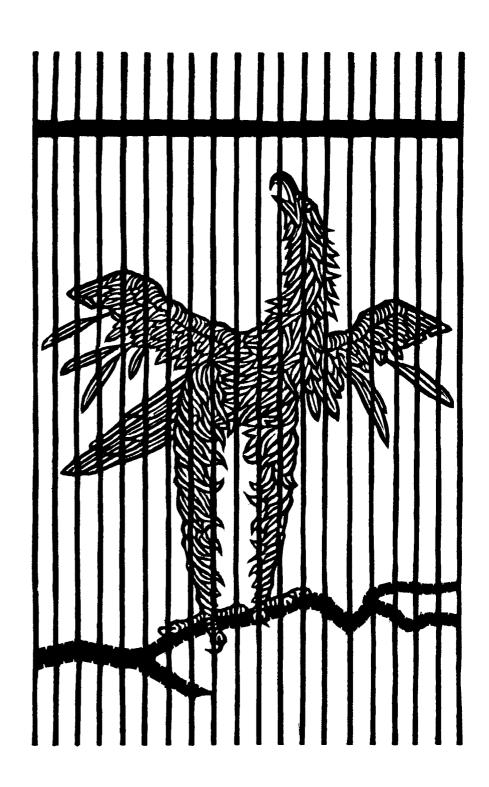
Apple Tree woodcut 1964 edition of 100 6% x 7½



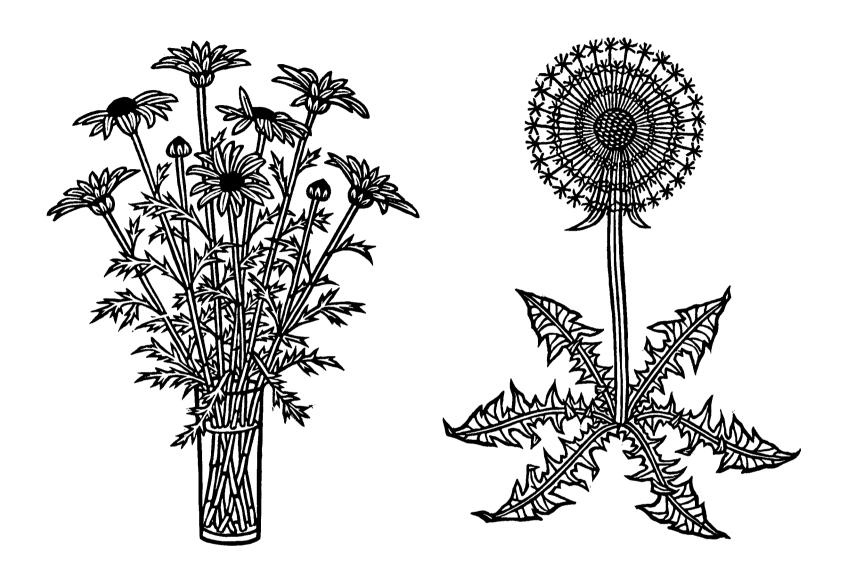


Thistle woodcut 1964 edition of 100 7% x 4½

53 Owl woodcut 1964 edition of 100 4¼ x 4⅓



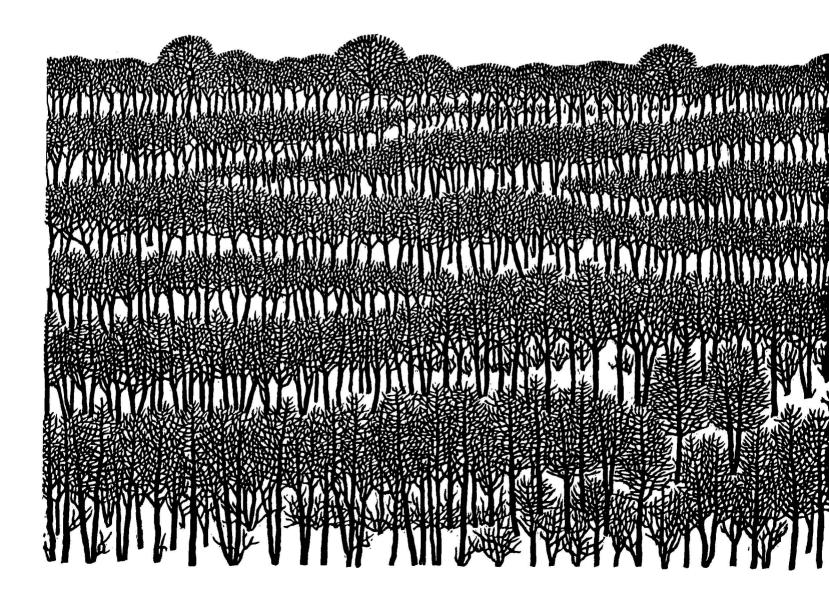
Caged Eagle woodcut 1964 edition of 100 71/4 x 41/2

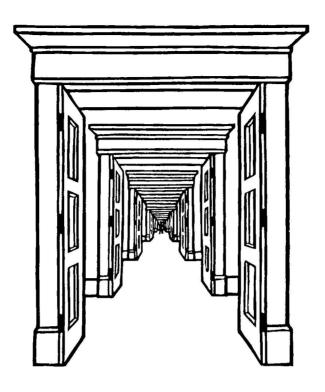


Marguerites woodcut 1964 edition of 100 71/4 x 51/4 Dandelion woodcut 1964 edition of 100 71/8 x 5



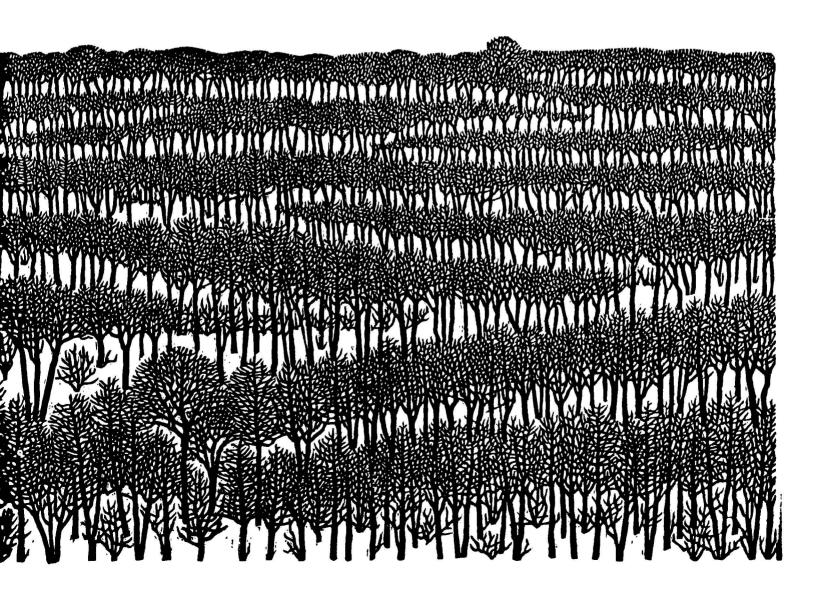
57
Endymion
woodcut
1964
edition of 75
4¼ x 4¼

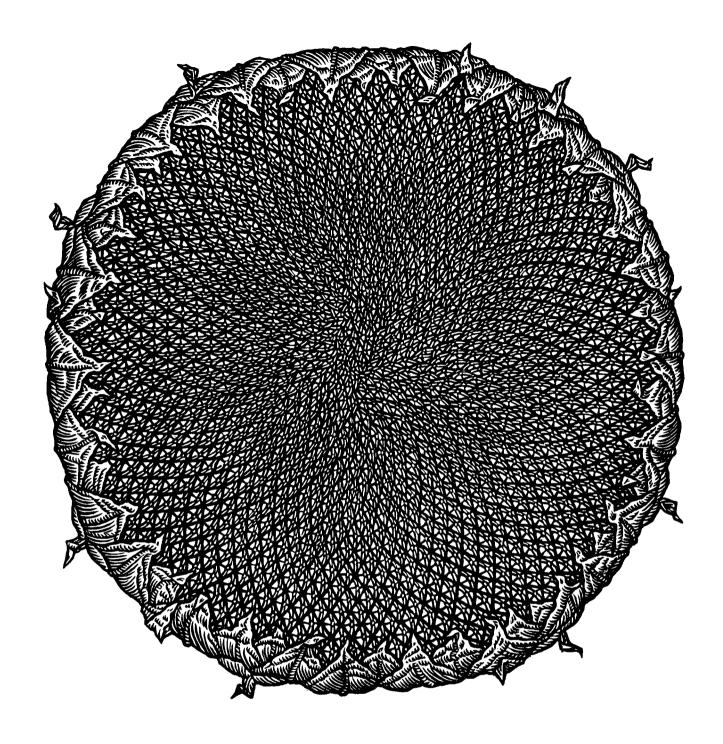




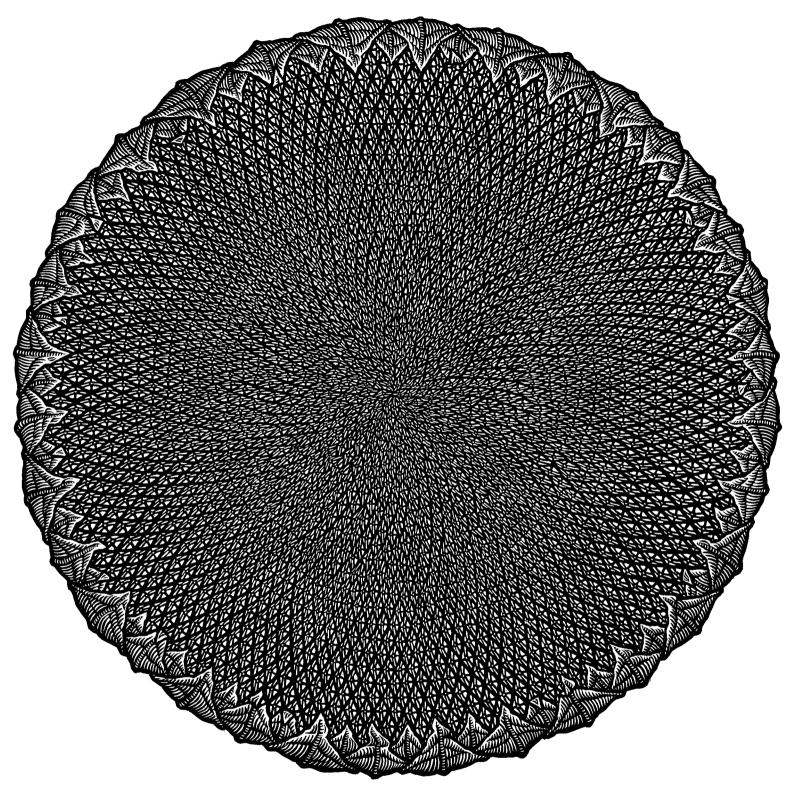
58 Doors woodcut 1964 edition of 75 5% x 51/8

Winter Landscape woodcut 1965 edition of 100 8 x 24

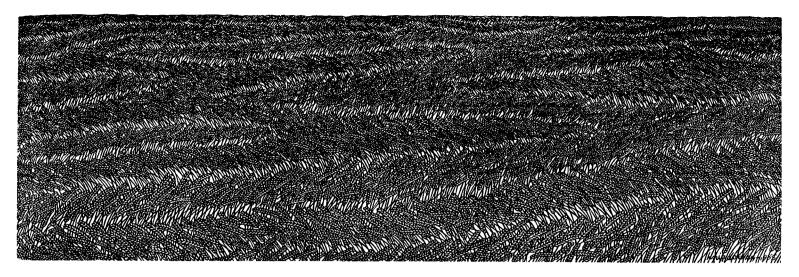




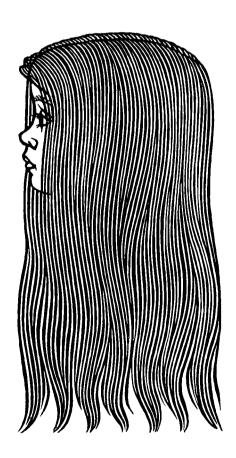
Sunflower woodcut 1965 edition of 60 10½ x 10½



61 Opsunflower linocut 1965 edition of 100 18¼ x 18¼

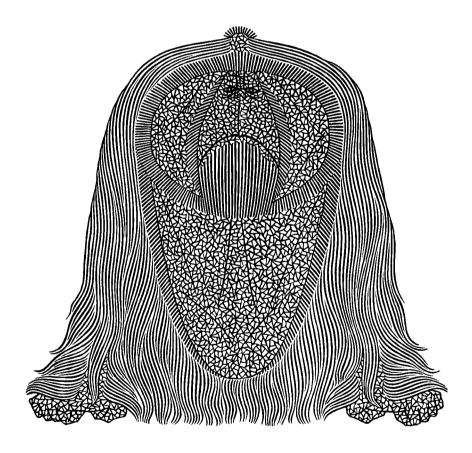


62Wheatfield
woodcut
1965
edition of 100
7¼ x 22½

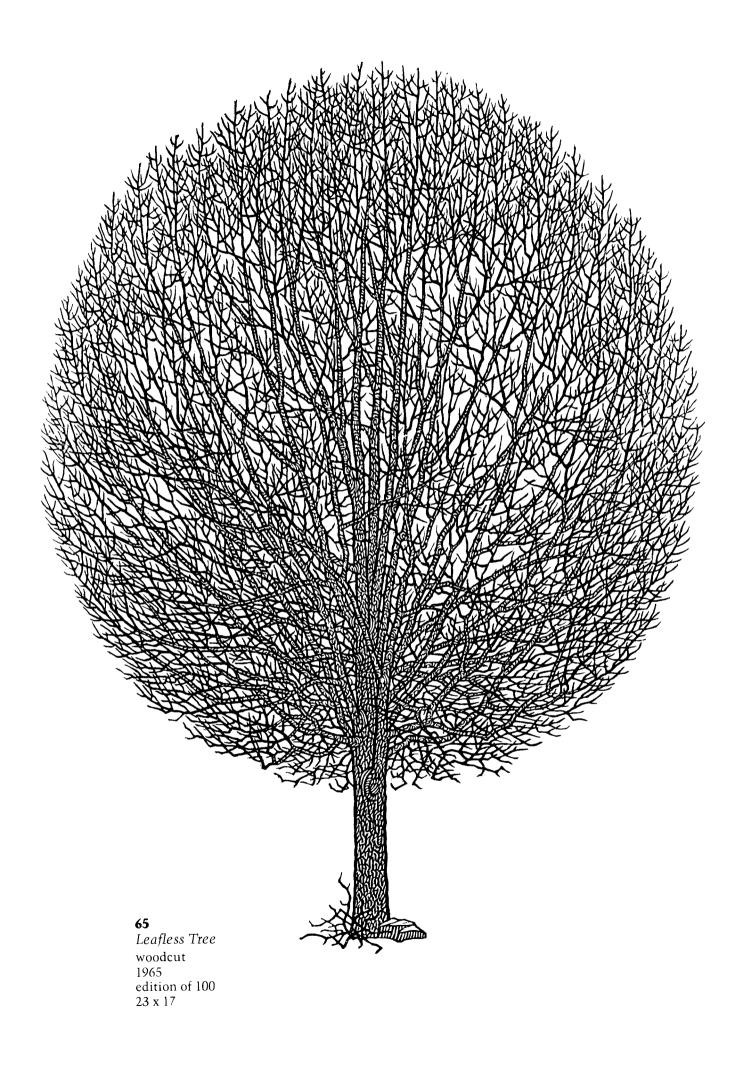


63 Moppet woodcut 1965 edition of 250 13¾ x 6¾

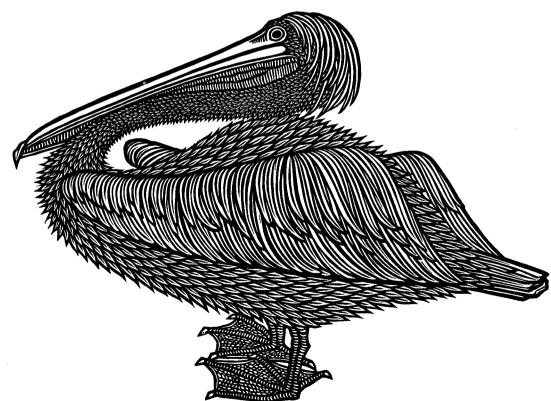
NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists



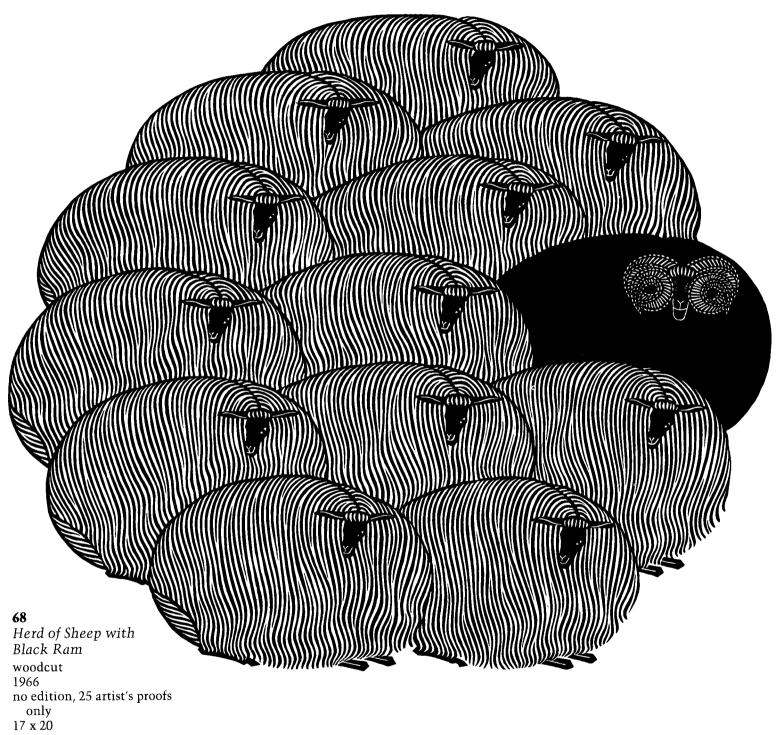
64 Andy from the Bronx Zoo woodcut 1965 edition of 100 15¼ x 16¼



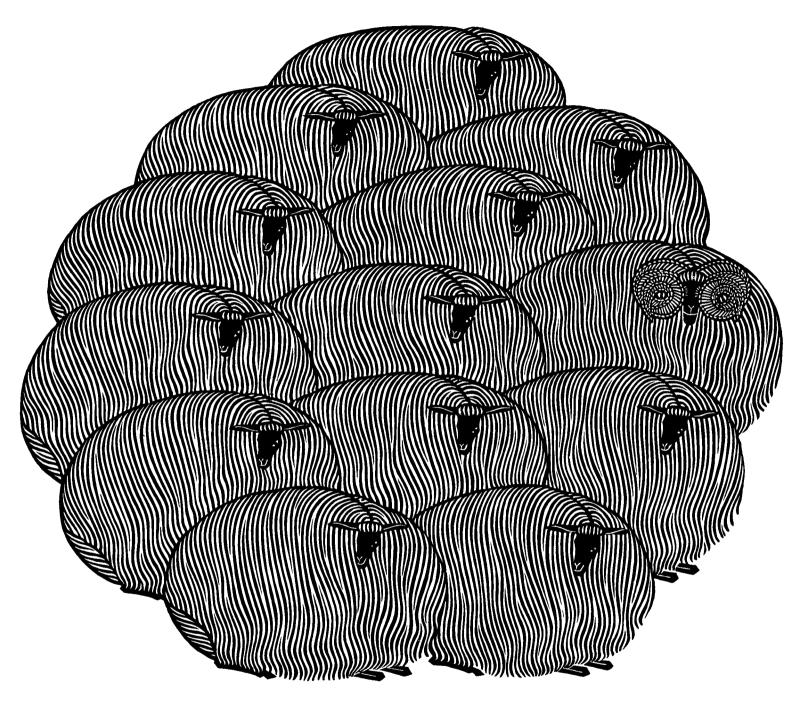




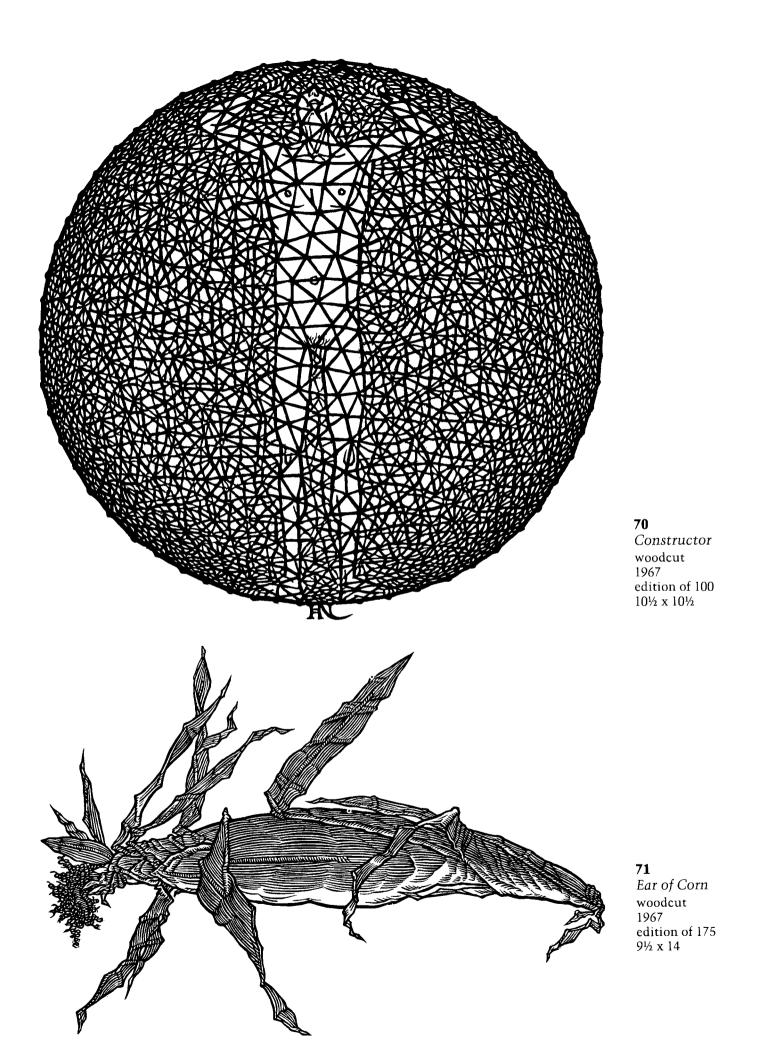
Pelican
woodcut
1966
edition of 150
12½ x 17½

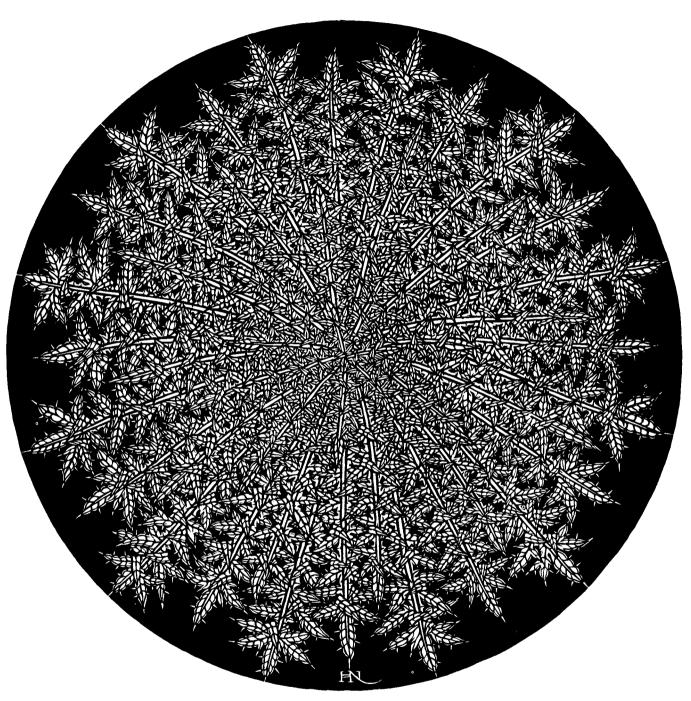


NOTE: Block later recut and published as *Herd of Sheep* (no. 69)



Herd of Sheep woodcut 1966 edition of 100 17 x 20

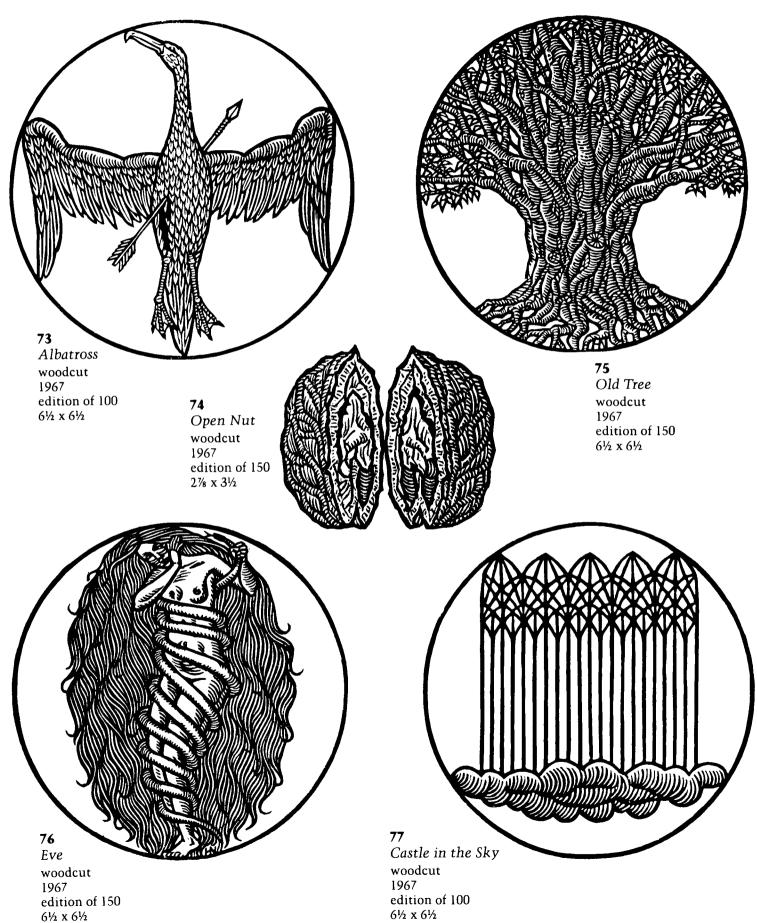


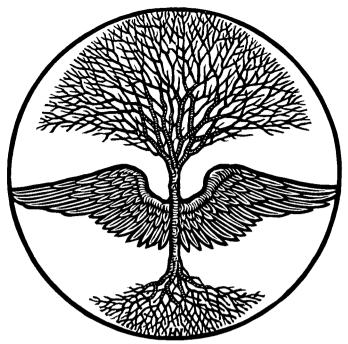


72
Thistle
woodcut
1967
edition of 100
18 x 18

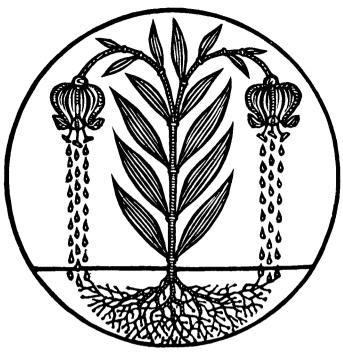
POEMS OF SAMUEL TAYLOR COLERIDGE

Seven woodcuts (73 through 79) were executed by Hnizdovsky for reproduction in the book Poems of Samuel Taylor Coleridge, published in 1967 by Thomas Y. Crowell Company, New York. A signed and numbered edition of each woodcut included in the book was also published by the artist, as indicated in this catalogue.



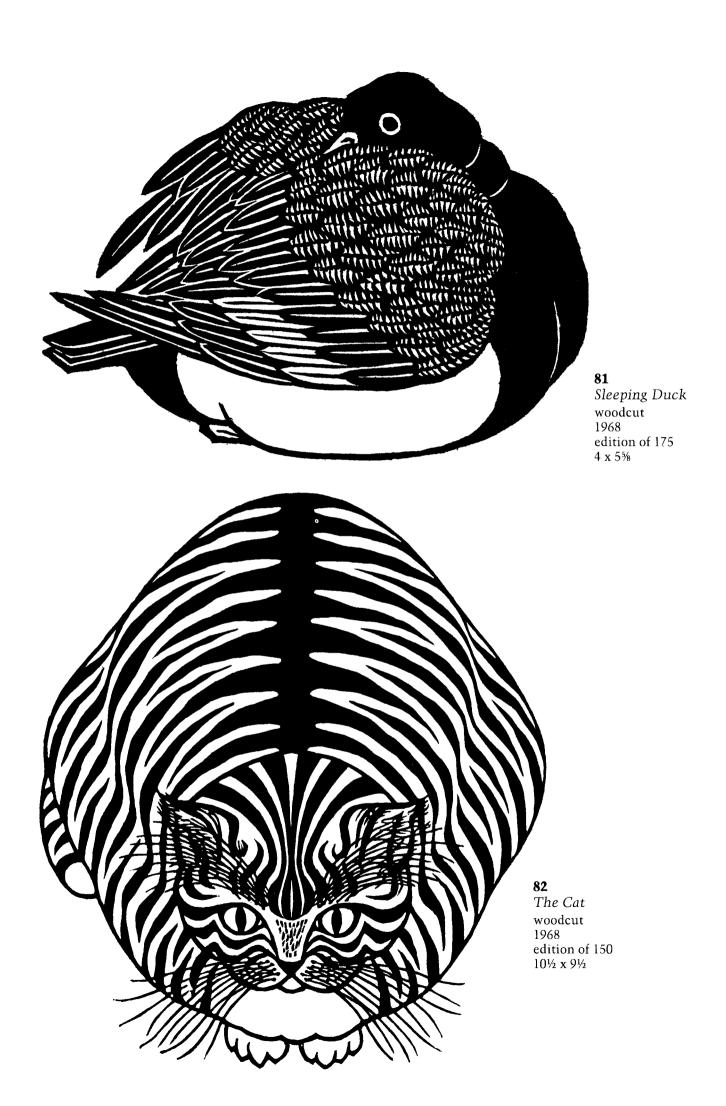


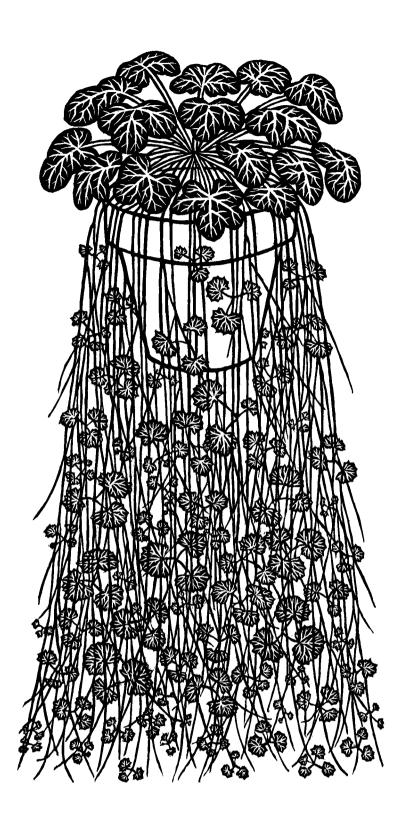
78Winged Tree
woodcut
1967
edition of 100
6½ x 6½

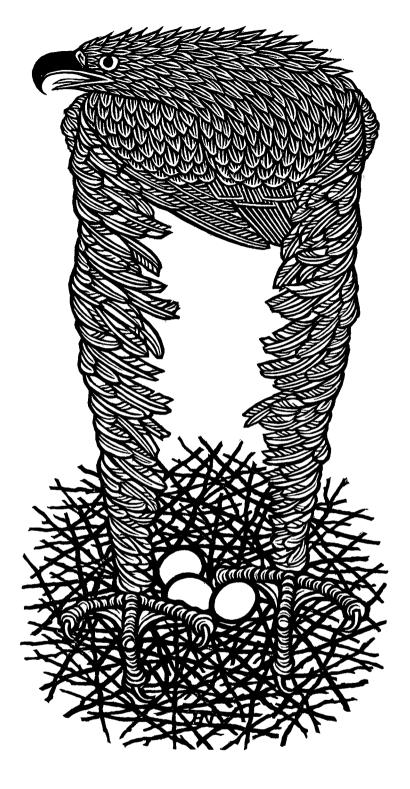


Circle of Growth
woodcut
1967
edition of 100
6½ x 6½







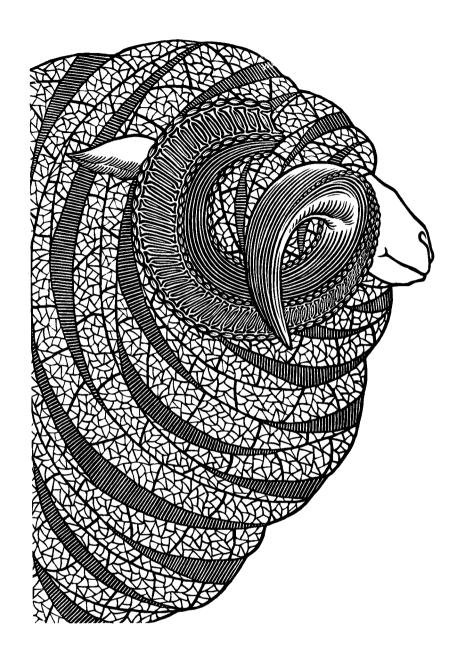


83
Zebrina Pendula
woodcut
1968
edition of 175
18 x 9

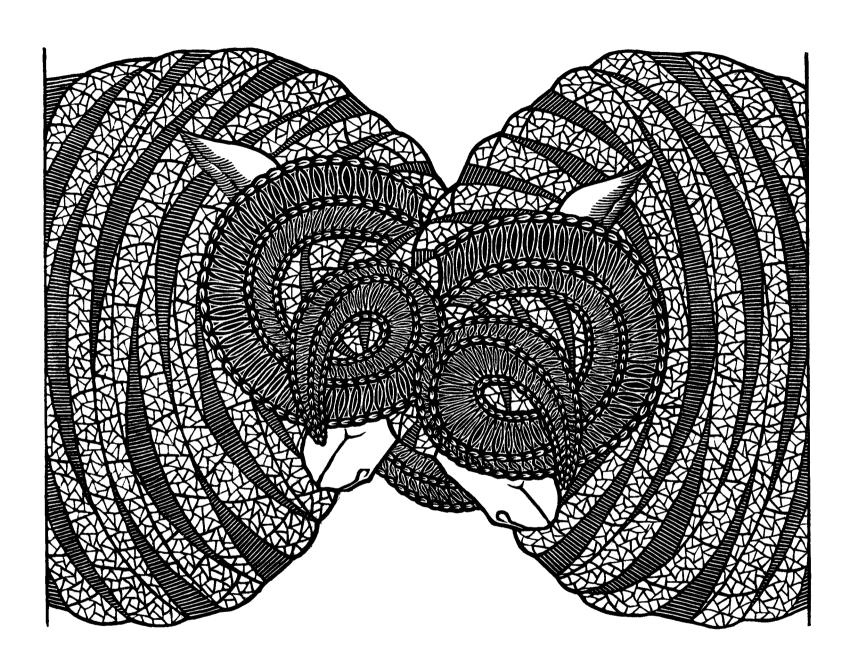
84
Eagle
woodcut
1968
edition of 150
18 x 9



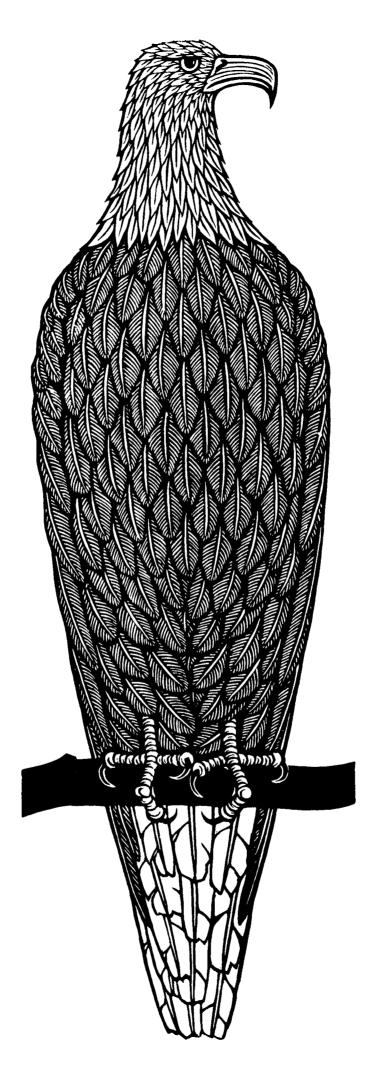
Woodcut 1969 edition of 200 printed in black with olive green lettering, signed; also an edition of 100 printed in dark red with black lettering, signed 32 x 19% (sheet size)



86
Ram Profile
woodcut
1969
edition of 100
21 x 14¾



*Two Rams*woodcut
1969
edition of 100
17½ x 23¼

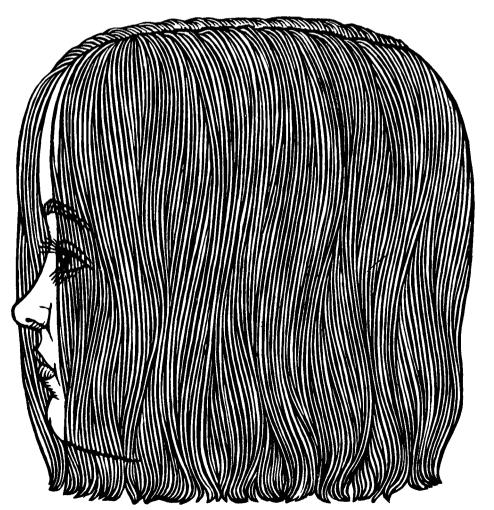


Bald Eagle woodcut 1969 edition of 210 21 x 6%

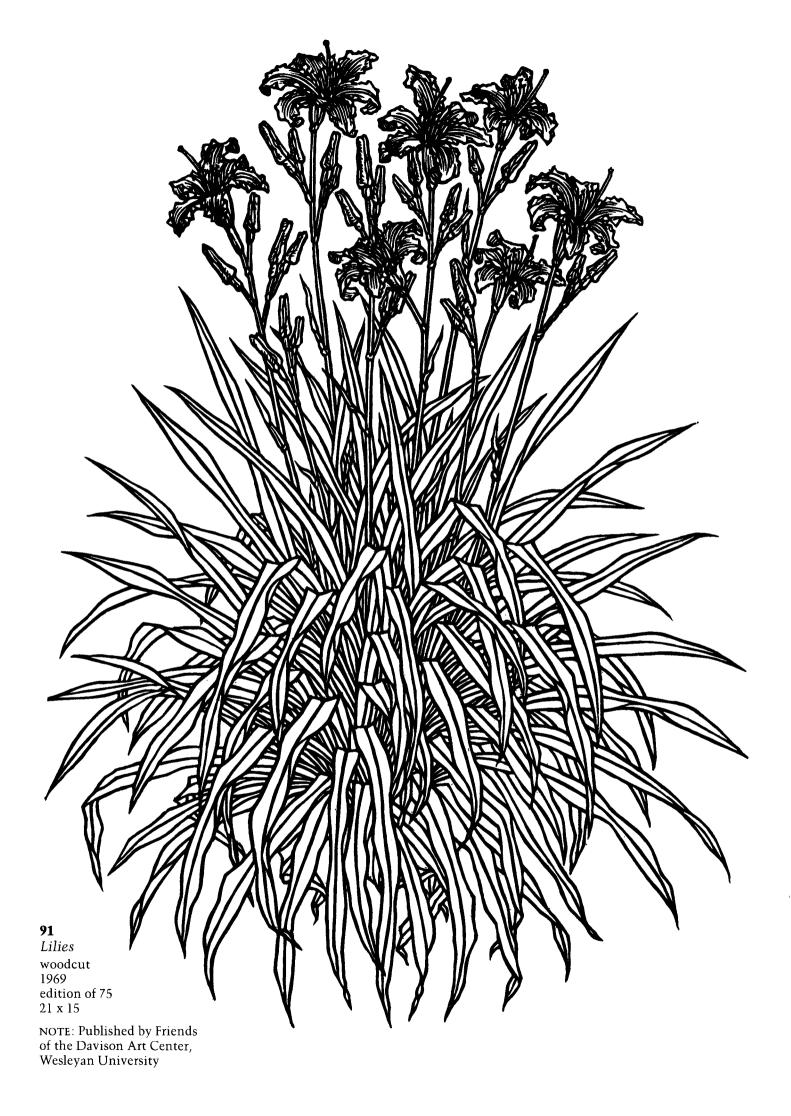
NOTE: Published by International Graphic Arts Society

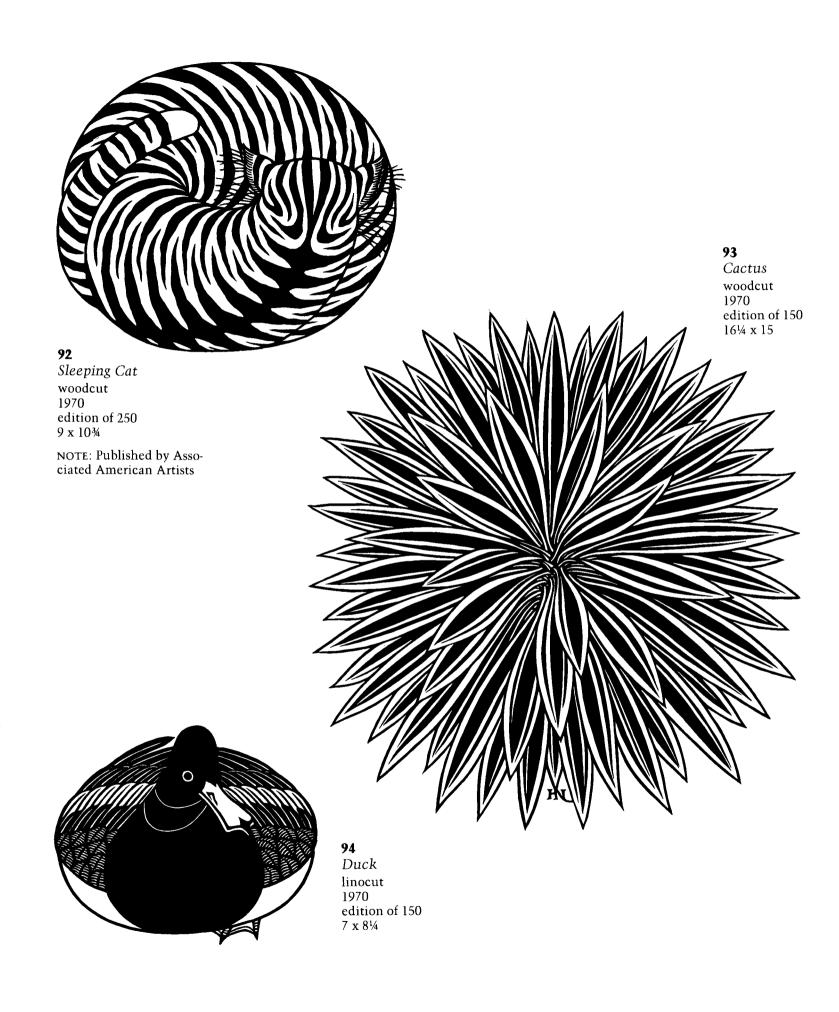


Walnuts
woodcut
1969
edition of 100
8 x 10



90
Girl's Head
woodcut
1969
edition of 100
8 x 7%







95Zebra

woodcut
1970
edition of 120
24¼ x 9¼

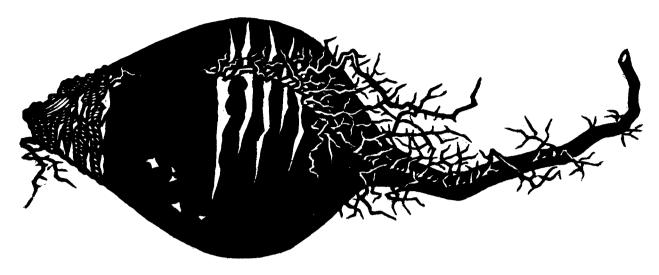
NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists

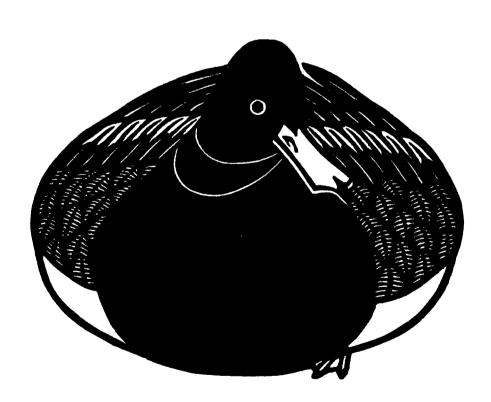


96Cornfield
woodcut
1970
edition of 135
24 x 7¾

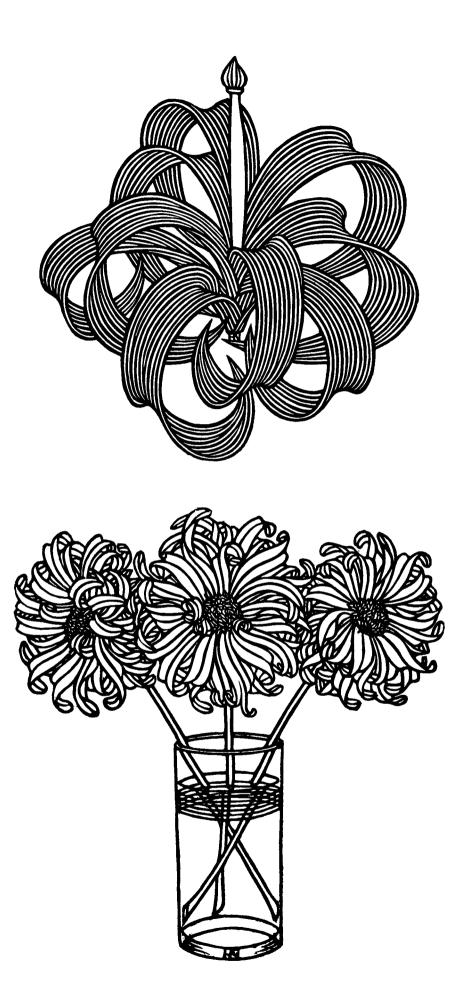
NOTE: Published by International Graphic Arts Society

97 Turnip woodcut 1970 edition of 150 2½ x 6½





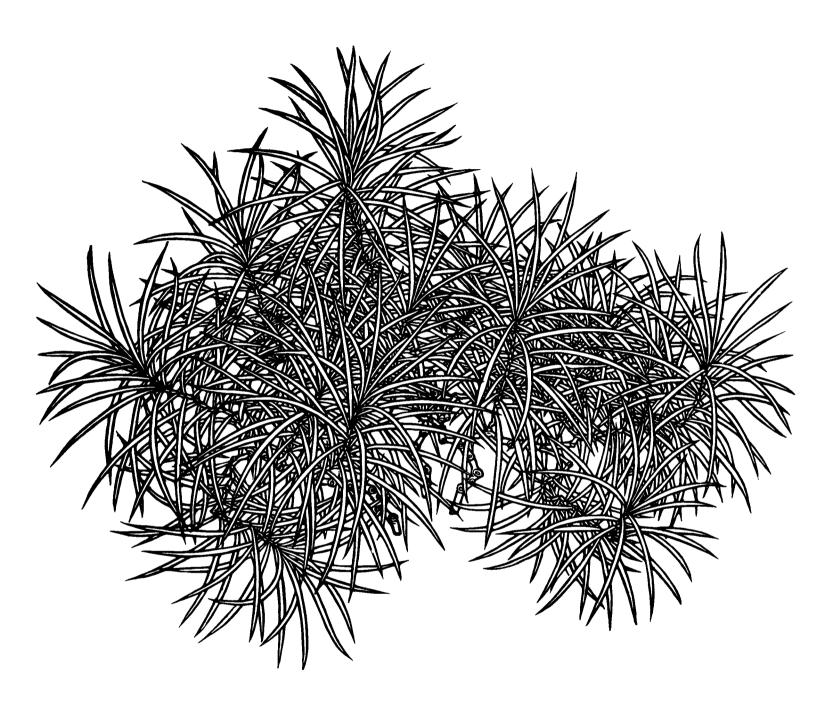
98 Duck II linocut 1970 edition of 75 3½ x 4½



99 Onion woodcut 1970 edition of 100 71/4 x 7

100 Three Dahlias woodcut 1970 edition of 100

8½ x 8

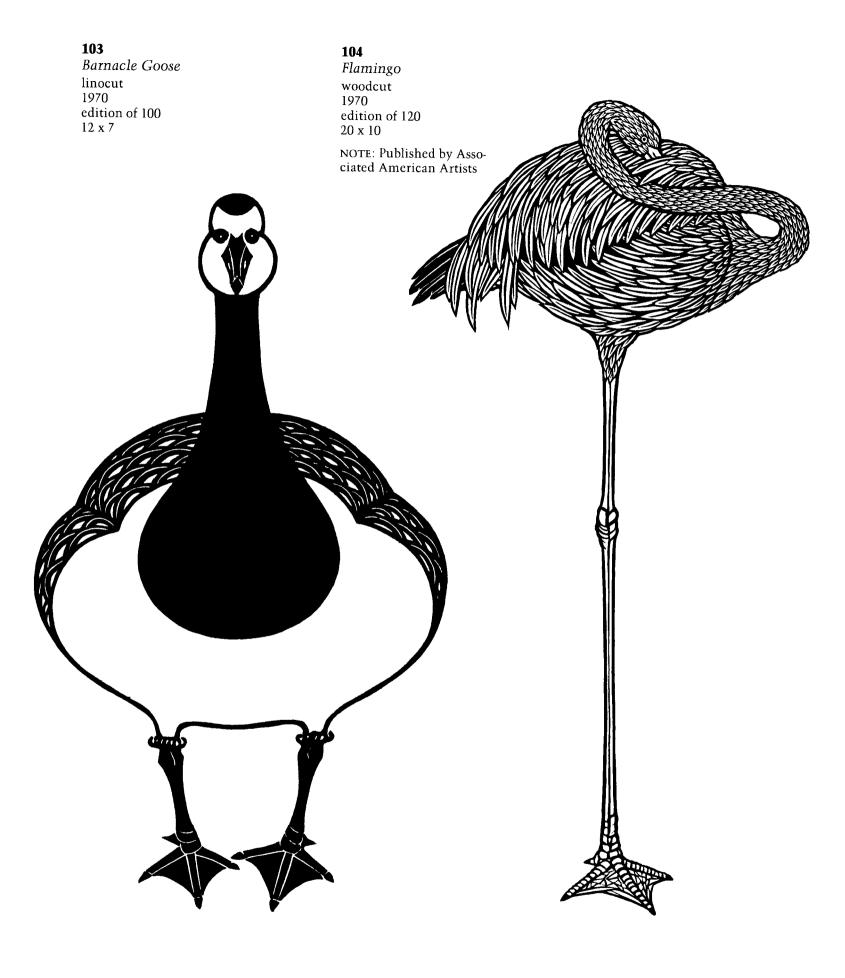


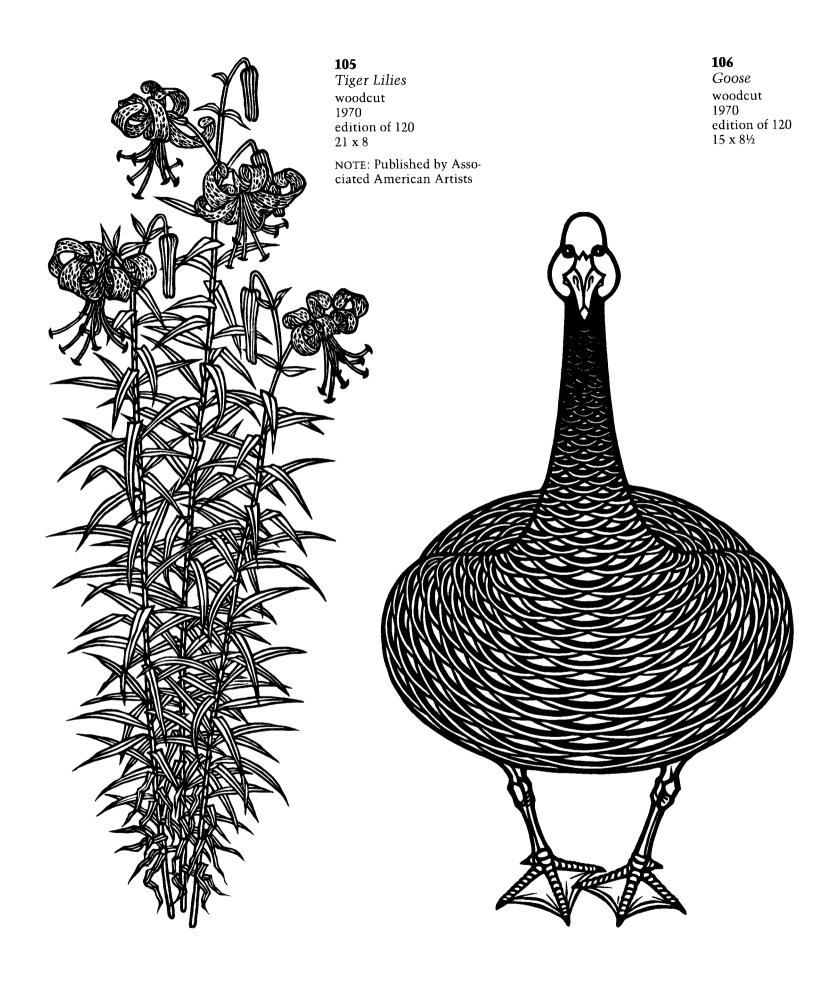
101 Carnation Plant woodcut 1970 edition of 100 15 x 18

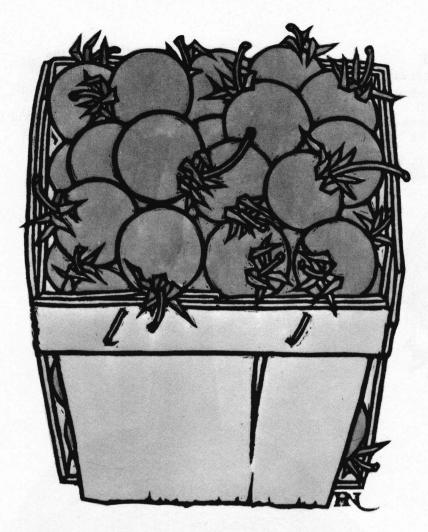


102 White Pine woodcut 1970 edition of 120 21 x 7

NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists



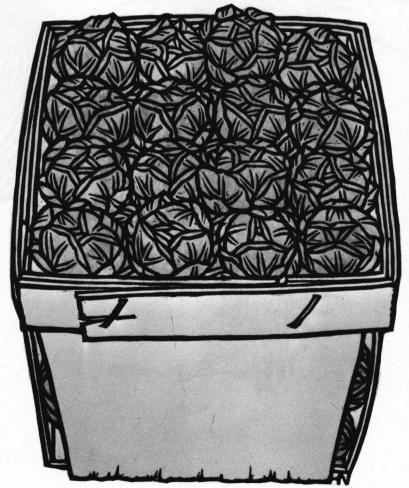




107 Cherry Tomatoes woodcut, hand-colored 1970 edition of 100 5½ x 4½

108

Brussel Sprouts
woodcut, hand-colored
1970
edition of 100
5½ x 4½





Flower Pot woodcut 1970 edition of 250 8 x 10

NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists

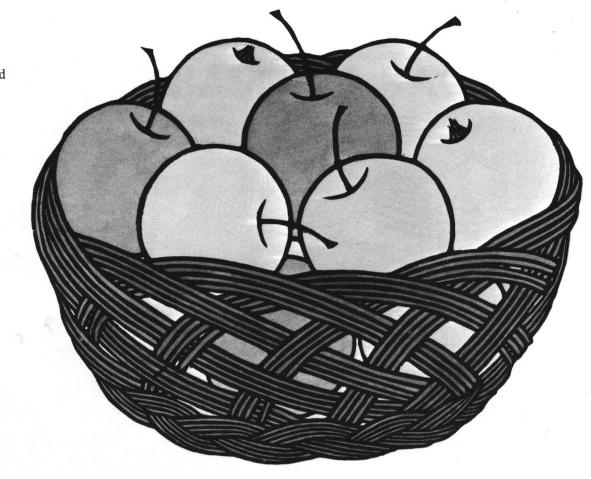


Johann Sebastian Bach woodcut 1971 edition of 100 12½ x 9

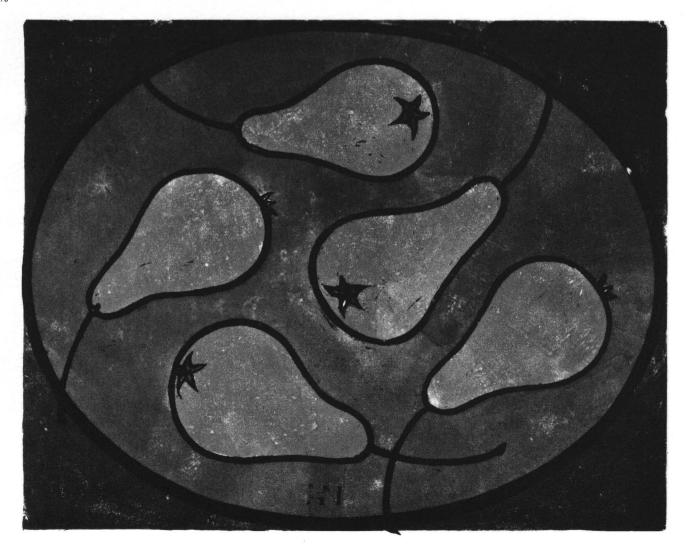
NOTE: Reproduced in the December, 1971, issue of *Stereo Review*.

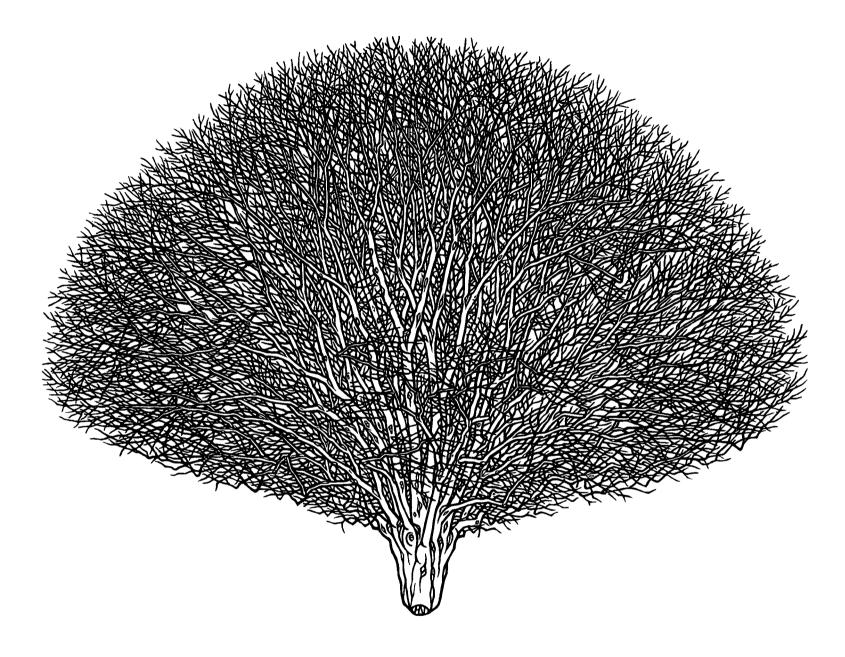


112 Apples in a Basket woodcut, hand-colored 1971 edition of 150 8 x 9%



113 Five Pears color woodcut and linocut 1971 edition of 100 9 x 111/8

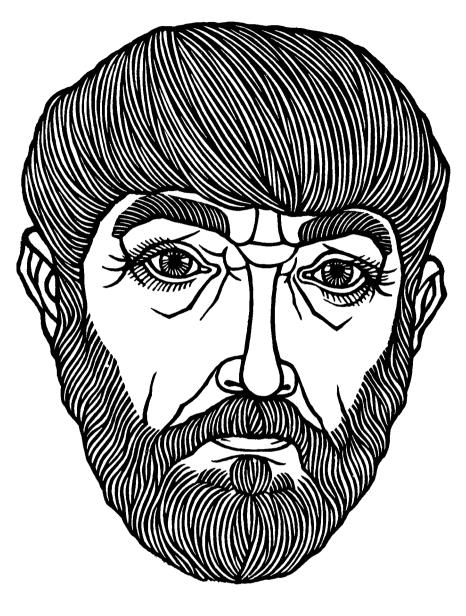




114

Beech Tree

woodcut
1971
edition of 100
14½ x 19½



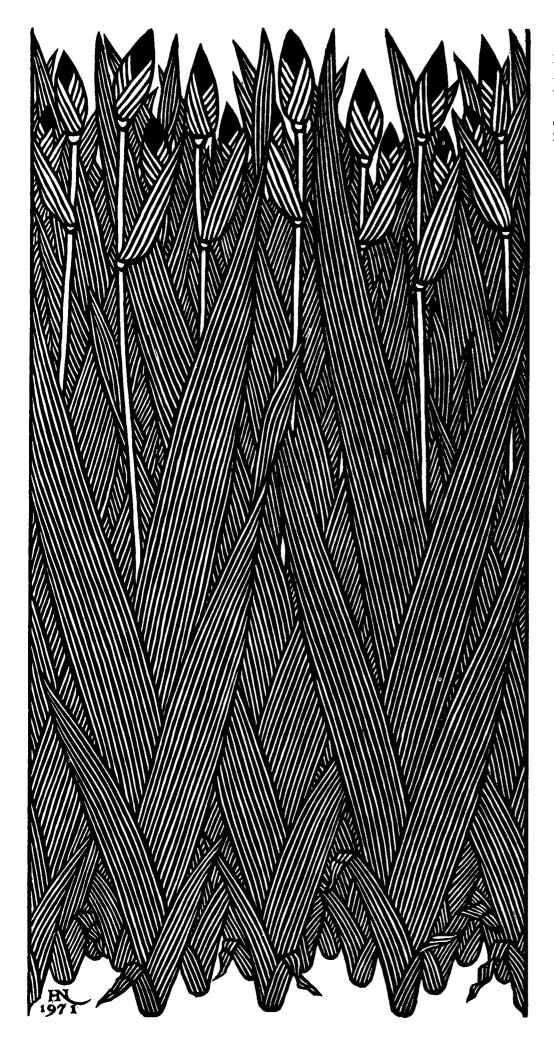
Self-Portrait
woodcut
1971
edition of 100
81/8 x 61/4

116
Braided Onions
woodcut
1971
edition of 150
20 x 6





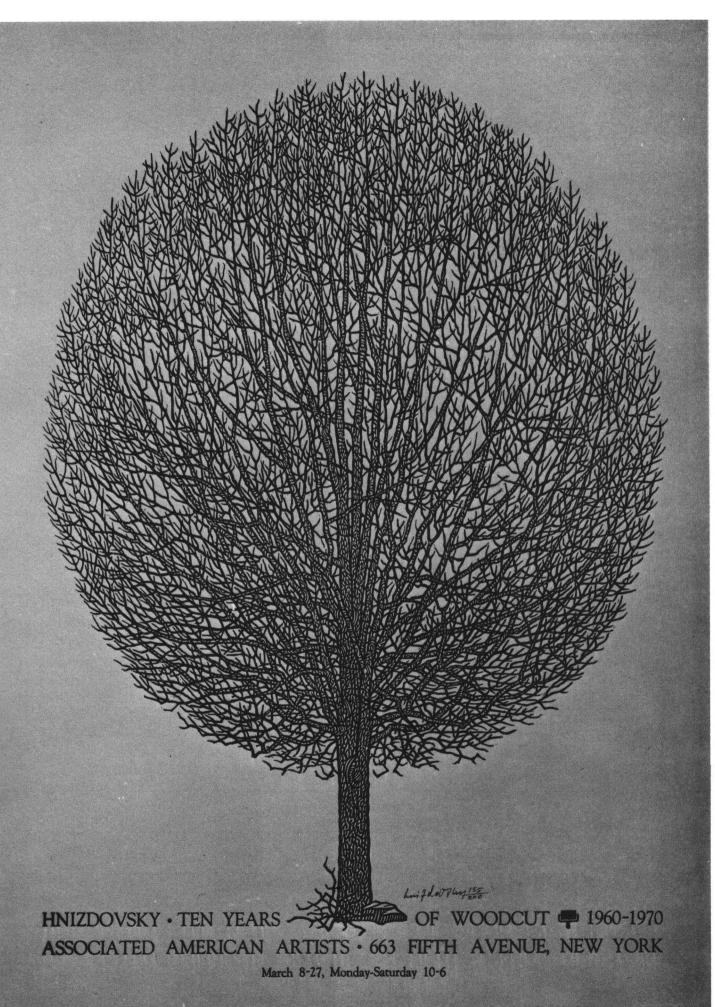
117
Red Cabbage
woodcut
1971
edition of 100
18 x 18



118
Irises
woodcut
1971
edition of 120
20 x 10

Associated American Artists Poster woodcut 1971 edition of 200 printed in red with black lettering, signed and numbered 24½ x 18 (sheet size)

NOTE: Not printed from the woodblock, but reduced and mechanically printed in two colors





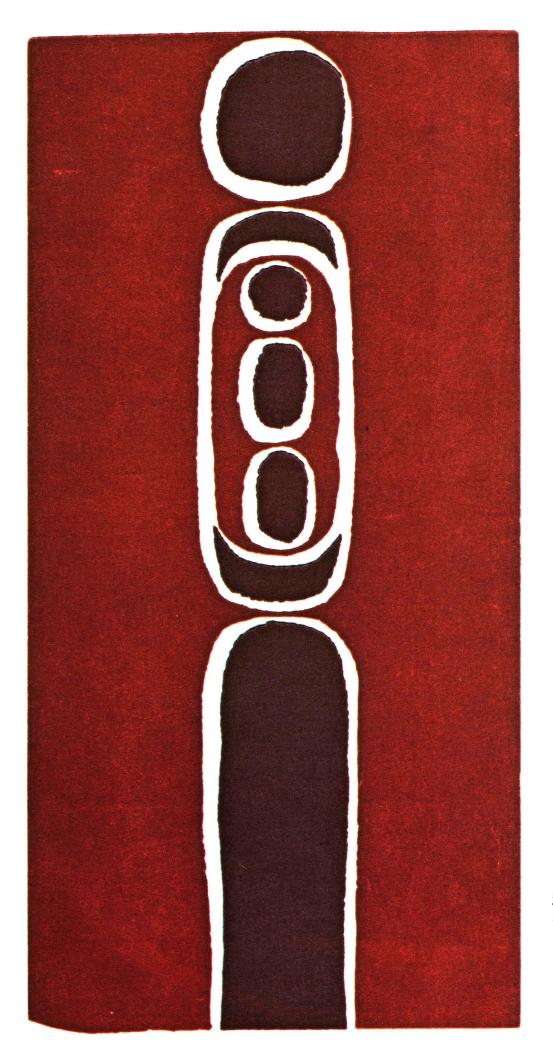
17 Library



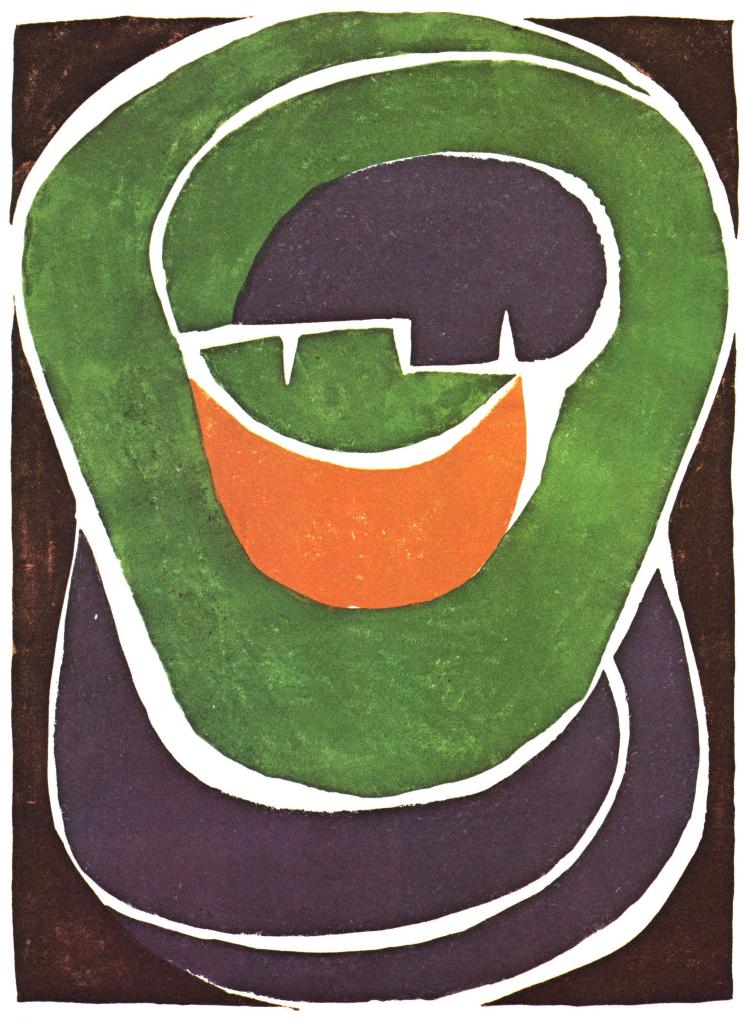
Before the Mirror



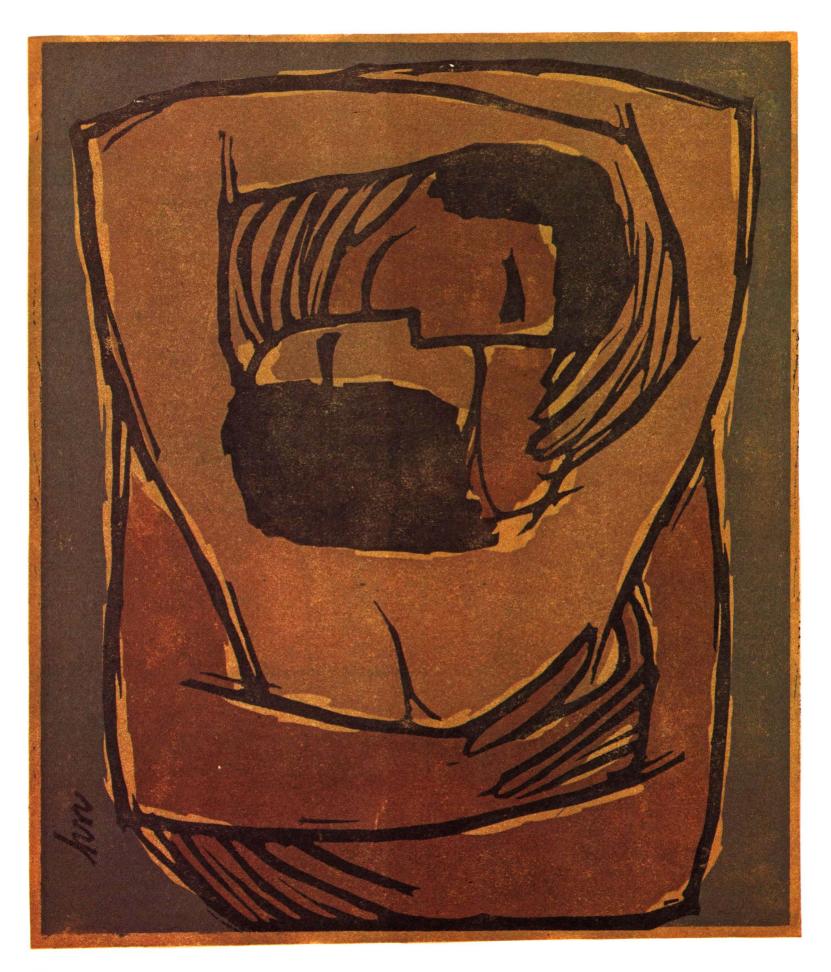
19 On the Boat



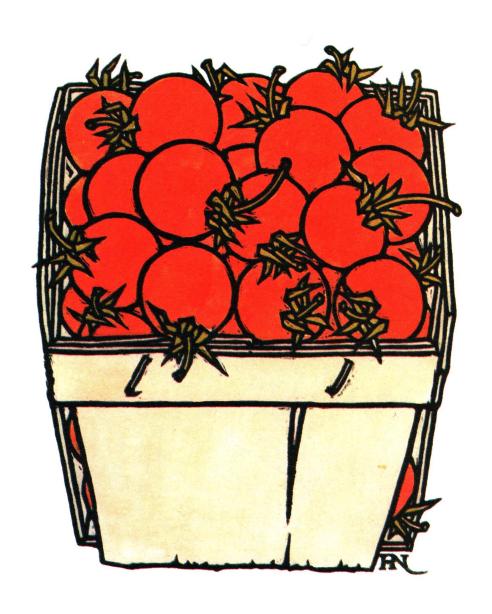
20 Mother

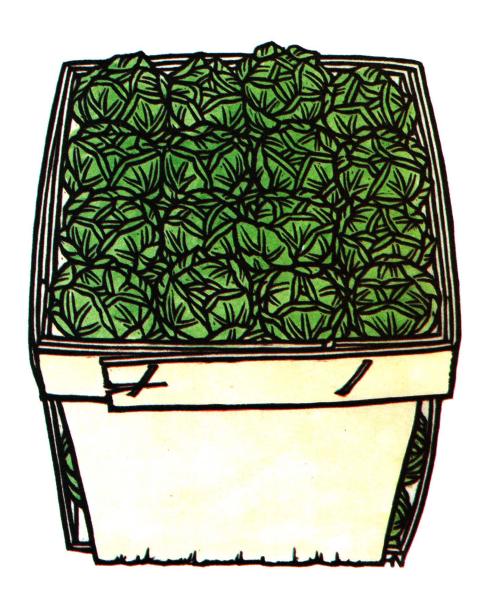


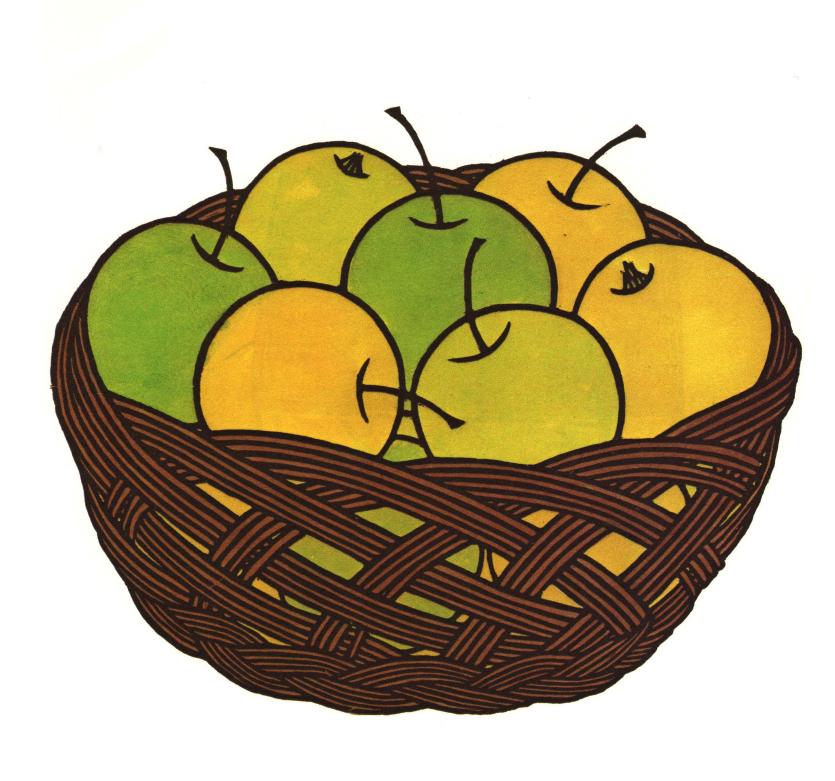
21 The Kiss



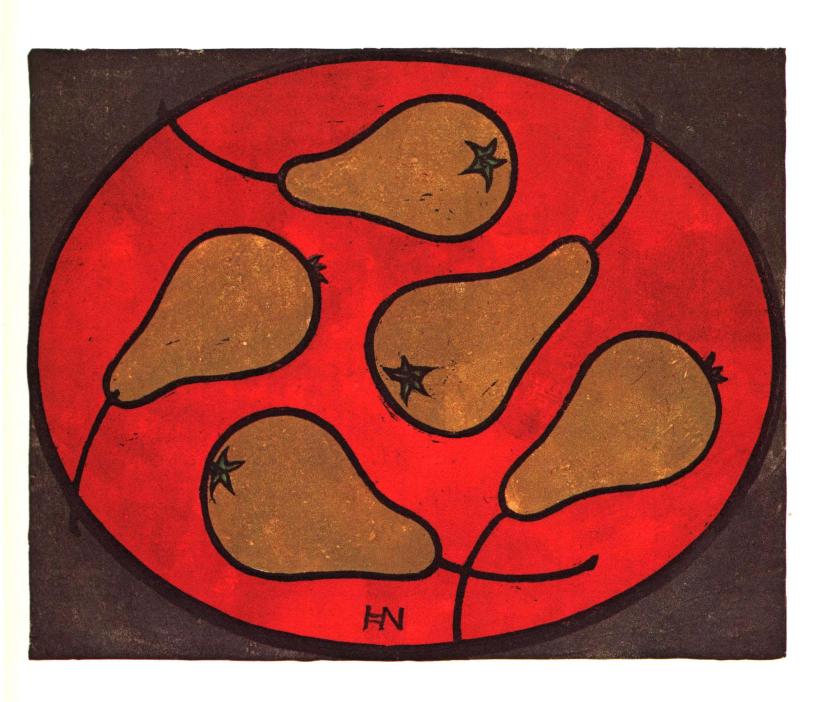
22 The Kiss II





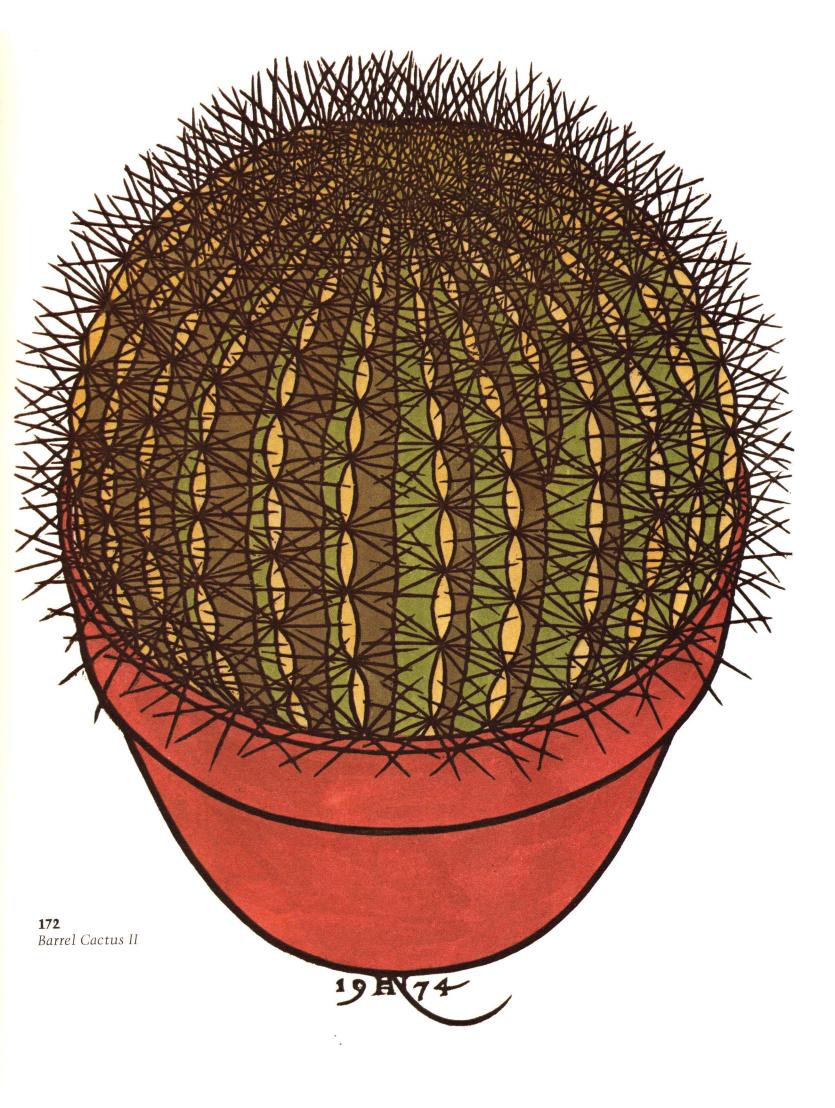


Apples in a Basket



Five Pears





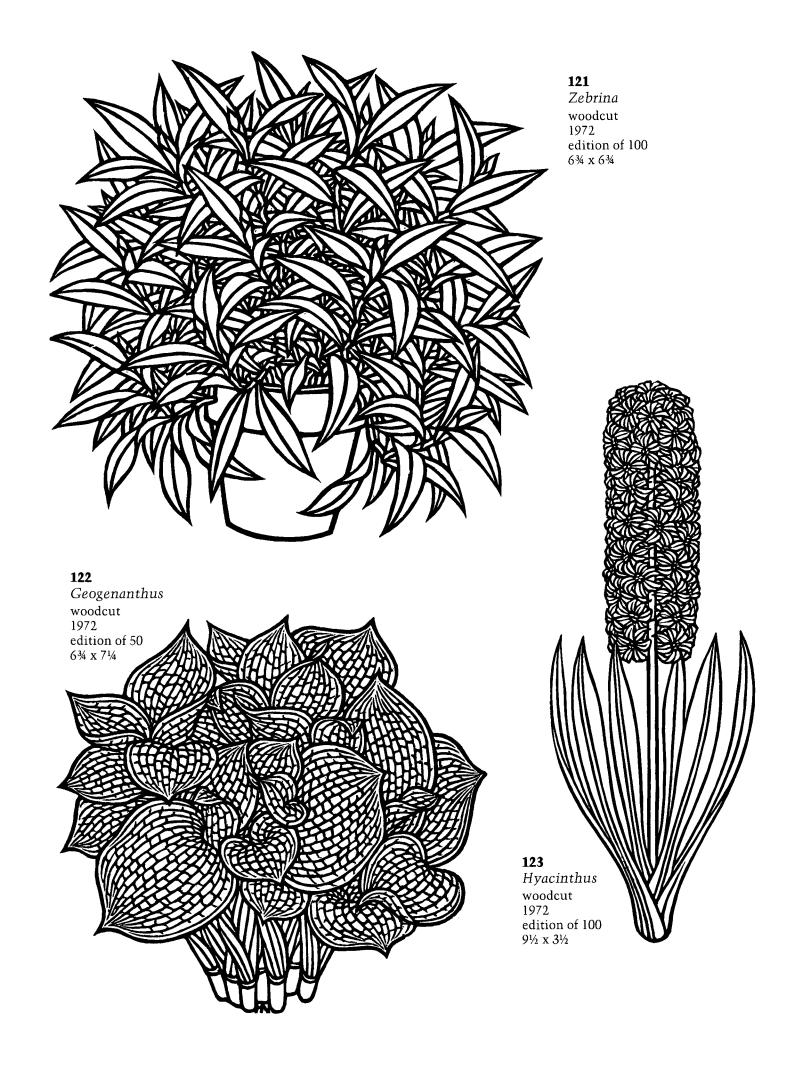


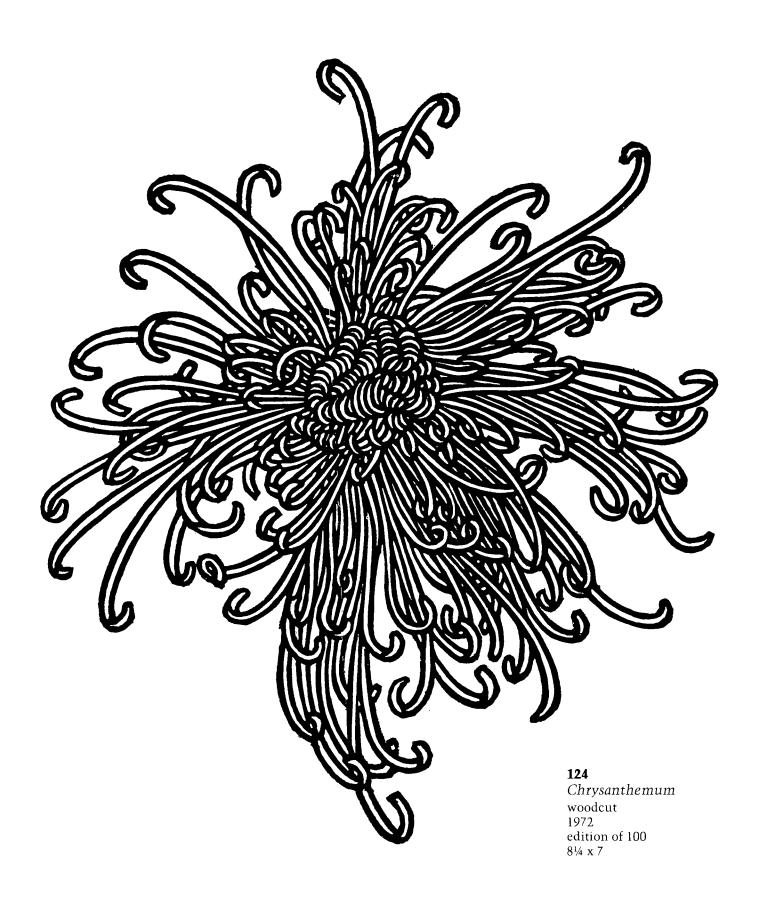
FLORA EXOTICA

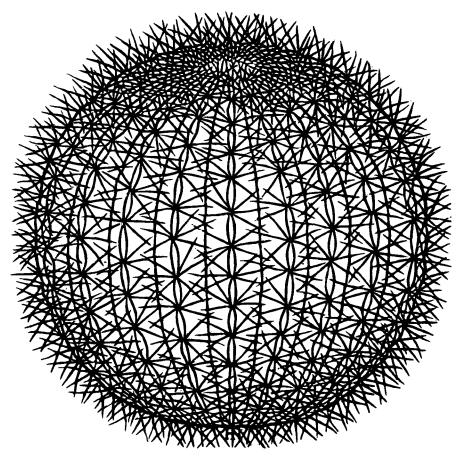
Fifteen woodcuts (120 through 134), printed directly from the artist's blocks, were included in the book Flora Exotica, published in 1972 by David R. Godine, Boston. The regular edition of the book was 3,500. A special edition of 300 books included an extra set of the prints, signed by the artist. A deluxe edition of 50 books included a set of hand-colored woodcuts, each individually signed. These editions are in addition to the artist's own editions, which are indicated in this catalogue. Eleven of the woodcuts in Flora Exotica were printed in single colors, red, green, and yellow, for the book, the others were printed in black. The editions published by Hnizdovsky and signed and numbered by him were printed in black only.



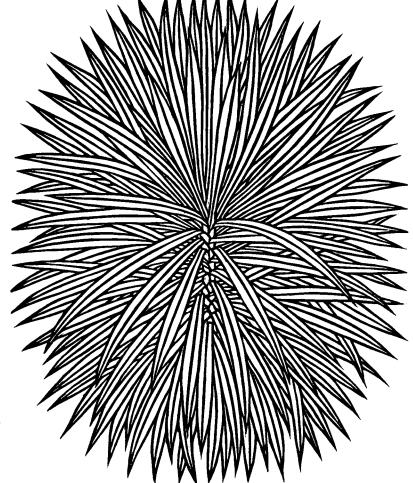
120 Dracaena woodcut 1972 edition of 100 8 x 6½



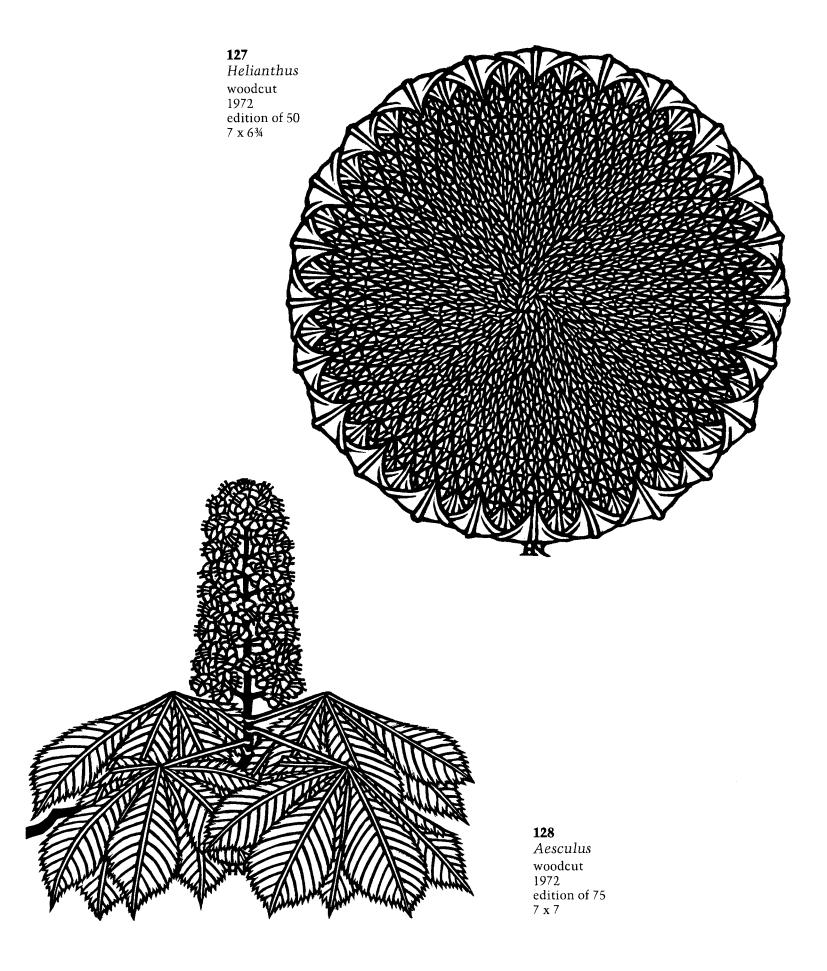


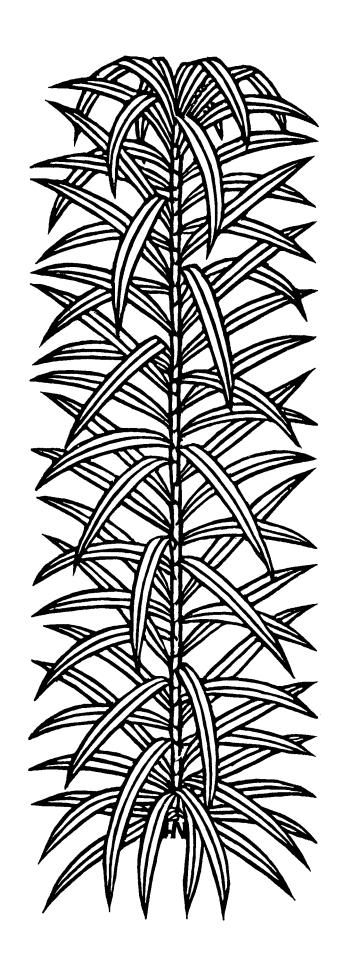


Echinocactus woodcut 1972 edition of 100 6¾ x 6¾

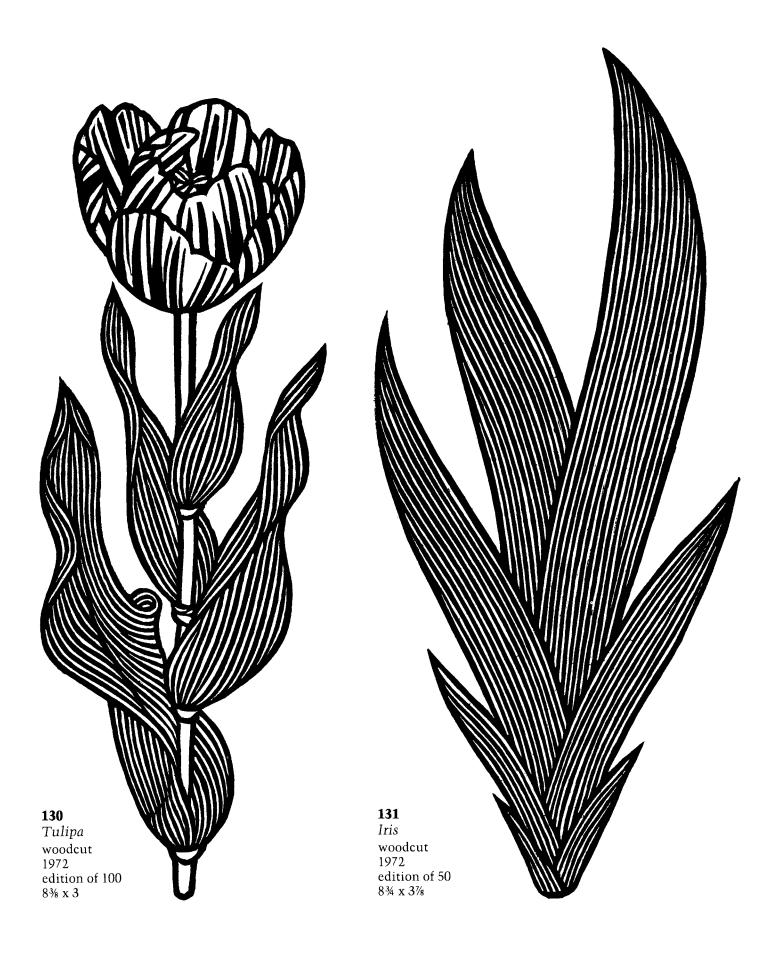


126 Yucca woodcut 1972 edition of 85 8 x 6½



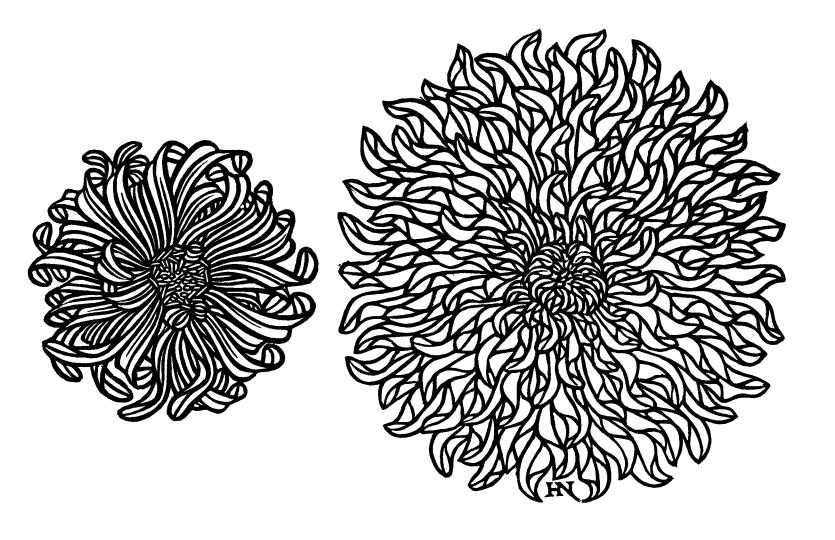


Lilium woodcut 1972 edition of 35 9 x 3

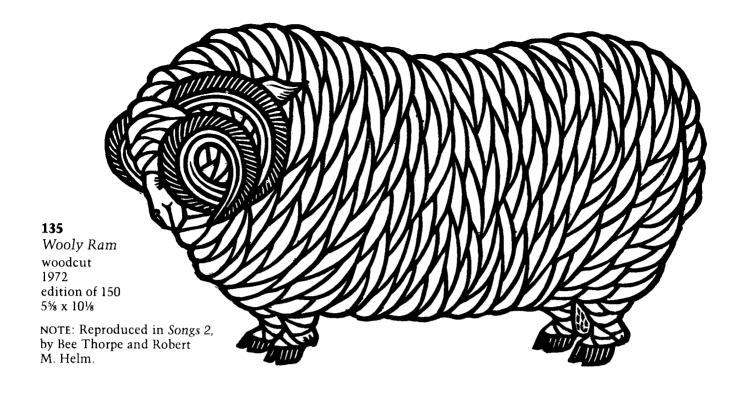


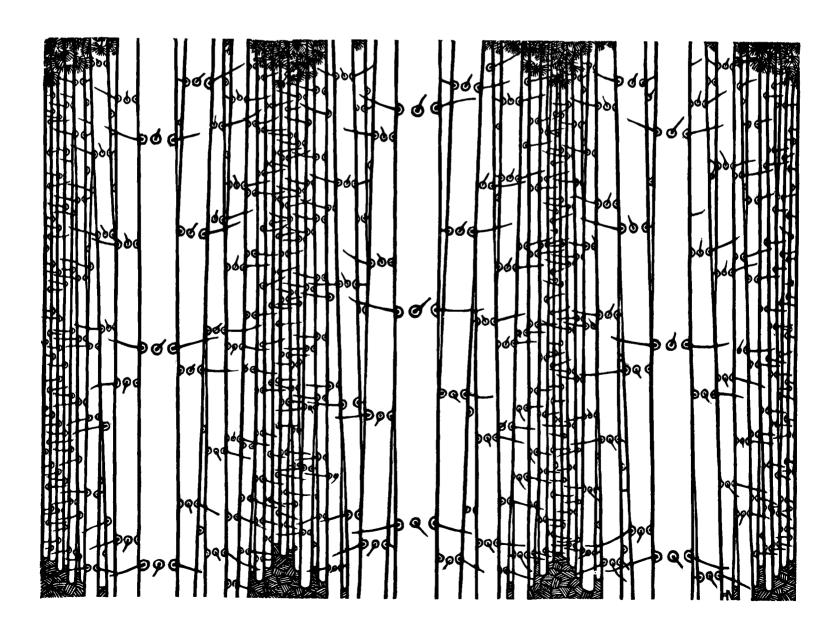


132 Rosa woodcut 1972 edition of 100 71/4 x 63/4



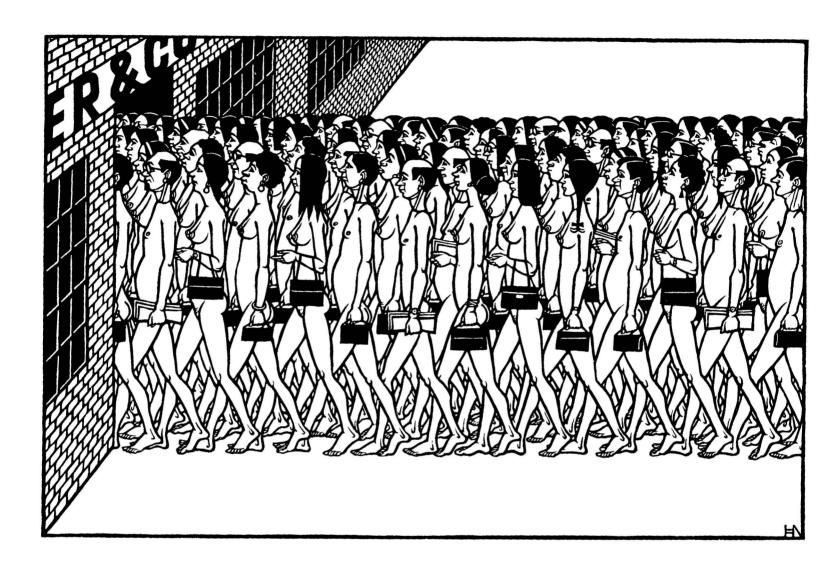
133 Dahlia woodcut 1972 edition of 75 4 x 4 Callistephus woodcut 1972 edition of 75 6% x 6%



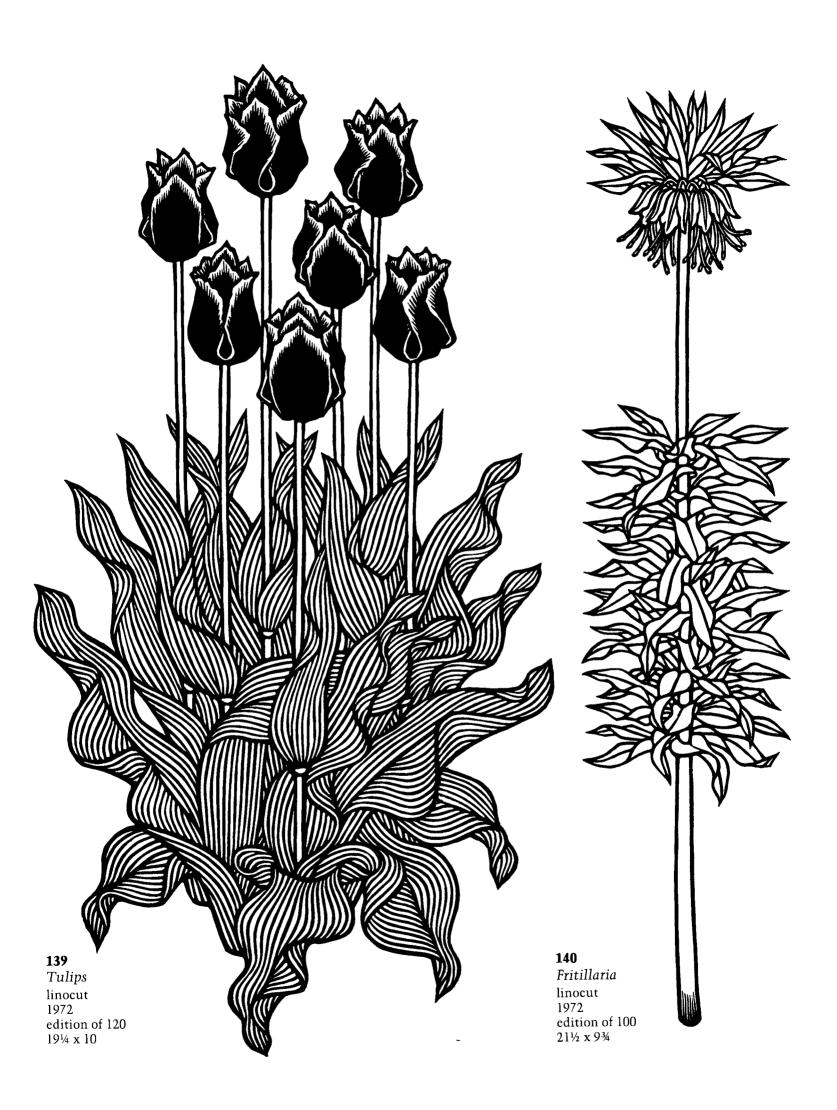




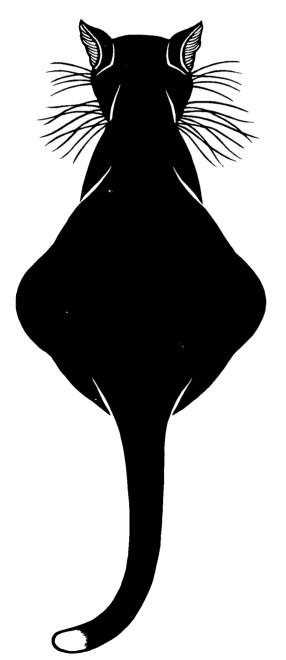
Pine Forest linocut 1972 edition of 100 18 x 25



138 7:45 A.M. woodcut 1972 edition of 120 15% x 24



Simon linocut 1972 edition of 150 19% x 7%





142 Ibex linocut 1972 edition of 150 18½ x 12¾

NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists



143
Telephone Booths
woodcut
1972
edition of 100
16 x 22%

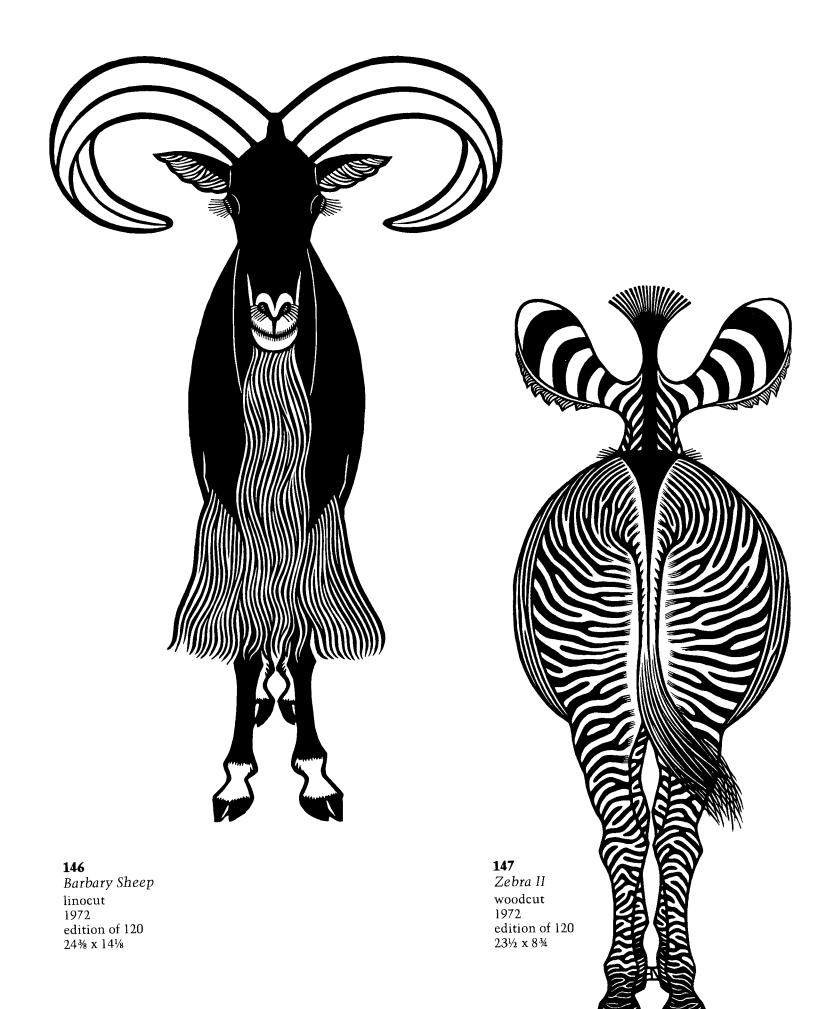


Telephone Booths II woodcut, hand-colored 1972 edition of 100 8 x 11 145

Ram II

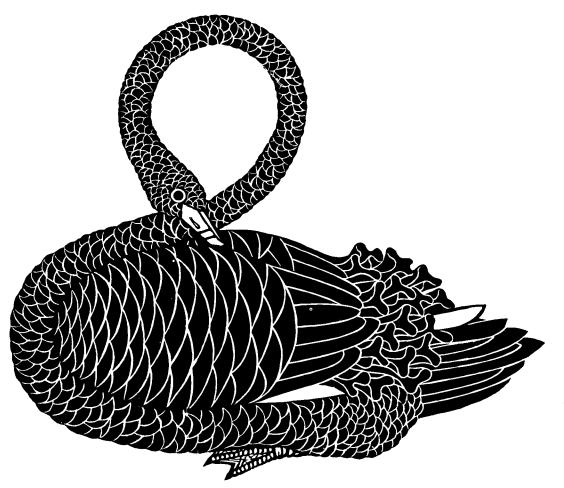
woodcut
1972
edition of 100
63% x 51/8



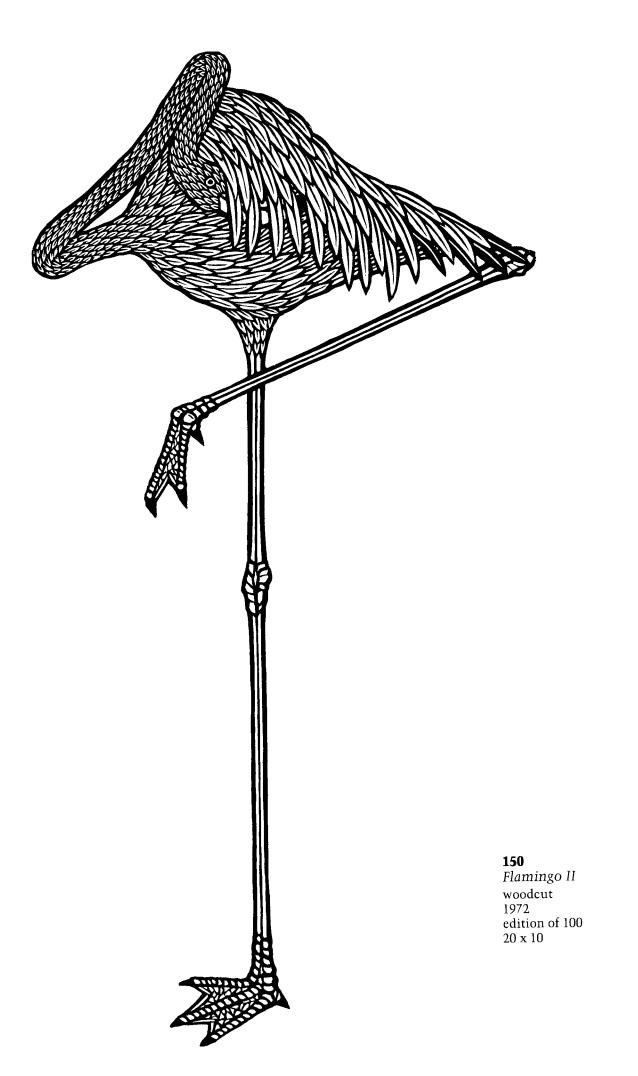


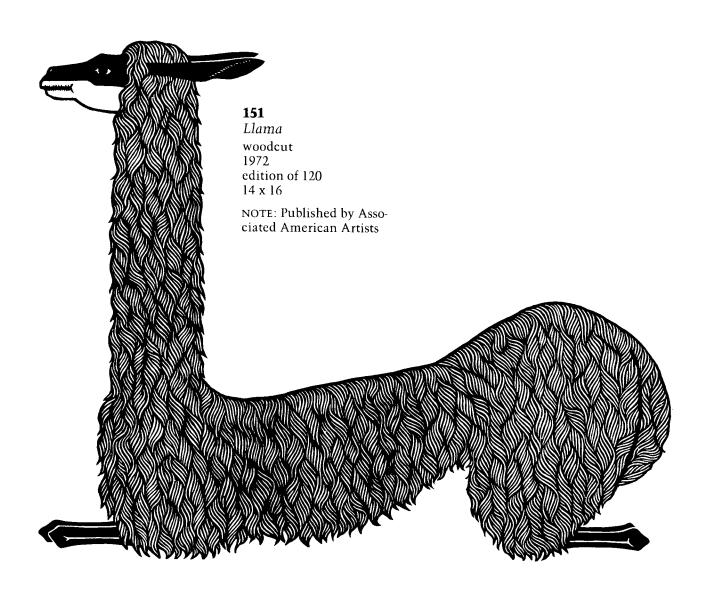


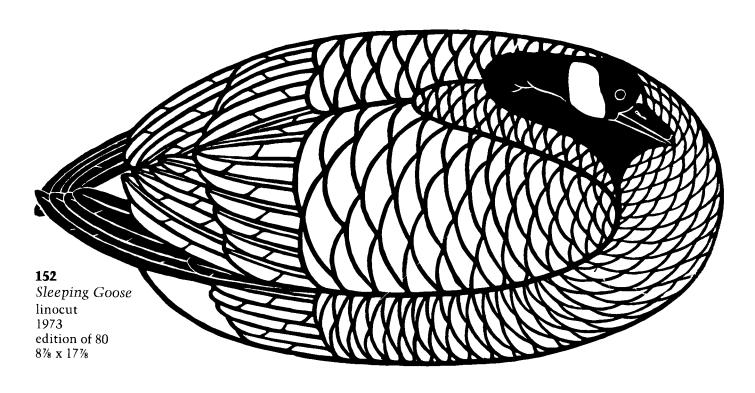
148
Tiger
linocut
1972
edition of 150
15 x 15¹/₄



149
Black Swan
woodcut
1972
edition of 100
17 x 19%

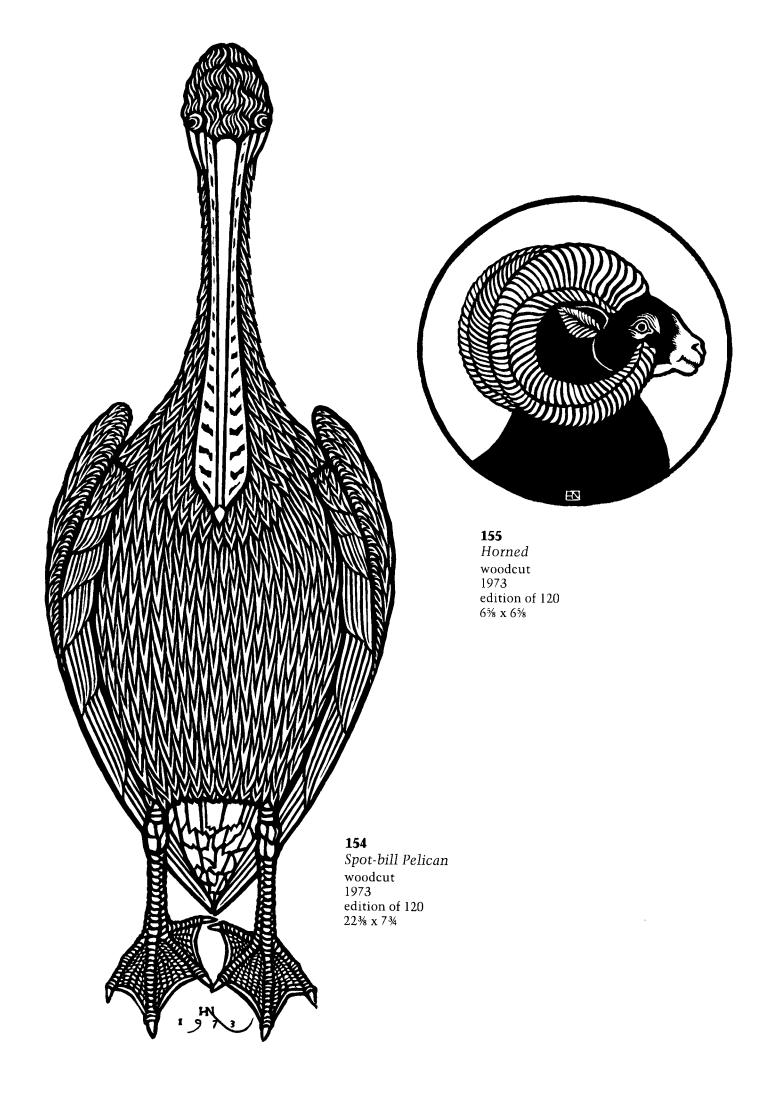


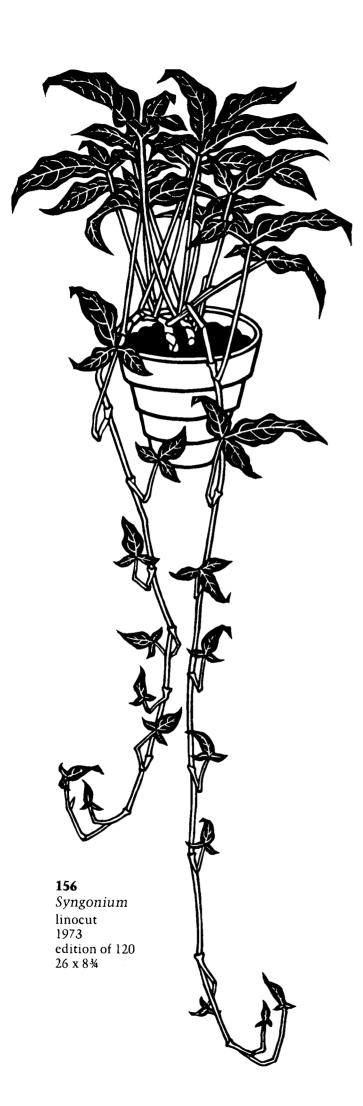


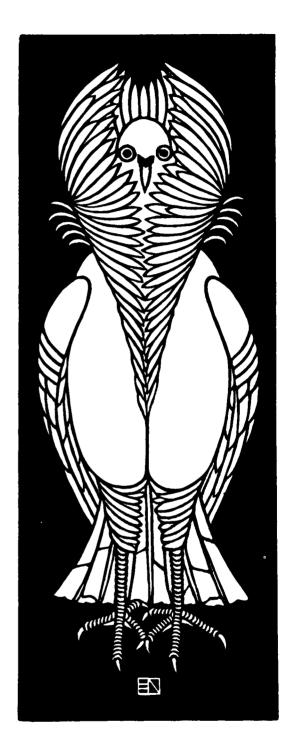




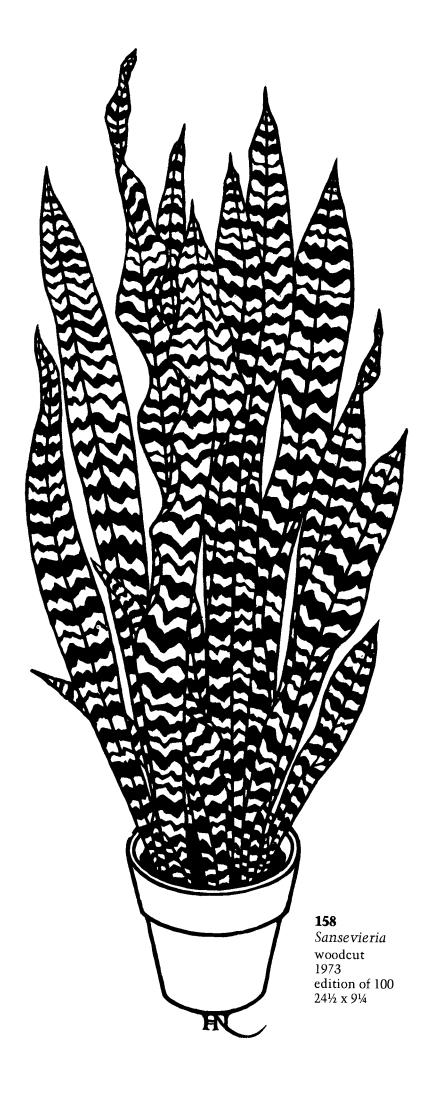
153
Iris on Black
linocut
1973
edition of 100
181/8 x 16







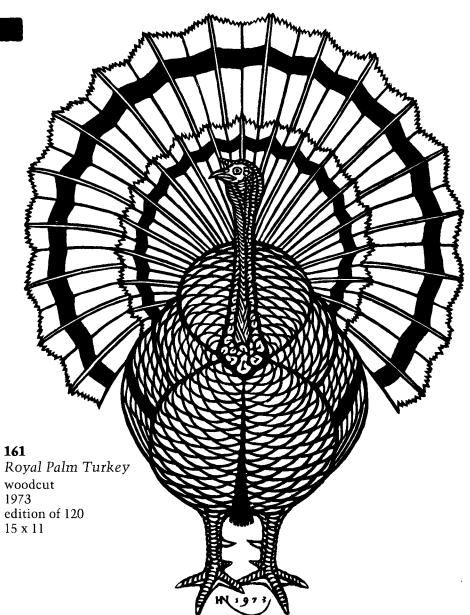
157
Jacobin Pigeon
linocut
1973
edition of 100
13½ x 5



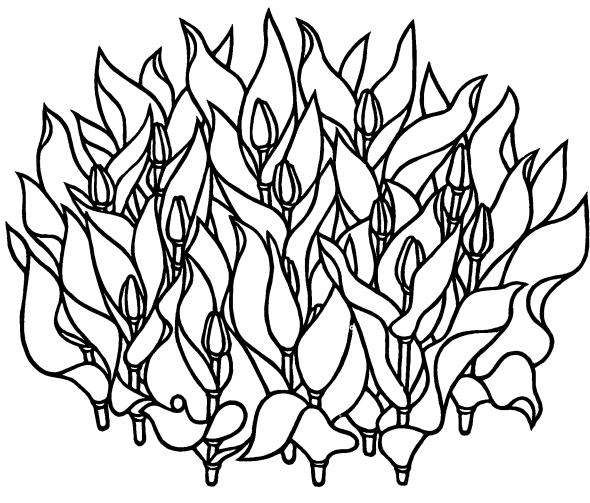




Northern Barred Owl woodcut 1973 edition of 120 6½ x 3½



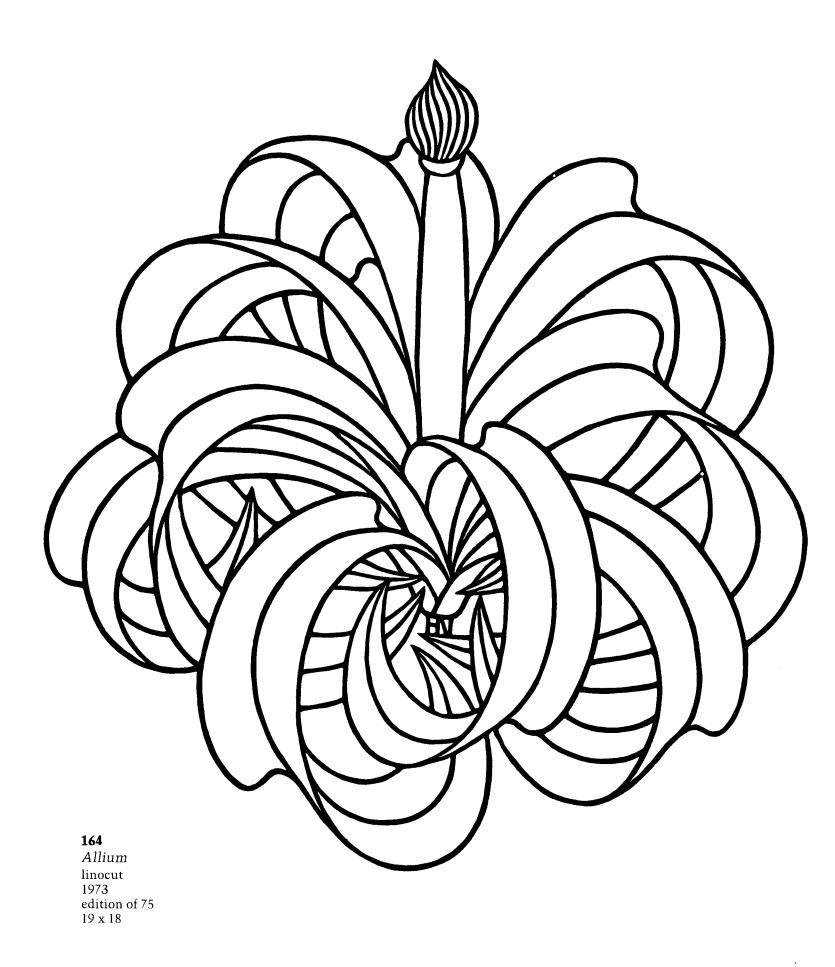
Early Tulips linocut 1973 edition of 100 10¾ x 12%

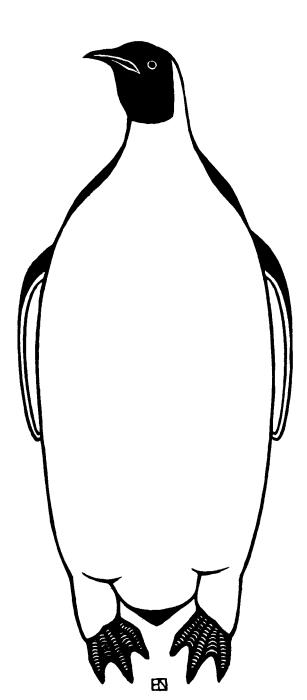


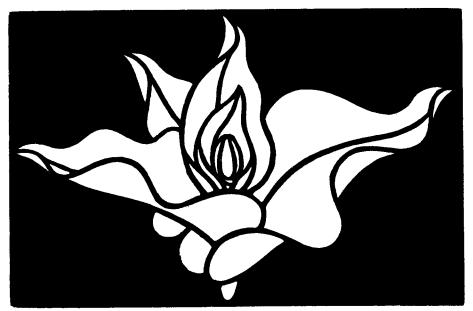


Moses in a Boat linocut 1973 edition of 85 13 x 13

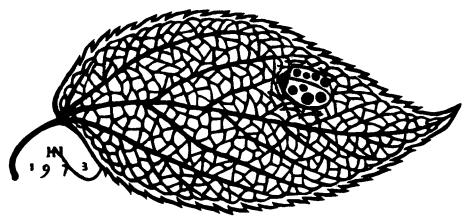
NOTE: Published by Ferdinand Roten Galleries





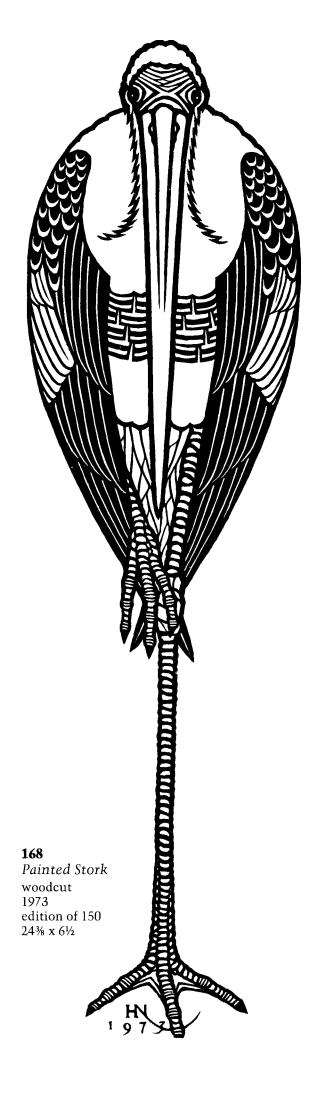


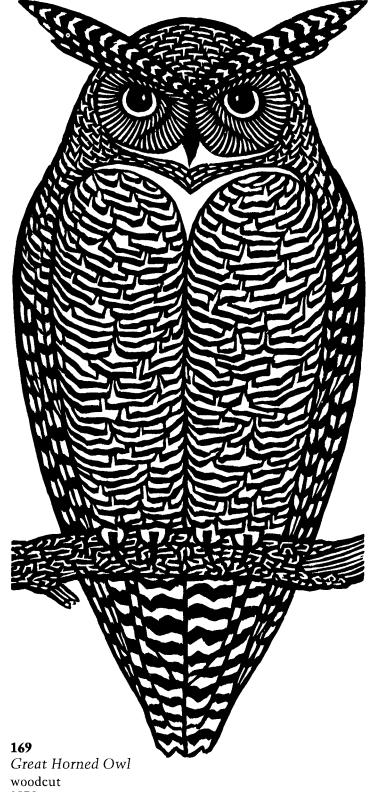
First Tulip linocut 1973 edition of 100 51/4 x 81/8



Emperor Penguin linocut 1973 edition of 120 11% x 5

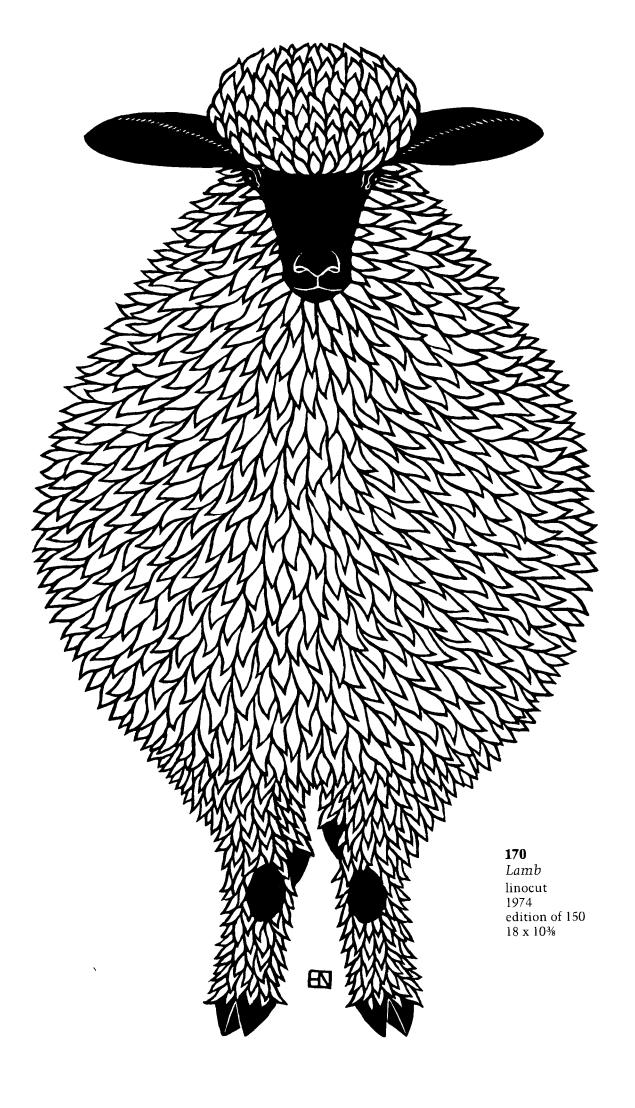
Lady Bug woodcut 1973 edition of 120 2¾ x 6

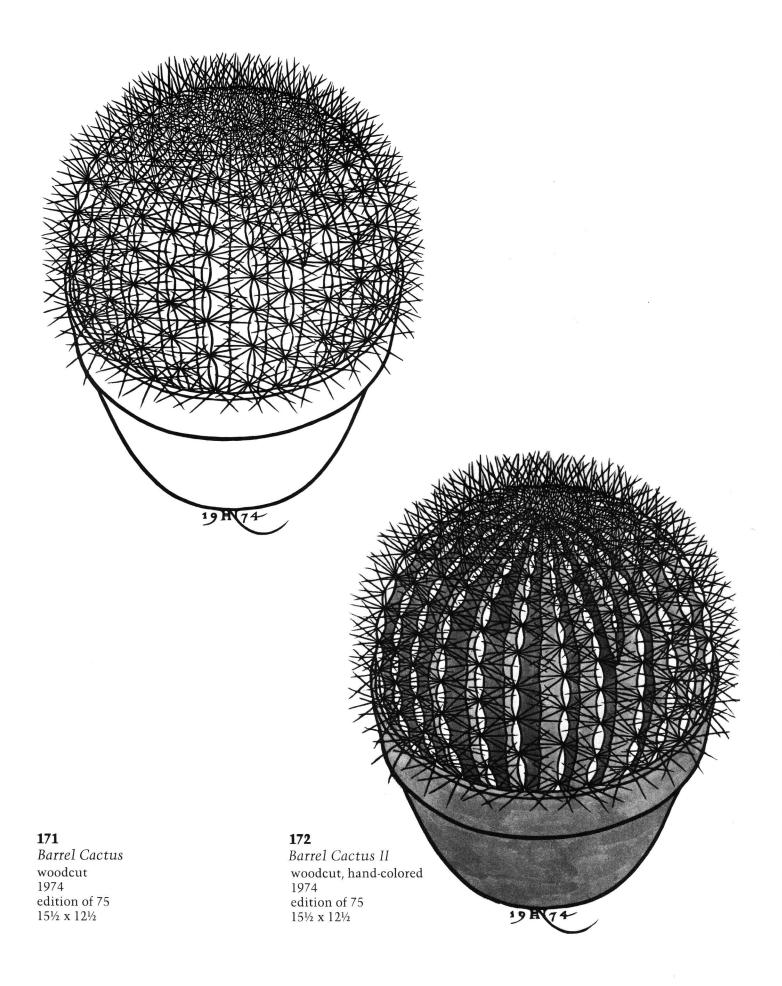


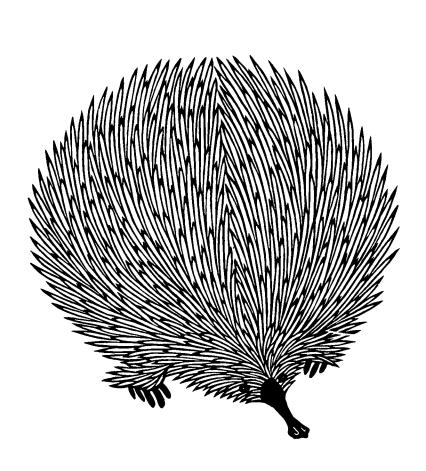


Great Horned Owl woodcut 1973 edition of 120 11 x 51/4

NOTE: Published by Tahir Gallery







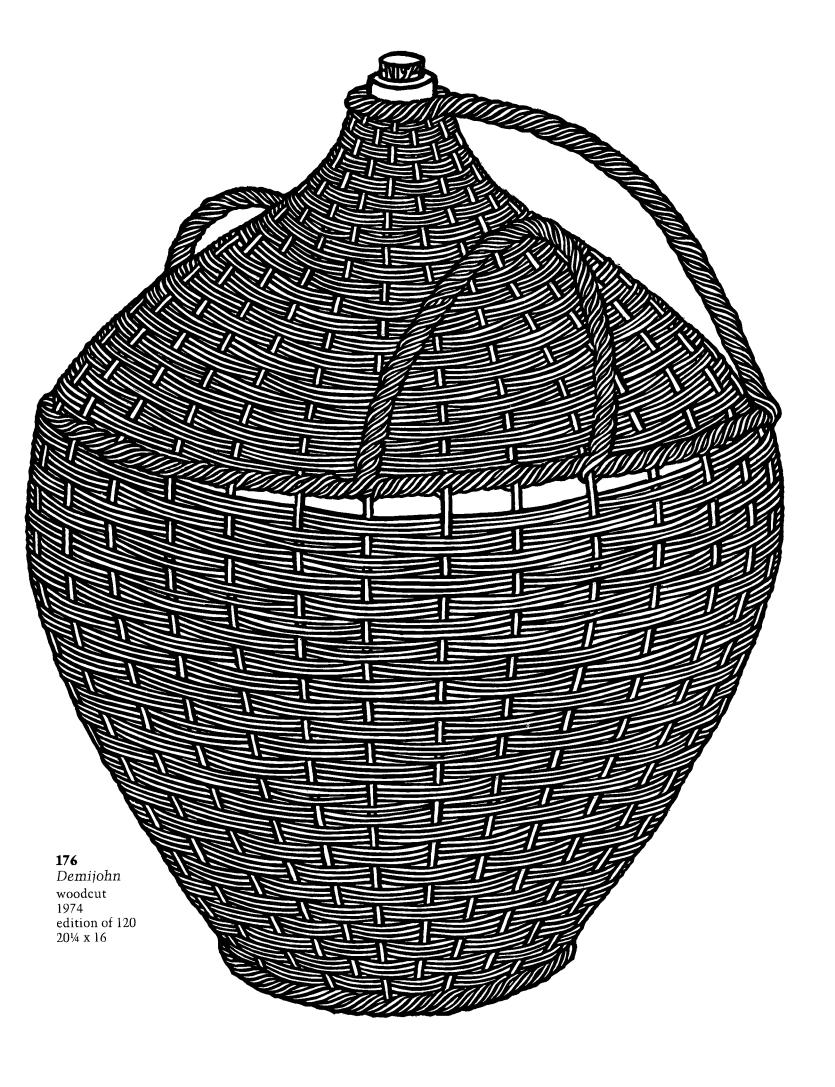


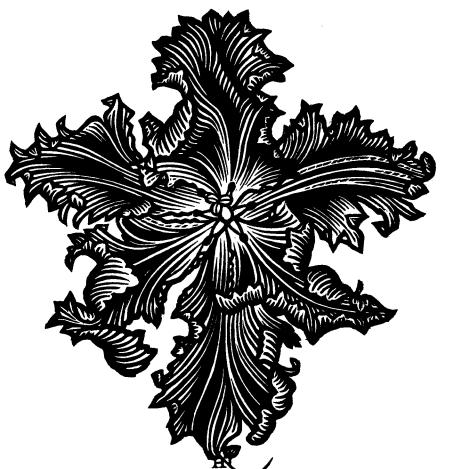
173

Native Porcupine woodcut 1974 edition of 250 7½ x 7½

NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists 174
Spider Chrysanthemum
woodcut
1974
edition of 120
14 x 51/8





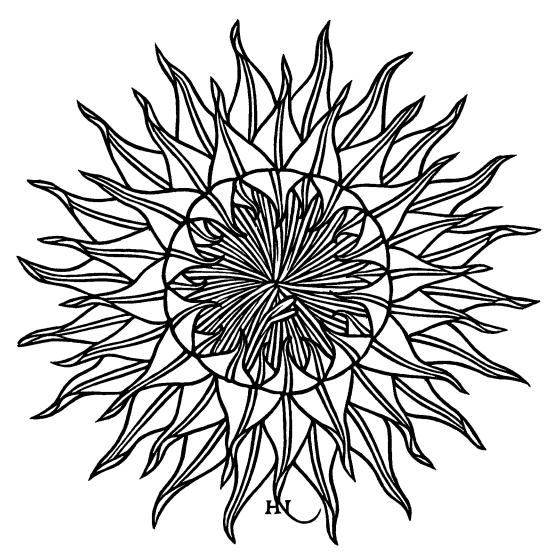


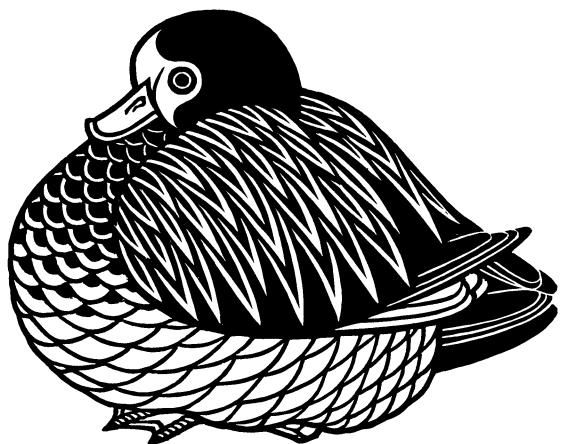
Parrot Tulip woodcut 1974 edition of 150 7½ x 7

178
Sansevieria Hahnii
woodcut
1974
edition of 150
9½ x 8½



179 Sunflower woodcut 1974 edition of 85 9 x 9

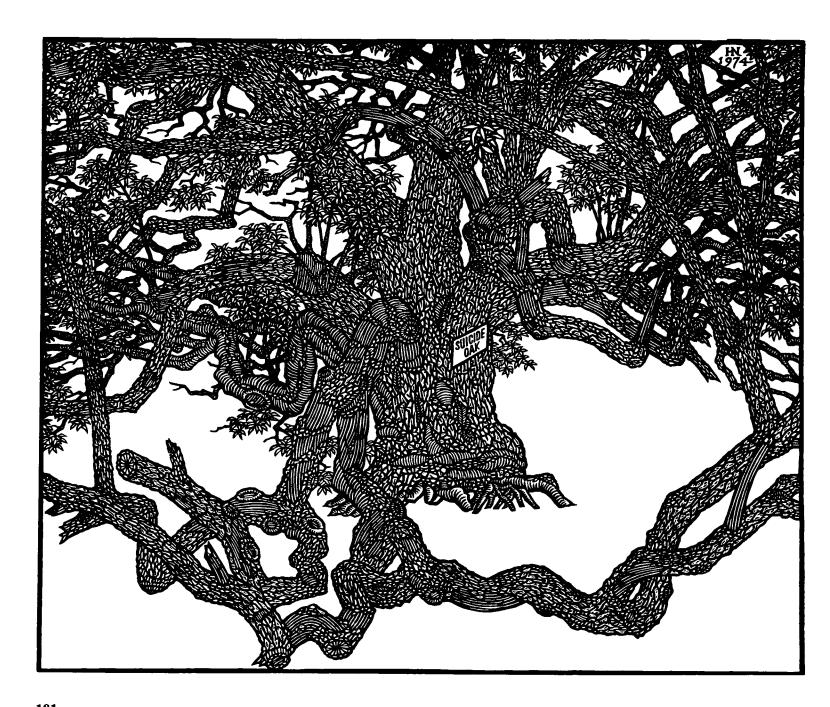




180

Duck woodcut 1974 edition of 250 5½ x 7½

NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists

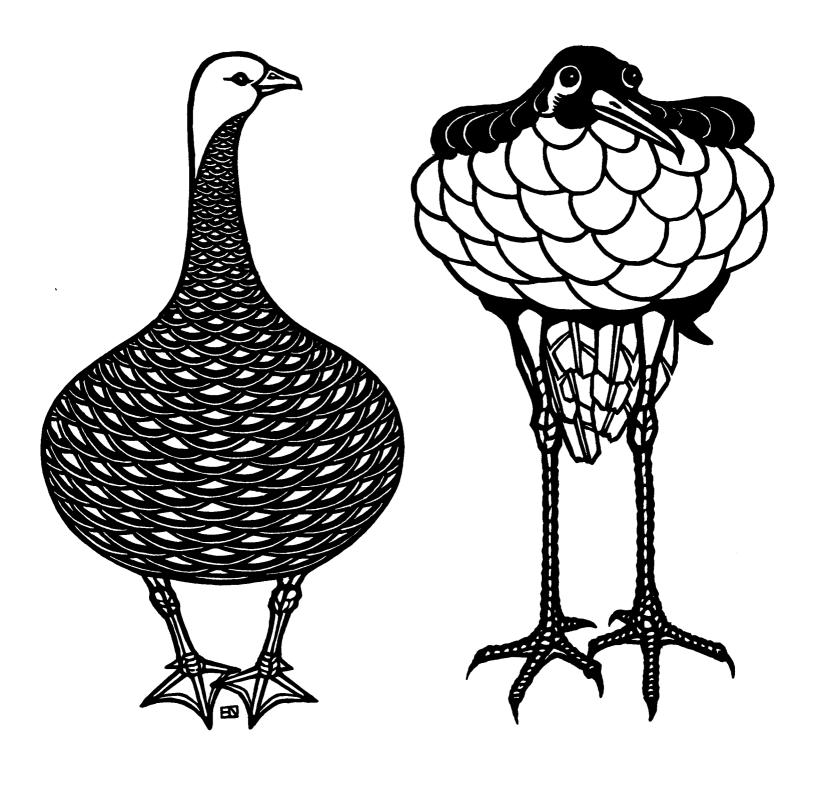


181 Suicide Oak, New Orleans woodcut 1974 edition of 125

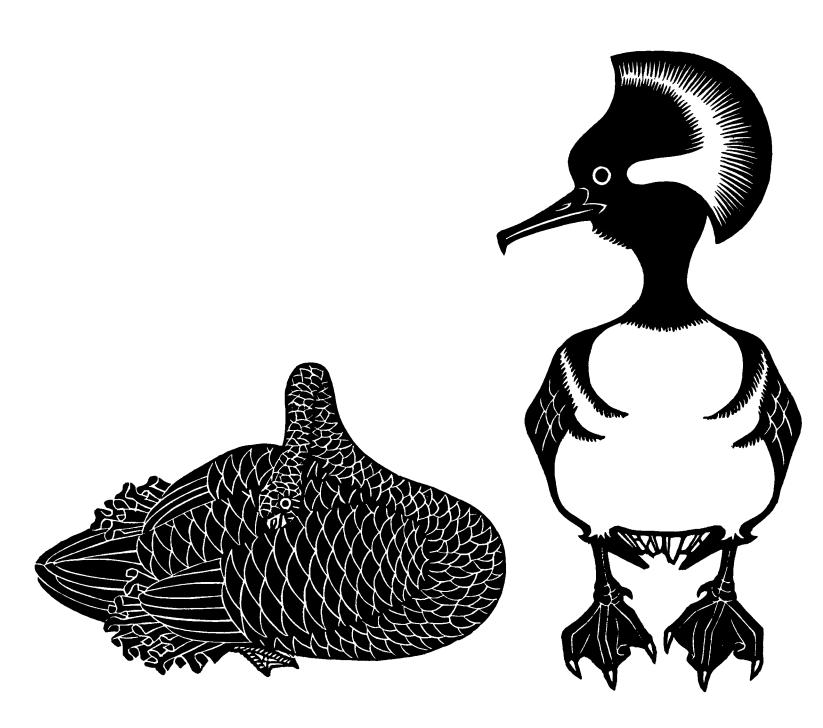
18 x 22

NOTE: Published by Tahir Gallery

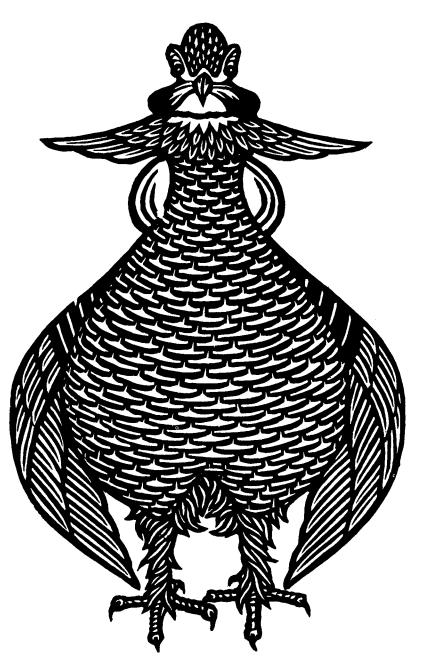
The famous Suicide Oak, estimated to be more than 450 years old, stands in City Park in New Orleans. Its name derives from the fact that many disconsolate lovers and bankrupts committed suicide there. Although a hurricane damaged it in 1965, the branches of Suicide Oak still spread over about 100 feet of ground.



182 Goose woodcut 1974 edition of 75 9 x 5 Ruff woodcut 1974 edition of 100 9 x 5



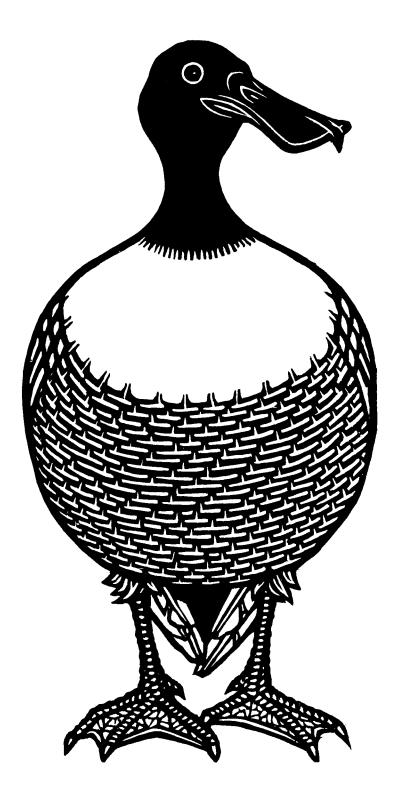
184 Swan woodcut 1974 edition of 100 4¾ x 6% 185 Hooded Merganser woodcut 1974 edition of 100 9% x 4¾





186 Prairie Chicken woodcut 1974 edition of 100 8½ x 5½

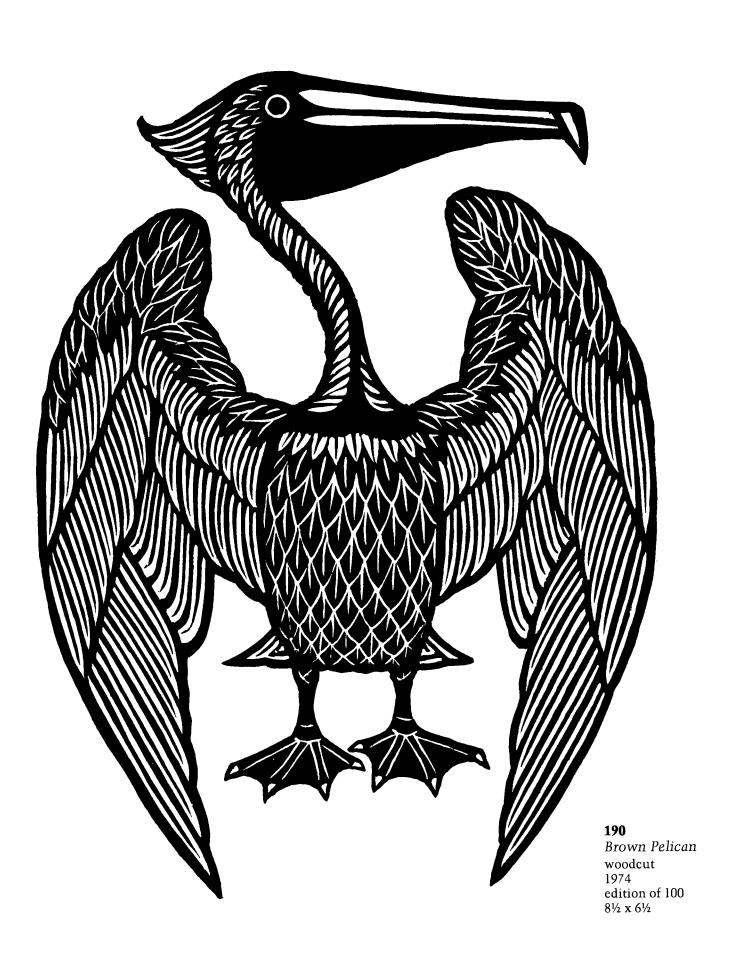
187 Owl woodcut 1974 edition of 120 7½ x 4½

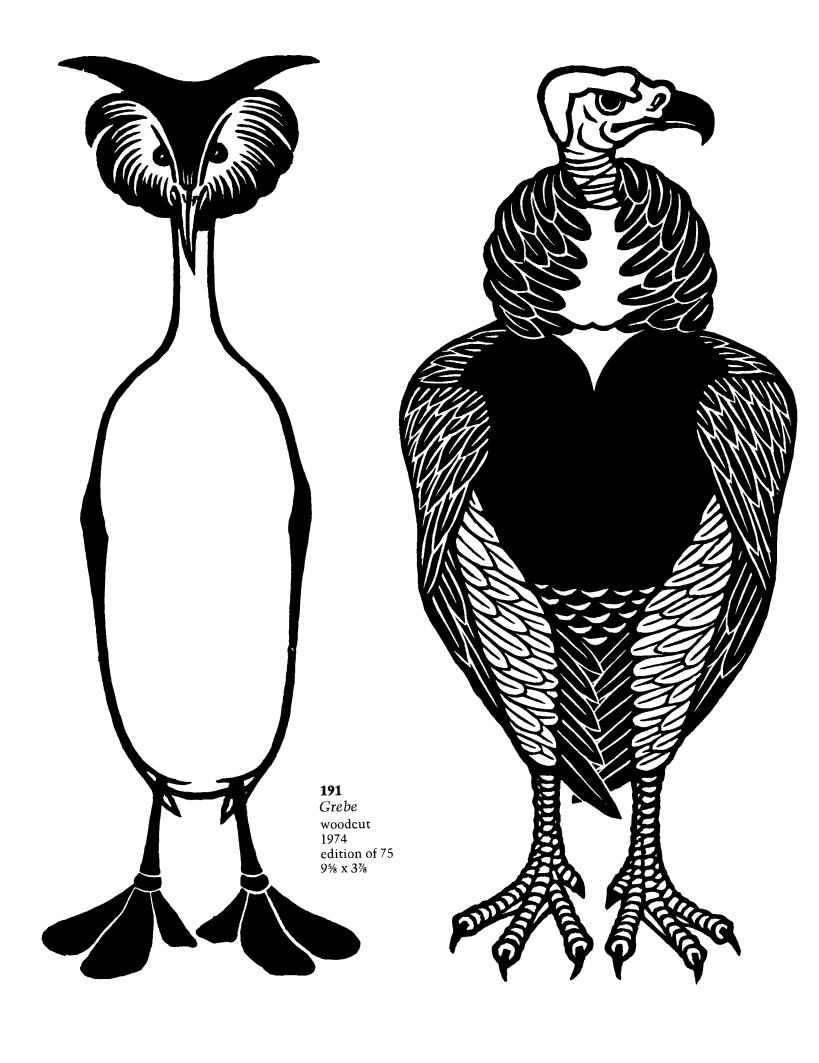


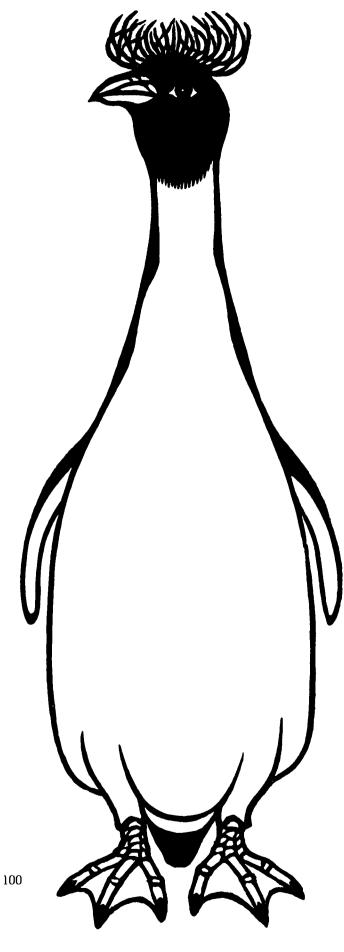
188 Shoveler woodcut 1974 edition of 100 9 x 4½



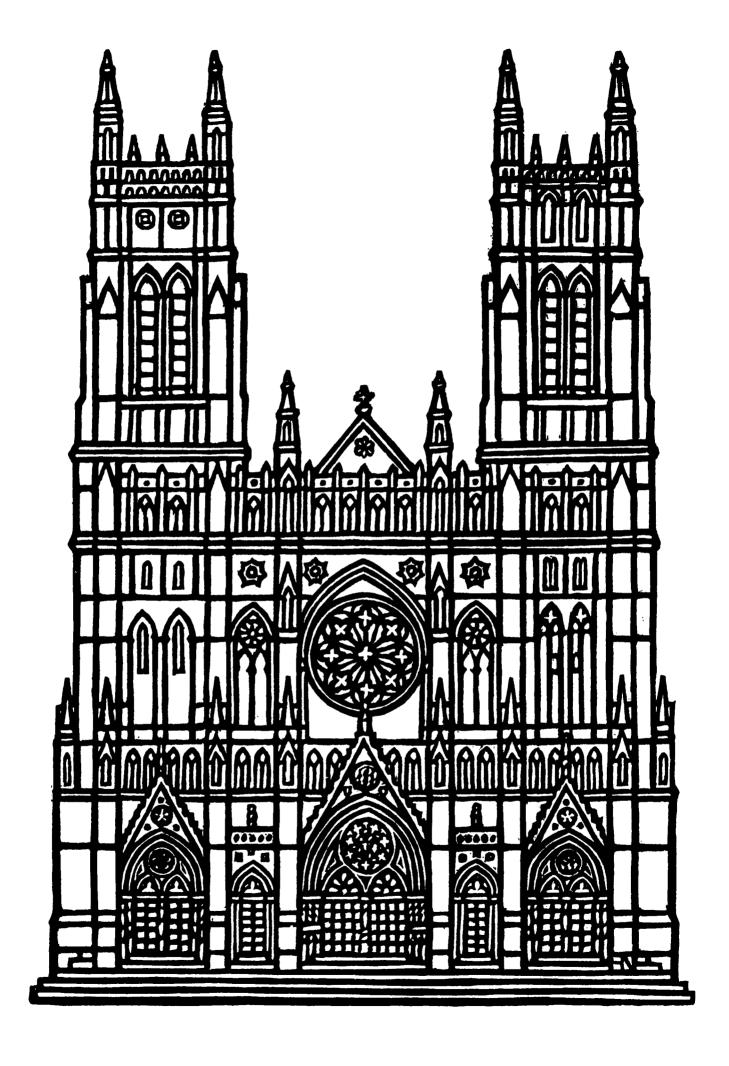
189 Great Auk woodcut 1974 edition of 80 9 x 3%

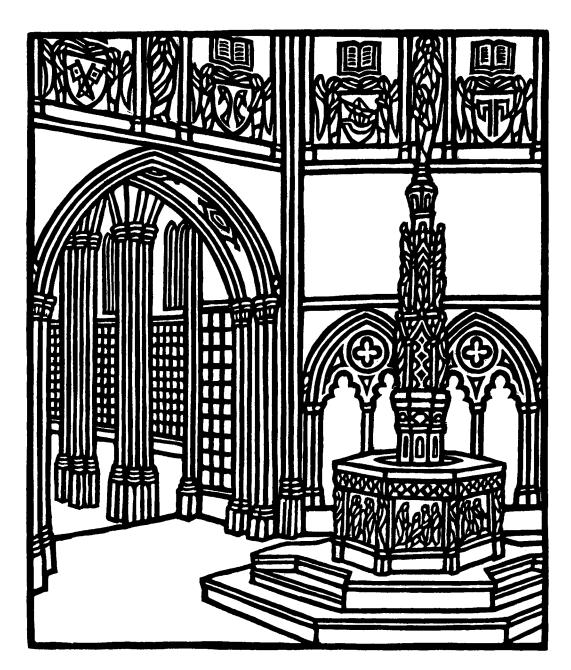






192 White-Headed Vulture woodcut 1974 edition of 100 9 x 4 Penguin woodcut 1974 edition of 100 9½ x 3½



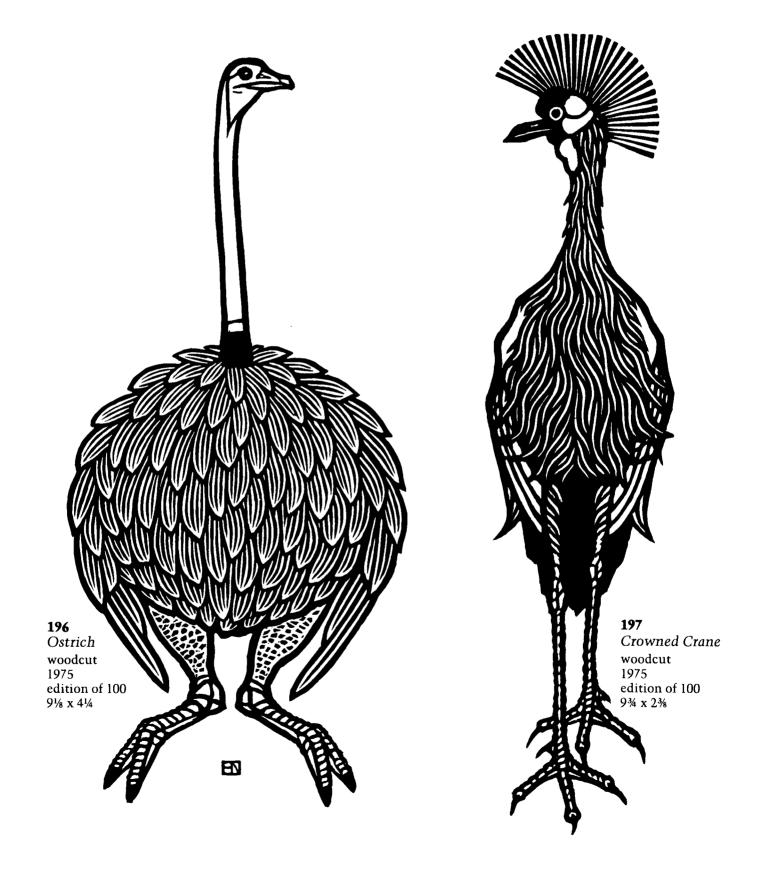


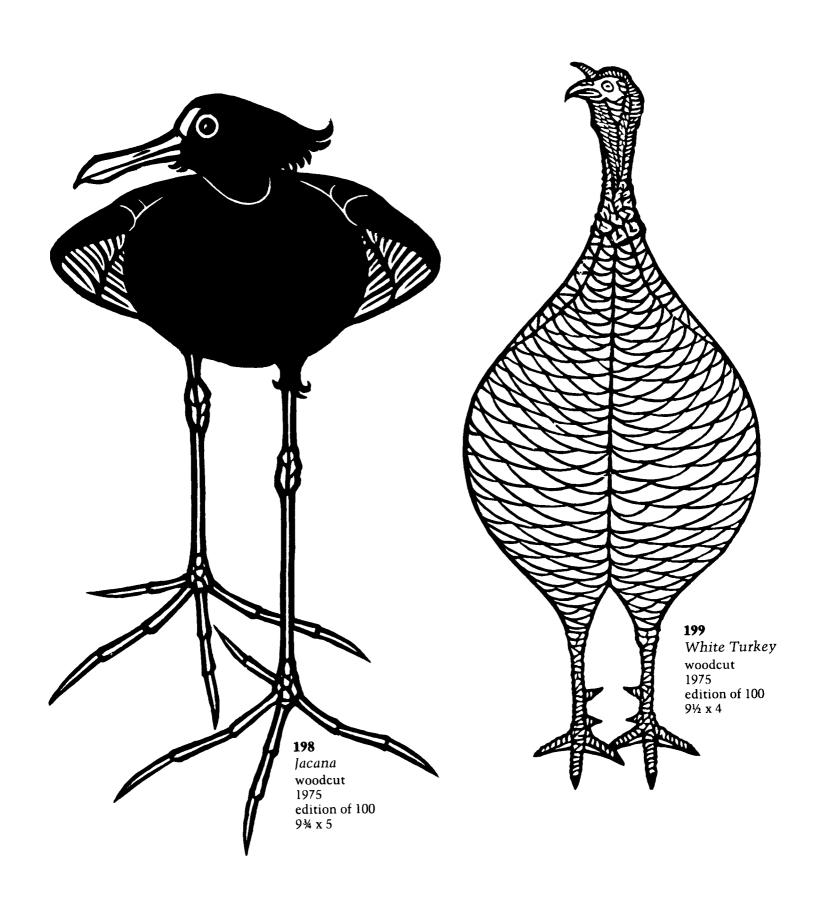
195 St. John the Divine— Interior woodcut 1975 edition not yet published 7% x 6½

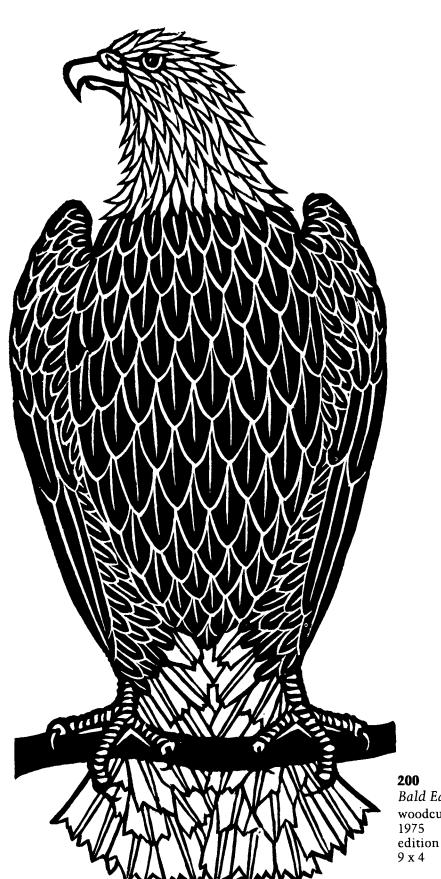
194 St. John the Divine woodcut 1975 edition of 100 10 x 71/8

TWELVE BIRDS

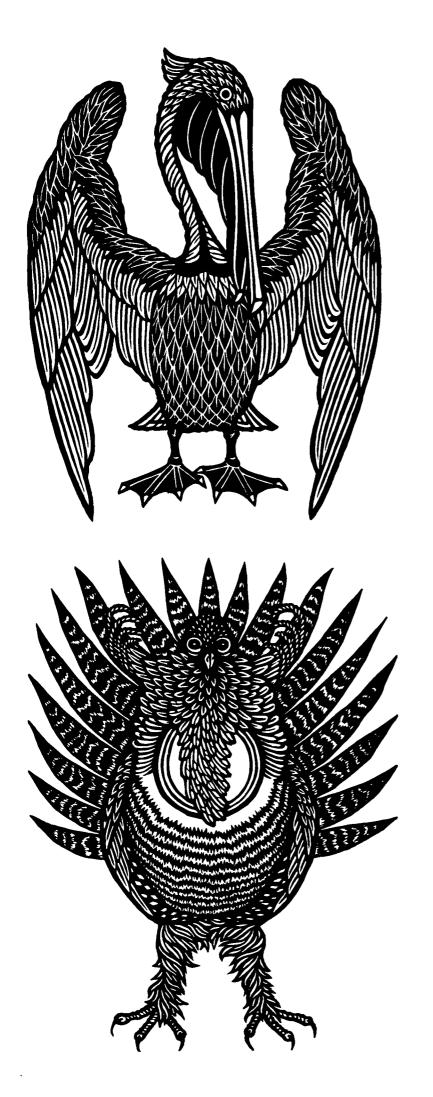
Twelve woodcuts (196 through 207) were published in 1975 by Associated American Artists, New York, in an unbound portfolio titled Twelve Birds, without text, but with a brief description of each bird. The edition was limited to 100. Each woodcut was numbered and signed by the artist.





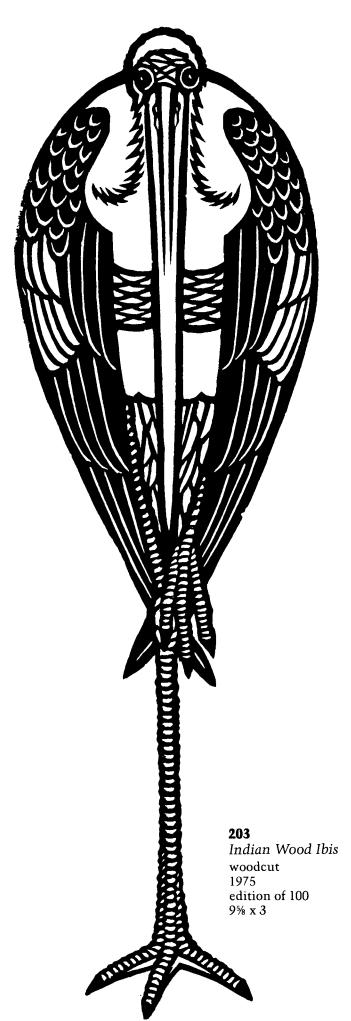


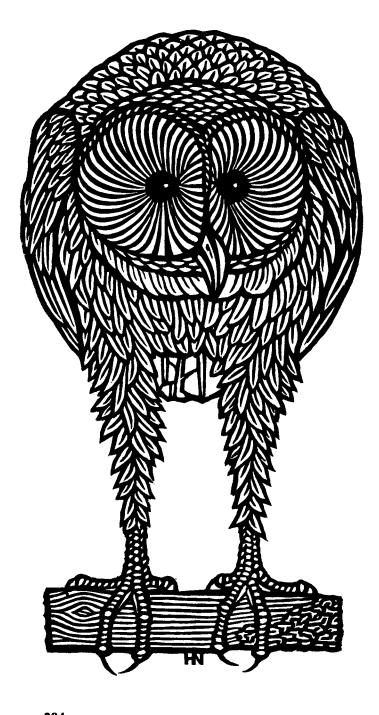
Bald Eagle woodcut 1975 edition of 100 9 x 4



Pelican
woodcut
1975
edition of 100
8½ x 6½

Sage Grouse woodcut 1975 edition of 100 9 x 6¾

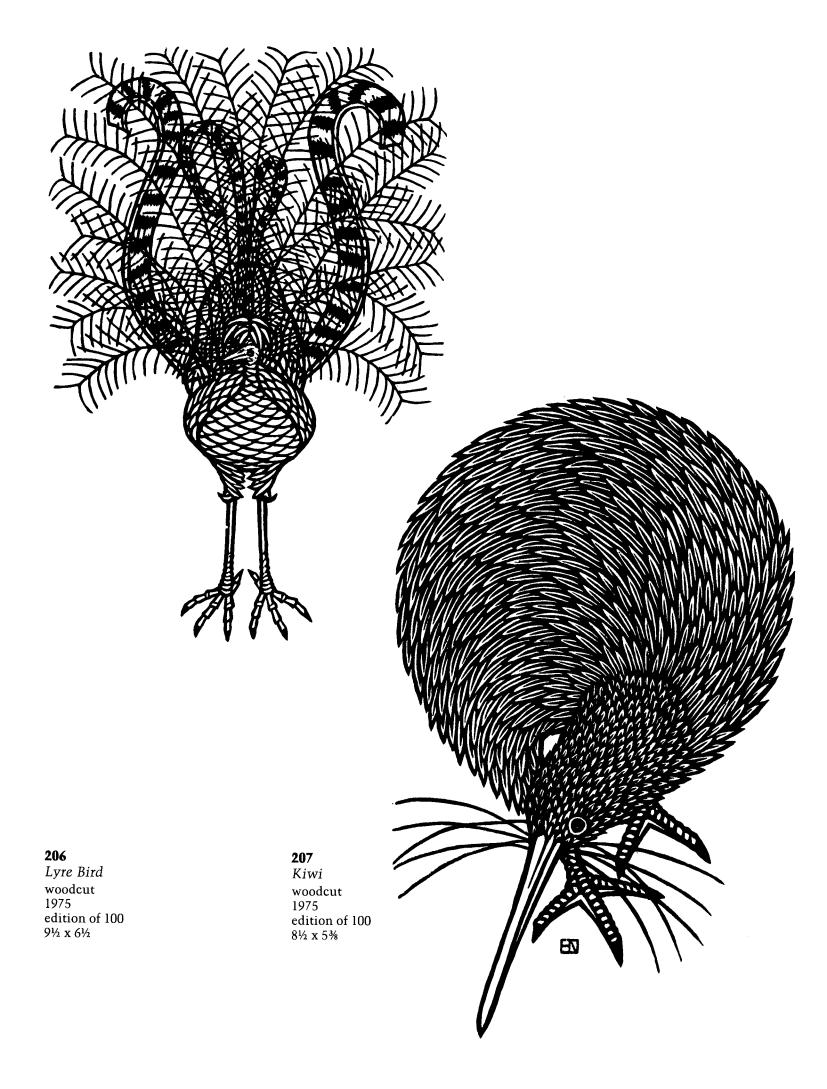


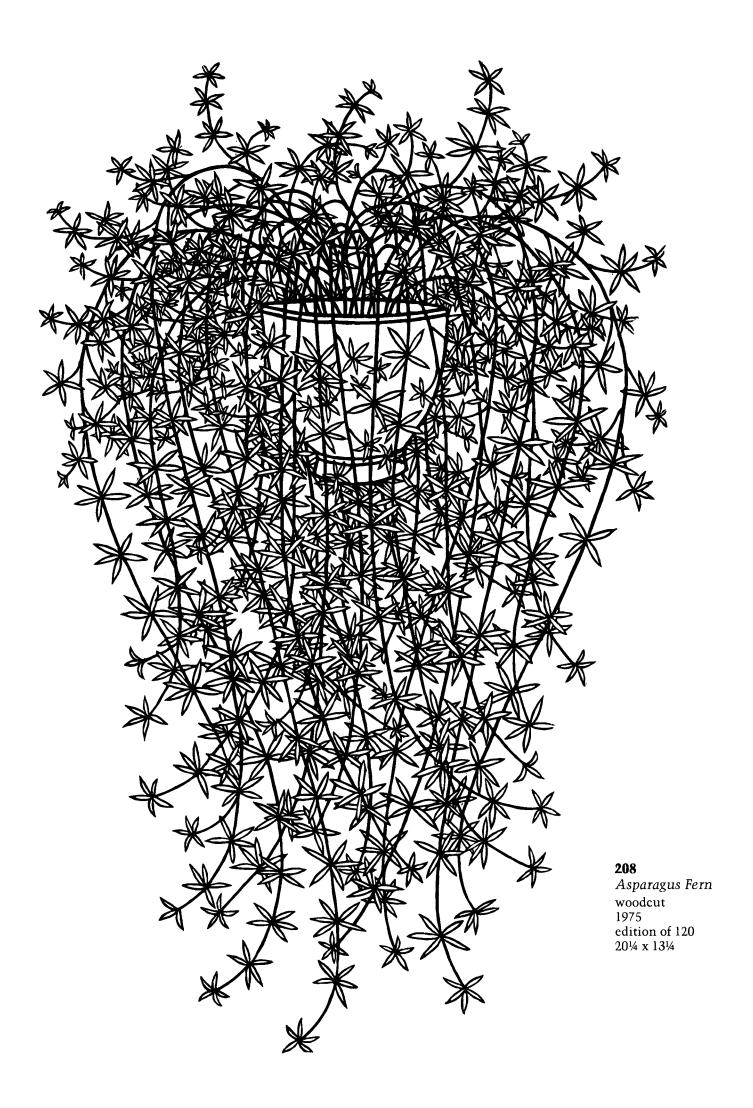


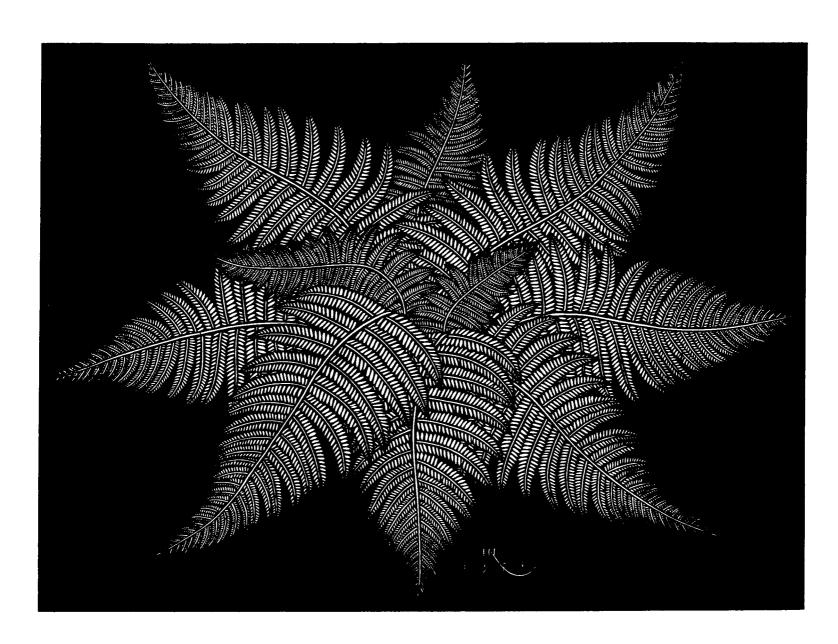
204 Barn Owl woodcut 1975 edition of 100 8¼ x 4%



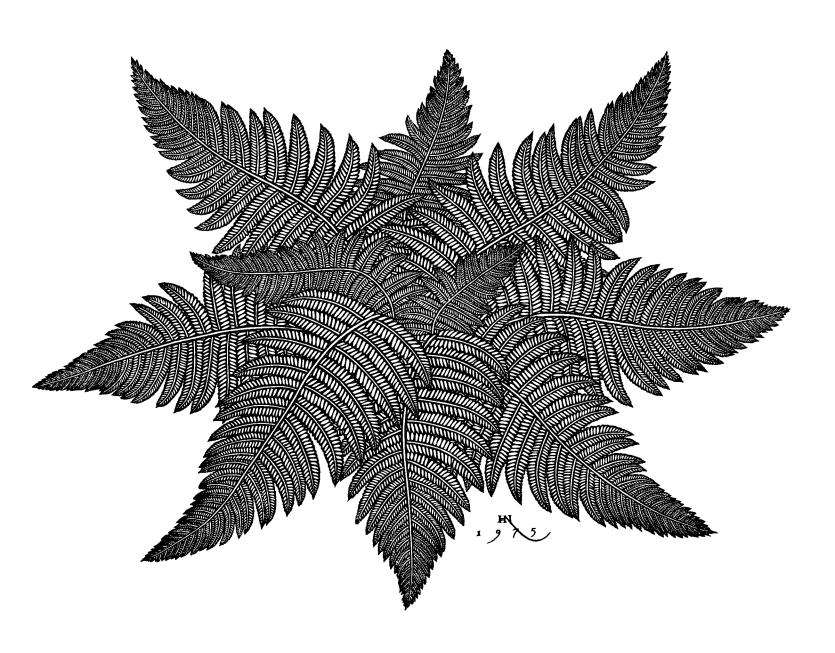
205
Vulture
woodcut
1975
edition of 100
9 x 5



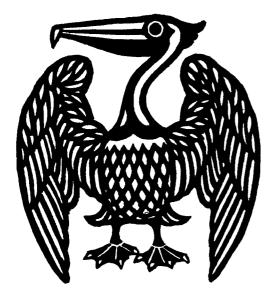


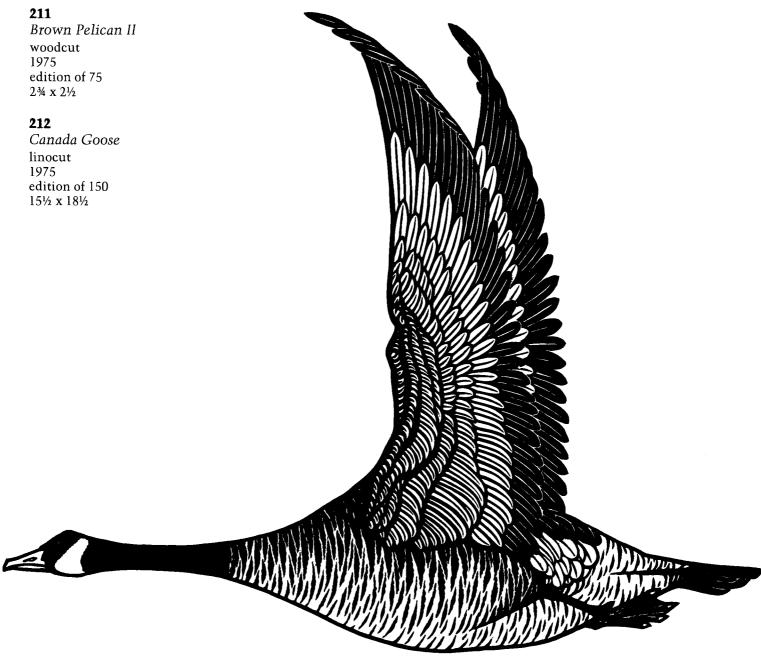


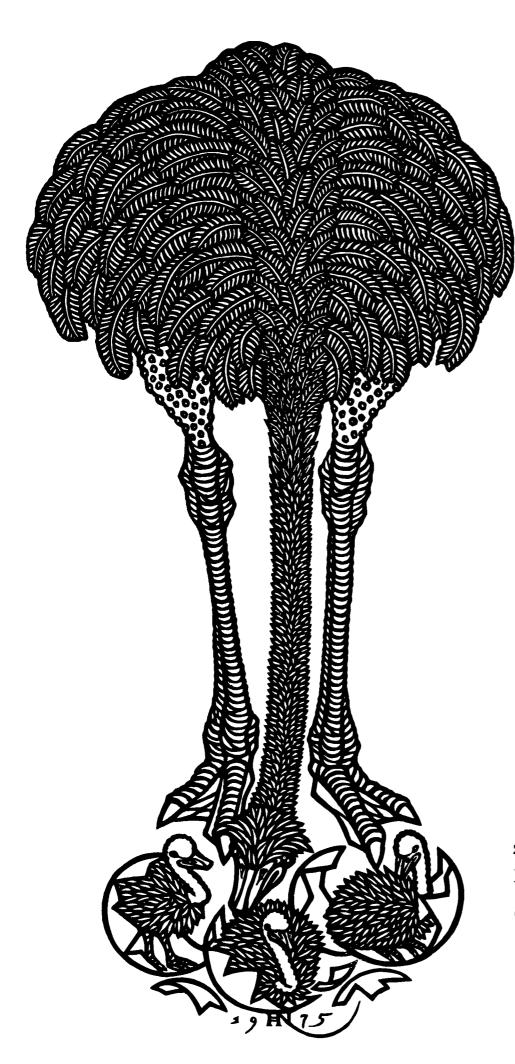
Fern on Black woodcut 1975 edition of 100 14% x 20%



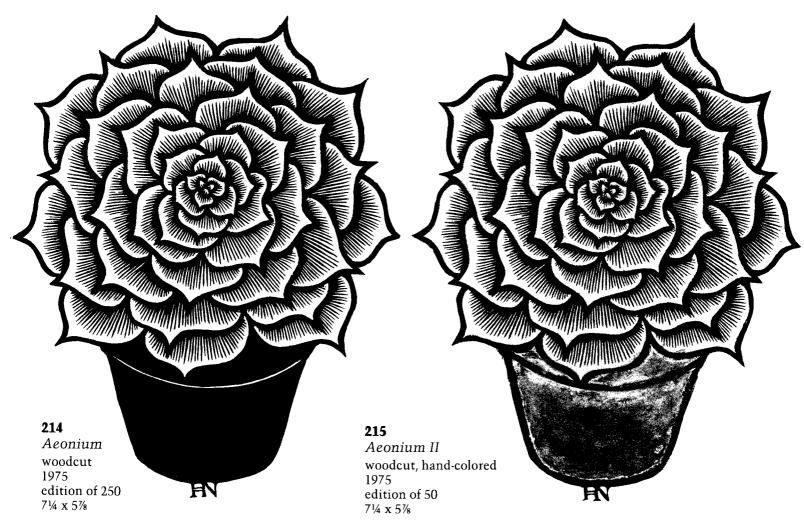
Fern woodcut 1975 edition of 100 14% x 20%







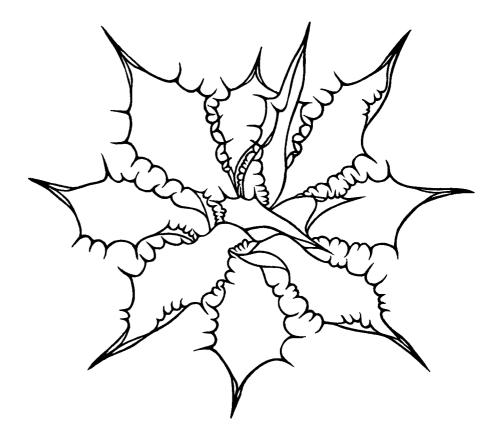
213 Mother Ostrich woodcut 1975 edition of 150 18½ x 9

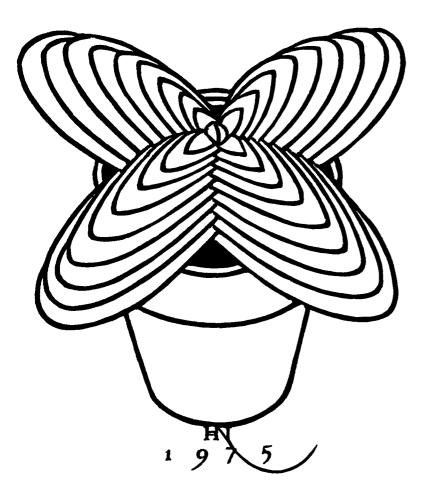


NOTE: Included in the special edition of *Hnizdovsky*: Woodcuts, 1944–1975

NOTE: Aeonium pot modified and titled Aeonium II. Included in the deluxe edition of Hnizdovsky: Woodcuts, 1944–1975

216 Agave linocut 1975 edition of 120 10 x 11



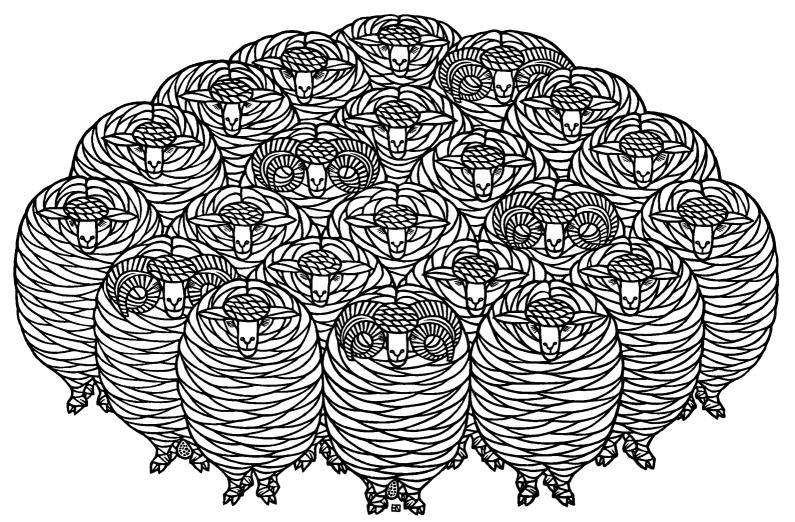


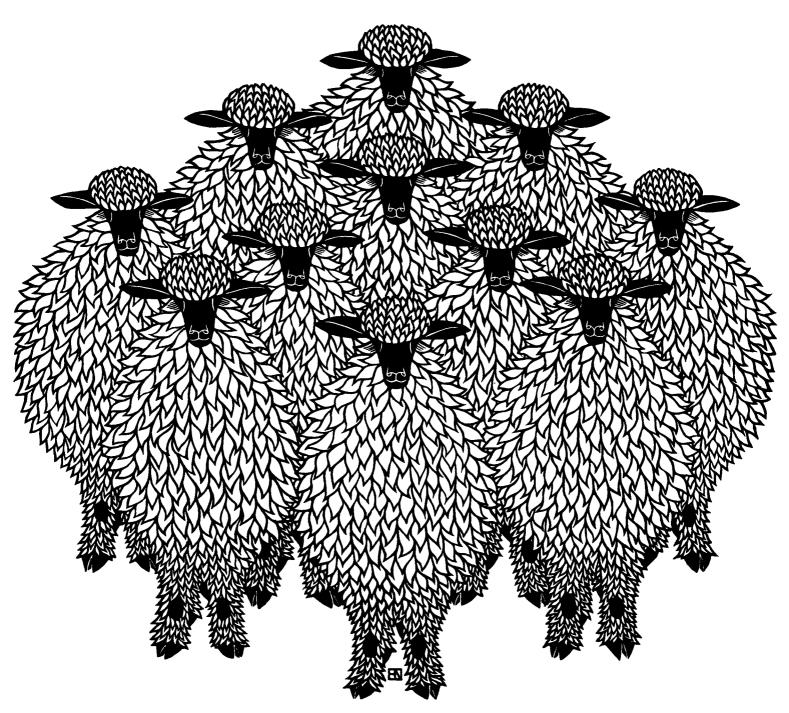
Crassula woodcut 1975 edition of 120 5% x 5

NOTE: A few trial proofs hand-colored

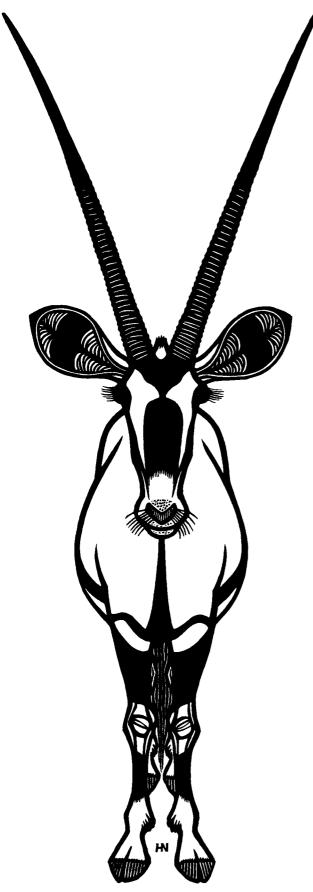
218Herd of Merino Sheep

woodcut 1975 edition of 150 16 x 24

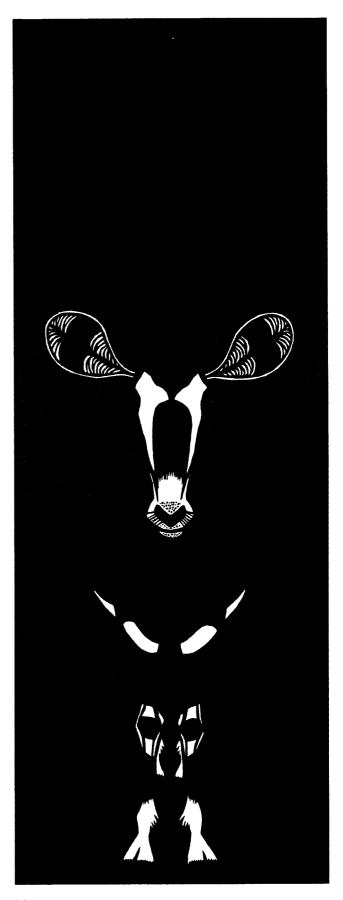




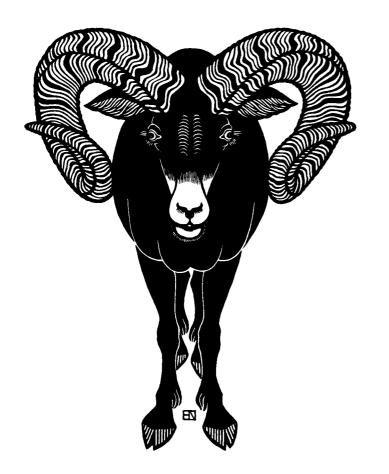
Flock of Lambs linocut 1975 edition of 150 18 x 20

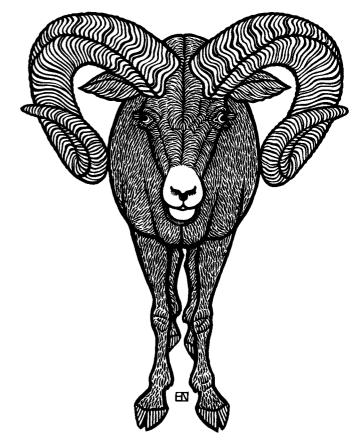


Oryx linocut 1976 no edition, a few proofs 33½ x 12¼



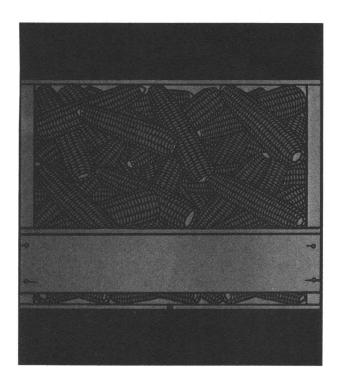
Oryx II
linocut
1976
no edition, a few proofs
printed with a color
background
33½ x 12¼



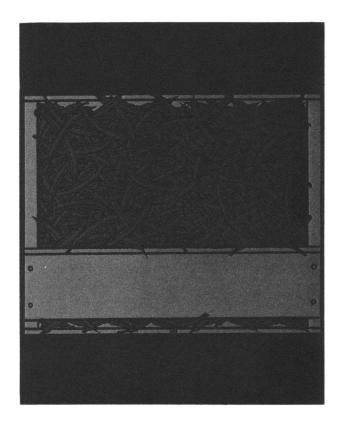


Moufflon
linocut
1976
no edition, a few proofs
19 x 15

Moufflon II
linocut
1976
no edition, a few proofs
19 x 15



Box of Corn color linocut 1976 edition of 120 18 x 16



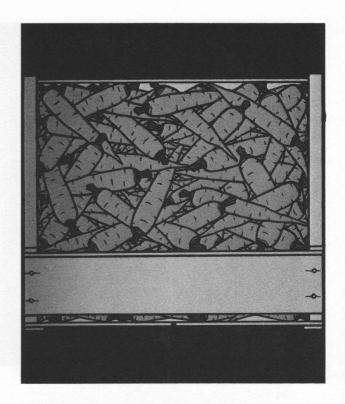
225
String Beans
color linocut
1976
edition of 100
20 x 16



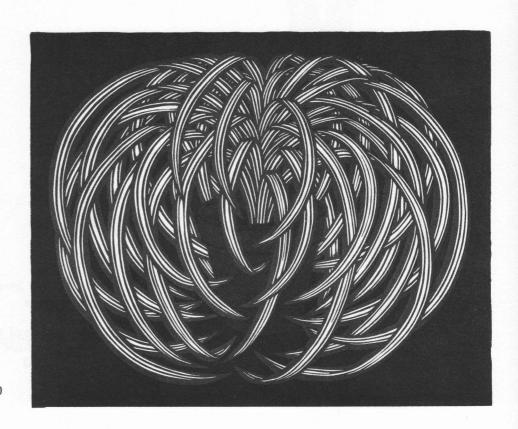
226White Swanlinocut1976edition of 100, printed in dark red13 x 13



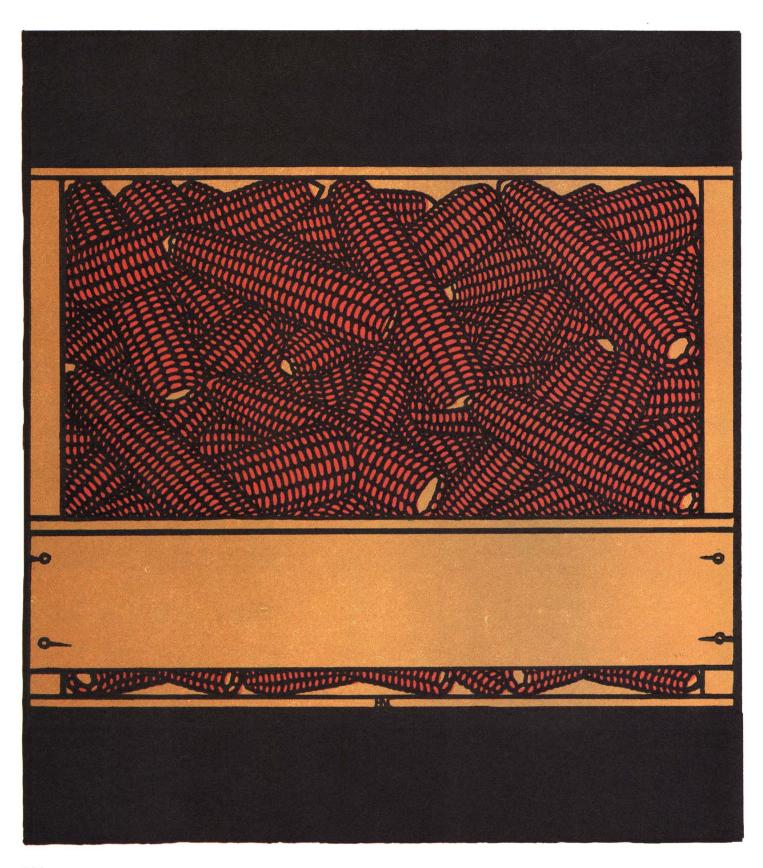
White Swan II color linocut 1976 edition of 80 18 x 18



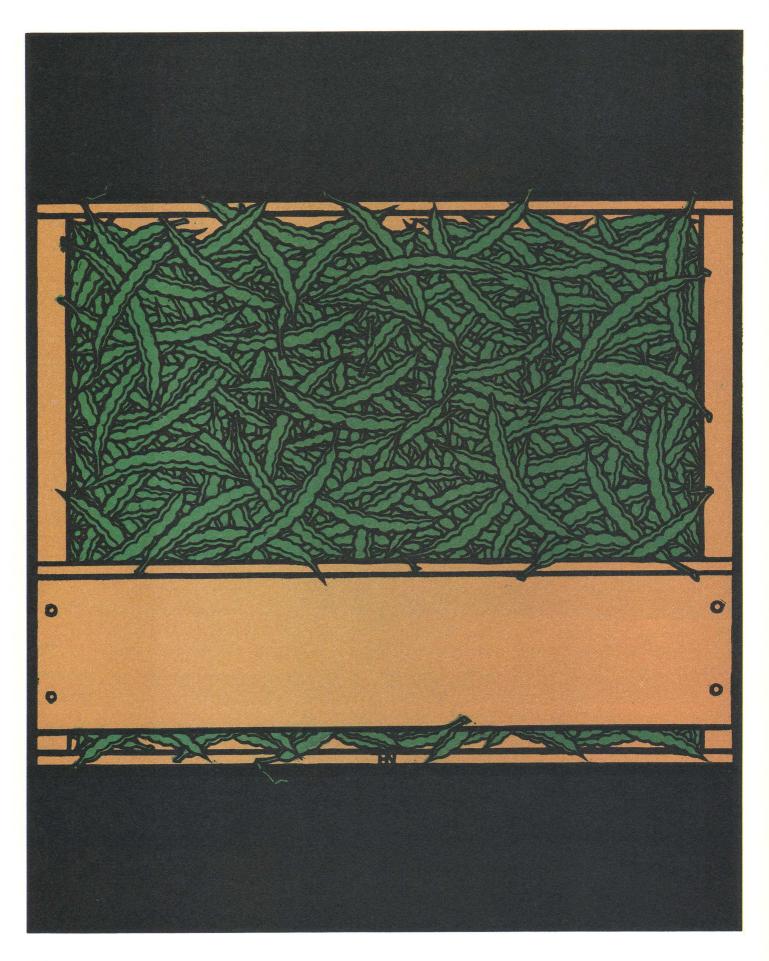
228
Carrots
color linocut
1976
edition of 150
187/8 x 157/8

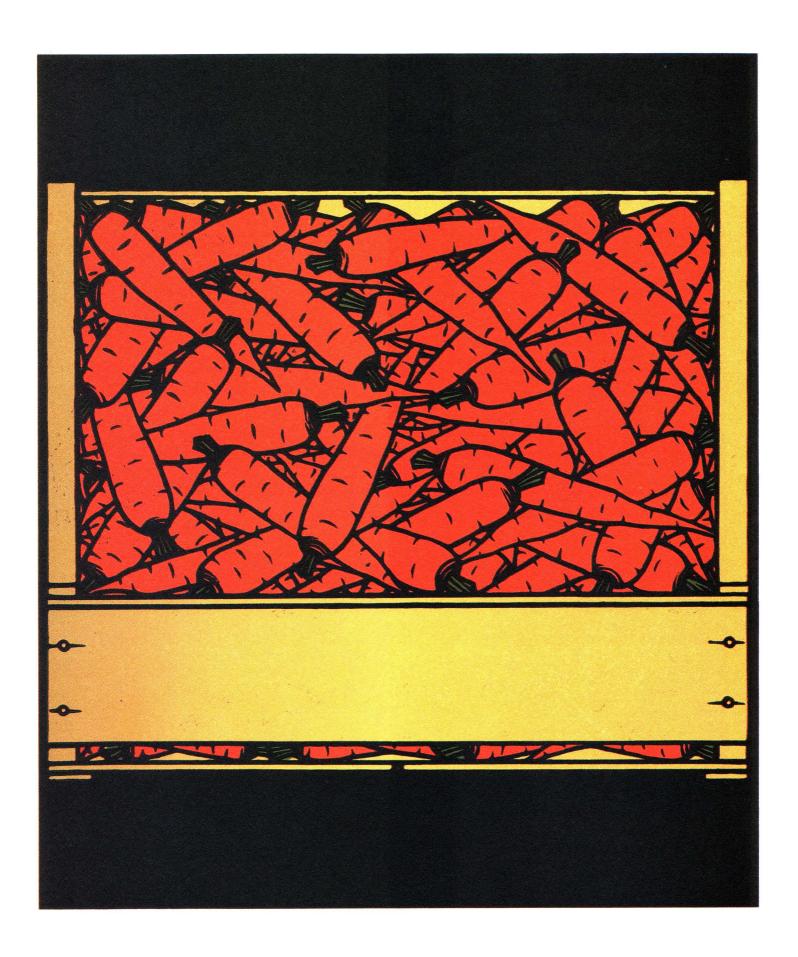


229
Spider Plant
color linocut
1976
edition of 100
13 x 16



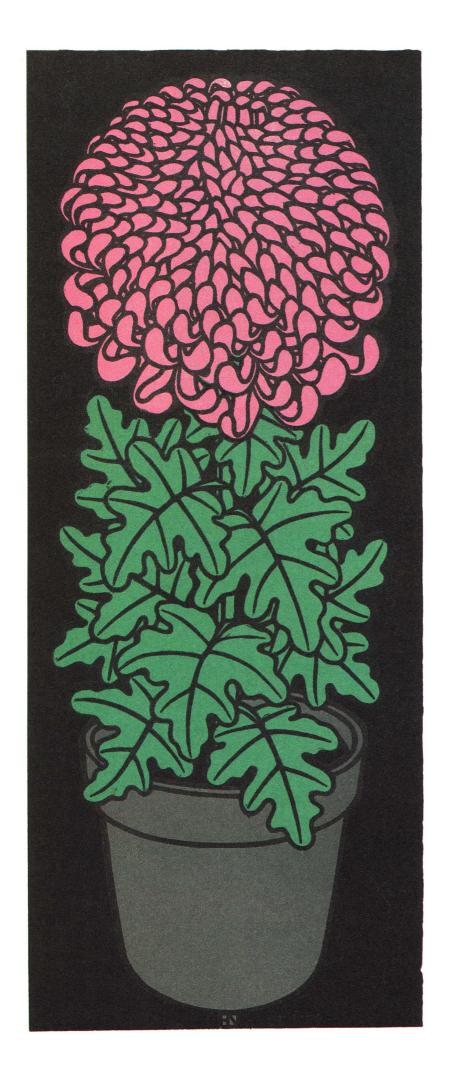
Box of Corn







229 Spider Plant



Japanese
Chrysanthemum



232 Yellow Chrysanthemum



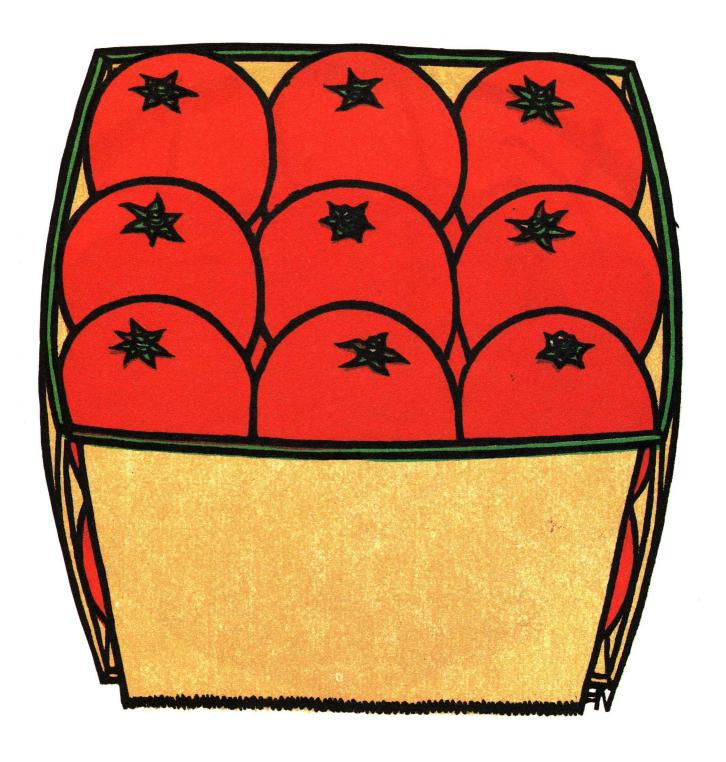
233 *Gladioli*



Blackberries



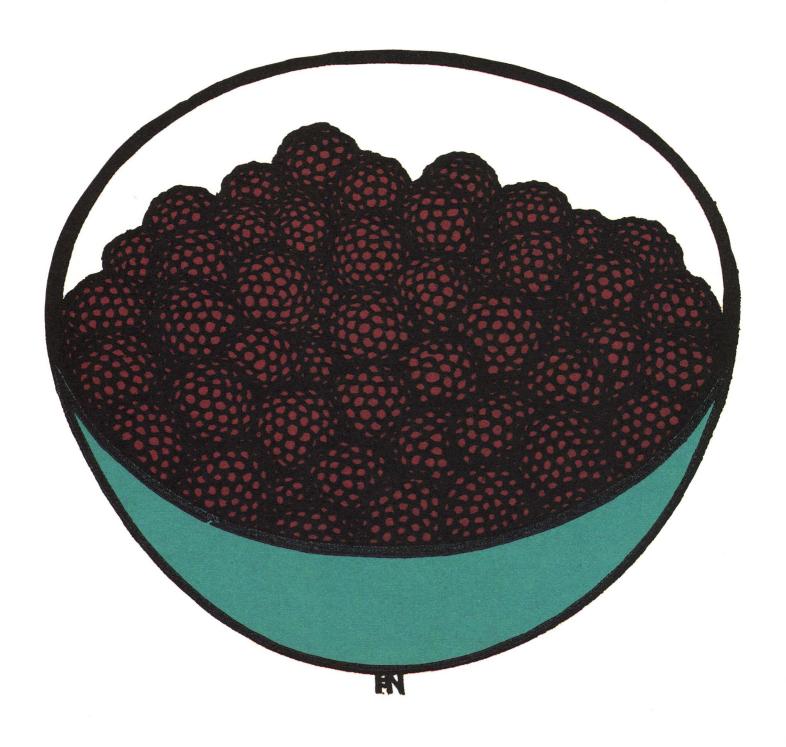
Bowl of Cherries



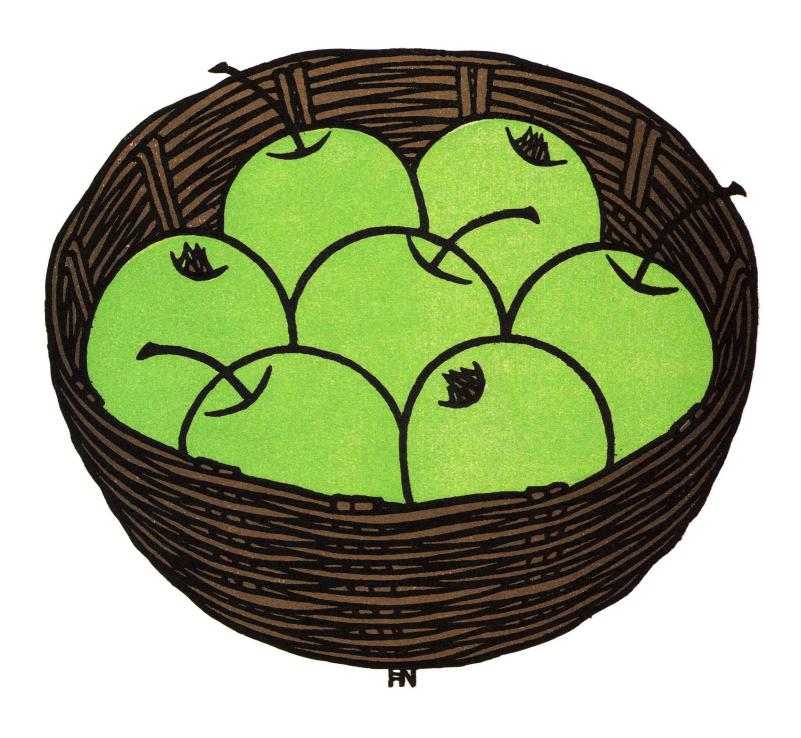
Tomatoes



String Beans



Raspberries

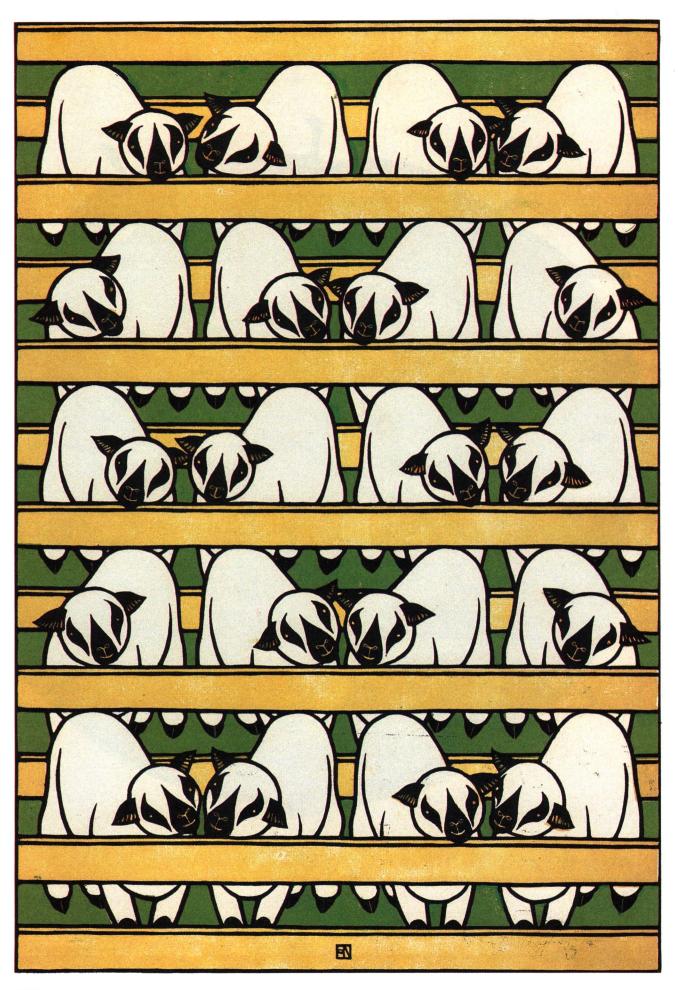


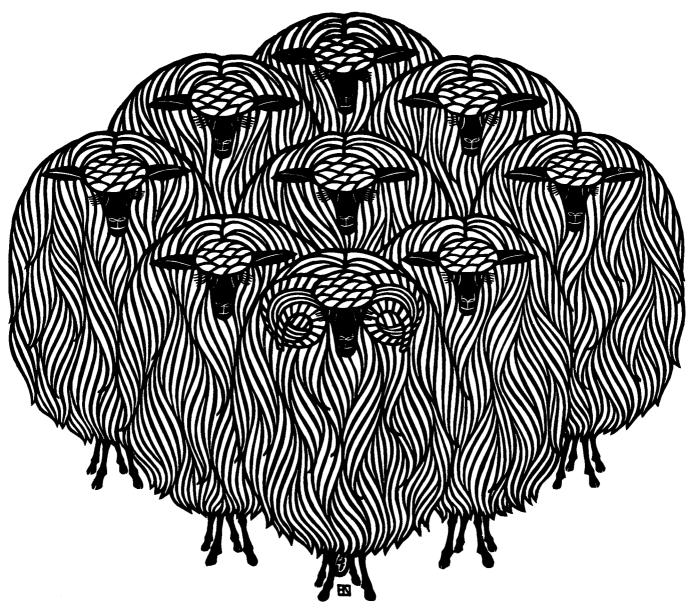
256 Green Apples



Basket of Eggs







230
Ram and Ewes
woodcut
1976
edition of 150
13 x 15



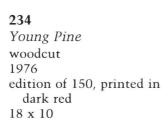


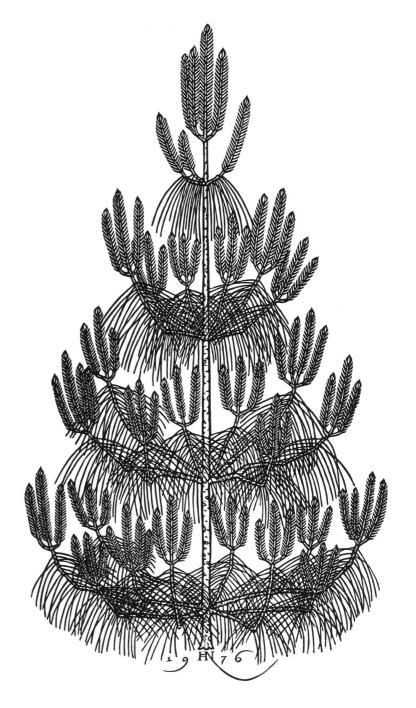
Japanese
Chrysanthemum
color linocut
1976
edition of 120
20 x 9

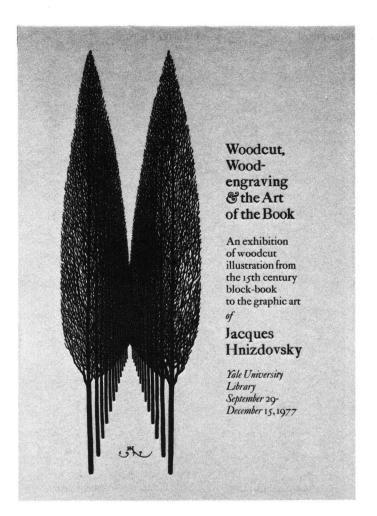
Yellow Chrysanthemum color linocut 1976 edition of 150 18 x 7



233 Gladioli color linocut 1976 edition of 150 19½ x 12







Yale University Poster woodcut 1977 small edition printed in dark blue, black and grey, signed 27½ x 19½ (sheet size)



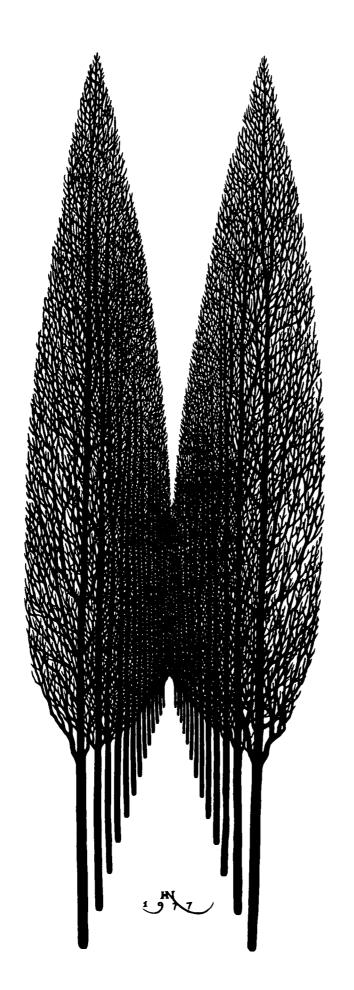
236
Harkness Tower (Yale University)
woodcut
1977
edition of 120
123/4 x 23/4



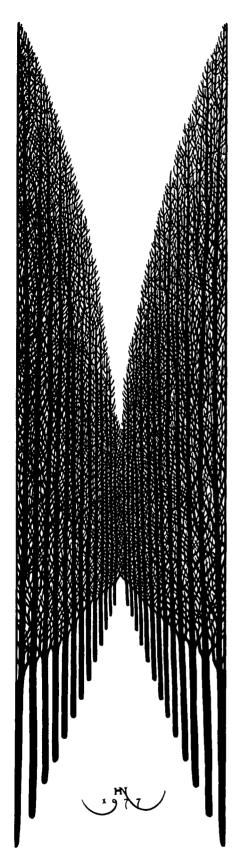
237
Gratitude
woodcut
1977
edition of 100 (unsigned)
65% x 65%



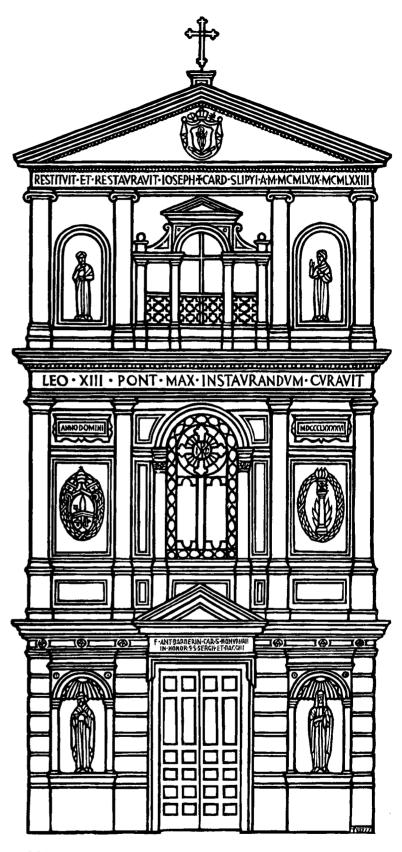
238
Aleksis Rannit
woodcut
1977
edition of 75 (unsigned)
27/16 x 15/8



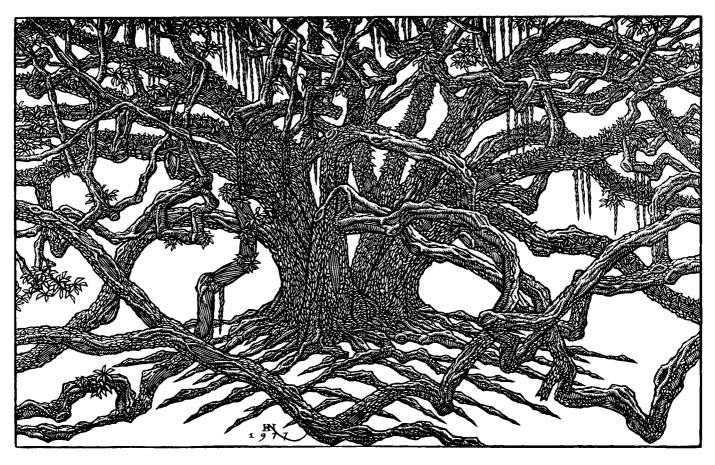
Poplar Trees woodcut 1977 edition of 150 24¾ x 8⅓



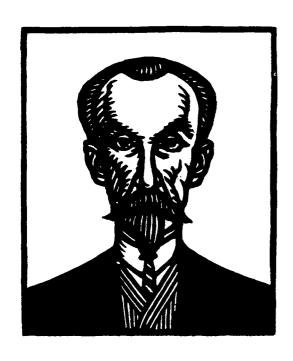
240
Row of Poplar Trees
woodcut
1977
edition of 150
24½ x 6¼



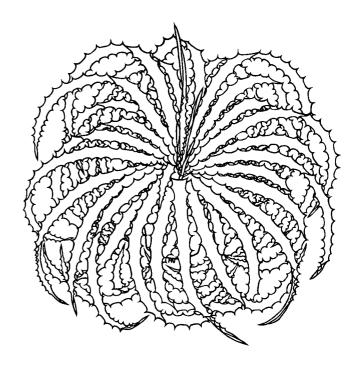
241
Ecclesia Sergii et Bacchi
(Rome)
woodcut
1977
edition of 100
18 x 83/8



242
Louisiana Champion
Live Oak
woodcut
1977
edition of 150
15 x 237/8



243 M. Skrypnyk woodcut 1977 edition of 120 43/8 x 35/8



244
Dyckia Spa
linocut
1977
edition of 120
13 x 13

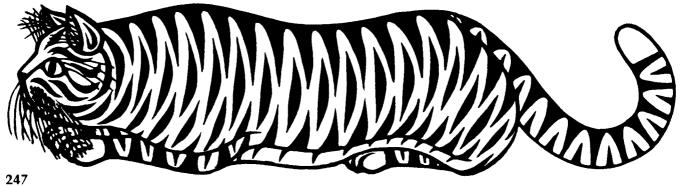


1978 edition of 150 11½ x 6¾

246
Jerome
woodcut

Tiger Cat woodcut 1978 edition of 250 10³/₁₆ x 6¹/₄

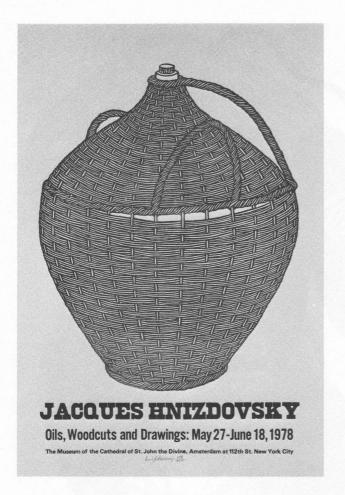
NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists



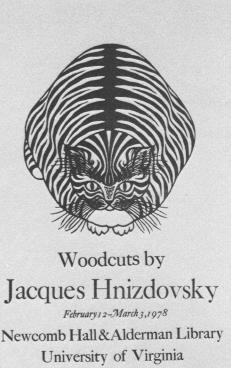
Tom
woodcut
1978
edition of 150
3½ x 13¾



248 Cow linocut 1978 edition of 150 201/4 x 91/16



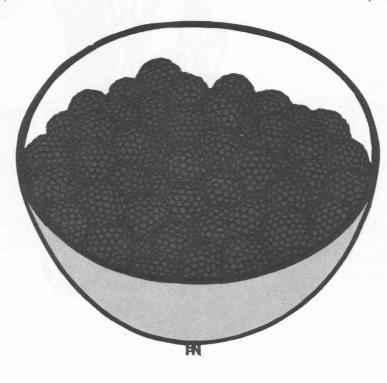
249 St. John the Divine Poster woodcut 1978 edition of 200 printed in dark red and black, signed and numbered 28 x 19 (sheet size)



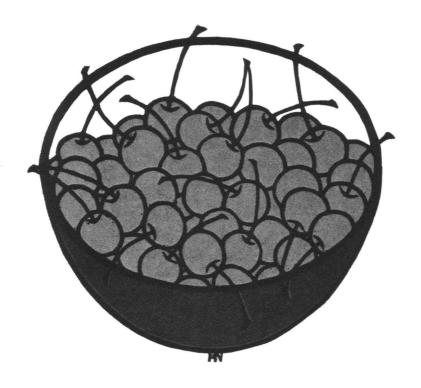
Newcomb Hall & Alderman Library in Charlottesville

Jani Low Toly

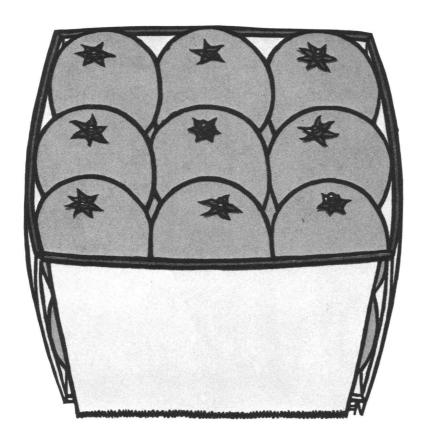
250 University of Virginia Poster woodcut 1978 edition of 200 printed in terra cotta and black, signed 243/4 x 161/4 (sheet size)



251 Blackberries color woodcut 1978 edition of 150 $7 \times 75/8$



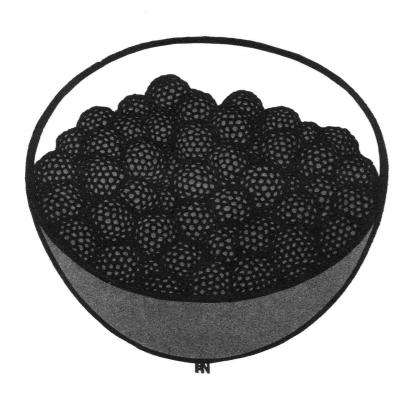
252
Bowl of Cherries
color woodcut
1978
edition of 150
71/4 x 8



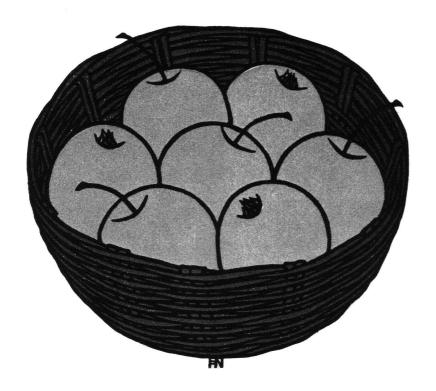
253
Tomatoes
color woodcut
1978
edition of 150
71/4 x 8



254
String Beans
color woodcut
1978
edition of 120
75/8 x 71/2



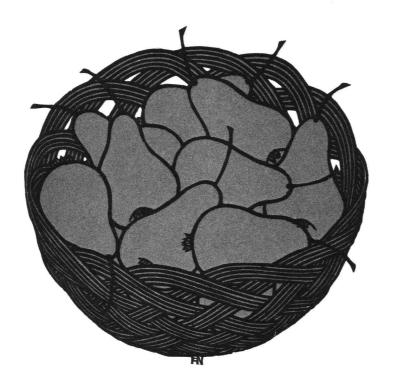
255
Raspberries
color woodcut
1978
edition of 150
7 x 75/8



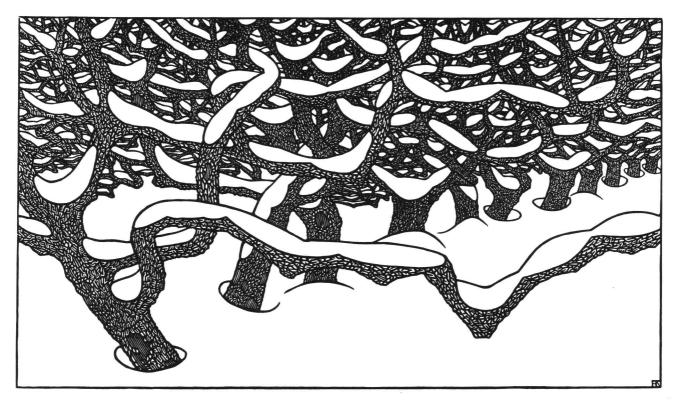
256
Green Apples
color woodcut
1978
edition of 140
71/8 x 8



257
Basket of Eggs
color woodcut
1978
edition of 150
63/4 x 8



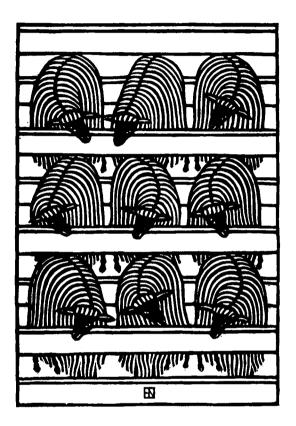
258
Pears
color woodcut
1978
edition of 120
71/8 x 8



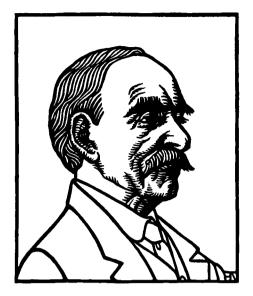
259
Winter Orchard
linocut
1978
edition of 150
13¾ x 24

POEMS BY THOMAS HARDY

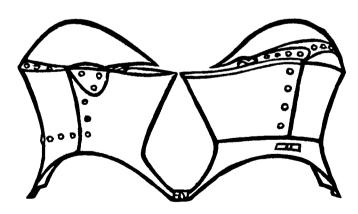
The Folio Society of London commissioned Jacques Hnizdovsky to illustrate Poems by Thomas Hardy, and Hnizdovksy executed 15 woodcuts (260 through 274) for the book. Slightly reduced in size, the woodcuts were published in the book in 1979. A signed and numbered edition of each woodcut was also published by the artist, as indicated in this catalogue.



261 Sheep in a Pen woodcut 1978 edition of 150 65/8 x 41/2

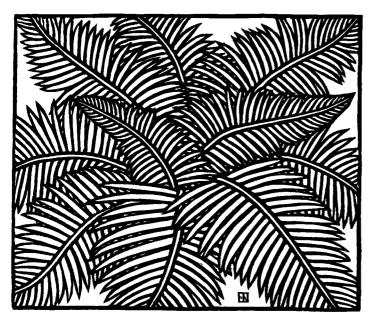


260
Portrait of Thomas
Hardy
woodcut
1978
edition of 100
53/8 x 41/2



262
Two Helmets
woodcut
1978
no edition, 15 artist's
proofs
23/4 x 415/16





264
Fern
woodcut
1978
edition of 100
43/8 x 51/4

266

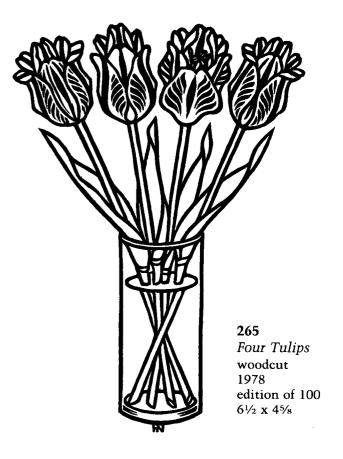
1978

Irish Setter

edition of 150

woodcut

77/8 x 23/8



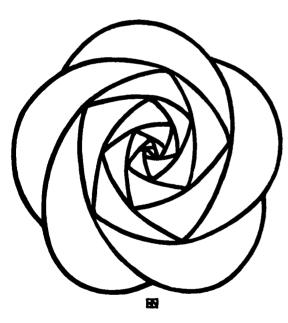


267 Cut Down woodcut 1978 edition of 100 4½ x 5¾

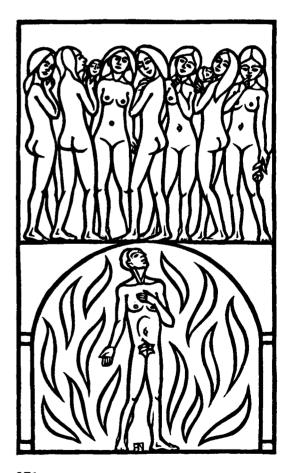




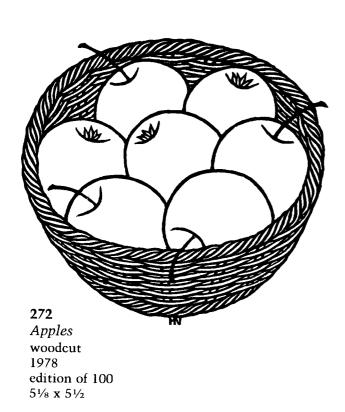
269 Chrysanthemum woodcut 1978 edition of 100 65/8 x 25/8

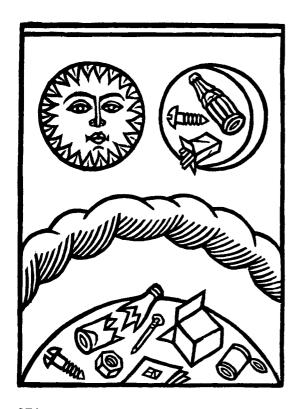


270
Rosa
woodcut
1978
edition of 100
41/4 x 4

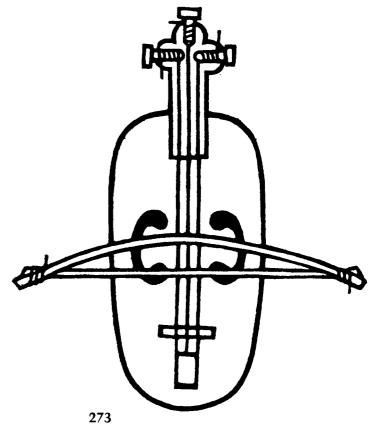


271 Seven Loves woodcut 1978 edition of 100 7½ x 4½

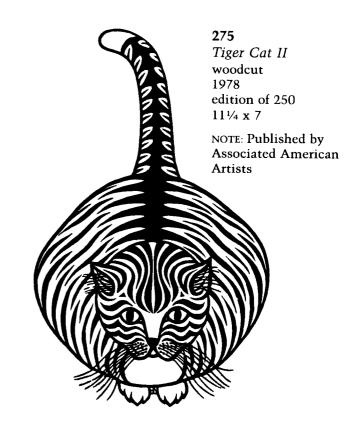


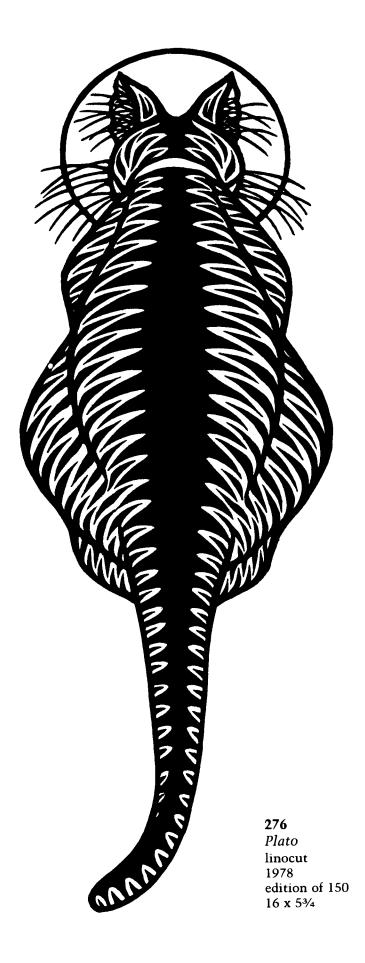


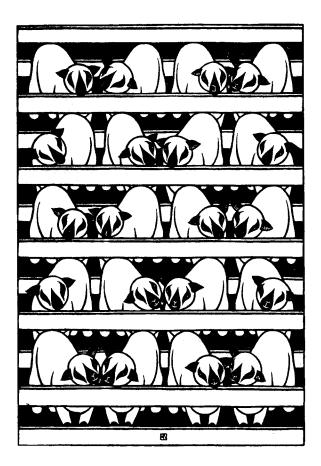
274
Pollution
woodcut
1978
edition of 100
61/4 x 45/8



Viola
woodcut
1978
no edition, a few proofs
5½ x 4½





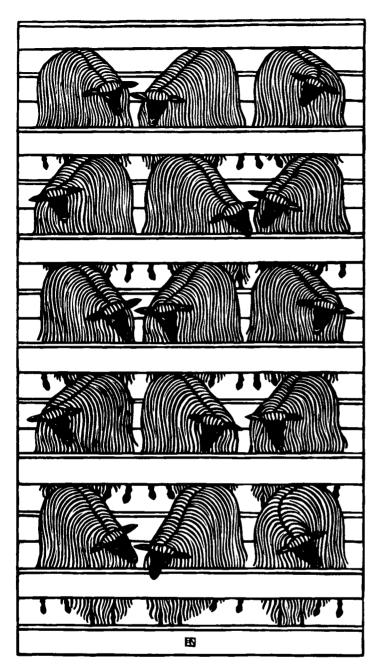


277
Lambs
color linocut
1978
edition of 120
22 x 15

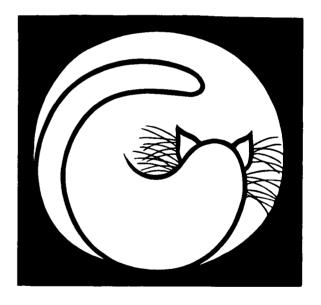


278
Irish Setter II
linocut
1978
no edition, a few proofs
221/4 x 71/4





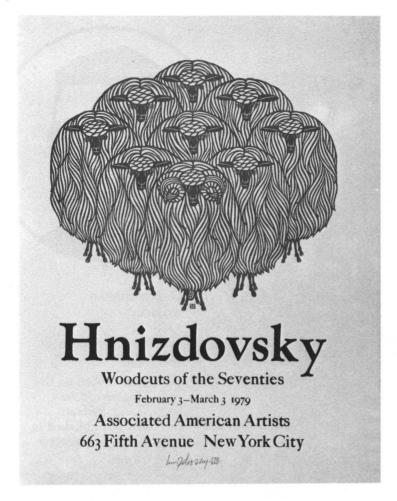
280
Sheep in a Pen II
linocut
1978
no edition, a few proofs
221/4 x 12



281
Curled Cat
linocut
1979
edition of 250
10½ x 11
NOTE: Published by
Associated American
Artists

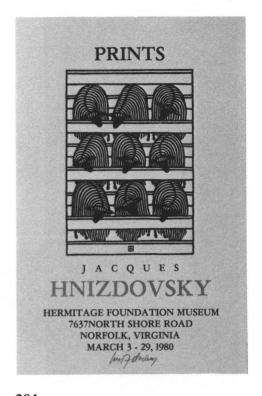


1979 edition of 150 97/8 x 101/2



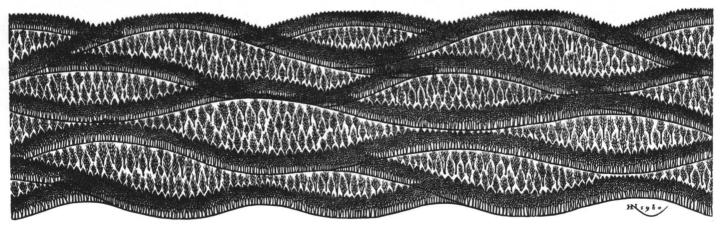
283
Associated American
Artists Poster
woodcut
1979
edition of 200 printed in
red and black, signed
and numbered

243/4 x 19 (sheet size)



284
Norfolk Hermitage
Foundation Museum
Poster
woodcut
1980
edition unknown
17 x 11 (sheet size)

NOTE: Not printed from the woodblock, but mechanically enlarged and printed by the museum.



285 Hogback Mountains woodcut 1980 edition of 150 71/4 x 24



286
Daylilies
woodcut
1980
edition of 150
20 x 10

NOTE: Distributed by the Brooklyn Botanic Garden Auxiliary



287
O. Dovzhenko
woodcut
1980
edition of 50 (unsigned)
4½ x 4½

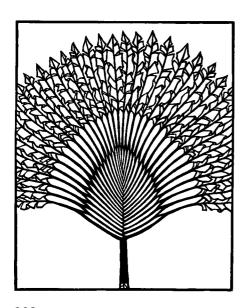
NOTE: Reproduced on the cover of *Oleksander*Dovzhenko, by Ivan

Koshelivets, published in 1980 by Sučasnist, New

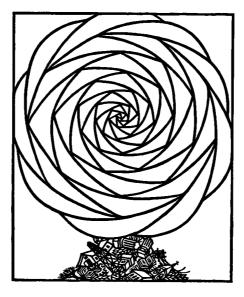
York

THE TRAVELER'S TREE

Three woodcuts by Hnizdovsky (288 through 290) were reproduced as illustrations in a book of poems by William Jay Smith, The Traveler's Tree, published in 1980 by Persea Books, New York.



288 Traveler's Tree woodcut 1980 edition of 200 8 x 6½

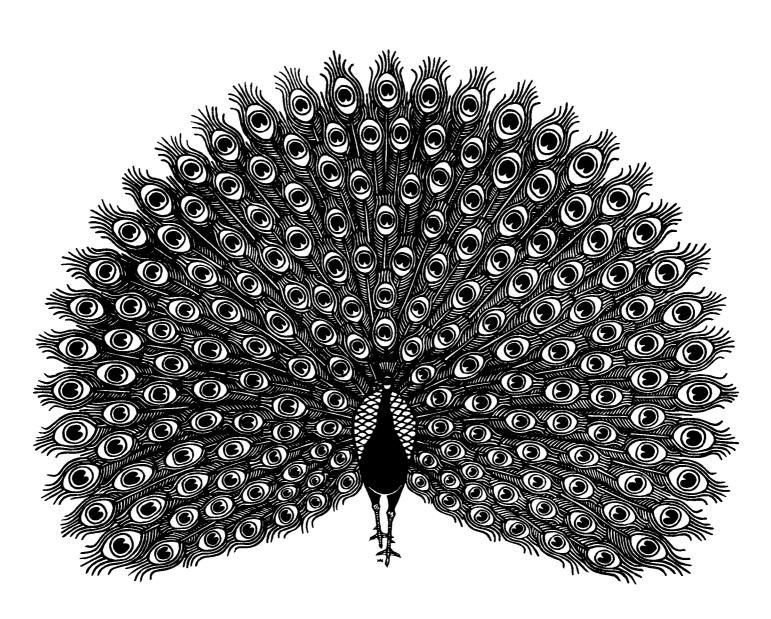


289 Volcano woodcut 1980 edition of 200 8 x 6½

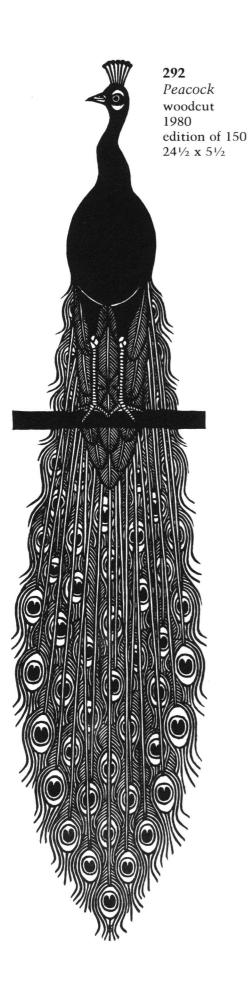


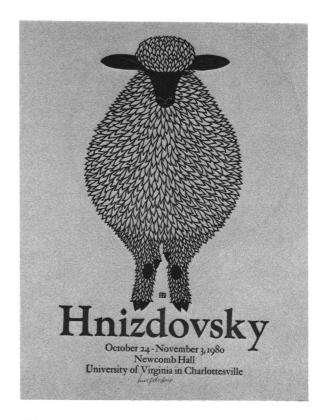
290 Peacock of Java

woodcut 1980 edition of 200 8 x 6½



291 Blue Peacock woodcut 1980 edition of 175 13¾ x 18¾





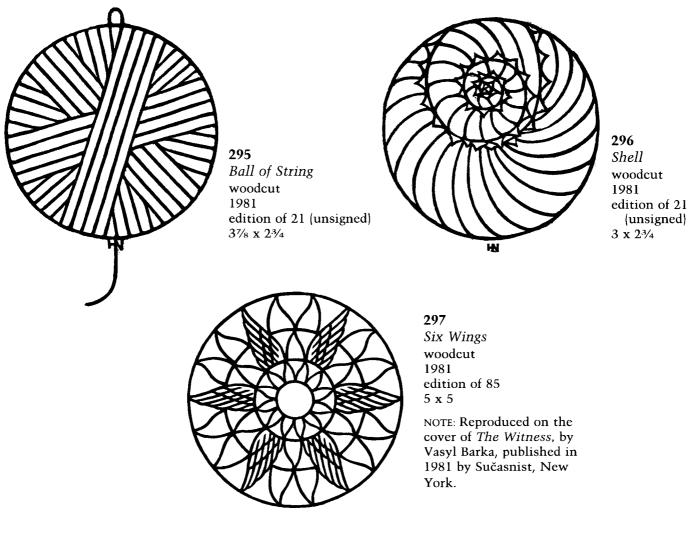
293
University of Virginia
Poster
linocut
1980
edition of 200 printed in
black and dark red,
signed
25 x 19 (sheet size)

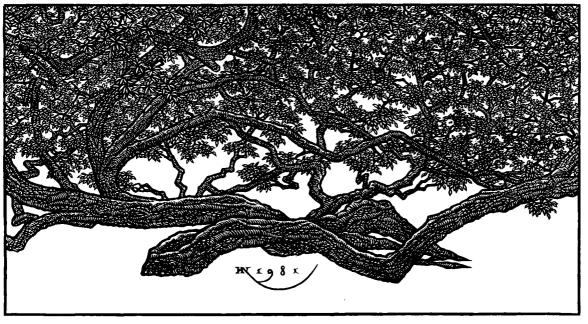


294
Self-Portrait
woodcut
1981
edition of 100
5½ x 5½

SIGNUM ET VERBUM

Two woodcuts by Hnizdovsky (295 and 296) were printed as illustrations in a book of poems by Aleksis Rannit, Signum et Verbum, published in 1981 by Elizabeth Press, New Rochelle, New York. The book was printed by Martino Mardersteig in Verona, Italy.





298
Walking Tree,
New Orleans
woodcut
1981
edition of 120
7½ x 14



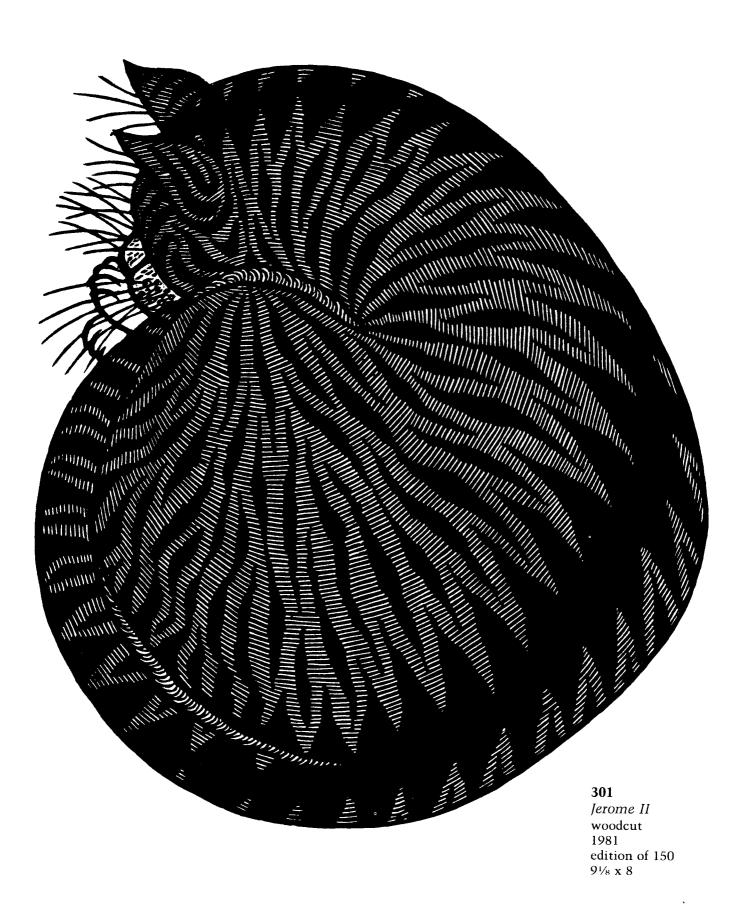
299
Hardy Fern
woodcut
1981
edition of 150
143/8 x 143/8

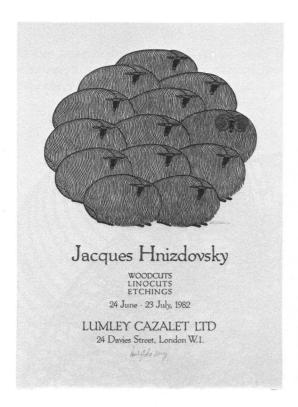


300

Paporot II woodcut 1981 edition of 100 143/8 x 143/8

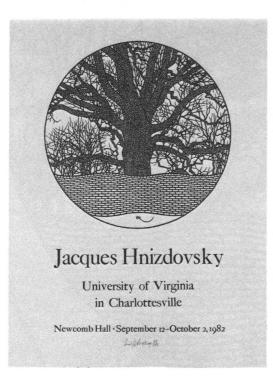
NOTE: Distributed by the Ukrainian Museum of New York



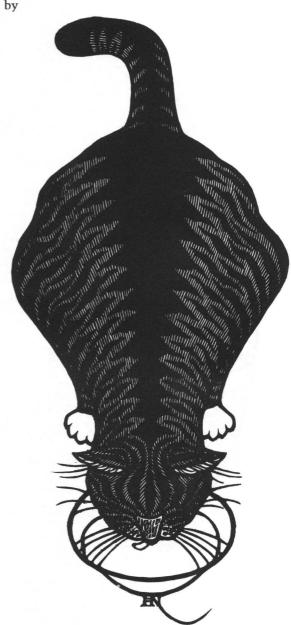


302 London Poster woodcut 1982 edition of 200 printed in black and olive green, signed 29½ x 21½ (sheet size)

NOTE: Reduced and mechanically printed by Emiliano Sorini.

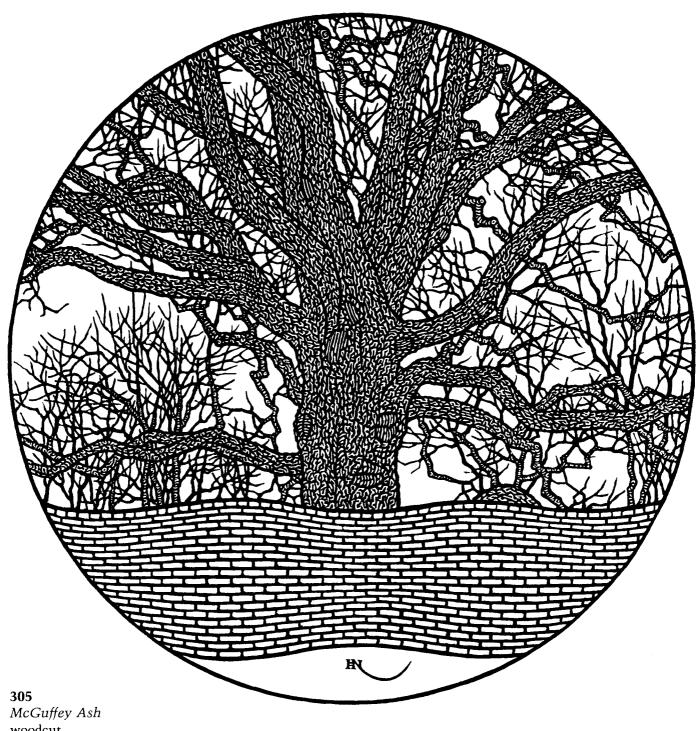


303
University of Virginia
Poster
woodcut
1982
edition of 200 printed in
black and green, signed
and numbered
24½ x 18 (sheet size)

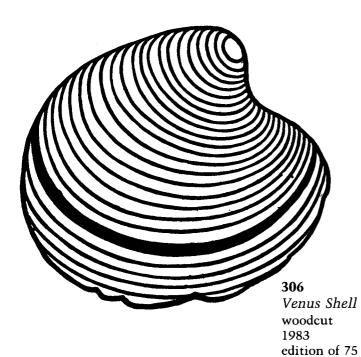


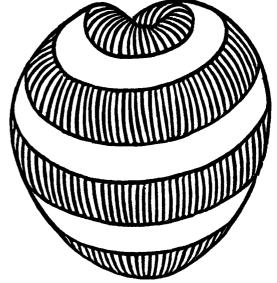
304 *Tabby*woodcut
1982
edition of 250
10½ x 4¾

NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists

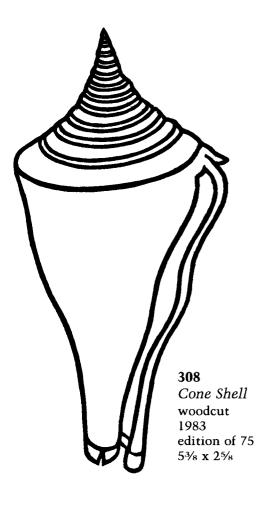


McGuffey Ash woodcut 1982 edition of 175 13 x 13 In the early Eighties, Jacques Hnizdovsky became fascinated by the mysterious shapes of shells. As a result, he cut in wood 14 various shell and coral images (306 through 319).





307 Hydatina Albocincta woodcut 1983 edition of 75 35/8 x 33/8



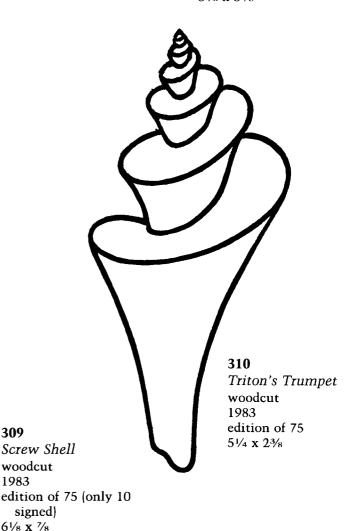


309

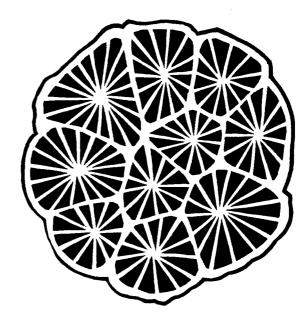
woodcut 1983

signed) 61/8 x 7/8

33/4 x 41/8

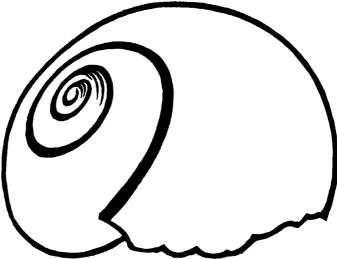




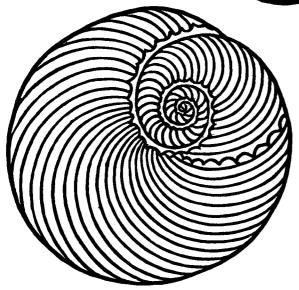


Stony Coral woodcut 1983 edition of 75 31/8 x 4

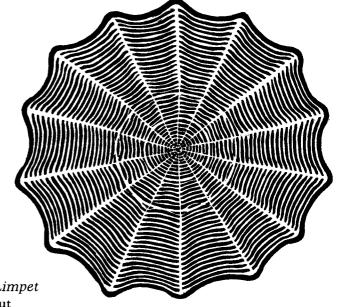
311
Pheasant Shell
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
415/16 x 25/8



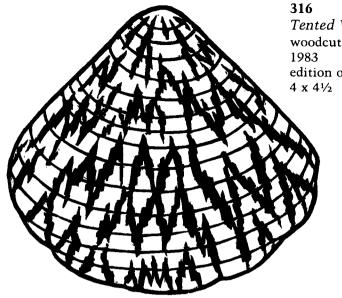
Cuban Tree Snail
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
31/4 x 41/4



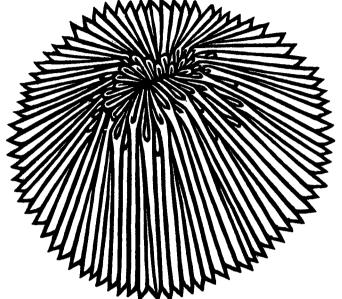
314
Josephine Moon Snail
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
35/8 x 4



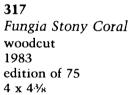
315
True Limpet
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
41/8 x 41/2

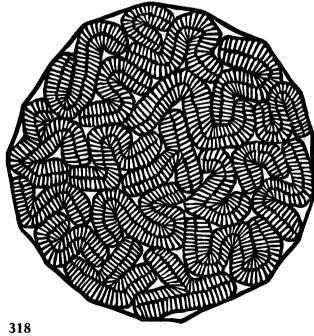


316
Tented Venus Clam
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
4 x 4½

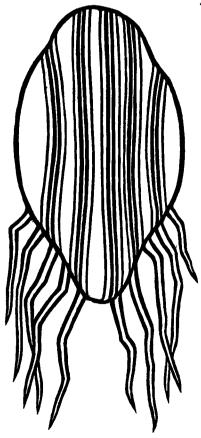


Three woodcuts (317, 318 and 319) were printed as illustrations in a book of poems by Aleksis Rannit, The Violin of Monsieur Ingres, published in 1983 by Adolf Hürlimann, Zurich.

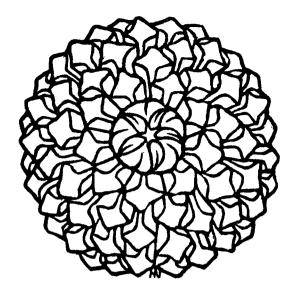




Meandrine Brain Coral woodcut 1983 edition of 75 4½ x 3½



319
Comb Venus Shell
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
55% x 2½



320 Zinnia woodcut 1983 edition of 100 2% x 2%

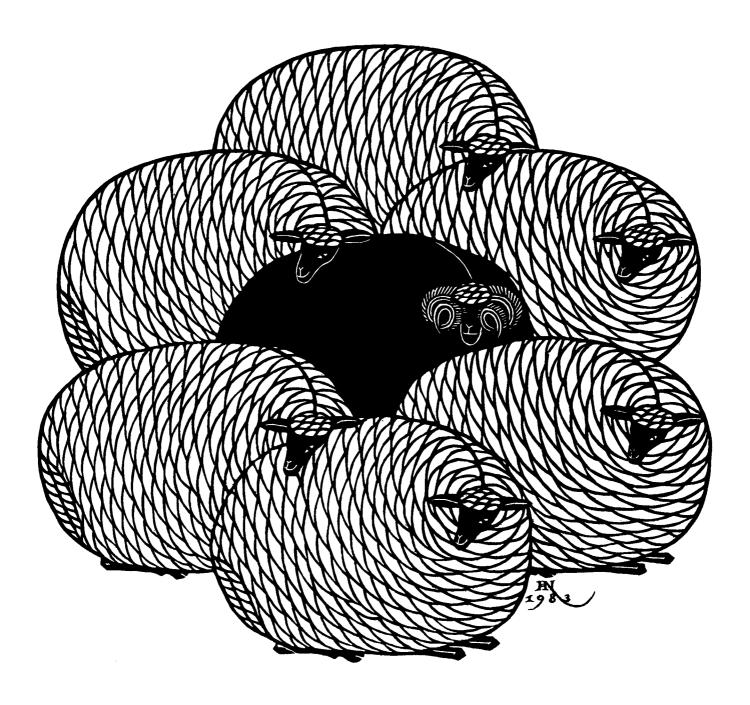


321 Emma Andievska woodcut 1983 edition of 75 4½ x 4

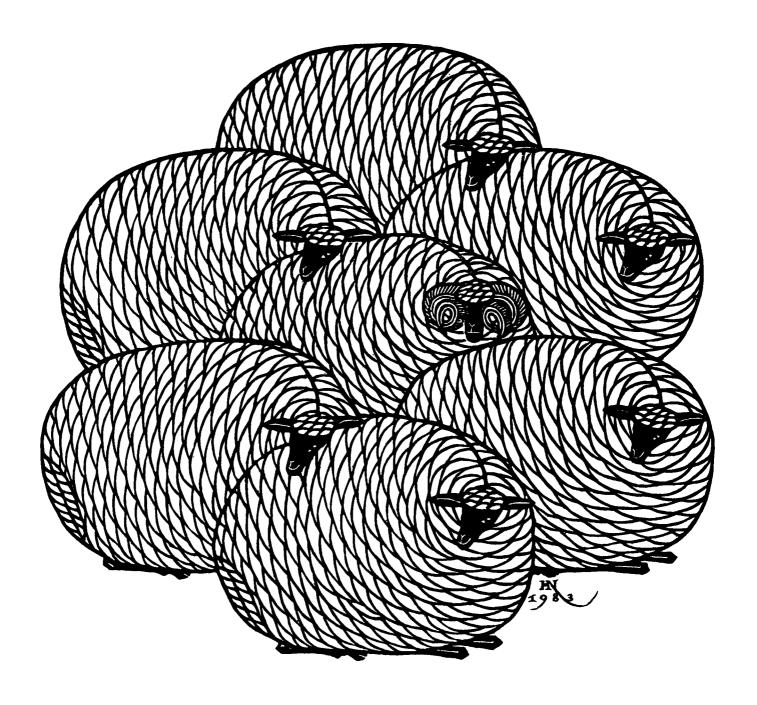
NOTE: Printed in *Café*, a book of poems by Emma Andievska, published in 1983 by Sučasnist, New York.



322
A. Chreptowsky
woodcut
1983
edition of 75
33/8 x 31/8

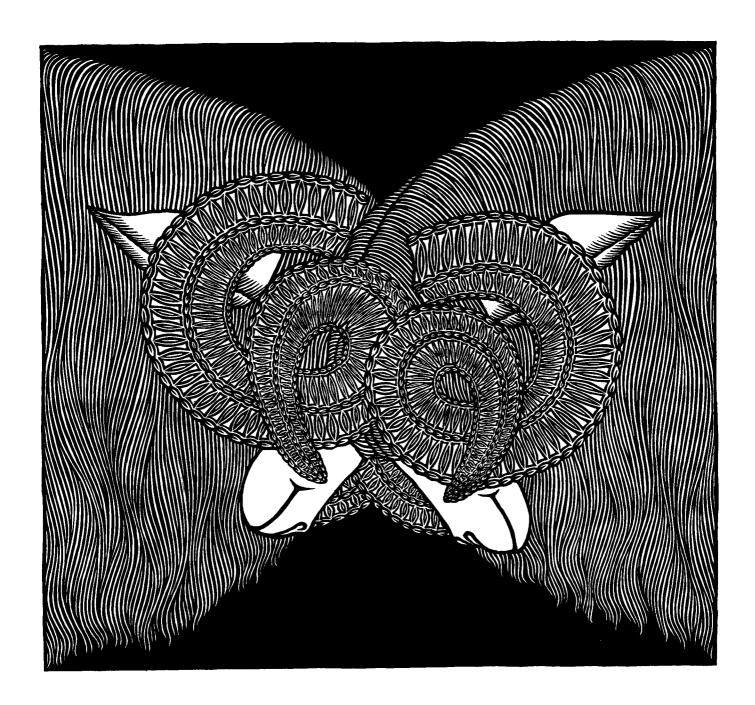


323
Group of Sheep with
Black Ram
woodcut
1983
edition of 50
11 x 12

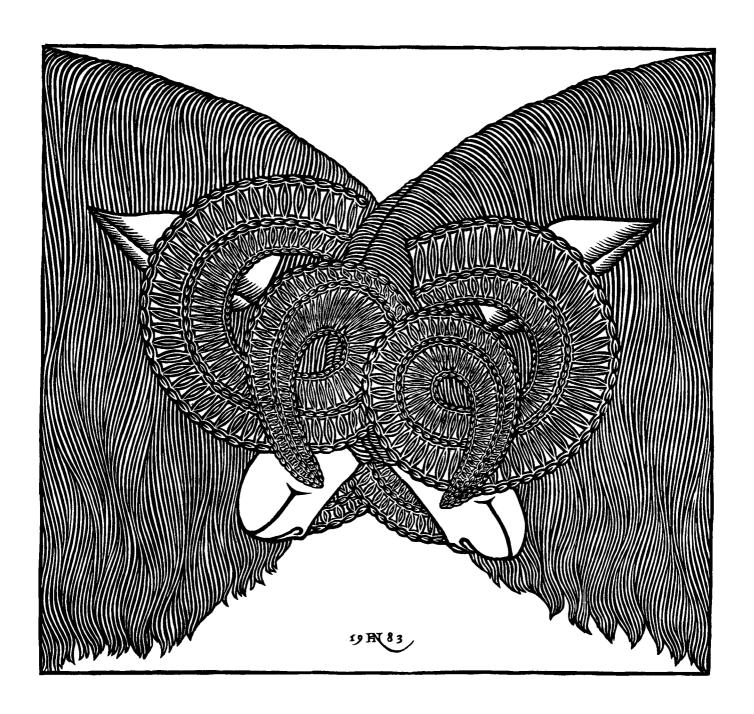


324
Group of Sheep woodcut 1983
edition of 250
11 x 12

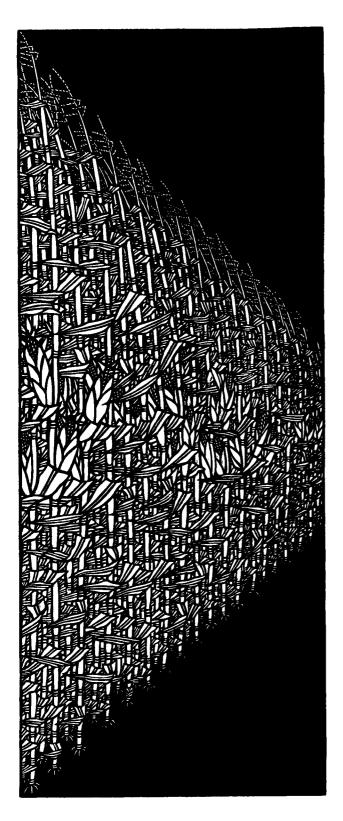
NOTE: Published by Associated American Artists



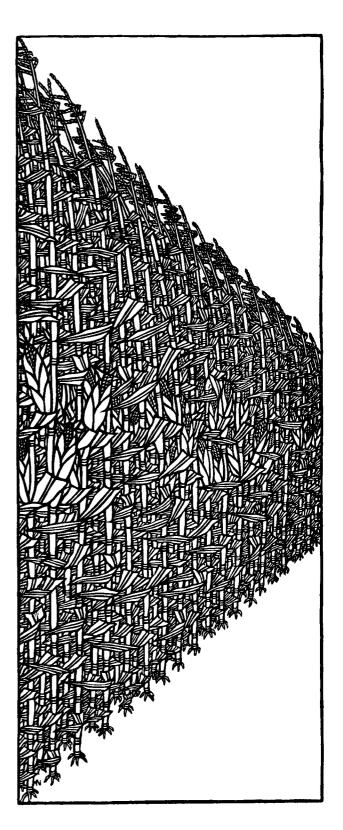
325
Fighting Rams
woodcut
1983
edition of 150
13 x 14



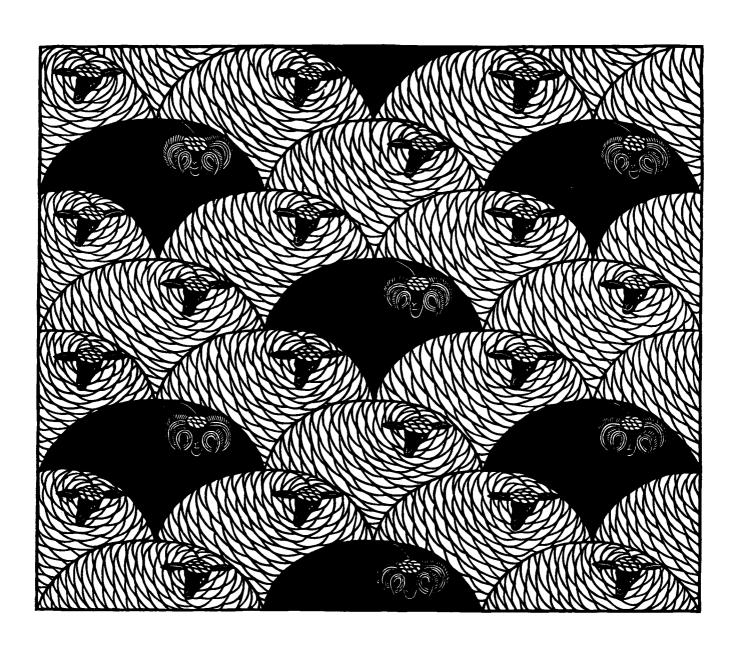
326
Fighting Rams II
woodcut
1983
edition of 125
13 x 14



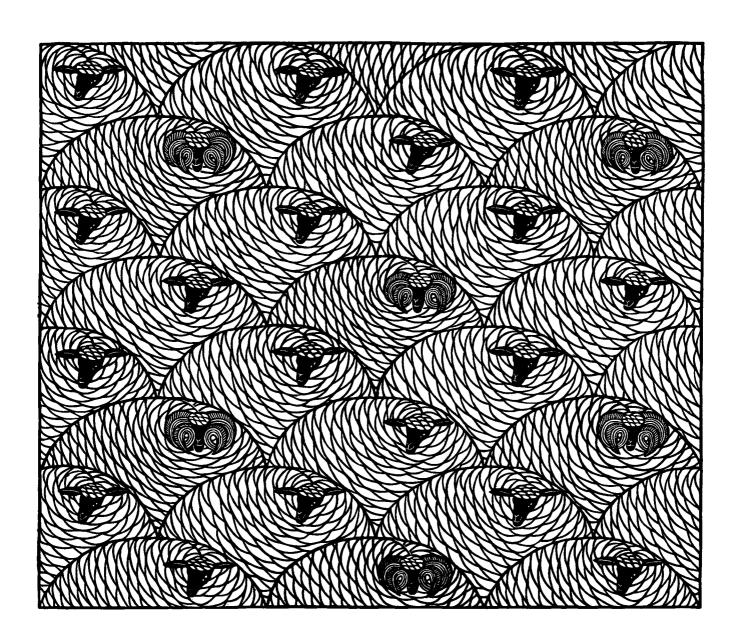
Wind in a Corn Field woodcut 1983 edition of 150 14 x 5%16



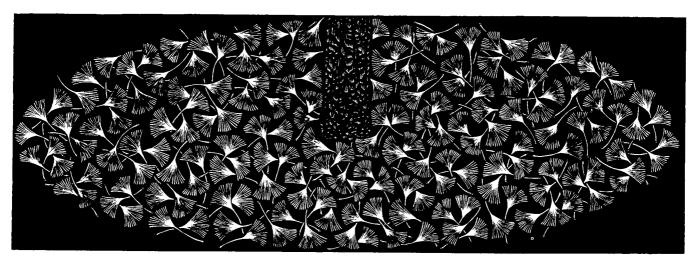
328
Wind in a Corn Field II
woodcut
1983
edition of 100 (only 86
signed)
14 x 5%16



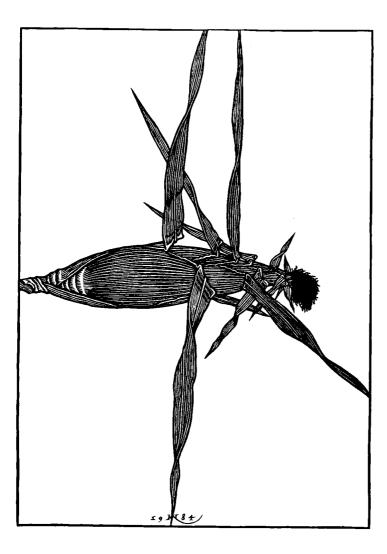
329
Resting Sheep linocut 1983 edition of 125 15½ x 18¼



Resting Sheep II linocut 1983 edition of 75 15½ x 18¼



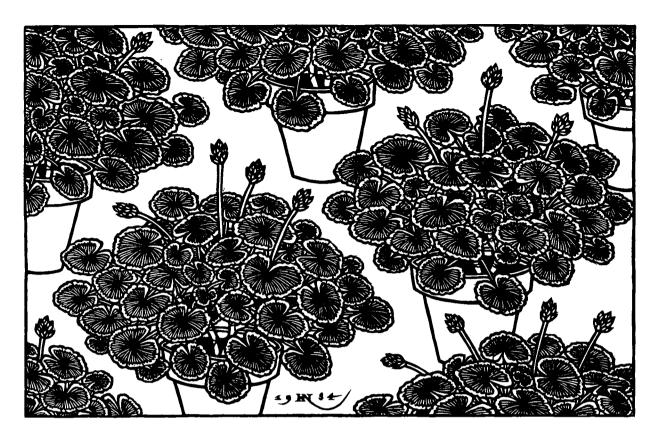
331 Under the Ginkgo Tree woodcut 1984 edition of 100 7 x 20



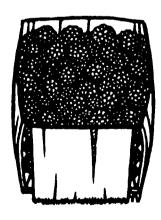
Fresh Corn linocut 1984 edition of 120 22½ x 16



333 Lily woodcut 1984 edition of 125 18 x 4

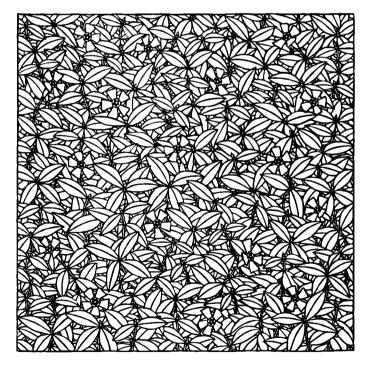


334 Geranium woodcut 1984 edition of 150 9 x 141/8

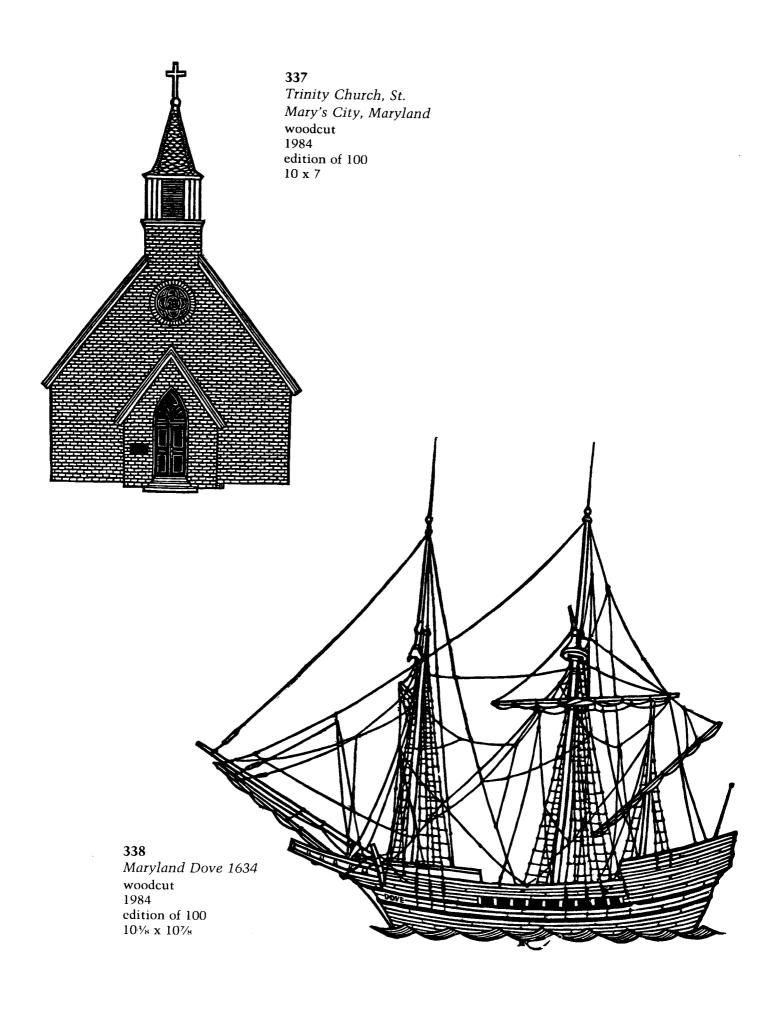


335
Wild Raspberries
woodcut
1984
no edition printed
17/8 x 13/8

NOTE: The intended edition of this woodcut, to be printed by the artist, was 100. However, no printing was done by Hnizdovsky. An edition of 290 was printed by Martino Mardersteig, Verona, Italy, and included (unsigned) in Houses Roses, by James L. Weil, published in 1986 by Sparrow Press, West Lafayette, Indiana.

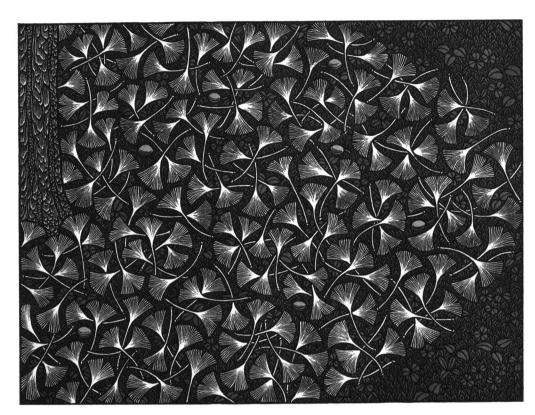


Periwinkle
woodcut
1984
edition of 120
13 x 13

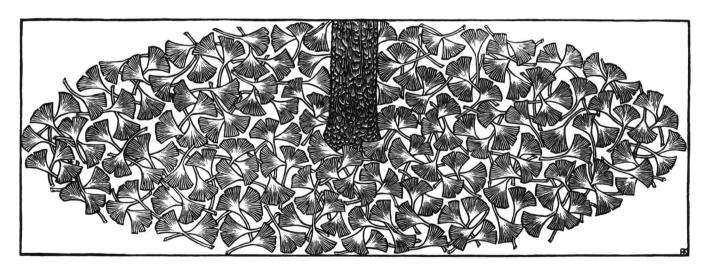




339
Maryland Statehouse
1676
woodcut
1984
edition of 100
9½ x 9¼



340
Autumn Ginkgo Leaves
color linocut
1984
edition of 150
18 x 24

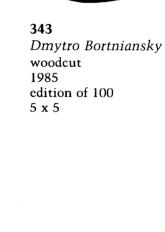


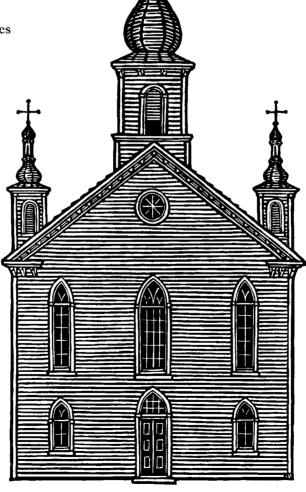
341 Under the Gingko Tree II woodcut 1984 no edition, a few proofs 7 x 20



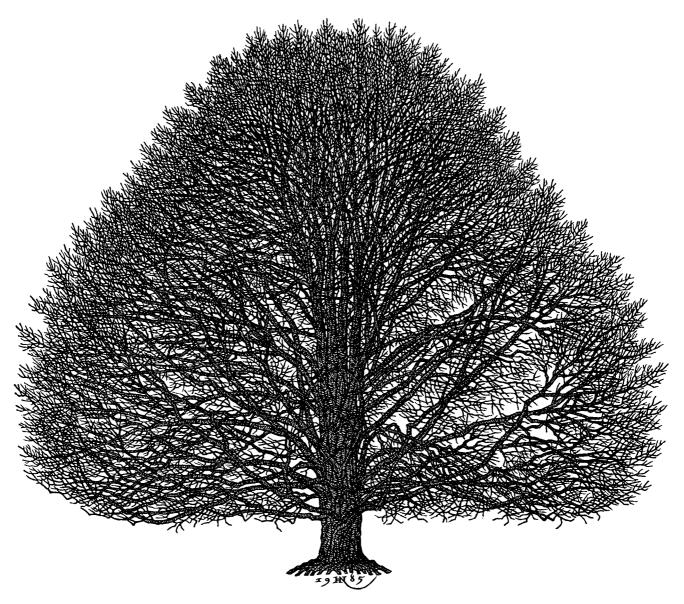
342 Keats on Board the Maria Crowther, September 1820 woodcut 1985 edition of 100 2½ x 2½

NOTE: Fifty impressions were distributed by James L. Weil Publisher, New Rochelle, New York.



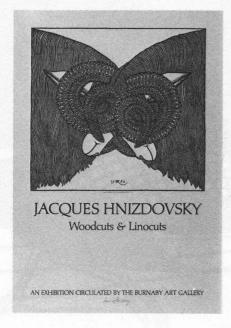


344
First Ukrainian Church
in America, Shenandoah,
Pennsylvania, 1884
woodcut
1985
edition of 150
10½ x 55/16

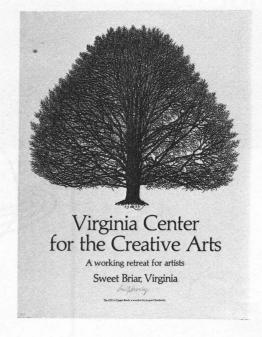


345 Copper Beech woodcut 1985 edition of 150 141/8 x 171/8





347
Burnaby Art Gallery
Poster
woodcut
1985
edition of 200 printed in
dark red and dark grey,
signed
241/4 x 17 (sheet size)



348
Virginia Center for the
Creative Arts Poster
woodcut
1985
edition of 200 printed in
green and dark grey,
signed and numbered
24¾ x 19 (sheet size)

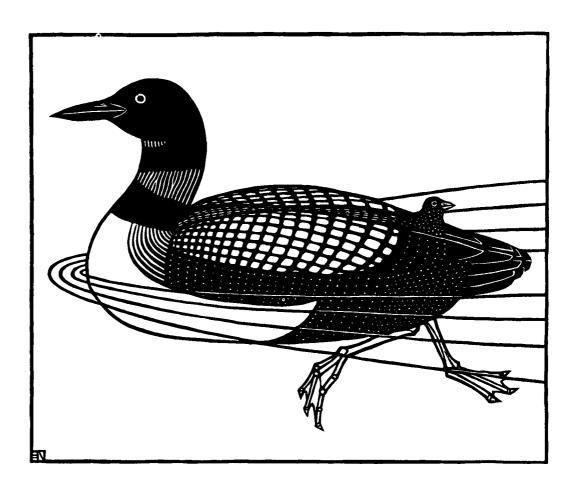
349

woodcut 1985 no edition 4½ x 33/8

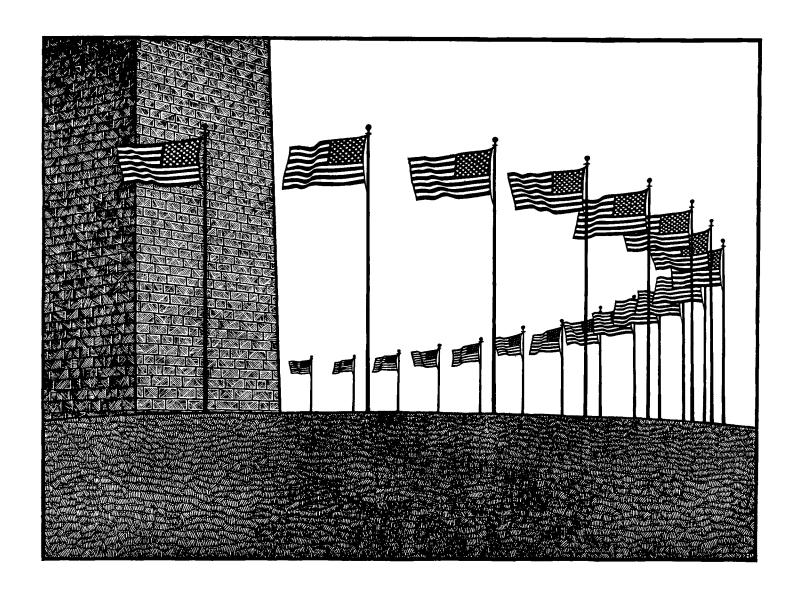




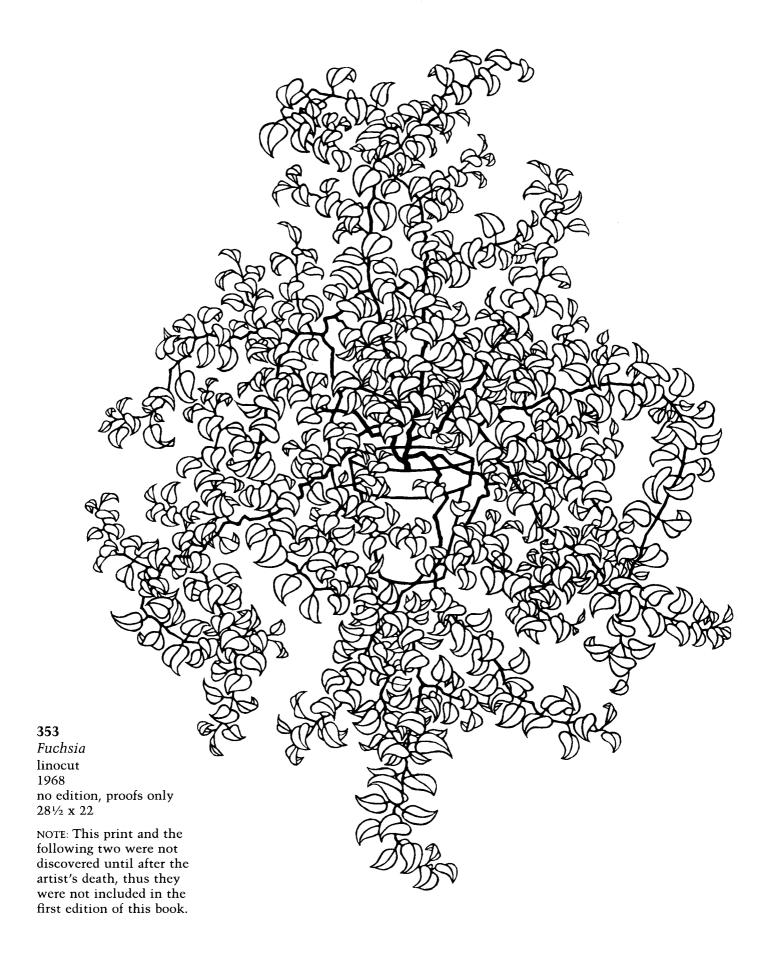
350 Painted Polymita woodcut 1985 no edition $3\frac{3}{4} \times 4$



351 Loonwoodcut 1985 edition of 150 10 x 12

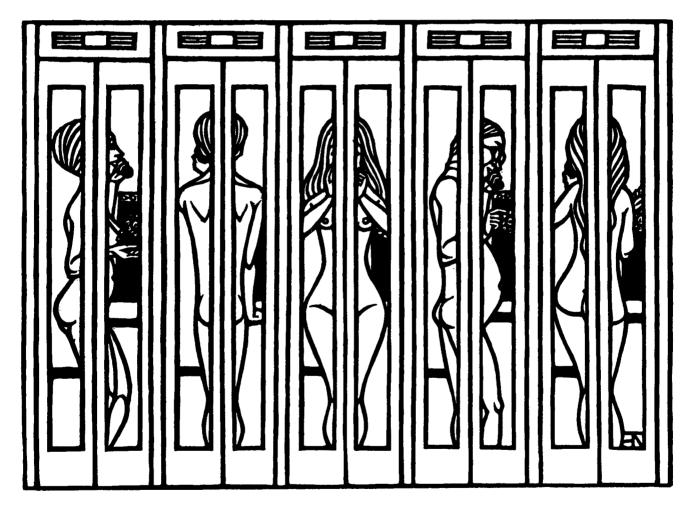


352
Washington Monument
woodcut
1985
edition of 100 (only 75
signed)
16 x 22



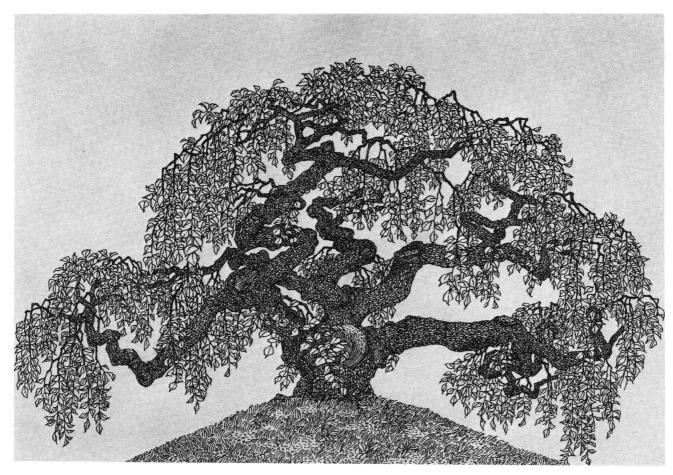


354
Publicity
woodcut
1972
edition of 100
31/2 x 73/4



355
Telephone Booths I
woodcut
1972
edition of 100
8 x 111/8

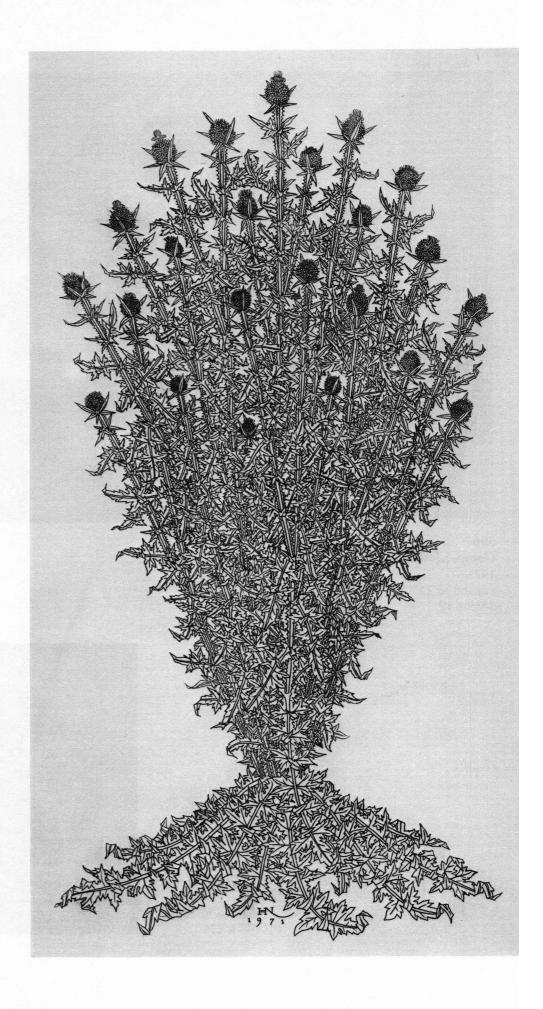
THE ETCHINGS



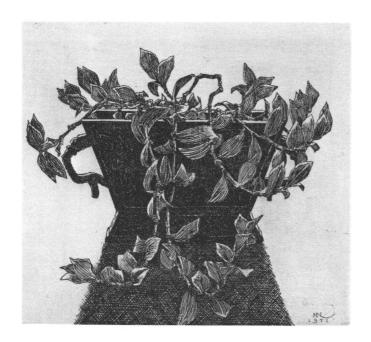
356 Camperdown Elm 1971 edition of 125 131/8 x 19



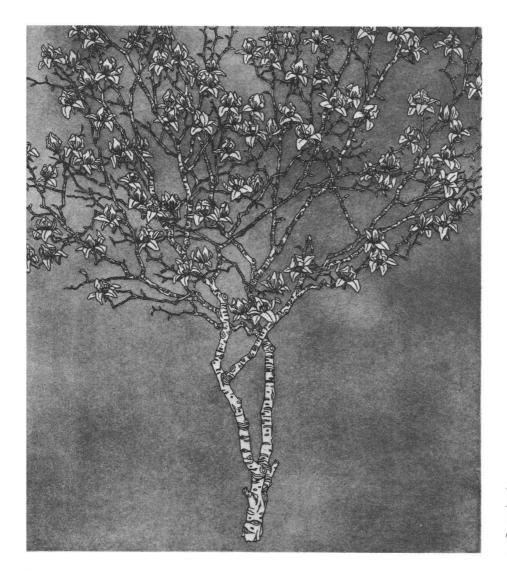
357 Self-Portrait 1971 edition of 120 $6\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$



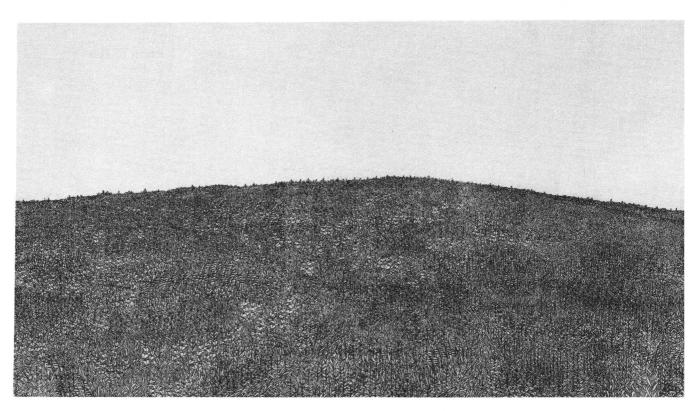
358 Thistle 1971 edition of 100 23¾ x 12¾



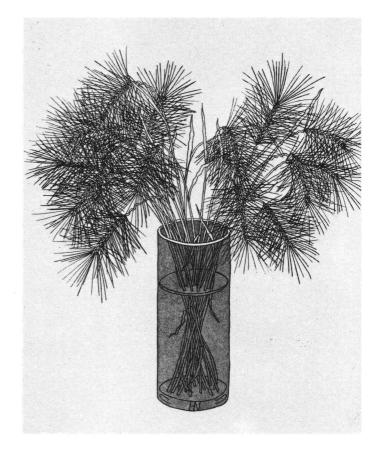
359 Wandering Jew 1971 edition of 100 87/8 x 93/4



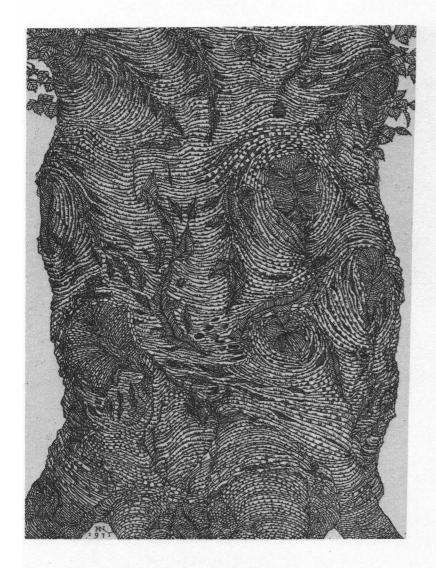
360 *Magnolia*1971
edition of 40
15½ x 13½



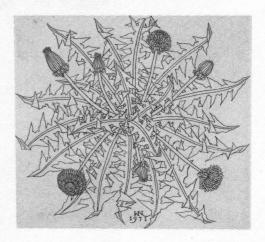
361 Grass 1971 edition of 150 9³/₄ x 17⁵/₈



362 *Bromus*1971
edition of 100
11¹³/₁₆ x 9¹¹/₁₆



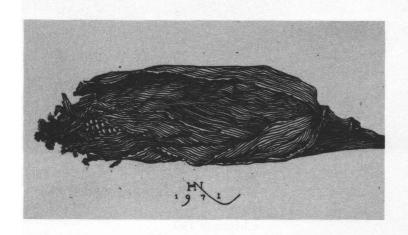
363 *Tree Trunk*1971
edition of 100
15³/₄ x 12



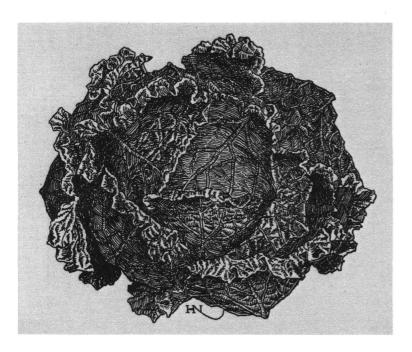
364

Dandelion
1971

edition of 50
61/4 x 67/8



365 Corn 1971 edition of 25 33% x 83%



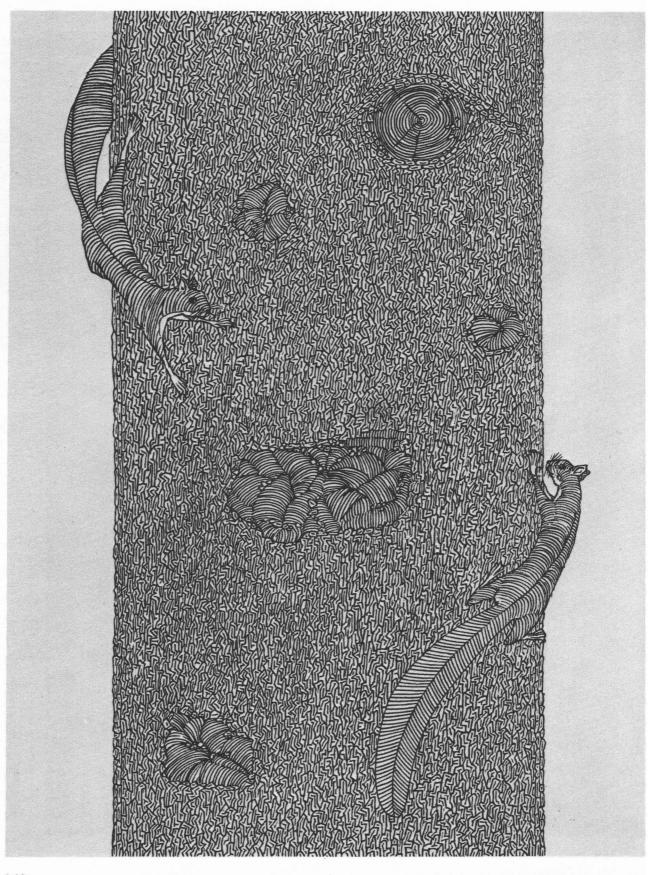
366 *Cabbage*1971
edition of 50
57/8 x 71/8



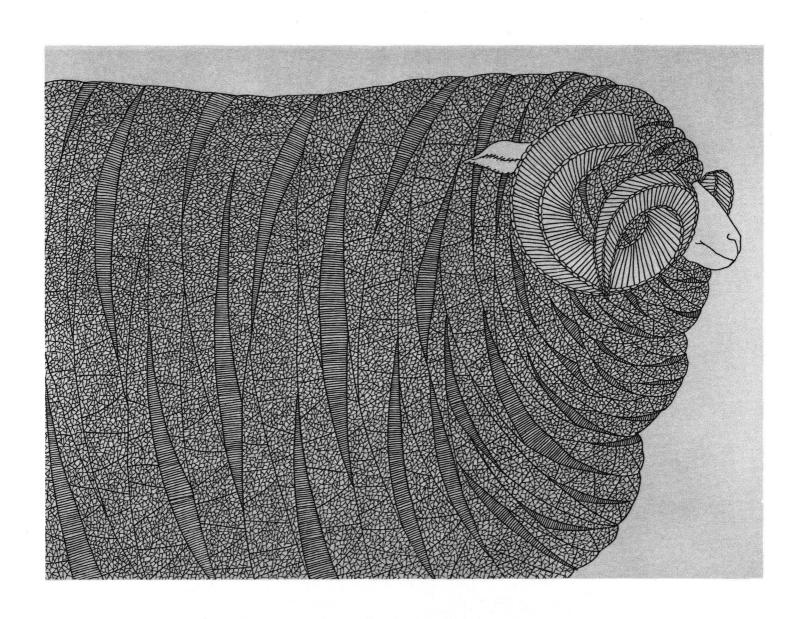
367Frederick Law Olmstead
1973
edition of 150
8 x 4³/₄



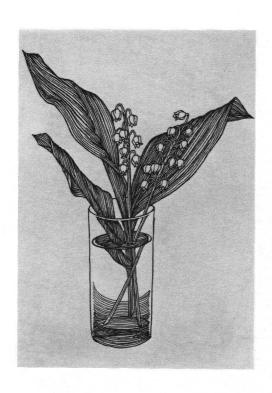
368
Iris in Bloom
1973
edition of 150
21½ x 15⅓



369 Squirrels 1979 edition of 100 17³/₄ x 13¹⁵/₁₆



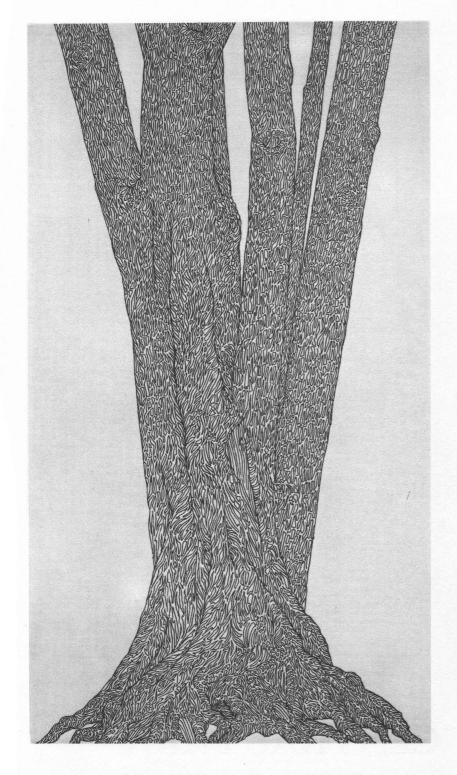
370 *Ram*1979
edition of 150
16³/₄ x 23



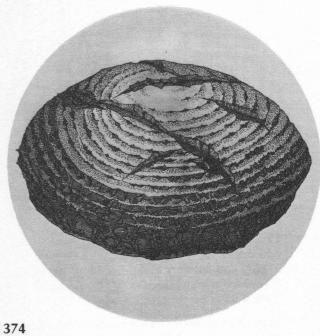
371 Lily of the Valley 1981 edition of 100 91/8 x 71/8



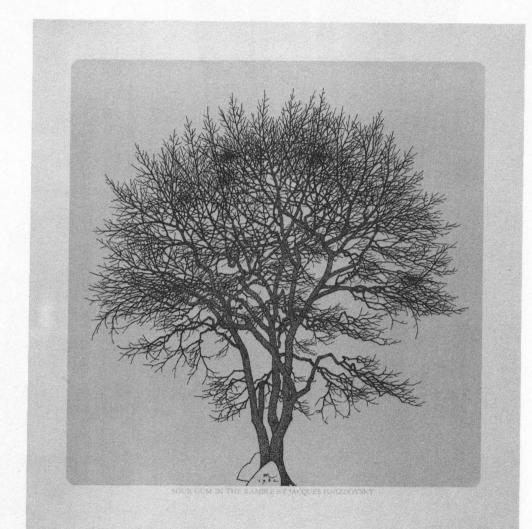
372 Sour Gum in N.Y. Central Park 1981 edition of 100 16 x 151/4



373 Elm 1981 edition of 120 171/8 x 91/4



374 Bread 1981 edition of 120 125/8 x 12¹¹/₁₆



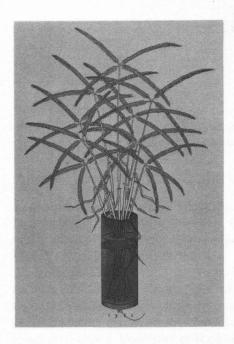
375
Central Park Poster
1982
edition of 200 printed in grey and smokey teal (only 100 signed)
29³/₄ x 21³/₄ (sheet size)

NOTE: Not printed from the metal plate, but enlarged and mechanically printed. Distributed by the Friends of Central and Prospect Parks, New York.

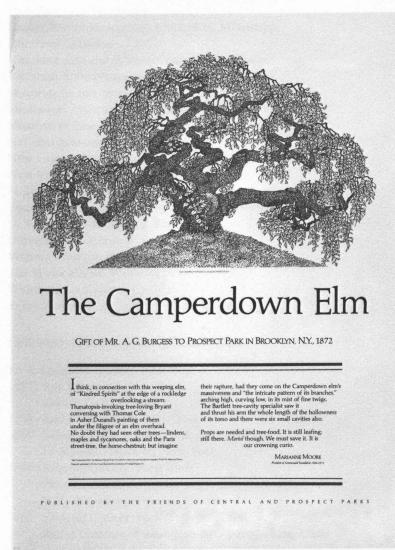
CENTRAL PARK

New York City

history



376 *Goose Grass*1983
edition of 100
1278 x 878



Prospect Park Poster
1985
edition of 300 printed in
wine and black, with a
poem by Marianne
Moore (only 100 signed)
29³/₄ x 21³/₄ (sheet size)

NOTE: Not printed from the metal plate, but reduced and mechanically printed. Distributed by the Friends of Central and Prospect Parks, New York.

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BIOGRAPHICAL NOTE

Jacques Hnizdovsky was born in January 1915 in the Ukraine, and was educated in Europe. He emigrated to the United States in 1949 and became a naturalized citizen in 1954. Hnizdovsky died in New York in November 1985.

PERMANENT COLLECTIONS (partial listing)

Addison Gallery of American Art, Andover, Massachusetts Burnaby Art Gallery, British Columbia, Canada Butler Institute of American Art, Youngstown, Ohio Chrysler Museum at Norfolk, Virginia Cleveland Museum of Art Davison Art Center, Wesleyan University Duke University Museum of Art, Durham, North Carolina Dulin Gallery of Art, Knoxville, Tennessee Henry Art Gallery, University of Washington, Seattle Hunt Institute, Pittsburgh Lauren Rogers Museum of Art, Laurel, Mississippi Library of Congress Louisiana Arts and Science Center, Baton Rouge Louisiana State Museum, New Orleans Minneapolis Institute of Arts Mississippi Museum of Art, Jackson Museum of Fine Arts, Boston National Museum of American Art, Washington New Orleans Museum of Art

Philadelphia Museum of Art

New York Public Library

Tweed Museum of Art, University of Minnesota

U. S. Information Agency, Washington

University of Delaware

Virginia Museum of Fine Art, Richmond

The White House, Washington

Winnipeg Art Gallery, Canada

Yale University

ONE-MAN SHOWS (paintings and/or prints)

1954 Eggleston Gallery, New York

1957: Ror Volmar Gallery, Paris Creuze Gallery, Paris

1958: Eggleston Gallery, New York

1960: Salpeter Gallery, New York

La Maison Française, New York

1961: Salpeter Gallery, New York

Philadelphia Art Alliance

W & W Gallery, Toronto, Canada

1962: Salpeter Gallery, New York

Butler Institute of American Art, Youngstown, Ohio

1964: Salpeter Gallery, New York

1966: Troup Gallery, Dallas

Oneonta Community Art Center, New York

Print Club of Philadelphia

Capricorn Gallery, Bethesda, Maryland

1967: Jubilee Auditorium, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada

John Nelson Bergstrom Art Center, Neenah, Wisconsin

Sharon Arts Center, New Hampshire

Chrysler Museum at Norfolk, Virginia

Tahir Gallery, New Orleans

Saint Basil's College, Stamford, Connecticut

1968: Chrysler Museum at Norfolk, Virginia

Ukrainian Academy of Arts and Letters, New York

1969: Lumley-Cazalet Gallery, London, England

Gallery 100, Princeton, New Jersey

1970: Davison Art Center, Wesleyan University

Pratt Institute, Brooklyn

Chrysler Museum at Norfolk, Virginia

1971: Associated American Artists, New York

Tahir Gallery, New Orleans

Troup Gallery, Dallas

Van Straaten Gallery, Chicago

Bronx Council on the Arts, New York

Arizona State University, Phoenix

1972: Upstairs Gallery, Ithaca, New York

Lumley-Cazalet Gallery, London, England

International Institute of Minnesota, Saint Paul

Mount Olive College, Mount Olive, North Carolina

1973: Westwood Gallery, Westwood, Massachusetts

Parma-Snow Branch Library, Parma, Ohio

Emile Walter Galleries, Vancouver, Canada

Schoolhouse Gallery, Sanibel, Florida

Winnipeg Art Gallery, Canada

1974: Roberson Center for the Arts and Sciences, Binghamton, New York

Tryon Fine Art Gallery, Tryon, North Carolina

Imperial Gallery, Virginia Beach, Virginia

Tahir Gallery, New Orleans

1975: Fanny Garver Gallery, Madison, Wisconsin

1976: Tahir Gallery, New Orleans

1977: Long Beach Museum of Art, Long Beach, California

Eko Gallery, Warren, Michigan

Yale University, New Haven

Wave-Hill, Riverdale, New York

1978: University of Virginia, Charlottesville

Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York

Ukrainian Catholic Center, Kitchener, Ontario, Canada

Ukrainian Institute of Modern Art, Chicago

1979: Associated American Artists, New York

Virginia Center for the Creative Arts, Sweet Briar

Virginia National Bank, Richmond

Vasna Festival, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Manhattan College, New York

1980: Hermitage Foundation Museum, Norfolk, Virginia St. Vladimir Institute Gallery, Toronto, Ontario, Canada University of Virginia, Charlottesville

1981: The Art Collection Gallery, St. Louis
Niagara Falls Art Gallery, Niagara Falls, Ontario, Canada
Virginia Center for the Creative Arts, Sweet Briar
Bronx Museum of the Arts, Bronx, New York
Pokrova Ukrainian Catholic Community Center, Cleveland

1982: Chapman Gallery, Canberra, Australia
Lumley-Cazalet Gallery, London, England
Jane Haslem Gallery, Washington, D.C.
University of Virginia, Charlottesville
St. Mary's College, St. Mary's City, Maryland
Upstairs Gallery, Ithaca, New York
Ukrainian Institute of America, New York

1983: Louisiana Arts and Science Center, Baton Rouge
Ukrainian-Canadian Art Foundation, Toronto, Ontario, Canada

1984: State University College, Oneonta, New York
Sweet Briar College, Sweet Briar, Virginia
University of Illinois, Urbana
Mount Olive College, Mount Olive, North Carolina
Jane Haslem Gallery, Washington, D.C.

1985: Ukrainian Institute of Modern Art, Chicago
 East-West Shop, Victor, New York
 Ukrainian-Canadian Art Foundation, Toronto, Ontario, Canada
 Burnaby Art Gallery, British Columbia, Canada

1986: University of Virginia, Charlottesville Associated American Artists, New York Brooklyn Botanic Garden, Brooklyn, New York

GROUP SHOWS AND TRAVELING EXHIBITIONS

Hnizdovsky's woodcuts have been included in many group exhibitions, including those of the Society of American Graphic Artists, Audubon Artists, the Boston Printmakers, and those sponsored by the U. S. Information Agency in Europe, Asia, South America and Africa. He participated in the Contemporary Graphic Art Exhibition at the Kennedy Center in Washington, D. C., in 1963 (an exhibition which also toured Russia) as well as a similar exhibition which toured Japan in 1967. An exhibition of woodcuts by Jacques Hnizdovsky, arranged by the Fendrick Gallery in Washington, D. C., in 1967, was seen at numerous American museums and libraries. In 1973, the Winnipeg Art Gallery organized an exhibition of Hnizdovsky's woodcuts for museums and libraries in fourteen Canadian cities. Hnizdovsky's woodcuts were included in the Triennale Internazionale della Xilografia in Italy in 1972 and in an international print exhibition at the Taipei Fine Arts Museum in Taiwan in 1983 and 1985. The Burnaby Art Gallery in British Columbia, Canada, organized an exhibition of Hnizdovsky's prints that circulated among libraries and museums in the western provinces of Canada through 1985 and 1986. The Virginia Museum of Fine Arts in Richmond organized a similar traveling exhibition in 1987.

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Reproductions of the 377 woodcuts, linocuts, and etchings of Jacques Hnizdovsky, America's master of the woodcut, including 29 pages in full color.